

3R Robot

Other name - Three rotation joint Robot

Dof - 3

Denavit hartenberg (DH) Parameters

T_i = Minimum number of Parameters to describe forward kinematics

= Rot_y, θ_i , Trans_y, d_i , Trans_x, a_i ,
Rot_x, α_i

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_i & -\sin \theta_i & 0 & 0 \\ \sin \theta_i & \cos \theta_i & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & d_i \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & a_i \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \cos \alpha_i & -\sin \alpha_i & 0 \\ 0 & \sin \alpha_i & \cos \alpha_i & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

where,

a_i - link length

α_i - link twist

d_i - link offset

θ_i - Joint angle

Final DH matrix

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_i & -\sin \theta_i \cos \alpha_i & \sin \theta_i \sin \alpha_i & a_i \cos \theta_i \\ \sin \theta_i & \cos \theta_i \cos \alpha_i & -\cos \theta_i \sin \alpha_i & a_i \sin \theta_i \\ 0 & \sin \alpha_i & \cos \alpha_i & d_i \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Forward kinematics

Joint 1

$$\theta = 90^\circ \quad a_i = 0.3 \text{ m} \quad \alpha_i = 0 \quad d_i = 0$$

$$T_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0.3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Here,

$$\cos 90 = 0$$

$$\sin 90 = 1$$

$$\cos 0 = 1$$

$$\sin 0 = 0$$

Joint 2

$$\theta = 90^\circ \quad a_i = 0.25 \text{ m} \quad \alpha_i = 0 \quad d_i = 0$$

$$T_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0.25 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Joint 3

$$\theta = 90^\circ \quad a_i = 0.1 \text{ m} \quad \alpha_i = 0 \quad d_i = 0$$

$$T_3 = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0.1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T = T_1 T_2 T_3$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0.3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0.25 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0.1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 & -0.25 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0.3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0.1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & -0.25 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 0.2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Forward kinematics of 3R robot
after set on desired position
from origin point

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & -0.25 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 0.2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad - (2)$$

\therefore Thus the above matrix
is verified based on "RoboAnalyzer"
software.

VERIFICATION

RoboAnalyzer

File

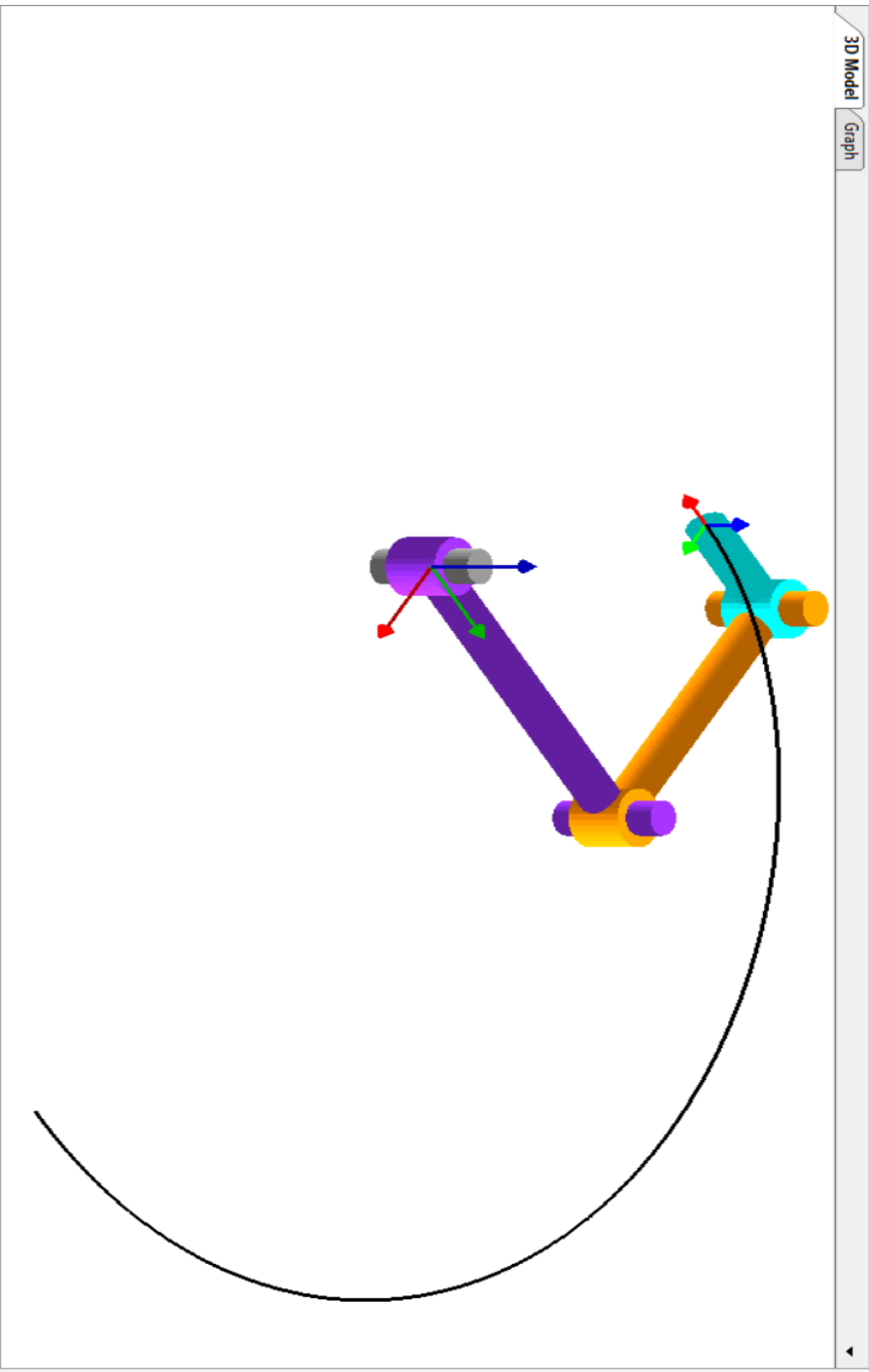
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3D Model

Graph



D-H Parameters

Robot	Joint No	Joint Type	Joint Offset (b) m	Joint Angle (theta) deg	Link Length (a) m	Twist Angle (alpha) deg	Initial Value (UV) deg or m	Final Value (UV) deg or m
Select DOF	1	Revolute	0	Variable	0.3	0	0	90
	2	Revolute	0	Variable	0.25	0	0	90
	3	Revolute	0	Variable	0.1	0	0	90

OK

More Robots

Visualize DH

Link Config

EE Config

Joint Trajectory

$$\begin{bmatrix} T \\ \text{Link3} \end{bmatrix}$$

Base Frame

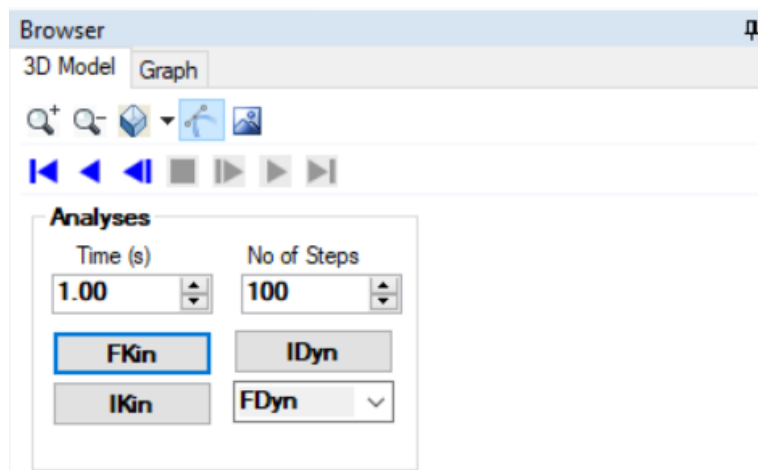
Update

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -0.25 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0.2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

PROCEDURE VIDEO FOR ROBOANALYZER [DEMO GIF](#) AND [DEMO VIDEO](#)

PROCEDURE

1. Open the RoboAnalyzer software.
2. Select **3** on the **select DOF** dropdown list and also select **3P (3 PRISMATIC JOINT ROBOT)** on the **select robot** dropdown list.
3. Press **FKin** button on the 3D model tab to simulate forward kinematics matrices for the final (or) desired position from origin position (or) point.



4. Then click Link Config tab to select **link 3** and change previous frame to **base frame**. Eventually press the **Update** button to get the **DH matrix** for 3P Robot.
5. Finally, I compared the software DH matrix with an observed DH matrix that I solved.

Inverse kinematics

Joint 1

$$\theta = \theta_1 \quad a_1 = 0.3 \text{ m} \quad \alpha_1 = 0 \quad d_1 = 0$$

(variable)

$$A_1 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_1 & -\sin \theta_1 & 0 & 0.3 \cos \theta_1 \\ \sin \theta_1 & \cos \theta_1 & 0 & 0.3 \sin \theta_1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Joint 2

$$\theta = \theta_2 \quad a_2 = 0.25 \text{ m} \quad \alpha_2 = 0 \quad d_2 = 0$$

(variable)

$$A_2 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_2 & -\sin \theta_2 & 0 & 0.25 \cos \theta_2 \\ \sin \theta_2 & \cos \theta_2 & 0 & 0.25 \sin \theta_2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Joint 3

$$\theta = \theta_3 \quad a_3 = 0.1 \text{ m} \quad \alpha_3 = 0 \quad d_3 = 0$$

(variable)

$$A_3 = \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_3 & -\sin \theta_3 & 0 & 0.1 \cos \theta_3 \\ \sin \theta_3 & \cos \theta_3 & 0 & 0.1 \sin \theta_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$T = A_1 A_2 A_3$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_1 & -\sin \theta_1 & 0 & 0.3 \cos \theta_1 \\ \sin \theta_1 & \cos \theta_1 & 0 & 0.3 \sin \theta_1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_2 & -\sin \theta_2 & 0 & 0.25 \cos \theta_2 \\ \sin \theta_2 & \cos \theta_2 & 0 & 0.25 \sin \theta_2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \cos \theta_3 & -\sin \theta_3 & 0 & 0.1 \cos \theta_3 \\ \sin \theta_3 & \cos \theta_3 & 0 & 0.1 \sin \theta_3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

— (1)

Sub $\theta = 180^\circ$ in eqn (1)

$$\cos 180^\circ = -1$$

$$\sin 180^\circ = 0$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 & -0.3 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 & -0.25 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 & -0.1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -0.5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 & -0.1 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 & -0.15 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

An above matrix does not match with equation 2.

So,

Sub $\theta = 270^\circ$ in eqn (1)

$$\cos 270^\circ = 0$$

$$\sin 270^\circ = -1$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & -0.3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & -0.25 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & -0.1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 & -0.25 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & -0.3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & -0.1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 & -0.25 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & -0.2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

An above matrix partially match with equation 2.

So,

Sub, $\theta = 90^\circ$ in eqn ①

Then you get a matrix

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & +1 & 0 & -0.25 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 0.2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$\therefore \theta = 90^\circ$ is match with eqn ②.