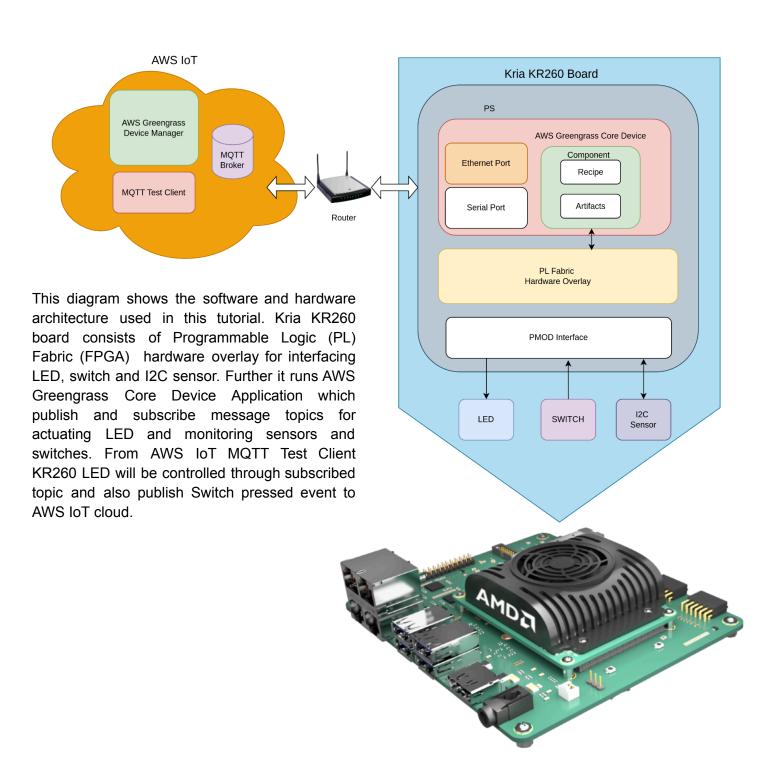
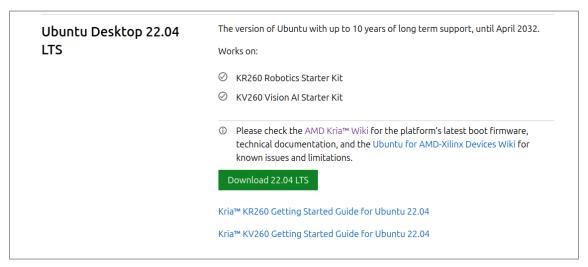


KR260 to AWS IoT Greengrass Architecture

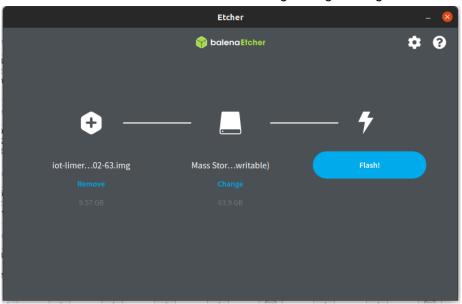


Preparing Ubuntu 22.04 OS for KRIA KR260 board

Download the Ubuntu 22.04 image from the download link



Next, prepare the SD card with the above downloaded Ubuntu image using burning tools like Balena Etcher.



Now boot the KR260 with the SD card with Ethernet and USB to Serial cable connected to board. We will be using Serial console for initial access and debugging and Ethernet network for accessing through SSH and KR260 connected to the internet.

For initial login here are the Login Details:

Username: ubuntu Password: ubuntu

This will ask to change the password. So update the password and login the system.

After successful login, one can access the KR260 device console.

Installing hardware overlay

Get the KR260 firmware folder. It contains:

- kr260 i2c.bit.bin
- kr260_i2c.dtbo
- shell.json

Copy these file to the KR260 board. For firmware to be loaded using xmutil (FPGA manager), one has to copy these file at "/lib/firmware/xilinx".

For this create the folder at "kr260-i2c" at "/lib/firmware/xilinx" and copy the files in "kr260-i2c" folder.

```
cd /lib/firmware/xilinx
sudo mkdir kr260-i2c
sudo cp <kr260-firmware directory>/krc260 i2c* ./
sudo cp <kr260-firmware directory>/shell.json ./
```

Next, check the available fpga firmware using `xmutil listapps` command. `kr260-i2c` will be available in the list.

```
sudo] password for ubuntu
                                                                                                                                     Active slot
                                                                                                XRT_FLAT
                     kr260-i2c
                                                                          kr260-i2c
              k26-starter-kits
                                                                   k26-starter-kits
buntu@kria:~$
```

Next load the `kr260-i2c` firmware, which contains necessary hardwares (qpio) and interfaces. In our Greengrass Demo we will be using these gpio to trigger the publishing data to AWS Greengrass IoT cloud server and also actuate GPIO on the message received from AWS cloud.

```
sudo xmutil unloadapp
sudo xmutil loadapp kr260-i2c
ubuntu@kria:~$ sudo xmutil unloadapp
remove from slot 0 returns: 0 (0k)
ubuntu@kria:~$ sudo xmutil loadapp kr260-i2c
[ 1035.828900] OF: overlay: WARNING: memory
                                             leak will occur if overlay removed, property: /fpga-full/firmware-name
 1035.839040] OF: overlay:
                            WARNING: memory
                                             leak will occur if overlay removed, property:
                                                                                             /fpga-full/pid
                            WARNING: memory
 1035.848277] OF: overlay:
                                             leak will occur
                                                             if overlay removed, property:
                                                                                             /fpga-full/resets
 1035.857771] OF: overlay: WARNING: memory
                                             leak will occur if overlay removed, property:
                                                                                             /fpga-full/uid
 1035.867399] OF: overlay: WARNING: memory
                                             leak will occur if overlay removed, property:
                                                                                                _symbols__/overlay0
 1035.877241] OF: overlay: WARNING: memory
                                             leak will occur
                                                             if overlay
                                                                         removed,
                                                                                                symbols
                                                                                                          /overlay1
                                                                                                symbols
 1035.887085] OF: overlay:
                            WARNING: memory
                                             leak will occur if overlay removed, property:
                                                                                                         /afi0
 1035.896579] OF: overlay:
                            WARNING: memory
                                             leak will occur
                                                                                  property:
                                                                                                symbols
                                                                                                          /clocking0
 1035.906509] OF: overlay: WARNING: memory
                                                             if overlay removed, property:
                                                                                                symbols
                                                                                                         /clocking1
                                             leak will occur
 1035.916438] OF: overlay:
                            WARNING: memory
                                             leak will occur if overlay removed, property:
                                                                                                _symbols__/overlay2
 1035.926280] OF:
                  overlay:
                            WARNING: memory
                                             leak will occur
                                                              if overlay
                                                                         removed,
                                                                                  property:
                                                                                                symbols
                                                                                                          /axi_gpio_0
 1035.936329] OF: overlay:
                            WARNING: memory
                                             leak will occur if overlay removed, property:
                                                                                                symbols
                                                                                                         /misc clk 0
 1035.946346] OF: overlay:
                            WARNING: memory
                                                             if overlay removed, property:
                                                                                                symbols__/axi_iic_0
 1035.956281] OF: overlay: WARNING: memory
                                                                                                symbols
                                                                                  property:
 1035.966299] OF: overlay:
                            WARNING: memory
                                             leak will occur if overlay removed, property:
                                                                                                symbols__/axi_iic_1
                                                                                                _symbols__/axi_intc_0
_symbols__/axi_intc_1
              OF: overlay:
                            WARNING: memory
                                             leak will occur
                                                              if overlay removed, property:
 1035.986243] OF: overlay: WARNING: memory leak will occur
 1036.067970] xiic-i2c 80020000.i2c: IRQ index 0 not found
 260-i2c: loaded to slot 0
buntu@kria:~$ [ 1036.203709] zocl-drm axi:zyxclmm_drm: IRQ index 32 not found
```

Now to access GPIO in user application, we will be using 'gpiod' library.

Installing gpiod packages

GPIOD packages are required to access the GPIO channels. It also provides python binding for accessing GPIO in python programming. Install the package using apt-get:

```
sudo apt-get install gpiod python3-libgpiod
```

Now we can check the available gpio using gpiod applications:

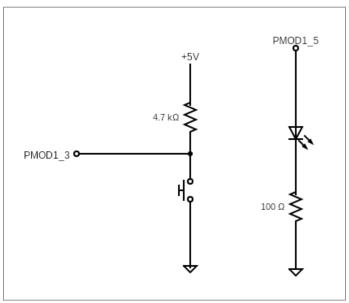
Using 'gpiodetect' to get availabe gpio:

```
-ubuntu@kria:~$ sudo gpiodetect
gpiochip0 [firmware:zynqmp-firmware:gpio] (4 lines)
gpiochip1 [zynqmp gpio] (174 lines)
gpiochip2 [slg7xl45106] (8 lines)
gpiochip3 [80010000.gpio] (6 lines)
1ubuntu@kria:∼$
```

Here `gpiochip3` is the device corresponding to gpio in FPGA and it consists of 6 lines. Further these gpio lines are connected to PMOD 1 such that:

```
PMOD1-> 1 - gpiochip3 line 0
PMOD1-> 3 - gpiochip3 line 1
```

PMOD1-> 5 - gpiochip3 line 2

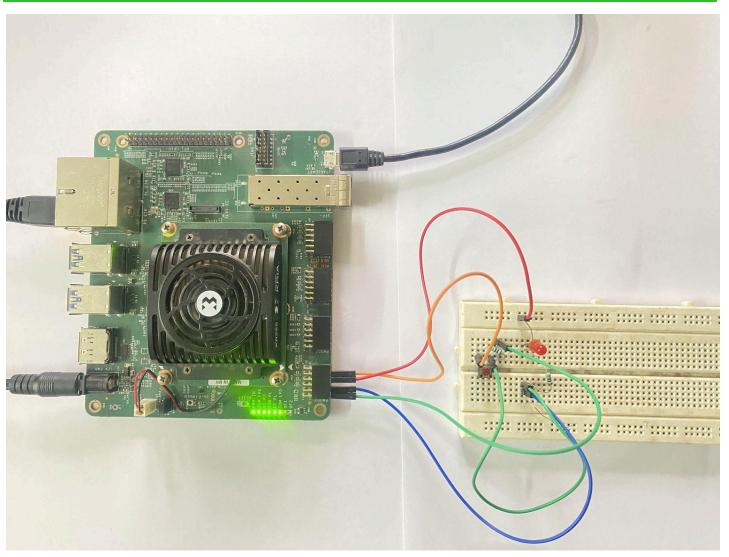


Schematic for LED and Switch Connection

	11	9	7	5	3	1	PMOD UPPER
•	12	10	8	6	4	2	PMOD LOWER
	Vcc	GND	I/O	I/O	I/O	I/O	

PMOD port numbering



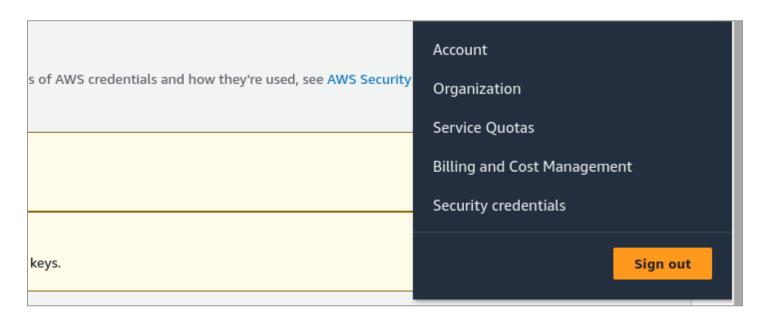


KR260 Board Connected to switch and LED through PMOD1

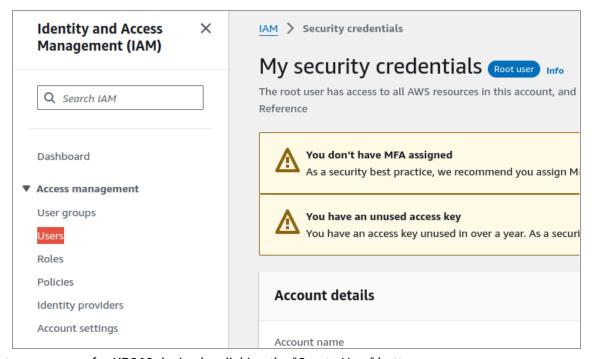
AWS IoT user creation

For and non human access to AWS services one has to create a user with required permissions.

- Login to AWS console
- Next go to `Security credentials` link available at root user drop down at top right corner of the AWS console



- Next Go to User management page by clicking at the User link at IAM sidebar. This will list the available users.



- Now create a new user for KR260 device by clicking the "Create User" button.

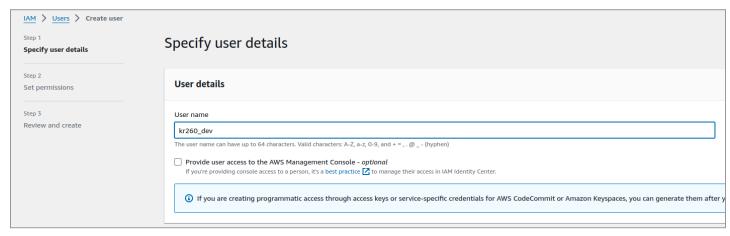




This will lead to step wise User creation forms. So fill the User details,

This will lead to step wise User creation forms.

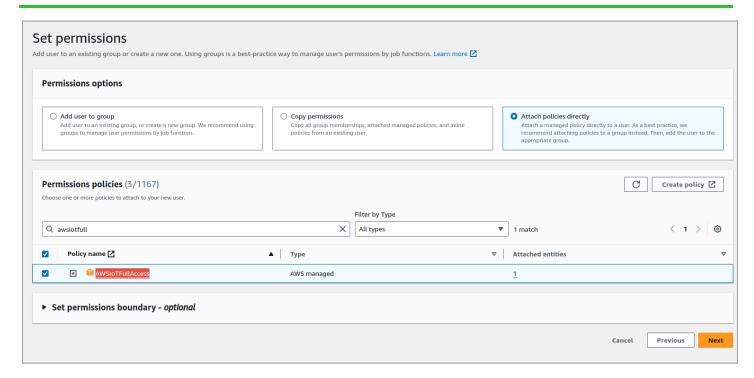
So fill the User details, leave the console access unchecked as user does not have to access the AWS console through web.



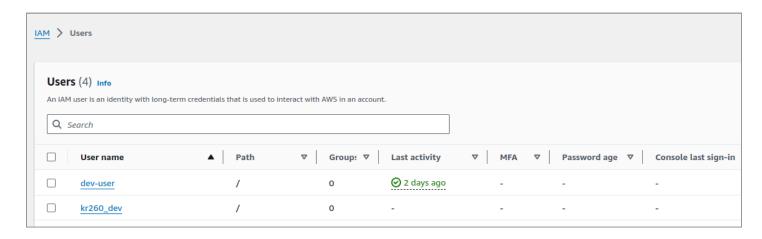
Next, update the Permissions options by attaching following policies:

- AWSGreengrassFullAccess
- IAMFullAccess
- AWSIoTFullAccess
- AmazonS3FullAccess

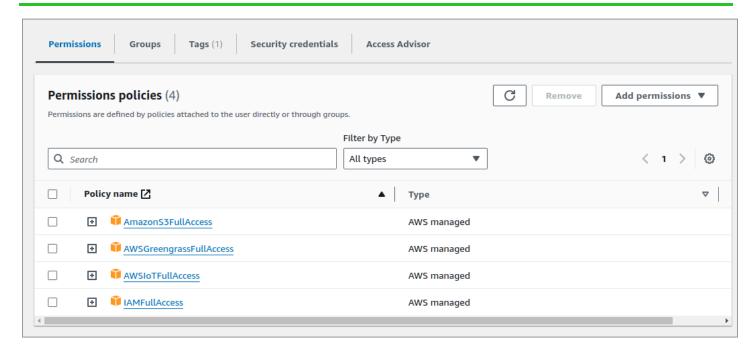




After finishing the above steps click "Create User" to finish the user creation.

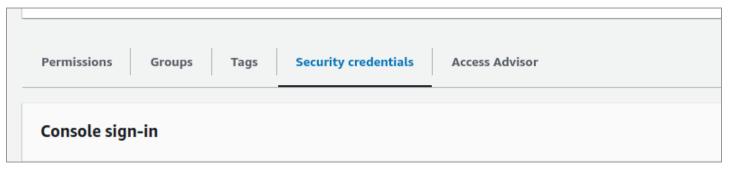






Next get the access token and access key for the user. For this open the user details by clicking on the user link in the above table.

And go to "Security credentials" for creating the Access Key for the user.



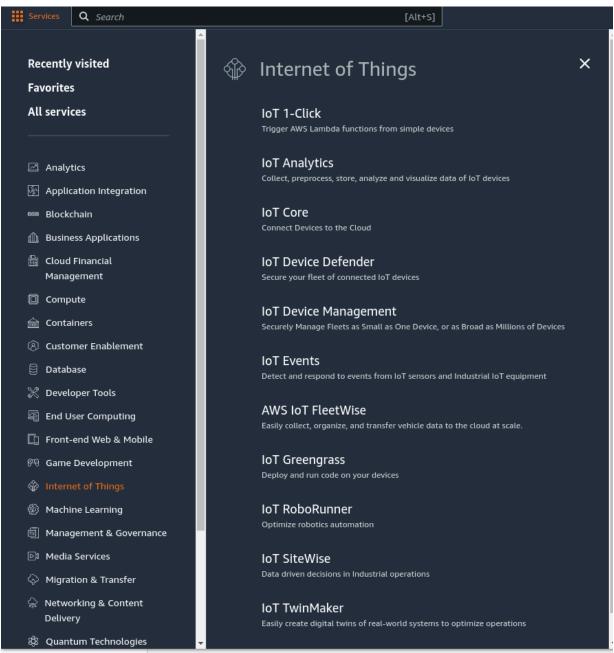
Select access key for command line based access control for user.

	Command Line Interface (CLI) You plan to use this access key to enable the AWS CLI to access your AWS account.		
0	Local code You plan to use this access key to enable application code in a local development environment to access your AWS account.		
0	Application running on an AWS compute service You plan to use this access key to enable application code running on an AWS compute service like Amazon EC2, Amazon ECS, or AWS Lambda to access your AWS account.		
0	Third-party service You plan to use this access key to enable access for a third-party application or service that monitors or manages your AWS resources.		
0	Application running outside AWS You plan to use this access key to authenticate workloads running in your data center or other infrastructure outside of AWS that needs to access your AWS resources.		
0	Other Your use case is not listed here.		
onfi	Alternatives recommended Use AWS CloudShell, a browser-based CLI, to run commands. Learn more Use the AWS CLI V2 and enable authentication through a user in IAM Identification	r. <u>Learn m</u> o	ore [2
	inderstand the above recommendation and want to proceed to create an access		

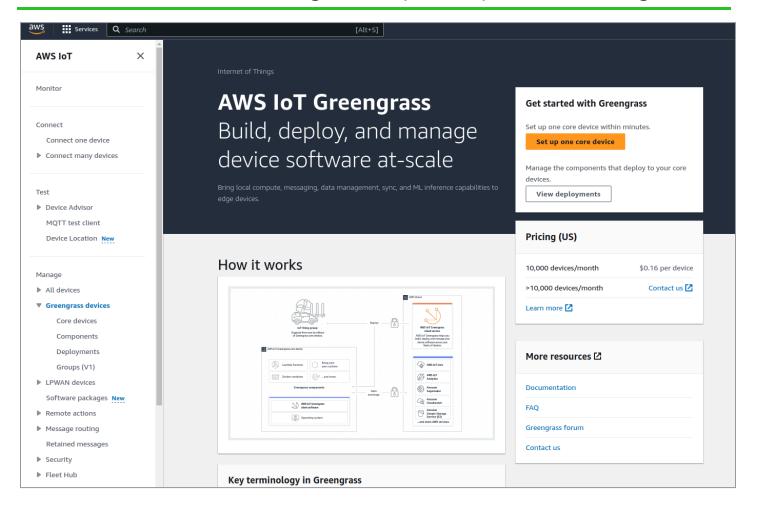
Next save the "Access Key" and "Secret Access Key". We will need this later while using greengrass CLI in KR260 console or downloading the csv file.

Installing Greengrass CLI on KR260

Steps and scripts for installing greengrass device is provided by AWS Greengrass dashboard in AWS web console. So first access the AWS Greengrass IoT page, go to AWS Services -> Internet of Things -> IoT Greengrass link

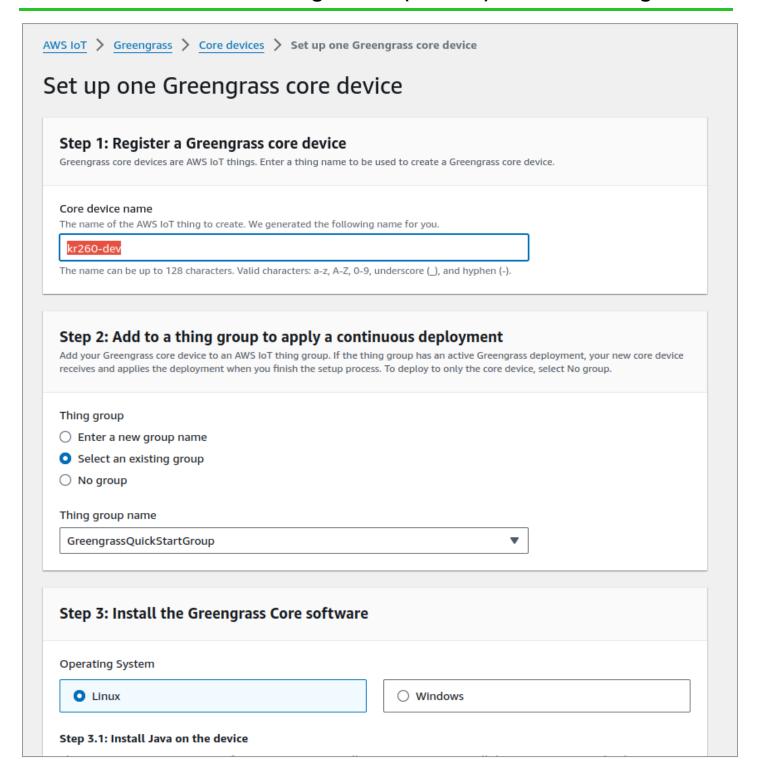






Now click on "Set up one core device" button This will open the Greengrass core device setup page: Here you change the Core device name like 'kr260-dev"





Now in KR260 terminal console run following commands and scripts:

export AWS ACCESS KEY ID=<AWS ACCESS KEY ID> export AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY=<AWS_SECRET_ACCESS_KEY>



Greengrass CLI depends on Java. So to install the dependency run the following:

```
sudo apt install default-jre
sudo apt install default-jdk
```

Download and install Greengrass core software.

```
curl -s https://d2s8p88vqu9w66.cloudfront.net/releases/greengrass-nucleus-latest.zip >
greengrass-nucleus-latest.zip && unzip greengrass-nucleus-latest.zip -d
GreengrassInstaller
```

Next install the Greengrass core device:

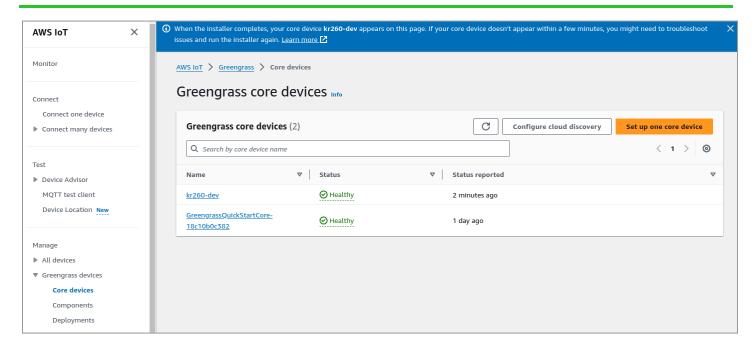
```
sudo -E java -Droot="/greengrass/v2" -Dlog.store=FILE -jar
./GreengrassInstaller/lib/Greengrass.jar --aws-region us-east-1 --thing-name kr260-dev
--thing-group-name GreengrassQuickStartGroup --component-default-user ggc_user:ggc_group
--provision true --setup-system-service true --deploy-dev-tools true
```

Here is the console log after running above command:

```
ovisioning AWS IoT resources for the device with IoT Thing Name: [kr260-dev]...
und IoT policy "GreengrassV2IoTThingPolicy", reusing it
eating keys and certificate...
taching policy to certificate...
                    g Reys and Get.Tricticate...
g IoT Thing "Kr260-dev"...
g IoT Thing "Kr260-dev"...
g IoT Thing "Kr260-dev"...
ng certificate to IoT thing...
fully provisioned AWS IoT resources for the device with IoT Thing Name: [kr260-dev]!
IoT Thing [kr260-dev] into Thing Group: [GreengrassQuickStartGroup]...
ng Group "GreengrassQuickStartGroup" already existed, reusing it
fully added Thing into Thing Group: [GreengrassQuickStartGroup]
up resources for aws.greengrass.TokenExchangeService ...
ng TES role policy to IoT thing...
ged IAM policy found, looking for user defined policy...
ged IAM policy found, looking for user defined policy...
icy named "GreengrassV2TokenExchangeRoleAccess" already exists. Please attach it to the IAM role if not already.
ring Nucleus with provisioned resource details...
file found at "JgreengrassV2TokenExchangeRoleAccess" already
ing Root CA from "https://www.amazontrust.com/repository/AmazonRootCA1.pem"
device configuration
                           ng Nucleus With profision.c.
ile found at "/greengrass/v2/rootCA.pem". Contents will be preserved.
ng Root CA from "https://www.amazontrust.com/repository/AmazonRootCAl.pem"
levice configuration
illy configured Nucleus with provisioned resource details!
pup exists, it could have existing deployment and devices, hence NOT creating deployment for Greengrass first party dev tools, please manually create a deployment if you wish to
illy set up Nucleus as a system service
```

Now in Greengrass set up page, one can view the Greengrass core devices and find above `kr260-dev` in the list.





In KR260 terminal one can get the device components by using 'greengrass-cli':

```
sudo /greengrass/v2/bin/greengrass-cli component list
                                         oxy":("proxy":("), "platformOver.ide":(}, "runWithDefault":("posixShell":")

nt Name: FleetStatusService
sion: 0.0.0

te: RUNNING
figuration: null
it Name: UpdateSystemPolicyService
sion: 0.0.0

te: RUNNING
figuration: null
it Name: UpdateSystemPolicyService
sion: 0.0.0

te: RUNNING
figuration: null
t Name: aws.greengrass.Cli
ion: 2.12.0

e: RUNNING
sunwithOver.ide":("AuthorizedPosixGroups":null, "AuthorizedWindowsGroups":null)
t Name: TelemetryAgent
cn: 0.0.0

re RUNNING
sunwithOver.ide"
sunwi
                                                     :: FINSHED
jugration: {"awsRegion":"us-east-1","componentStoreMaxSizeBytes":"10000000000","deploymentPollingFrequencySeconds":"15","envStage":"prod","fipsMode":"false","fleetStatus":{"periodicSt
ishIntervalSeconds":86400.8), "greengrassDataPlaneEndpoint":"","greengrassDataPlanePort":"8443","httpClient":{},"iotCredEndpoint":"Cluyyavs4wpvxg.credentials.iot.us-east-1.amazonaws.co
ataEndpoint":"a9j:30bucutf8v-ats.iot.us-east-1.amazonaws.com","iotRoleAlias";"ymptpions":"Dlog.store=FILE","logging":{},"mqtt":{"spooler":{}},"ne
xy":{fproxy":{}},"platformOverride":{},"runWithDefault":{"posixShell":"sh","posixUser":"ggc_user:ggc_group"},"s3EndpointType":"GLOBAL","telemetry":{}}
t Name: FleetStatusService
```

We will be adding component to publish and subscribe the topic to the AWS cloud Broker.

Installing the component

Get the 'components' folder and copy in the KR260 home directory.

It contains:

Artifacts

- com.example.mqtt
 - 1.0.0
 - mqtt.py (This python code published the data on button press and actuates gpio on receiving the data in subscribed topic)

Recipe

com.example.mgtt-1.0.0.json

To install the above component run the following in the KR260 terminal:

```
sudo /greengrass/v2/bin/greengrass-cli deployment create \
--recipeDir ~/components/recipe \
--artifactDir ~/components/artifacts \
--merge "com.example.mqtt=1.0.0"
```

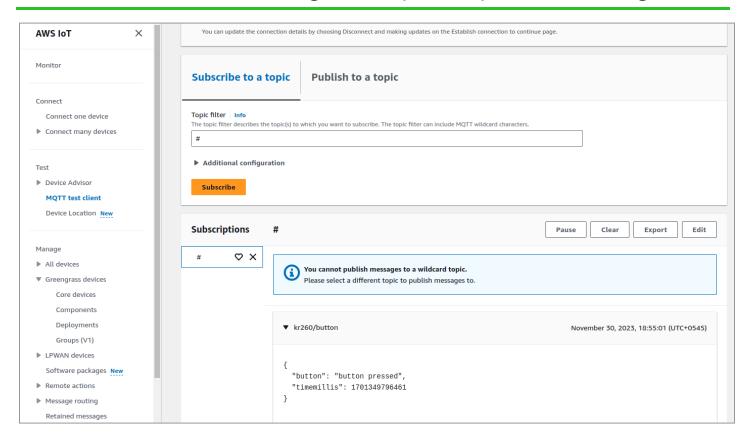
```
ubuntu@kria:~$ sudo /greengrass/v2/bin/greengrass-cli deployment create \
--recipeDir ~/components/recipe \
--artifactDir ~/components/artifacts \
--merge "com.example.mqtt=1.0.0"
Local deployment submitted! Deployment Id: 9e8f1be6-63b2-4189-aecc-607197755d22
ubuntu@kria:~$
```

Now check the installed component is in "running state"

```
00","deploymentPollingFrequencySeconds":"15","envStage":"prod","fipsMode":"false","fleetStatus":("periodicStatusPublishInterval:
"httpclient":{},"lotCredEndpoint":"c1uwyavsHwpvxg.credentials.lot.us-east-1.amazonaws.com","lotDataEndpoint":"a9jc3obcutf8v-ats.
vMoptions":"-Dlog.store=FILE","logging":{},"mqtt":{"spooler":{}},"networkProxy":{"proxy":{}},"platformOverride":{},"runWithDefa
"telemetry":{}}
State: RUNNING
Configuration: {"accessControl":{"aws.greengrass.ipc.mqttproxy":{"com.example.mqtt:mqttproxy:1":("operations":["aws.greengrass#PublishToIoTCore","aws.greengrass#SubscribeToIoTCore"],"policyDescription":"Allo
sccess to pub/sub to mypi/mqtt.", "resources":["kr260/mqtt", "kr260/button"]}}}, "message":"hello")
ponent Name: TelemetryAgent
Version: 0.0.0
State: RUNNING
Configuration: null
bonent Name: DeploymentService
Version: 0.0.0
State: RUNNING
Configuration: null
bonent Name: UpdateSystemPolicyService
Version: 0.0.0
State: RUNNING
Configuration: null
State: RUNNING
Configuration: null
State: RUNNING
Configuration: null
State: RUNNING
                        RUNNING
ration: {"AuthorizedPosixGroups":null,"AuthorizedWindowsGroups":null}
ame: aws.greengrass.LocalDebugConsole
```

Now in aws IoT console, open "MQTT test client" and subscribe to "#"

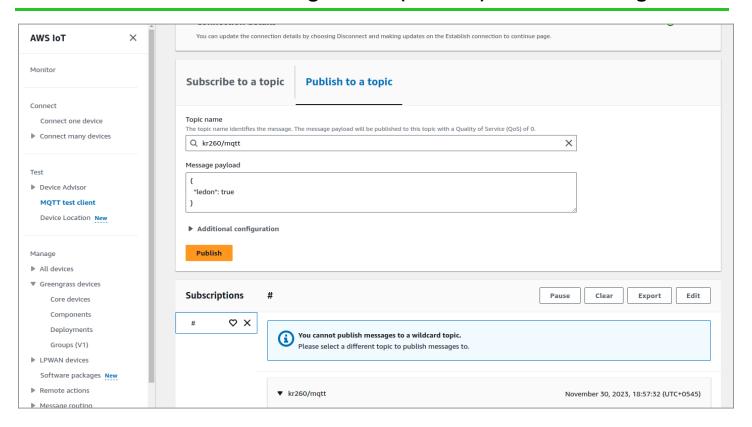




You can see the "button pressed" message once the button is pressed.

Now to control the LED, publish the message to "kr260/mqtt" topic. Here is the screenshot of the message which switch on the LED.





Now to switch off the LED send "false" message in the "kr260/mqtt" topic.

