

**University of Ottawa**  
**School of Electrical Engineering and Computer Science**  
**CSI4142 Fundamentals of Data Science**  
**Project Phase 4: Data Mining**

**Total Marks: 80 (+ 20 optional bonus marks)**

Instructions:

1. This is a team assignment. Use the ScikitLearn library to complete this assignment: <https://scikit-learn.org/stable/index.html>
2. Submit your work in BrightSpace using your team locker.
3. You may either submit a zipped file or provide a link to a GitHub repository.
4. Demonstrate your work during a Zoom meeting with the TA, in the timeslot allocated to you. Note that all team members are required to attend this demonstration and you will be asked to turn your cameras on.

**Project Description - World Bank Mart**

Data Science and Artificial Intelligence (AI) have been very successful to discover important trends in data over time. Increasingly, organizations such as the World Bank provide access to open-source repositories for data analytics and data mining, to enable data scientists to use these resources in their individual projects. Specifically, the World Bank Health Nutrition and Population Statistics (WB-HNP) database “provides key health, nutrition and population statistics gathered from a variety of international and national sources. Themes include global surgery, health financing, HIV/AIDS, immunization, infectious diseases, medical resources, and usage, noncommunicable diseases, nutrition, population dynamics, reproductive health, universal health coverage, and water and sanitation” [1].

In this deliverable, you are required to explore the data using data mining techniques. Refer to the lecture slides, as well as the practical lecture as presented by the TA.

**Part A. Data summarization, data preprocessing and feature selections: 30 marks**

1. (10 marks) An initial step of any data mining project involves exploring and summarizing the data to get a “feel” of the data. To this end, your team should conduct data summarisation using techniques such as scatter plots, boxplots, and histograms to visualise and to explore attribute characteristics.
2. (20 marks) In addition, data preprocessing involves data transformation, including:
  - handling missing values through e.g., imputation,
  - handling categorical attributes through e.g., one-hot encoding or conversion to ordinal data,
  - normalisation of numeric attributes to ensure all attributes are of equal importance during learning, and
  - feature selection to remove potentially redundant attributes.

Some relevant links:

<https://www.postgresqltutorial.com/postgresql-python/connect/>

<https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/impute.html>

[https://scikit-](https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.preprocessing.OneHotEncoder.html)

[learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.preprocessing.OneHotEncoder.ht](https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.preprocessing.OneHotEncoder.html)

[ml](https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.preprocessing.OneHotEncoder.html)

[https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/feature\\_selection.html](https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/feature_selection.html)

**Deliverable Part A:** Submit one page of notes to explain how you preprocessed the data. Your notes should detail any data transformation and data quality issues that you encountered.

**Part B. Classification (Supervised Learning): 50 marks**

Next, conduct supervised learning using a label of your own choice. That is, you are required to identify your own classification task. For instance, you may consider using one of the following attributes as your class label: Quality-of-Life, Development-Index, Human-Development-Index, Gender, Age-group, and so on. For instance, suppose you choose to focus on the Development-Index. In

this case, you would construct data mining models that contrast the trends in the countries using class labels in {developed, developing and underdeveloped}.

Complete the following steps:

1. (15 marks) Use the Decision Tree, Gradient Boosting and Random Forest algorithms to construct models against your data, following the so-called train-then-test, or holdout method.
2. (20 marks) Compare the results of the three learning algorithms, in terms of (i) accuracy, (ii) precision, (iii) recall and (iv) time to construct the models.
3. (15 marks) Submit a 200 to 300 words summary explaining the actionable knowledge nuggets your team discovered. That is, you should explain what insights you obtained about the data, when investigating the models produced by the three algorithms.

Some relevant links:

<https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/tree.html> (general discussion)

[https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.model\\_selection.train\\_test\\_split.html](https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.model_selection.train_test_split.html)

<https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.tree.DecisionTreeClassifier.html>  
[https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.tree.plot\\_tree.html](https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.tree.plot_tree.html)

[https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.tree.export\\_text.html](https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.tree.export_text.html) (useful to display the models in the form of rules)

<https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.ensemble.GradientBoostingClassifier.html>

<https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.ensemble.RandomForestClassifier.html>

[https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.metrics.confusion\\_matrix.html](https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.metrics.confusion_matrix.html)

### **Deliverables Part B:**

1. Submit all your source code, either by uploading it to BrightSpace or providing us with a link to a GitHub repository.
2. Submit a PDF file for Part B.2 consisting of a table containing the (i) accuracy, (ii) precision, (iii) recall and (iv) time to construct of models

constructed by the three algorithms and a 200 words summary explaining how, and motivating why, you would rank the quality of the models produced by the three algorithms.

3. Submit a PDF file containing your summary for Part B.3.

The following task is optional and may earn you up to 20 bonus marks for this deliverable. That is, you will be able to earn up to 100/80 for deliverable 4.

### **Part C. Detecting Outliers: 20 marks (optional)**

Complete the following steps:

1. (10 marks) Use the one-class SVM algorithm to identify global outliers in your data.
2. (5 marks) Write a 200 to 300 words summary detailing the outliers your team discovered. That is, you should describe how you identified the outliers and explain what insights you obtained from the data.

A relevant link:

<https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.svm.OneClassSVM.html>

### **Deliverables for Part C:**

1. Submit your source code either by uploading it to BrightSpace or providing us with a link to a GitHub repository.
2. Submit a PDF file containing your summary for Part C.2.

### **Reference:**

[1] <https://datacatalog.worldbank.org/search/dataset/0037652/Health-Nutrition-and-Population-Statistics>