

# TP 5 : <u>Création d'un Serveur de Communication</u> via un Protocole TCP (Compléments)

Voici quelques fonctions présentes dans WinSock.

Pour plus de détails, il faut aller à l'adresse :

https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/windows/desktop/ms741394(v=vs.85).aspx

The accept function permits an incoming connection attempt on a socket.

The **bind** function associates a local address with a socket.

The **closesocket** function closes an existing socket.

The **connect** function establishes a connection to a specified socket.

The **listen** function places a socket in a state in which it is listening for an incoming connection.



The **recv** function receives data from a connected socket or a bound connectionless socket. file in the process.

The **send** function sends data on a connected socket.

The **socket** function creates a socket that is bound to a specific transport service provider.

The **WSAAccept** conditionally accepts a connection based on the return value of a condition function, provides quality of service flow specifications, and allows the transfer of connection data.

The WSACleanup function terminates use of the Winsock 2 DLL (Ws2 32.dll).

```
Syntaxe :
   int WSACleanup(void);
```

The WSACloseEvent function closes an open event object handle.

```
Syntaxe :
BOOL WSACloseEvent();
```



The WSAConnect function establishes a connection to another socket application, exchanges connect data, and specifies required quality of service based on the specified FLOWSPEC structure.

```
Syntaxe:
```

```
int WSAConnect(
    _In_ SOCKET s,
    _In_ const struct sockaddr *name,
    _In_ int namelen,
    _In_ LPWSABUF lpCallerData,
    _Out_ LPWSABUF lpCalleeData,
    _In_ LPQOS lpSQOS,
    _In_ LPQOS lpGQOS
);
```

The WSACreateEvent function creates a new event object.

# Syntaxe:

```
WSAEVENT WSACreateEvent(void);
```

The WSAGetLastError function returns the error status for the last Windows Sockets operation that failed.

### Syntaxe:

```
int WSAGetLastError(void);
```

The **WSARecv** function receives data from a connected socket or a bound connectionless socket.

# Syntaxe:

```
int WSARecv(

_In_ SOCKET s,
_Inout_ LPWSABUF lpBuffers,
_In_ DWORD dwBufferCount,
_Out_ LPDWORD lpNumberOfBytesRecvd,
_Inout_ LPDWORD lpFlags,
_In_ LPWSAOVERLAPPED lpOverlapped,
_In_ LPWSAOVERLAPPED_COMPLETION_ROUTINE lpCompletionRoutine
);
```

The WSASend function sends data on a connected socket.

# Syntaxe:

```
int WSASend(
    _In_ SOCKET s,
    _In_ LPWSABUF lpBuffers,
    _In_ DWORD dwBufferCount,
    _Out_ LPDWORD lpNumberOfBytesSent,
    _In_ DWORD dwFlags,
    _In_ LPWSAOVERLAPPED lpOverlapped,
    _In_ LPWSAOVERLAPPED_COMPLETION_ROUTINE lpCompletionRoutine
);
```



The **WSASocket** function creates a socket that is bound to a specific transport-service provider.

```
Syntaxe:\\
```

```
SOCKET WSASocket(
    _In_ int af,
    _In_ int type,
    _In_ int protocol,
    _In_ LPWSAPROTOCOL_INFO lpProtocolInfo,
    _In_ GROUP g,
    _In_ DWORD dwFlags
);
```

The  $\mathbf{WSAStartup}$  function initiates use of the Winsock DLL by a process.

#### Syntaxe

```
int WSAStartup(
    _In_ WORD wVersionRequested,
    _Out_ LPWSADATA lpWSAData
);
```