Lab 4 Session

1. Reverse the order of words in a given sentence (an array of characters). Take the "Hello World" string for example use substr() function in C++.

A. CODE:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
string substr(string str)
{
  int i= str.length() - 1;
  int start, end = i + 1;
  string result = "";
  while(i \ge 0)
     if(str[i] == ' ')
        start = i + 1;
        while(start != end)
           result += str[start++];
        result += ' ';
        end = i;
     i--;
  start = 0;
  while(start != end)
```

```
result += str[start++];
return result;
}
int main()
{
   string str = "HELLO WORLD";
   cout << substr(str);
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

2. given a dictionary of words and a large input string. We have to find out whether the input string can be completely segmented into the words of a given dictionary.

A. <u>CODE</u>:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <vector>
#include <algorithm>
using namespace std;
void wordBreak(vector<string> const &dict, string str, string out)
  if (str.size() == 0)
     cout << out << endl;
     return;
  }
  for (int i = 1; i <= str.size(); i++)
     string prefix = str.substr(0, i);
     if (find(dict.begin(), dict.end(), prefix) != dict.end())
        wordBreak(dict, str.substr(i), out + " " + prefix);
  }
int main()
{
  vector<string> dict = {"one","two","three","four" };
  string str = "onetwo";
  wordBreak(dict, str, "");
  return 0;
}
```

3. Write a program in C++ to count the number of vowels is a given string.

A. CODE:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
{
  char line[150];
  int vowels;
  vowels = 0;
  cout << "Enter a line of string: ";
  cin.getline(line, 150);
  for(int i = 0; line[i]!='\0'; ++i)
  {
     if(line[i]=='a' || line[i]=='e' || line[i]=='i' ||
       line[i]=='o' || line[i]=='u' || line[i]=='A' ||
       line[i]=='E' || line[i]=='I' || line[i]=='O' ||
       line[i]=='U')
        ++vowels;
  }
  cout << "Vowels: " << vowels << endl;</pre>
  return 0;
}
```