# phrase/2

### **Description**

```
phrase(NonTerminal, Input)
```

True if the list Input can be parsed using the specified non-terminal NonTerminal. This method also accepts grammar rule bodies in the first argument (with the limitation that cuts are only supported in local calls).

## Template and modes

```
phrase(+callable, ?list)
```

### **Errors**

```
NonTerminal is a variable:
    instantiation_error

NonTerminal is neither a variable nor a callable term:
    type_error(callable, NonTerminal)

Input is neither a partial list nor a list:
    type_error(list, Input)

The grammar rule non-terminal NonTerminal is private:
    permission_error(access, private_non_terminal, NonTerminal)

The grammar rule non-terminal NonTerminal is protected:
    permission_error(access, protected_non_terminal, NonTerminal)

The grammar rule non-terminal NonTerminal is not declared:
    existence_error(non_terminal_declaration, NonTerminal)
```

### **Examples**

```
| ?- sentence::phrase(sentence, [the, girl, likes, the, boy]).

yes
| ?- calculator::phrase(expr(Value), "1+2-3*4").

Value = -9
yes
```

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