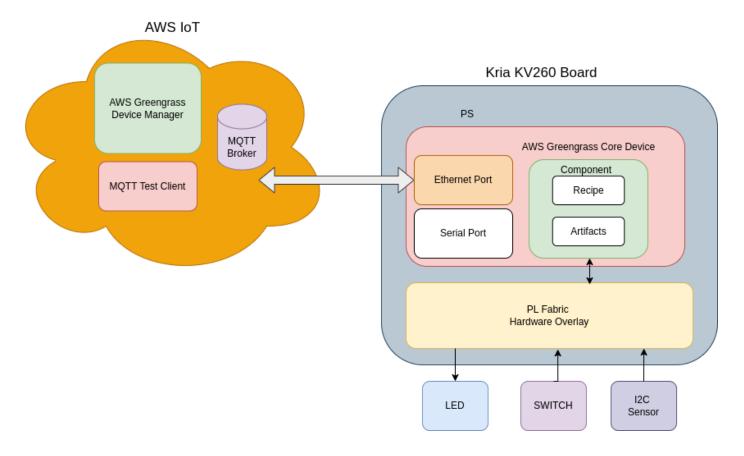


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KV260 to AWS IoT Greengrass Architecture



This diagram shows the software and hardware architecture used in this tutorial. Kria KV260 board consists of PL Fabric(FPGA) hardware overlay for interfacing LED, switch and I2C sensor. Further it runs AWS Greengrass Core Device Application which publish and subscribe message topics for actuating LED and monitoring sensors and switches. From AWS IoT MQTT Test Client KV260 LED will be controlled through subscribed topic and also publish Switch pressed event to AWS IoT cloud.



Creating Petalinux Project

Create Petalinux from BSP

In host machine, create the petalinux project using provided BSP: BSP feature:

- Petalinux version 2023.1
- Added meta-aws layer for installing required dependencies required for running greengrass core device in KR2V0
- Rootfs packages : packagegroup-buildessential, git, libgpiod, libgpiod-dev, libgpiod-tools
- **Enabled FPGA-manager**

Run following commands to create petalinux project:

```
petalinux-create -t project -s xilinx-kv260-starterkit-aws-iot.bsp -n kv260-aws-iot
cd kv260-aws-iot
```

Here "kv260-aws-iot" is the directory created by petalinux-create command, you can change the name according to your need. This directory is the petalinux-project base directory, which we will be using in further steps.

Next build the project after sourcing the Petalinux 2022.2 environment:

```
source <Path to Petalinux 2022.2>/settings.sh
petalinux-config --silentconfig
petalinux-build
```

Here is the console log after running the petalinux-build.

Next create the SD card image with the following commands:

```
package --wic --images-dir images/linux/ --bootfiles
"ramdisk.cpio.gz.u-boot,boot.scr,Image,system.dtb,system-zynqmp-sck-kv-g-revB.dtb"
--disk-name "mmcblk1"
```

This will create the petalinux-sdimage.wic image at <petalinux project directory>/image/linux folder. Copy the created wic image to SD card using tools like Balena Etcher.

Installing hardware overlay

After booting the previously used SD card into KV260. Login to KV260 serial terminal using login name: petalinux For the first login one has to update the new password.

Next copy the KV260 firmwares to KV260 using network tools like scp or manually copying the firmware files at /home/petalinux directory of SD card.

Get the KV260 firmware folder. It contains:

- kv260-gpio-i2c.bit.bin
- kv260-gpio-i2c.dtbo
- shell.json

Copy these file to the KV260 board. For firmware to be loaded using xmutil (FPGA manager), one has to copy these file at "/lib/firmware/xilinx".

For this, create the folder at "kv260-gpio-i2c" at "/lib/firmware/xilinx" and copy the files in "kv260-gpio-i2c" folder.

```
cd /lib/firmware/xilinx
sudo mkdir kv260-gpio-i2c
sudo cp <kv260-firmware directory>/kv260-gpio-i2c* ./
sudo cp <kv260-firmware directory>/shell.json ./
```

Next, check the available fpga firmware using `xmutil listapps` command. `kv260-gpio-i2c` will be available in the list.

```
xilinx-kv260-starterkit-20231:~$ sudo xmutil listapps
                       Accelerator
                                               Accel_type
                                                                                                           Base type
                                                                                                                            #slots(PL+AIE)
                                                                                                                                                       Active_slot
                                                 XRT_FLAT
XRT_FLAT
                                                                                                             XRT_FLAT
                 k26-starter-kits
                                                                             k26-starter-kits
 kv260-gpio-i2c
ilinx-kv260-starterkit-20231:~$
                                                                               kv260-gpio-i2c
```

Next load the `kv260-gpio-i2c` firmware, which contains necessary hardwares(gpio) and interfaces. In our Greengrass Demo, we will be using these gpio to trigger the publishing data to AWS Greengrass IoT cloud server and also actuate GPIO on the message received from AWS cloud.

```
sudo xmutil unloadapp
sudo xmutil loadapp kv260-gpio-i2c
```

Now to access GPIO in user application, we will be using 'gpiod' library.



Installing gpiod python modules

GPIOD packages are required to access the GPIO channels. It also provides python binding for accessing GPIO in python programming. Install the gpiod python modules:

```
sudo pip3 install gpiod
```

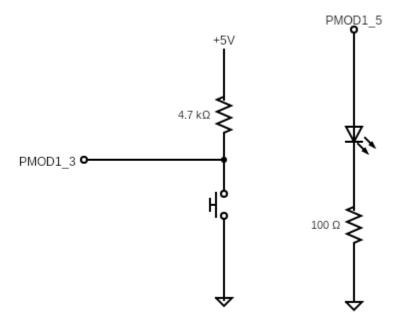
Now we can check the available gpio using gpiod applications:

Using 'gpiodetect' to get availabe gpio:

```
xilinx-kv260-starterkit-20231:~$ sudo gpiodetect
Password:
gpiochip0 [firmware:zynqmp-firmware:gpio] (4 lines)
gpiochip1 [zynqmp gpio] (174 lines)
gpiochip2 [80020000.gpio] (4 lines)
xilinx-kv260-starterkit-20231:~$
```

Here `gpiochip2` is the device corresponding to gpio in FPGA and it consists of 6 lines. Further these gpio lines are connected to PMOD 1 such that:

```
PMOD1-> 5 - gpiochip2 line 0
PMOD1-> 7 - gpiochip2 line 1
```



Schematic for LED and Switch Connection

11	9	7	5	3	1	PMOD UPPER
12	10	8	6	4	2	PMOD LOWER
Vcc	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	

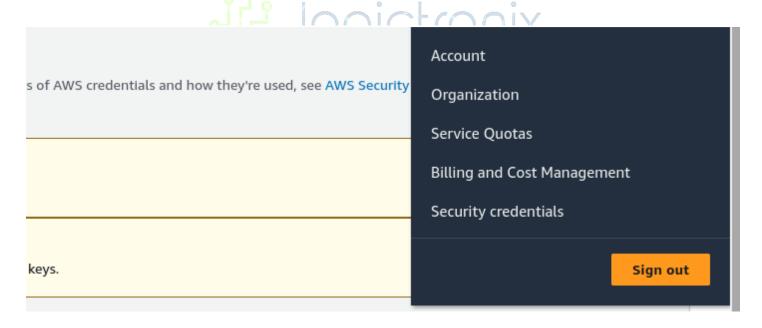
PMOD port numbering

We will be using these gpios while creating component of Greengrass AWS core device in KV260.

AWS IoT user creation

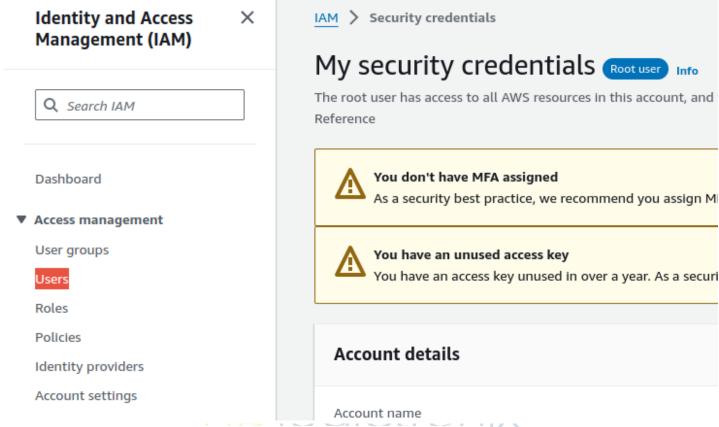
For an non human access to AWS services one has to create a user with required permissions. Follow following steps to create the user for IoT end devices.

- Login to AWS console
- Next go to 'Security credentials' link available at root user drop down at top right corner of the AWS console



- Next Go to User management page by clicking at the User link at IAM sidebar. This will list the available users.





- Now create a new user for KV260 device by clicking the "Create User" button.



This will lead to step wise User creation forms. So fill the User details,

This will lead to step wise User creation forms.

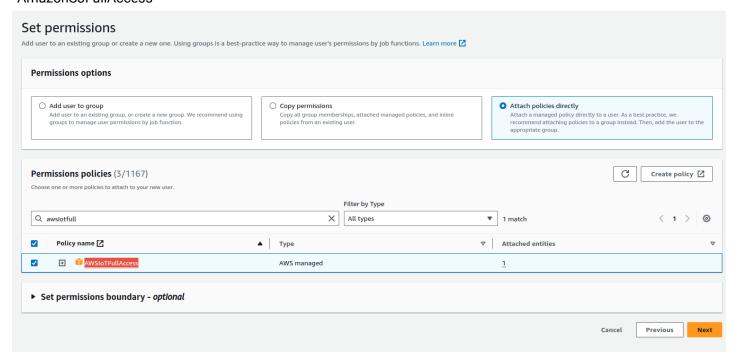
So fill the User details, leave the console access unchecked as user does not have to access the AWS console through web.





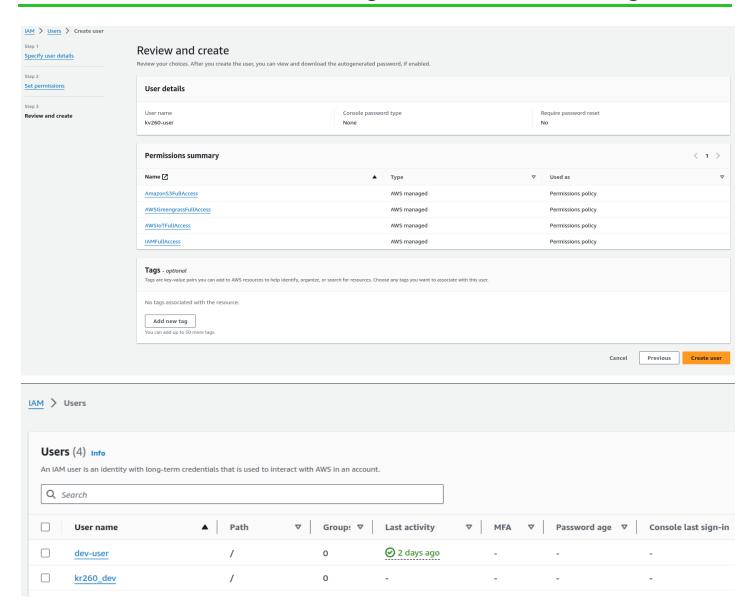
Next, update the Permissions options by attaching following policies:

- AWSGreengrassFullAccess
- IAMFullAccess
- AWSIoTFullAccess
- AmazonS3FullAccess

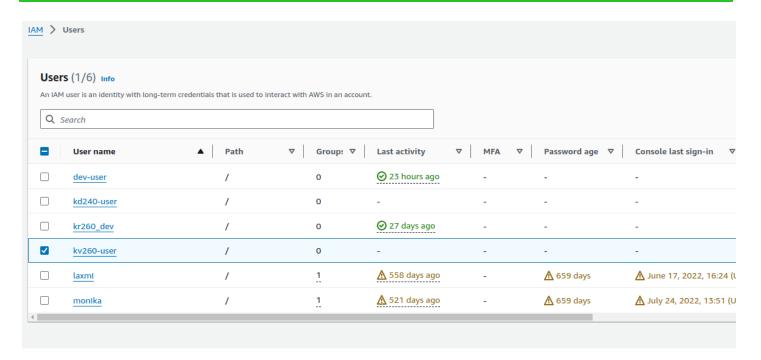


After finishing the above steps click "Create User" to finish the user creation.



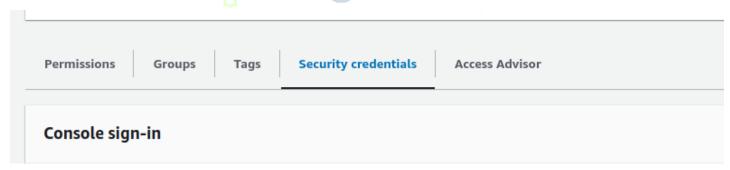




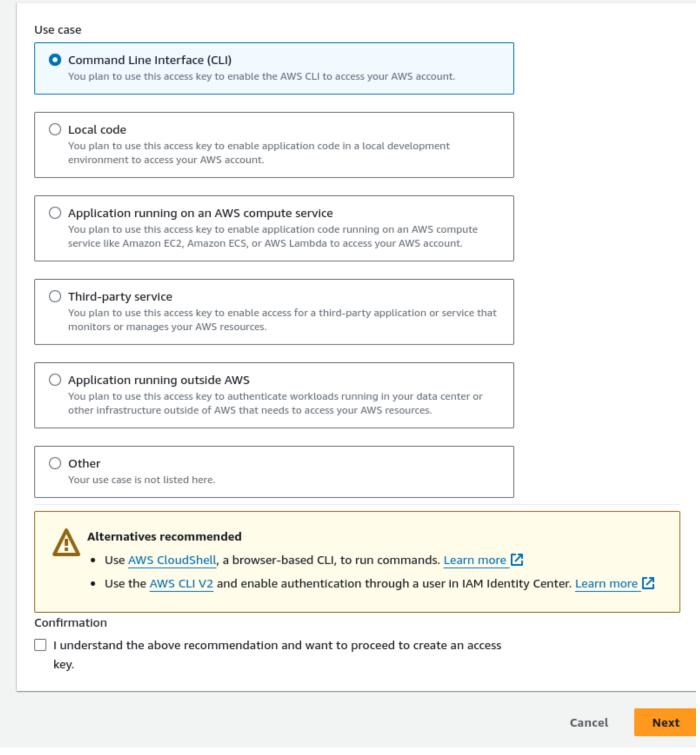


Next get the access token and access key for the user. For this open the user details by clicking on the user link in the above table.

And go to "Security credentials" for creating the Access Key for the user.



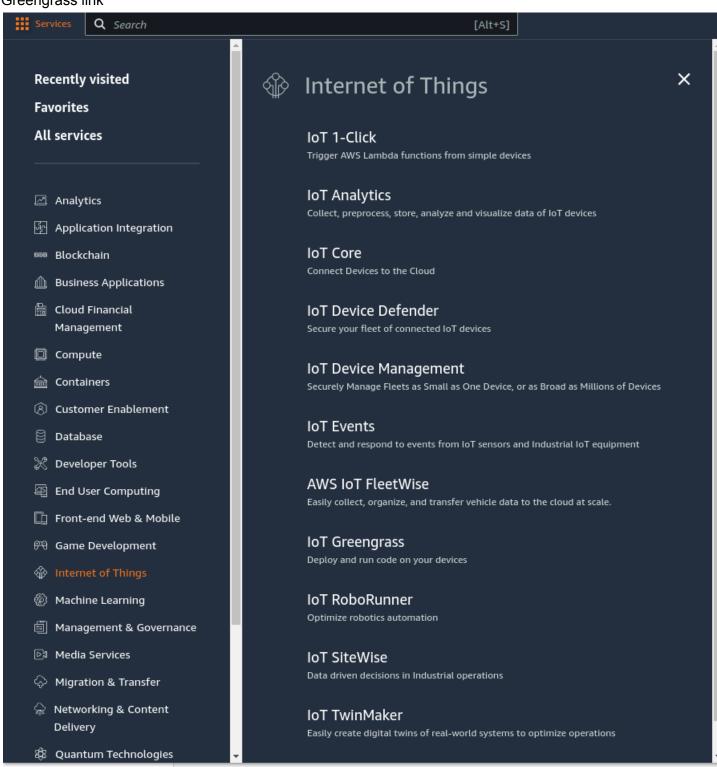
Select access key for command line based access control for user.



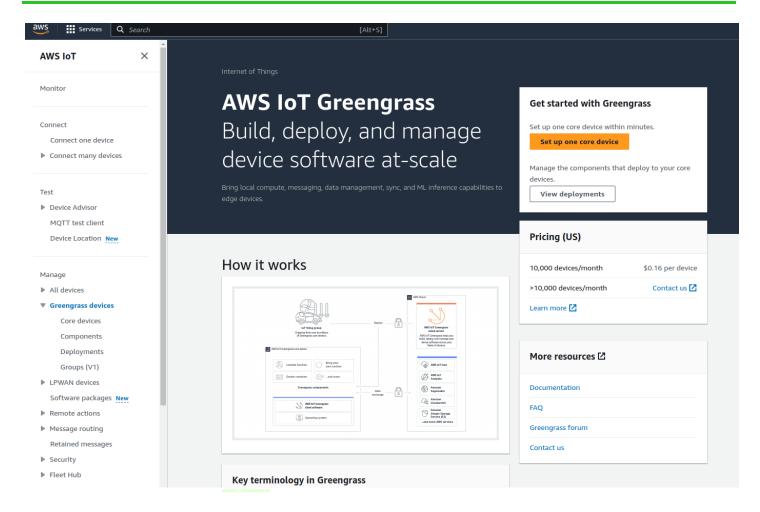
Next save the "Access Key" and "Secreat Access Key". We will need this later while using greengrass CLI in KV260 console or downloading the csv file.

Installing Greengrass CLI in KV260 board

Steps and scripts for installing greengrass device is provided by AWS Greengrass dashboard in AWS web console. So first access the AWS Greengrass IoT page, go to AWS Services -> Internet of Things -> IoT Greengrass link







Now click on "Set up one core device" button This will open the Greengrass core device setup page:

Here you can change the Core device name like `kv260-peta-dev1"

select No group.

Now in KV260 terminal console run following commands and scripts:

```
export AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID=<AWS_ACCESS_KEY_ID>
export AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY=<AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY>
```

Download and install Greengrass core software by running the script available in AWS greengrass core device setup page:

Download the installer

Run the following command on the device to download the AWS IoT Greengrass Core software.

```
curl -s https://d2s8p88vqu9w66.cloudfront.net/releases/greengrass-nucleus-latest.zip > greengrass
                                                                                                           Copy
    -nucleus-latest.zip && unzip greengrass-nucleus-latest.zip -d GreengrassInstaller
```

Next install the Greengrass core device by running the script available in AWS greengrass core device setup page:

Run the installer

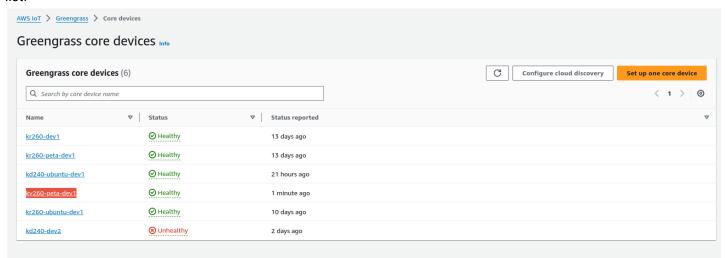
The AWS IoT Greengrass Core software is a JAR file that installs the software when you run it for the first time. Run the following command on the device.

```
sudo -E java -Droot="/greengrass/v2" -Dlog.store=FILE -jar ./GreengrassInstaller/lib/Greengrass.jar --aws-region us-east-1 --thing-name kv260-peta-dev1 --thing-group-name kv260PetaGroup --component
                                                                                                                                                              Copy
      -default-user ggc_user:ggc_group --provision true --setup-system-service true --deploy-dev-tools
```

Here is the console log after running above command:



Now in Greengrass set up page, one can view the Greengrass core devices and find above `kv260-peta-dev1` in the list.





In KV260 terminal one can get the device components by using 'greengrass-cli':

```
sudo /greengrass/v2/bin/greengrass-cli component list
```

```
xilinx-kv260-starterkit-20231:~$ sudo /greengrass/v2/bin/greengrass-cli component list
Components currently running in Greengrass:
Component Name: DeploymentService
     Version: 0.0.0
     State: RUNNING
    Configuration: null
Component Name: TelemetryAgent
     Version: 0.0.0
State: RUNNING
     Configuration: null
Component Name: aws.greengrass.Nucleus
     State: FINISHED
Configuration: {"awsRegion":"us-east-1","componentStoreMaxSizeBytes":"10000000000","deploymentPollingFreq
t":"","greengrassDataPlanePort":"8443","httpClient":{},"iotCredEndpoint":"cluwyavs4wpvxg.credentials.iot.us-e
ions":"-Dlog.store=FILE","logging":{},"mqtt":{"spooler":{}},"networkProxy":{"proxy":{}},"platformOverride":{}
Component Name: UpdateSystemPolicyService
     Version: 0.0.0
     State: RUNNING
    Configuration: null
Component Name: FleetStatusService
     State: RUNNING
     Configuration: null
Component Name: aws.greengrass.Cli
Version: 2.12.1
     State: RUNNING
     Configuration: {"AuthorizedPosixGroups":null, "AuthorizedWindowsGroups":null}
xilinx-kv260-starterkit-20231:~$
```

We will be adding component to publish and subscribe the topic to the AWS cloud Broker.

Installing the component

Get the 'components' folder and copy in the KV260 home directory.

It contains:

artifacts

- com.example.mqtt
 - 1.0.0
 - mqtt.py (This python code published the data on button press and actuates gpio on receiving the data in subscribed topic)

recipe

com.example.mqtt-1.0.0.json

To install the above component run the following in the KV260 terminal:

```
sudo /greengrass/v2/bin/greengrass-cli deployment create \
--recipeDir ~/components/recipe \
--artifactDir ~/components/artifacts \
--merge "com.example.mqtt=1.0.0"
```

```
xilinx-kv260-starterkit-20231:~$ sudo /greengrass/v2/bin/greengrass-cli deployment create \
> --recipeDir ~/components/recipe \
> --artifactDir ~/components/artifacts \
> --merge "com.example.mqtt=1.0.0"
Password:
Local deployment submitted! Deployment Id: 3a5d208f-ce9a-412c-ae67-dc0838abf412
xilinx-kv260-starterkit-20231:~$
```

Now check the installed component is in "running state"

```
sudo /greengrass/v2/bin/greengrass-cli component list
```



```
$ sudo /greengrass/v2/bin/greengrass-cli component list
omponents currently running in Greengrass:
omponent Name: DeploymentService
   Version: 0.0.0
State: RUNNING
Configuration: null
mponent Name: TelemetryAgent
Version: 0.0.0
State: RUNNING
Configuration: null
    mponent Name: aws.greengrass.Nucleus
Version: 2.12.1
State: FINISHED
State: FINISHED

Configuration: {"awsRegion":"us-east-1","componentStoreMaxSizeBytes":"100000000000","deploymentPollingFrequencySeconds":"15","envStage":"pr

t":"","greengrassDataPlanePort":"8443","httpClient":{},"iotCredEndpoint":"cluwyavs4wpvxg.credentials.iot.us-east-1.amazonaws.com","iotDataEndp

lons":"-Dlog.store=FILE","logging":{},"mqtt":{"spooler":{}},"networkProxy":{"proxy":{}},"platformOverride":{},"runWithDefault":{"posixShell":"

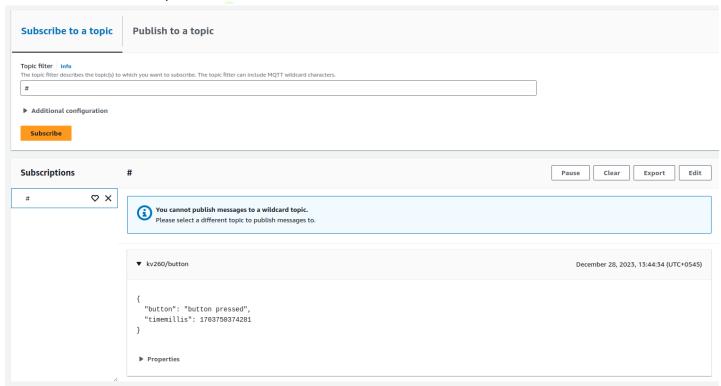
Component Name: com.example.mqtt

Version: 1.0.0

State. PUNNIME
       State: RUNNING
State: RUNNING

Configuration: {"accessControl":{"aws.greengrass.ipc.mqttproxy":{"com.example.mqtt:mqttproxy:1":{"operations":["aws.greengrass#PublishToIo
es":["kv260/mqtt","kv260/button"]}},"message":"hello"}
omponent Name: UpdateSystemPolicyService
Version: 0.0.0
State: RUNNING
 Configuration: null
omponent Name: FleetStatusService
Version: null
        State: RUNNING
omponent Name: aws.greengrass.Cli
Version: 2.12.1
State: RUNNING
  Configuration: {"AuthorizedPosixGroups":null,"AuthorizedWindowsGroups":null}ilinx-kv260-starterkit-20231:~$
```

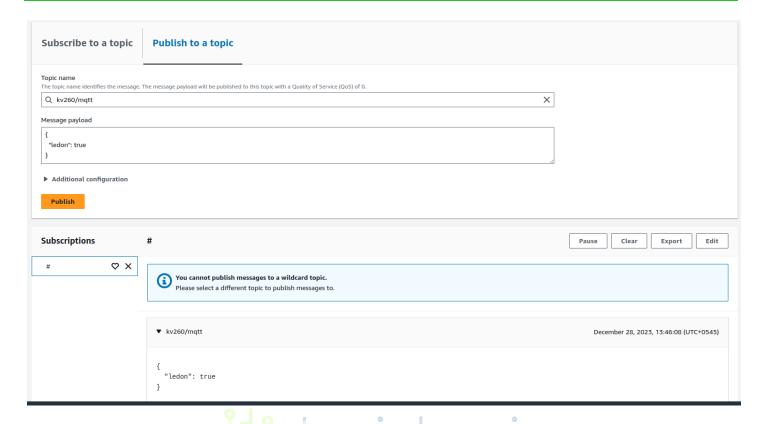
Now in aws IoT console, open "MQTT test client" and subscribe to "#"



You can see the "button pressed" message once the button is pressed.

Now to control the LED, publish the message to "kv260/mqtt" topic. Here is the screenshot of the message which switch on the LED.





Now to switch off the LED send "false" message in the "kv260/mqtt" topic.

