
WAVE ARBITRAGE: A DISPROOF OF THE EFFICIENT MARKET HYPOTHESIS

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ABSTRACT

Wave arbitrage is a trading strategy that has a higher expected return rate than the buy-and-hold strategy when the market model is a martingale. This is a contradiction to the efficient market hypothesis. We compare the wave arbitrage and buy-and-hold strategies for SP500 stocks from late 2016 to early 2021 and demonstrate that wave arbitrage produces excess returns, even accounting for trading fees.

Keywords Efficient Market Hypothesis · Wave Arbitrage

1 Introduction

The efficient market hypothesis has been a useful way to think about markets for over fifty years. According to Fama [1970],

A market in which prices always “fully reflect” all available information is called “efficient.”

There are several tests that can show that a market is inefficient. Fama [1976] summarized one of those tests with the observation, “... in an efficient market, trading rules with abnormal returns do not exist.” In other words, if the efficient market hypothesis is true, it is impossible to beat the buy-and-hold strategy except through luck.

Wave arbitrage is similar to tidal power generators. As ocean waves come in or go out, the water turns a water wheel and generates electricity. With wave arbitrage, when the stock price moves up or down, the algorithm harvests some of the energy of that wave by selling when the price rises and buying when the price falls.

The wave arbitrage strategy will only work if the market fluctuates. However, fluctuation is a defining attribute of the stock market. New information causes a market to wobble as traders react to that news, and there will always be more news. According to Brooks [2014], an acquaintance of J. P. Morgan once asked him what the market would do, to which Morgan replied, “It will fluctuate.”

References

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