



**COLLEGE CODE: 8203** 

**COLLEGE: AVC COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING** 

**DEPARTMENT: INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY** 

STUDENT NM-ID:164F4C9B531C69F8C41498DE7B1C57F0

**ROLL NO: 23IT64** 

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Completed the project named as Phase 3

**TECHNOLOGY PROJECT NAME: Email Remainder System** 

SUBMITTED BY,

NAME: LOGESH R

**MOBILE NO: 9344415970** 

# **MVP** Implementation

## **Project Setup**

The first step is to establish the foundation and connect all the required services.

Step	Description	Tools Involved
1. Project Initialization & Dependencies	necessary packages for the backend and	npm init -y, npm install express mongoose nodemailer node-cron dotenv
Environment	store sensitive credentials like the	Node.js, Express, dotenv
	Use <b>Mongoose</b> (the MongoDB ODM) in db.js to establish a connection to the MongoDB instance using the URI from the .env file.	MongoDB, Mongoose

## **Data Storage (Database)**

Define the structure to store and manage the reminder data in **MongoDB**.

### 1. Mongoose Schemas:

- Reminder Schema: Define the model to store reminder details and scheduling information.
  - recipientEmail (String, Required)
  - subject (String, Required)
  - body (String, Required)

- cronString (String, Required): The expression for node-cron to trigger the job.
- isActive (Boolean, Default: true)
- lastSentAt (Date, No)
- Log Schema: Define a separate model to track email delivery attempts.
  - reminderId (Reference to Reminder Schema)
  - timestamp (Date, Required)
  - status (String, Required: Success or Failure)
  - message (String, Error details or success confirmation)

### **Core Features Implementation**

This involves implementing the logic for the three main system components: API, Scheduler, and Email Sender.

#### 1. REST API Endpoint (Express):

- Create a POST /api/reminders endpoint in the Express router.
- Input Validation: Ensure the request body contains all required fields (recipientEmail, subject, body, cronString) and validates the email format.
- Data Persistence: Upon valid input, use Mongoose to save the new reminder document to MongoDB.

#### 2. Email Sending Service (Nodemailer):

- Create a dedicated function (e.g., sendEmail(recipient, subject, body)) that initializes and uses **Nodemailer** to dispatch the email.
- This function must handle the success and failure states of the email transmission.

#### 3. Scheduling Service (Node-cron):

- Create a startup script (e.g., initScheduler.js) that is called when the server starts.
- o **Initial Load:** Query **MongoDB** for all reminders where isActive: true.
- Job Creation: For each reminder, use nodecron.schedule(reminder.cronString, callback).

- Callback Function: The cron job's callback function will:
  - Call the **Nodemailer** service function (sendEmail).
  - Record the result in the Log Schema in MongoDB (success or failure message).

## **Testing Core Features**

Thorough testing is required to verify the integration between the scheduling, database, and email components.

#### 1. API Functionality Test:

- Use **Postman** to schedule a reminder with a cron string set for a time
   2-3 minutes in the future (e.g., \*\*\*\* for every minute for a quick test).
- Verify the new entry appears in the MongoDB reminders collection.

#### 2. Scheduling and Delivery Test:

- Observe the server logs to confirm that **node-cron** successfully triggers the job at the scheduled time.
- Check the recipient's inbox to confirm the email was delivered with the correct content.

#### 3. Logging Test:

- Verify that an entry is created in the MongoDB log collection showing status: Success after successful delivery.
- Modify the email credentials to intentionally cause a failure, then test the scheduling again to verify a status: Failure log entry is created.

## **Version Control (GitHub)**

Maintain project integrity and allow for collaboration.

Repository: https://github.com/LogeshR2005/NM-PROJECT