

Notes Keeper

Author: Ala LoghmariDifficulty: Friendly/Easy

Description

Notes Keeper is a web application where one can keep his notes, in this challenge, you will need to find your way through the web app by enumerating the website logging in/signing up, and then retrieving notes of other users through an IDOR vulnerability.

Skills Required

• Web Enumeration

Skills Learned

- Web Fuzzing
- Insecure direct object references (IDOR)

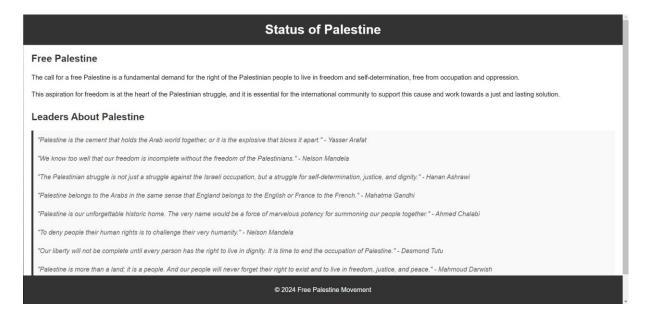
References & Guides

• https://portswigger.net/web-security/access-control/idor (Port Swigger)



Enumeration

Accessing the web application, we come across a "Status of Palestine" index page.



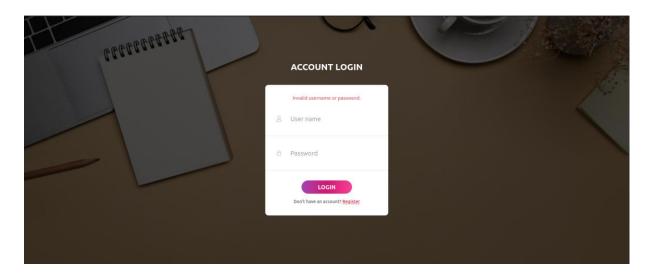
Nothing seems helpful at first but taking a look at the source code of the page we can see some hidden comments that might help us to move further in our enumeration process.

```
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml">
     <!-- Stucked ? I've got a hint for you in here somewhere :)-->
     <head>
          <meta http-equiv="Content-Type" content="text/html; charset=UTF-8" />
```

Going down a bit, we get our way through the web application.

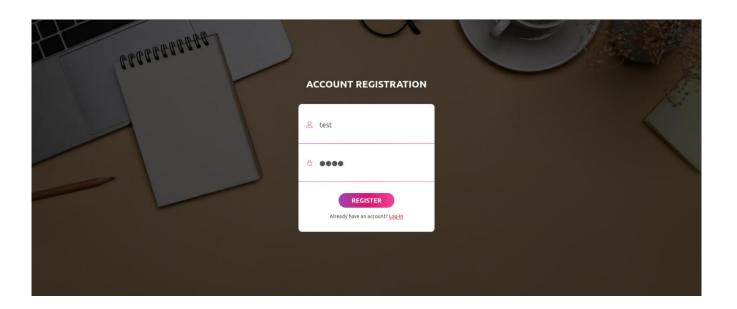
A /secret route seems to exist, a login page appears, after visiting it, asking for a user name and a password.





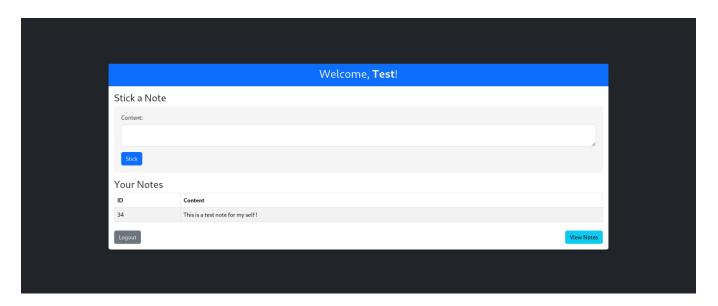
Trying some of the most known combinations (admin:admin, root:root, user:user...) doesn't seem to work as well.

From here, and in order to go further, we decide to create an account by clicking the Register link redirecting us to /register.php.



Once the account is created we get redirected to /home.php where we can, from what it seems, write notes to keep for ourselves.





Trying to create a note we notice something odd, the id of the note does not begin at 1, for instance, the one we created has been assigned to it the id "34".

Keeping that in mind, we checked the source code of the page looking for a hint or something that could help us with our enumeration.

Hitting **CTRL U** to view the source code we come across a new hidden message/comment.

"Hey Sam, if you're reading this, I've left for you a way into my notes that you need to read, you can check "view notes", I know you can find your way from there! "

```
</style>
</head>
<hody class="bg-dark">
</head>
<body class="bg-dark">
</head>
<body class="bg-dark">
</head>
<i- Hey Sam, if you're reading this, I've left for you a way into my notes that you need to read, you can check "view notes", I know you can find your way from there!-->
<iuv class="container-fluid d-flex flex-column min-vh-100 justify-content-center align-items-center">
<iuv class="card shadow border-0 w-75">
<iuv class="card-header bg-primary text-light">
</uv class="card-header bg-primary text-light">
</uv class="card-body">
</uv class=
```

Doing what the message say we get a redirection to /notes.php with our first note displayed.

Looking at the URL we see an **id** parameter which apparently is fetching the database and getting us the noted based on the id value, for instance, our first note id.

After trying to manipulate the id value we come across a note that is clearly not ours.





Exploitation

Time for the exploitation phase, after discovering the correct GET parameter that the web app is using to fetch notes we figured out that the application is vulnerable to an IDOR.

Going through the different IDs we get different existing notes listed in the table below:

ID	Content
1	Today was a terrible one for the army, they got many of us
2	How could someone imagine some unarmed guys could set such traps and kill this many things are getting serious!
3	Note to Self: Don't forget to call Sam at 2PM
4	URGENT: WE NEED MORE BACKUP !!!!!
5	SAM if you're seeing this, tell my family that i love them this might be my last day! these Palestinians are stronger than we thought
6	I almost forgot, here's the key to my house Sam: Securinets (NOT3S_L34KED) get in there and open the book I left on the table, check page number 32!
•••	
32	R3JIYXQgam9iIGNoYW1waW9uLCBpbXByZXNzaXZIIGhvdyB5b3UgZ290IGhlcmUsIHlvdSBoYXZIIHNvbWUgc2tpbGxzIG91dCB0aGVyZSEgRG9uJ3QgZm9yZ2V0IHRvIHByYXkgZm9yIG91ciBicm90aGVycyBhbmQgc2lzdGVycywgVklWQSBQQUxFU1RJTkEh

As we go through the IDs one by one, we can retrieve our flag! but, the challenge is not over yet as the 6th note is talking about a book and a page number, could it be a note id?

Indeed, after supplying the id we get some sort of an encrypted text.

Different tools on the web can help us decode the text, one of the most known is, **Cyberchef**.

Giving it the text we got, we'll see a magic wand that we can click on to decrypt the text and it's a base64 encoded text.

