## **GATE 2022 IN 36**

## EE23BTECH11065 - prem sagar

## **Question:**

A signal  $V_{in}(t)$  shown is applied from t=0ms to t=6ms to the circuit shown Given the intial voltage across capacitor is 0.3V, and that the diode is ideal, the open circuit voltage  $V_{out}(t)$  at t=5ms is

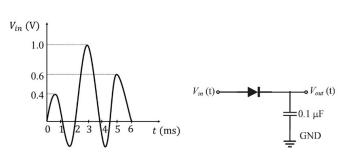


Fig. 1.

- 1) 0.3V
- 2) 0.6V
- 3) 0.7V
- 4) 1.0V

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## **Solution:**

Symbol	Value	Description
$V_{in}\left(t ight)$		input signal
$V_{c}\left( t\right)$		voltage across capacitor
$V_{c}\left( 0\right)$	0.3V	intial voltage across capacitor
$v_{out}(t)$		open circuit voltage
$V_D$		Voltage across diode
$I_D$		Diode current
$I_S$		Saturation current
$V_T$	kt q	Thermal voltage
TABLE 1		

INPUT PARAMETERS

the circuit is a positive peak detector circuit

$$I_D = I_S \left( e^{\frac{V_D}{V_T}} - 1 \right) \tag{1}$$

At t=3ms;  $V_D > 0$ 

: diode is forward biased

(2)

$$V_{out}(t) = V_c(t) \tag{3}$$

$$=1V\tag{4}$$

After t > 3ms;  $V_D < 0$   $\therefore$  diode is reverse biased the capacitor voltage remains at 1V  $\therefore$  at t=5ms

$$V_{out}(t) = 1V (5)$$

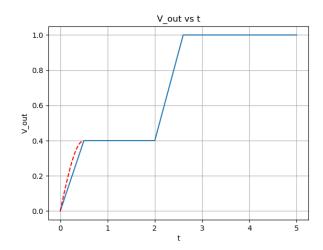


Fig. 1.