

# Third-Party Risk Management (TPRM) Workflow

## 1. Vendor Intake

The process begins when a business owner submits a vendor request. Key details include business purpose, data involved, required integrations, and operational impact.

## 2. Risk Tiering

Vendor is assigned a tier based on data sensitivity and operational importance. Tier determines the depth of due diligence required.

## 3. Evidence Collection

Based on the vendor tier, required documents such as SOC 2, ISO 27001, questionnaires, and policies are collected.

## 4. Security Questionnaire

Vendor completes a structured questionnaire assessing access control, encryption, monitoring, incident response, and privacy controls.

## 5. SOC 2 / ISO Review

Security team reviews SOC 2/ISO documentation for control maturity, exceptions, and alignment with internal requirements.

## 6. Risk Scoring

Findings are evaluated using the Likelihood x Impact model to determine risk levels: Low, Medium, High, or Critical.

## 7. Remediation

Vendors must address High or Critical risks. Action plans and timelines are documented and reviewed.

## 8. Approval Decision

Vendor is Approved, Conditionally Approved, or Not Approved based on evidence, scoring, and remediation commitments.

## **9. Ongoing Monitoring**

Periodic monitoring activities ensure vendor controls remain effective. High-risk vendors receive closer oversight.

## **10. Offboarding**

When vendor use ends, access is removed, data is handled per policy, and offboarding controls are confirmed.