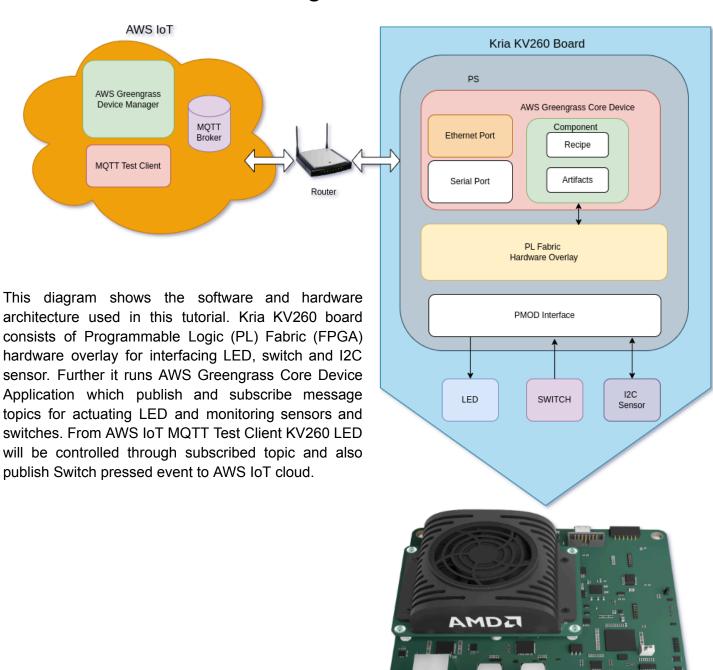
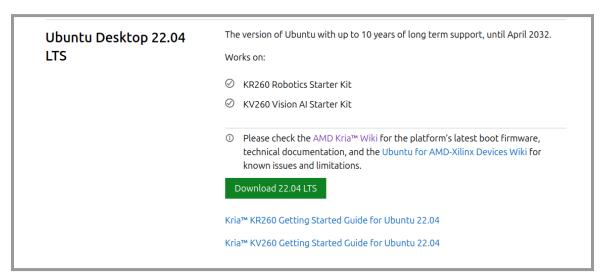


KV260 to AWS IoT Greengrass Architecture

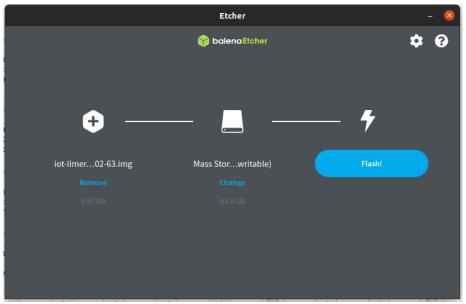


Preparing Ubuntu 22.04 OS for KRIA KV260 board

Download the Ubuntu 22.04 image from the download link



Next, prepare the SD card with the above downloaded Ubuntu image using burning tools like Balena Etcher.



Now boot the KV260 with the SD card with Ethernet and USB to Serial cable connected to board. We will be using Serial console for initial access and debugging and Ethernet network for accessing through SSH and connect KV260 to internet.

For initial login here are the Login Details:

Username: ubuntu Password: ubuntu

This will ask to change the password. So update the password and login the system.

After successful login, one can access the KV260 device console.

Installing hardware overlay in KV260

Get the KV260 firmware folder. It contains:

- kv260-gpio-i2c.bit.bin
- kv260-gpio-i2ci2c.dtbo
- shell.json

Copy these file to the KV260 board. For firmware to be loaded using xmutil (FPGA manager), one has to copy these file at "/lib/firmware/xilinx".

For this create the folder at "kv260-gpio-i2c" at "/lib/firmware/xilinx" and copy the files in "kv260-gpio-i2c" folder.

```
cd /lib/firmware/xilinx
sudo mkdir kv260-gpio-i2c
sudo cp <kv260-firmware directory>/kv260-gpio-i2c* ./
sudo cp <kv260-firmware directory>/shell.json ./
```

Next, check the available fpga firmware using `xmutil listapps` command. `kv260-gpio-i2c` will be available in the list.

```
Active slot
                                                                                                             k26-starter-kits
kv260-gpio-i2c
                        k26-starter-kits
kv260-gpio-i2c
                                                                      XRT_FLAT
XRT_FLAT
                                                                                                                                                           XRT_FLAT
XRT_FLAT
ubuntu@kria:~$ █
```

Next load the `kv260-gpio-i2c` firmware, which contains necessary hardwares (gpio) and interfaces. In our Greengrass Demo we will be using these gpio to trigger the publishing data to AWS Greengrass IoT cloud server and also actuate GPIO on the message received from AWS cloud.

```
sudo xmutil unloadapp
sudo xmutil loadapp kv260-gpio-i2c
             $ sudo xmutil loadapp kv260-gpio-i2c
 1027.134932] OF: overlay: WARNING: memory leak will occur if overlay removed, property: /fpga-full/firmware-name
 1027.145049] OF: overlay: WARNING: memory leak will occur if overlay removed, property: /fpga-full/resets
 1027.154904] OF: overlay: WARNING: memory
                                              leak will occur if overlay removed, property: /
                                                                                                 _symbols__/afi0
  1027.164406] OF: overlay: WARNING: memory
                                              leak will occur if overlay removed, property:
                                                                                                 _symbols__/clocking0
                                                                                                  ___/clocking0
_symbols__/clocking1
_symbols /axi into
 1027.174332] OF: overlay: WARNING: memory
                                              leak will occur if overlay removed, property:
                                              leak will occur if overlay removed, property:
 1027.184267] OF: overlay: WARNING: memory
                                                                                                           /axi intc 0
 1027.194279] OF: overlay: WARNING: memory leak will occur if overlay removed, property:
                                                                                                  _symbols__/axi_intc_1
                                                                                                 _symbols__/axi_gpio_0
_symbols__/axi_iic_0
      204304] OF: overlay: WARNING: memory leak will occur if overlay removed, property:
 1027.214321] OF: overlay: WARNING: memory leak will occur if overlay removed, property: /
xv260-gpio-i2c: loaded to slot 0
µbuntu@kria:~$ ■
```

Now to access GPIO in user application, we will be using 'gpiod' library.

Installing gpiod packages

GPIOD packages are required to access the GPIO channels. It also provides python binding for accessing GPIO in python programming. Install the package using apt-get:

```
sudo apt update
sudo apt-get install gpiod python3-libgpiod
```



Now we can check the available gpio using gpiod applications:

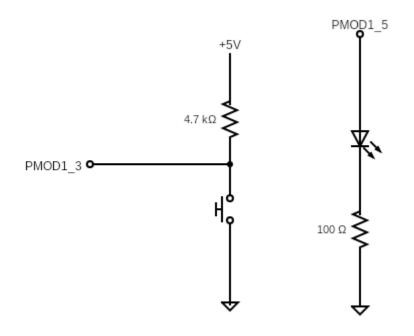
Using 'gpiodetect' to get availabe gpio:

```
ubuntu@kria:~$ sudo gpiodetect
gpiochip0 [firmware:zynqmp-firmware:gpio] (4 lines)
gpiochip1 [zynqmp gpio] (174 lines)
gpiochip2 [800200\overline{0}0.gpio] (4 lines)
ubuntu@kria:~$
```

Here `gpiochip2` is the device corresponding to gpio in FPGA and it consists of 4 lines. Further these gpio lines are connected to PMOD 1 such that:

PMOD1-> 5 - gpiochip2 line 0

PMOD1-> 7 - gpiochip2 line 1

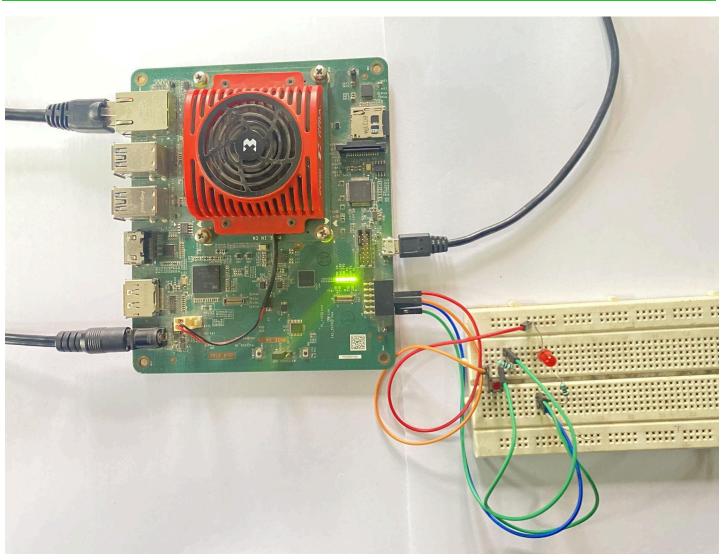


Schematic for LED and Switch Connection

]	11	9	7	5	3	1	PMOD UPPER
	12	10	8	6	4	2	PMOD LOWER
	Vcc	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	

PMOD port numbering



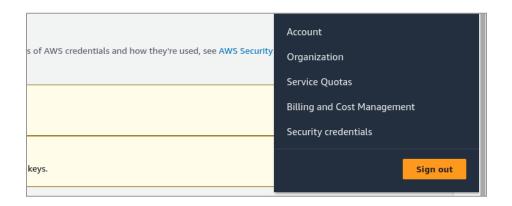


KV260 Board Connected to switch and LED through PMOD

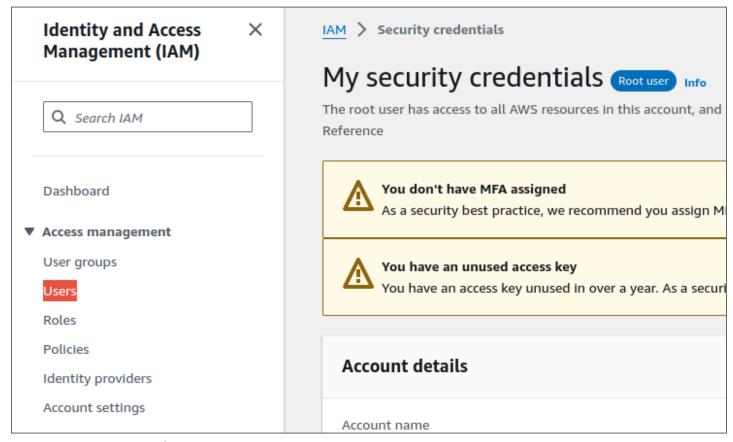
AWS IoT user creation

For and non human access to AWS services one has to create a user with required permissions.

- Login to AWS console
- Next go to 'Security credentials' link available at root user drop down at top right corner of the AWS console



- Next Go to User management page by clicking at the User link at IAM sidebar. This will list the available users.



- Now create a new user for KV260 device by clicking the "Create User" button.

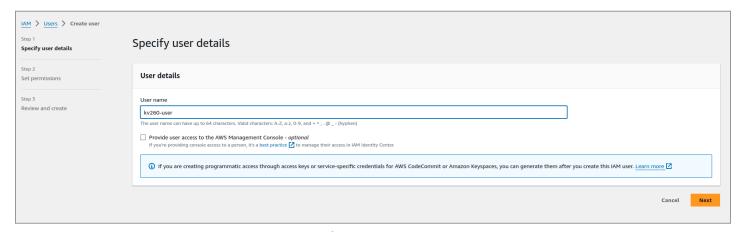




This will lead to step wise User creation forms. So fill the User details,

This will lead to step wise User creation forms.

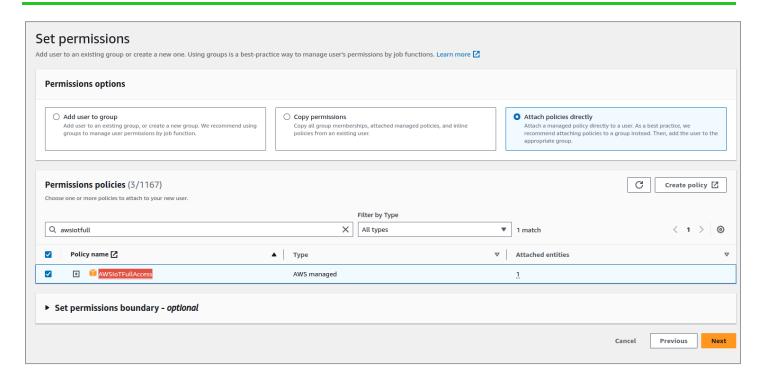
So fill the User details, leave the console access unchecked as user does not have to access the AWS console through web.



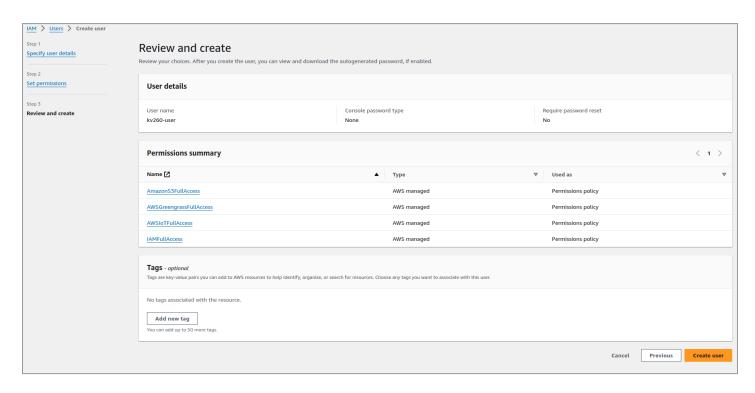
Next, update the Permissions options by attaching following policies:

- AWSGreengrassFullAccess
- IAMFullAccess
- AWSIoTFullAccess
- AmazonS3FullAccess

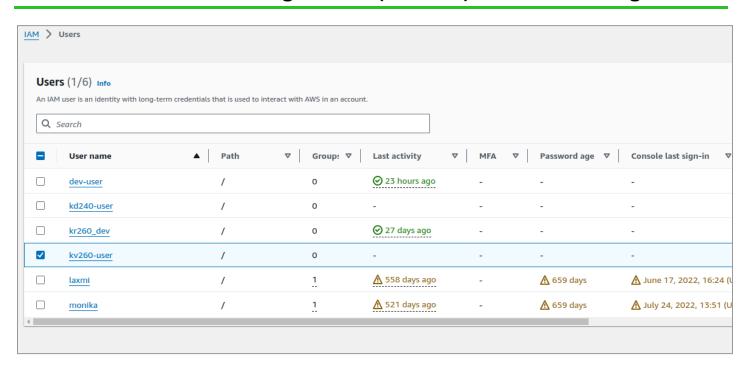




After finishing the above steps click "Create User" to finish the user creation.

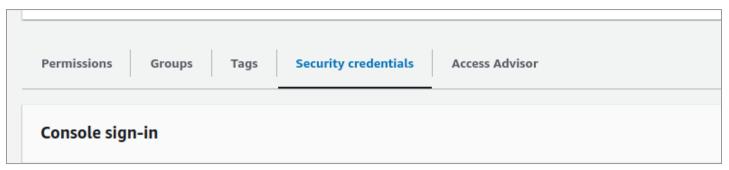




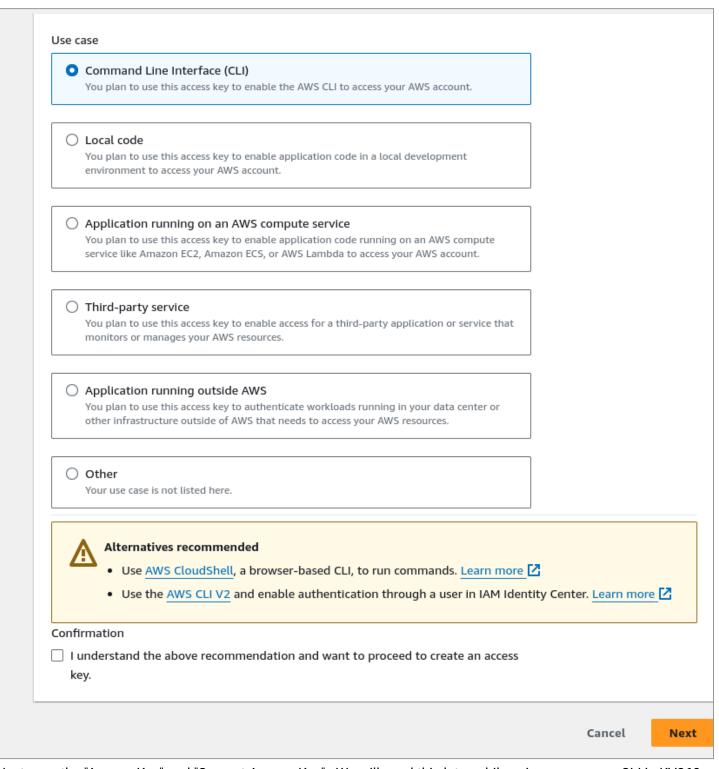


Next get the access token and access key for the user. For this open the user details by clicking on the user link in the above table.

And go to "Security credentials" for creating the Access Key for the user.



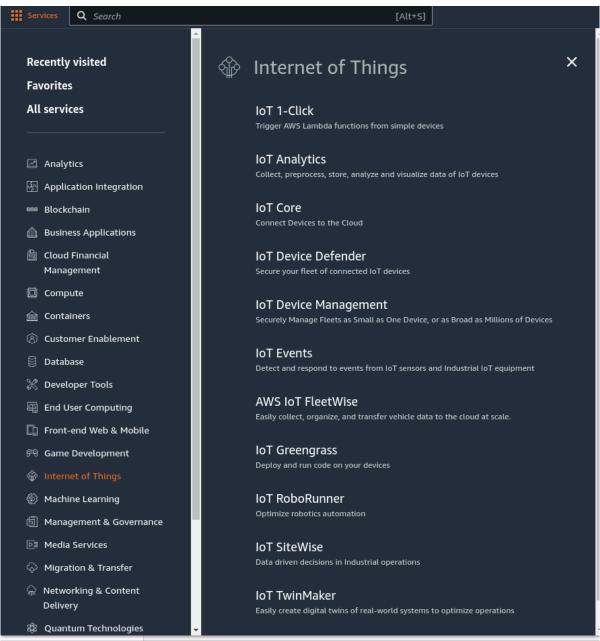
Select access key for command line based access control for user.



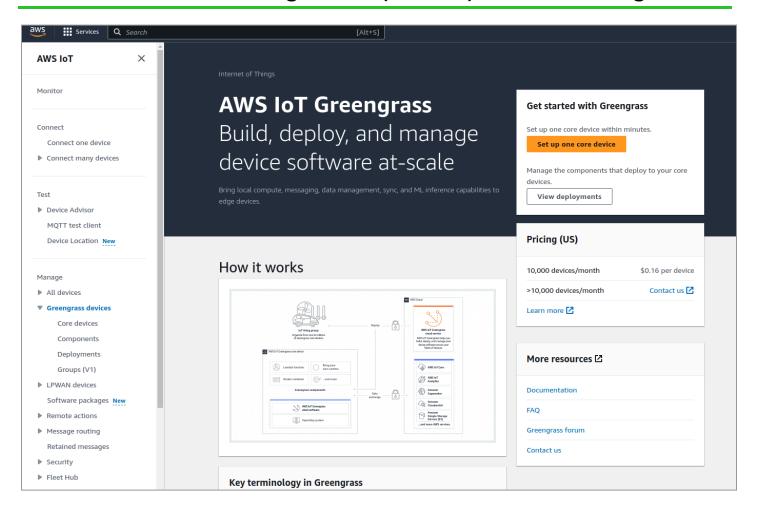
Next save the "Access Key" and "Secreat Access Key". We will need this later while using greengrass CLI in KV260 console or downloading the csv file.

Installing Greengrass CLI

Steps and scripts for installing greengrass device is provided by AWS Greengrass dashboard in AWS web console. So first access the AWS Greengrass IoT page, go to AWS Services -> Internet of Things -> IoT Greengrass link







Now click on "Set up one core device" button This will open the Greengrass core device setup page:

Here you change the Core device name like 'kv260-ubuntu-dev1"

AWS IoT > Greengrass > Core devices > Set up one Greengrass core device Set up one Greengrass core device Step 1: Register a Greengrass core device Greengrass core devices are AWS IoT things. Enter a thing name to be used to create a Greengrass core device. Core device name The name of the AWS IoT thing to create. We generated the following name for you. kv260-ubuntu-dev1 The name can be up to 128 characters. Valid characters: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, underscore (_), and hyphen (-). Step 2: Add to a thing group to apply a continuous deployment Add your Greengrass core device to an AWS IoT thing group. If the thing group has an active Greengrass deployment, your new core device receives and applies the deployment when you finish the setup process. To deploy to only the core device, select No group. Thing group Enter a new group name Select an existing group No group Thing group name The name of the AWS IoT thing group to create. kv260UbuntuGroup The name can be up to 128 characters. Valid characters: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, underscore (_), and hyphen (-).

Now in KV260 terminal console run following commands and scripts:

```
export AWS ACCESS KEY ID=<AWS ACCESS KEY ID>
export AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY=<AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY>
```

Greengrass CLI depends on Java. So to install the dependency run the following:

```
sudo apt install default-jre
sudo apt install default-jdk
```

Download and install Greengrass core software as instructed in



curl -s https://d2s8p88vqu9w66.cloudfront.net/releases/greengrass-nucleus-latest.zip > greengrass-nucleus-latest.zip && unzip greengrass-nucleus-latest.zip -d GreengrassInstaller

Download the installer

Run the following command on the device to download the AWS IoT Greengrass Core software.

curl -s https://d2s8p88vqu9w66.cloudfront.net/releases/greengrass-nucleus-latest.zip > greengrass -nucleus-latest.zip && unzip greengrass-nucleus-latest.zip -d GreengrassInstaller



Next install the Greengrass core device:

```
sudo -E java -Droot="/greengrass/v2" -Dlog.store=FILE -jar
./GreengrassInstaller/lib/Greengrass.jar --aws-region us-east-1 --thing-name
kv260-ubuntu-dev1 --thing-group-name kv260UbuntuGroup --component-default-user
ggc_user:ggc_group --provision true --setup-system-service true --deploy-dev-tools true
```

Run the installer

The AWS IoT Greengrass Core software is a JAR file that installs the software when you run it for the first time. Run the following command on the device.

```
sudo -E java -Droot="/greengrass/v2" -Dlog.store=FILE -jar ./GreengrassInstaller/lib/Greengrass.jar
   --aws-region us-east-1 --thing-name kv260-ubuntu-dev1 --thing-group-name kv260UbuntuGroup
    --component-default-user ggc_user:ggc_group --provision true --setup-system-service true --deploy
   -dev-tools true
```

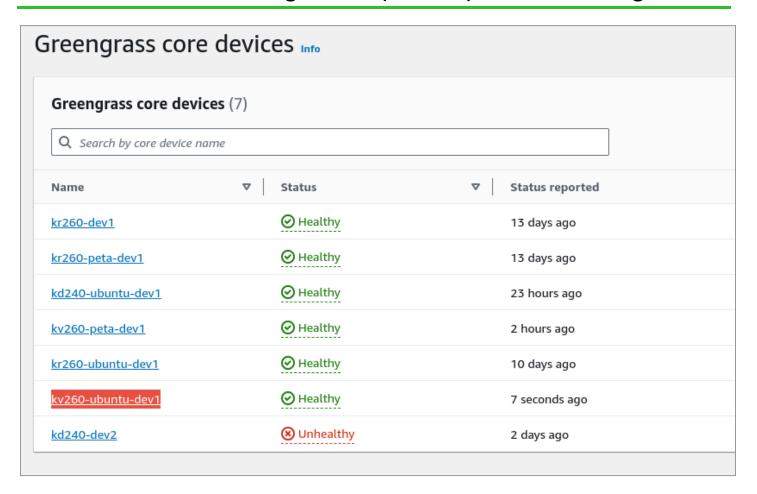


Here is the console log after running above command:

```
gc_group created
Added ggc user to ggc_group
Provisioning AWS IoT resources for the device with IoT Thing Name: [kv260-ubuntu-dev1]...
 Found IoT policy "GreengrassV2IoTThingPolicy", reusing it
 Creating keys and certificate...
Attaching policy to certificate...
 Creating IoT Thing "kv260-ubuntu-dev1"...
Attaching certificate to IoT thing...
Successfully provisioned AWS IoT resources for the device with IoT Thing Name: [kv260-ubuntu-dev1]!
Adding IoT Thing [kv260-ubuntu-dev1] into Thing Group: [kv260UbuntuGroup]...
Successfully added Thing into Thing Group: [kv260UbuntuGroup]
 Setting up resources for aws.greengrass.TokenExchangeService ...
Attaching TES role policy to IoT thing..
No managed IAM policy found, looking for user defined policy...
IAM policy named "GreengrassV2TokenExchangeRoleAccess" already exists. Please attach it to the IAM role if not already
Configuring Nucleus with provisioned resource details...
Downloading Root CA from "https://www.amazontrust.com/repository/AmazonRootCA1.pem"
 Created device configuration
Successfully configured Nucleus with provisioned resource details!
Creating a deployment for Greengrass first party components to the thing group
Configured Nucleus to deploy aws.greengrass.Cli component
 Successfully set up Nucleus as a system service
 ubuntu@kria:~$ ■
```

Now in Greengrass set up page, one can view the Greengrass core devices and find above 'kv260-ubuntu-dev' in the list.





In KV260 terminal one can get the device components by using `greengrass-cli`:

sudo /greengrass/v2/bin/greengrass-cli component list



```
ubuntu@kria:~$ sudo /greengrass/v2/bin/greengrass-cli component list
Components currently running in Greengrass:
Component Name: aws.greengrass.Nucleus
    Version: 2.12.1
    State: FINISHED
    Configuration: {"awsRegion":"us-east-1", "componentStoreMaxSizeBytes":"1000000000
t":"","greengrassDataPlanePort":"8443","httpClient":{},"iotCredEndpoint":"cluwyavs4w
ions":"-Dlog.store=FILE","logging":{},"mqtt":{"spooler":{}},"networkProxy":{"proxy":
Component Name: UpdateSystemPolicyService
    Version: 0.0.0
    State: RUNNING
    Configuration: null
Component Name: aws.greengrass.Cli
    Version: 2.12.1
    State: RUNNING
    Configuration: {"AuthorizedPosixGroups":null, "AuthorizedWindowsGroups":null}
Component Name: FleetStatusService
    Version: null
    State: RUNNING
    Configuration: null
Component Name: DeploymentService
    Version: 0.0.0
    State: RUNNING
    Configuration: null
Component Name: TelemetryAgent
    Version: 0.0.0
    State: RUNNING
    Configuration: null
ubuntu@kria:~$
```

We will be adding component to publish and subscribe the topic to the AWS cloud Broker.

Installing the component

Get the 'components' folder and copy in the KV260 home directory.

It contains:

artifacts

- com.example.mqtt
 - 1.0.0
 - mgtt.py (This python code published the data on button press and actuates gpio on receiving the data in subscribed topic)

recipe

com.example.mgtt-1.0.0.json

To install the above component run the following in the KV260 terminal:

```
sudo /greengrass/v2/bin/greengrass-cli deployment create \
--recipeDir ~/components/recipe \
--artifactDir ~/components/artifacts \
--merge "com.example.mqtt=1.0.0"
```

```
ubuntu@kria:~$ sudo /greengrass/v2/bin/greengrass-cli deployment create \
--recipeDir ~/components/recipe \
--artifactDir ~/components/artifacts \
--merge "com.example.mqtt=1.0.0"
Local deployment submitted! Deployment Id: 51255b6b-795d-43f7-a84a-d0b7a3d561fd
ubuntu@kria:~$
```

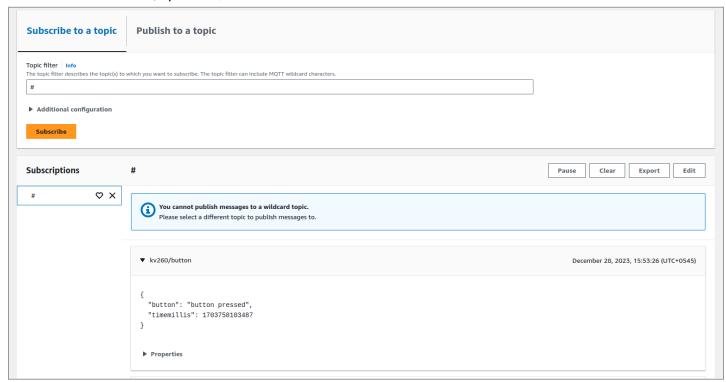
Now check the installed component is in "running state"

```
sudo /greengrass/v2/bin/greengrass-cli component list
```



```
ubuntu@kria:~$ sudo /greengrass/v2/bin/greengrass-cli component list
Components currently running in Greengrass:
Component Name: com.example.mqtt
      Version: 1.0.0
      State: RUNNING
Configuration: {"accessControl":{"aws.greengrass.ipc.mqttproxy":{"com.example.mqtt:mqttproxy:1":{"operation ces":["kv260/mqtt","kv260/button"]}}},"message":"hello"}
Component Name: aws.greengrass.Nucleus
    Version: 2.12.1
      State: FINISHED
Configuration: {"awsRegion":"us-east-1","componentStoreMaxSizeBytes":"100000000000","deploymentPollingFreque
t":"","greengrassDataPlanePort":"8443","httpClient":{},"iotCredEndpoint":"cluwyavs4wpvxg.credentials.iot.us-eas
ions":"-Dlog.store=FILE","logging":{},"mqtt":{"spooler":{}},"networkProxy":{"proxy":{}},"platformOverride":{},"
Component Name: UpdateSystemPolicyService
    Version: 0.0.0
    State: DIMINING
      State: RUNNING
      Configuration: null
Component Name: aws.greengrass.Cli
      Version: 2.12.1
      State: RUNNING
      Configuration: \ \{ "Authorized Posix Groups": null, "Authorized Windows Groups": null \} \\
 Component Name: FleetStatusService
      State: RUNNING
      Configuration: null
Component Name: DeploymentService Version: 0.0.0
      State: RUNNING
      Configuration: null
 Component Name: TelemetryAgent
      Version: 0.0.0
      State: RUNNING
      Configuration: null
ubuntu@kria:~$
```

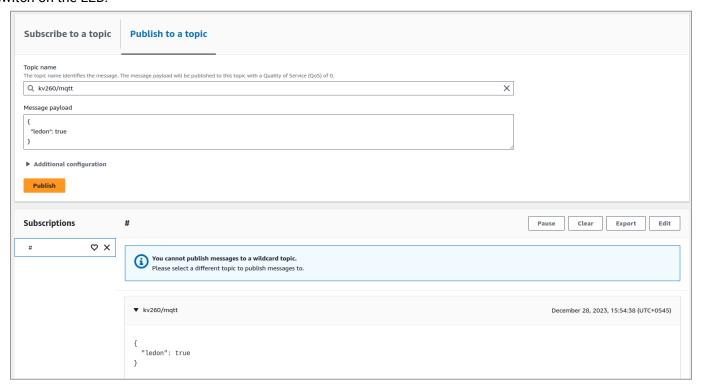
Now in aws IoT console, open "MQTT test client" and subscribe to "#"



You can see the "button pressed" message once the button is pressed.



Now to control the LED, publish the message to "kv260/mqtt" topic. Here is the screenshot of the message which switch on the LED.



Now to switch off the LED send "false" message in the "kv260/mqtt" topic.

