



**Faculty of Engineering and Technology**  
**Electrical and Computer Engineering Department**

**ENEE2103**

**Circuits and Electronics Lab**

**Experiment No.7 - Pre Lab No.6**

**BJT Transistor As An Amplifier, CE, CC, CB Connection**

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**Section:** 5.

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## Common Emitter Transistor Amplifier:

### Connecting the circuit in PSpice:

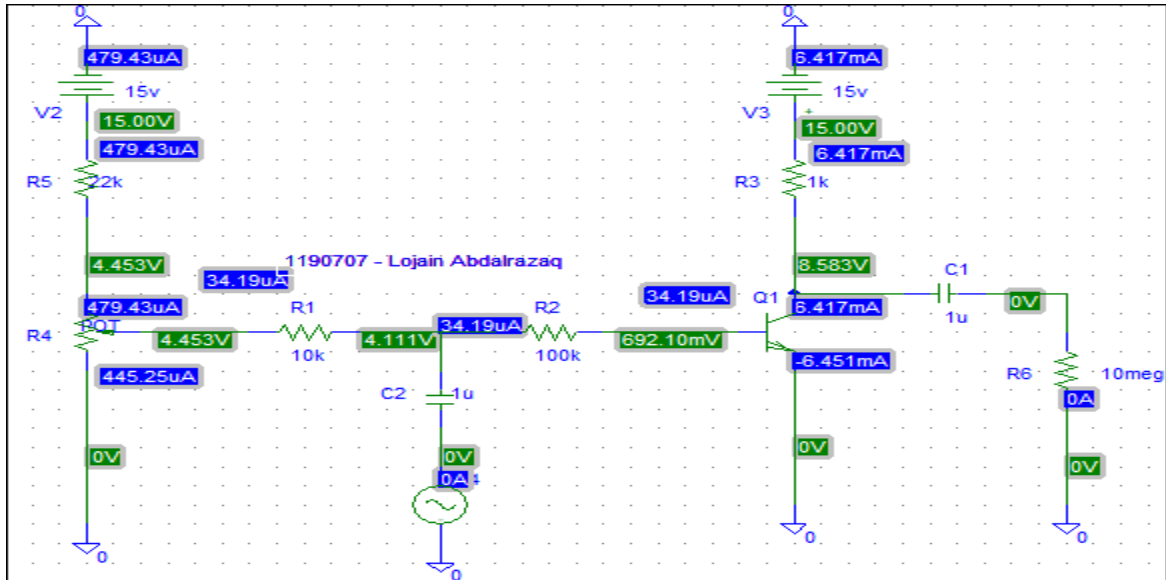


Figure 1 connecting the circuit using PSpice.

### Measuring $V_c$ , $V_{BE}$ , $V_{CE}$ , $I_c$ , $I_B$ :

1.  $V_c = 8.583V$ .
2.  $V_{be} = 692.10mV$ .
3.  $V_{ce} = V_c - V_e = 8.583 - 0 = 8.583V$ .
4.  $I_c = 6.417V$ .
5.  $I_b = 34.19uA$ .

### Adjust amplitude of $V_i(t)$ to 1 V and measure $V_o(t)$ :

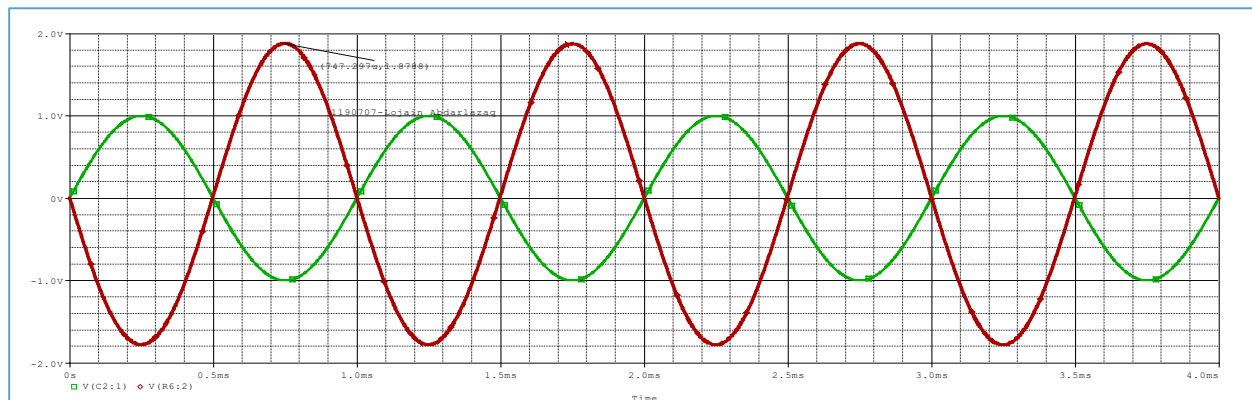


Figure 2 Input Voltage and output voltage with 1.8788 peak value.

- Change peak of Vi(t) such that Vo(t) =4V peak:

To obtain a 4V for the output, the input voltage peak will be 2.1492V.

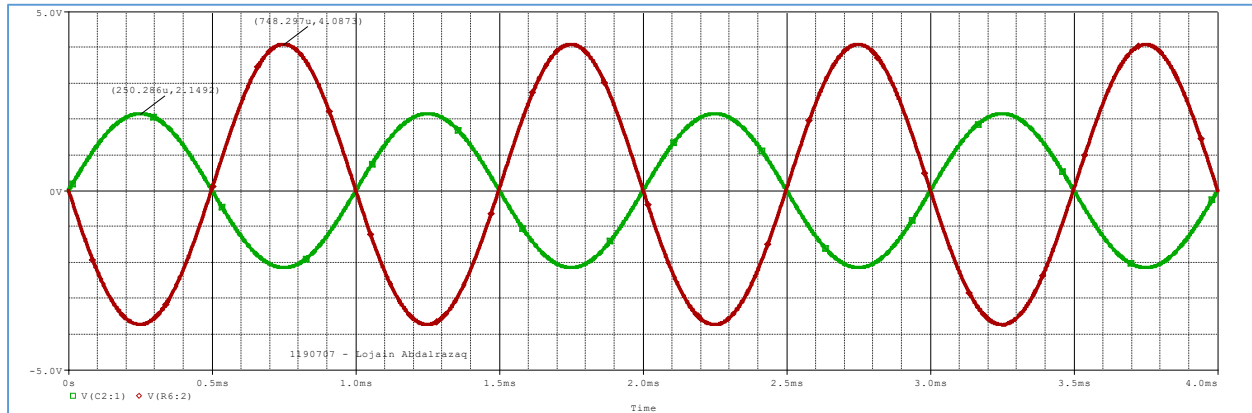


Figure 3 Obtaining output voltage peak = 4V.

- Calculate the voltage gain of the transistor:

→ Voltage gain (theoritically) =  $\frac{4}{2.1492} = 1.86 \text{ V}$ .

→ Voltage gain (practically)= 1.9 V.

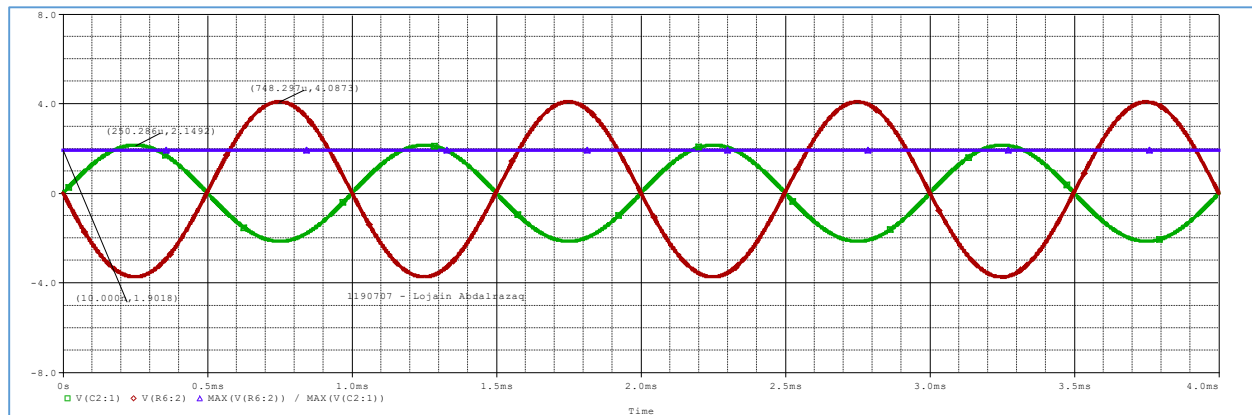


Figure 4 calculating the gain of the transistor.

→ Voltage gain (theoritically) =  $\frac{4}{696.6m} = 5.74V$ .

→ Voltage gain (practically)= 5.79 V.

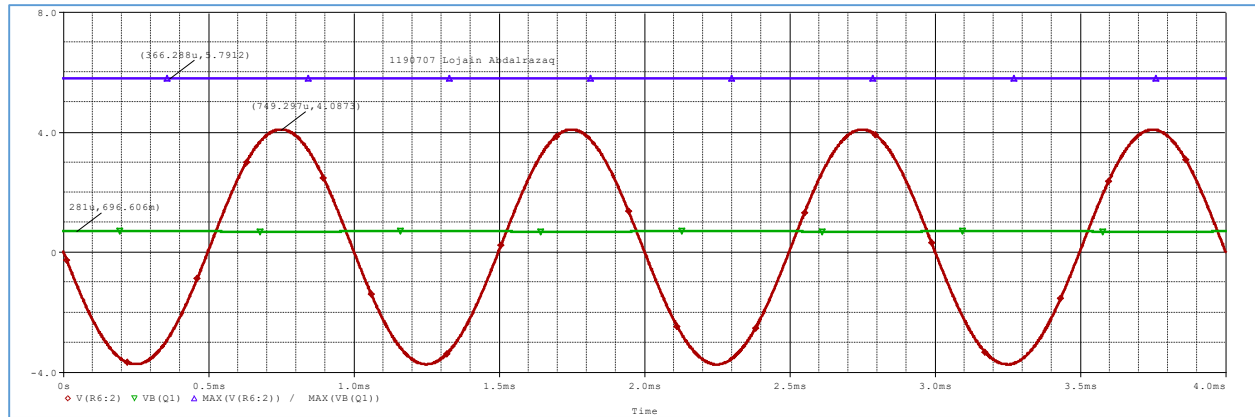


Figure 5 Calculating Voltage gain  $Av_1$ .

### ■ Remove the 100k resistor:

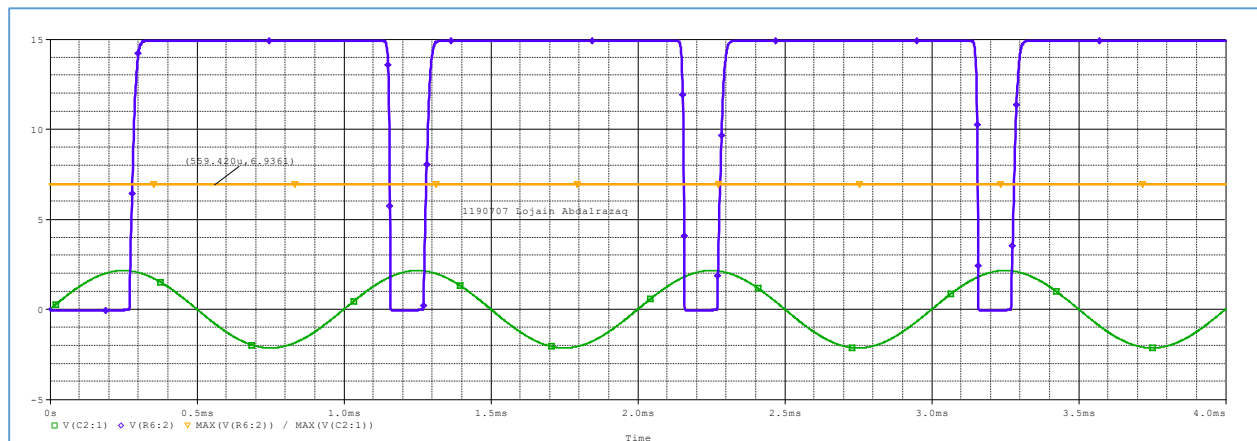


Figure 6 removing the 100 K resistor.

→ It is noticed that the voltage gain has increased to 100K.

## Common Collector Transistor Amplifier:

- **Connecting the circuit in PSpice:**

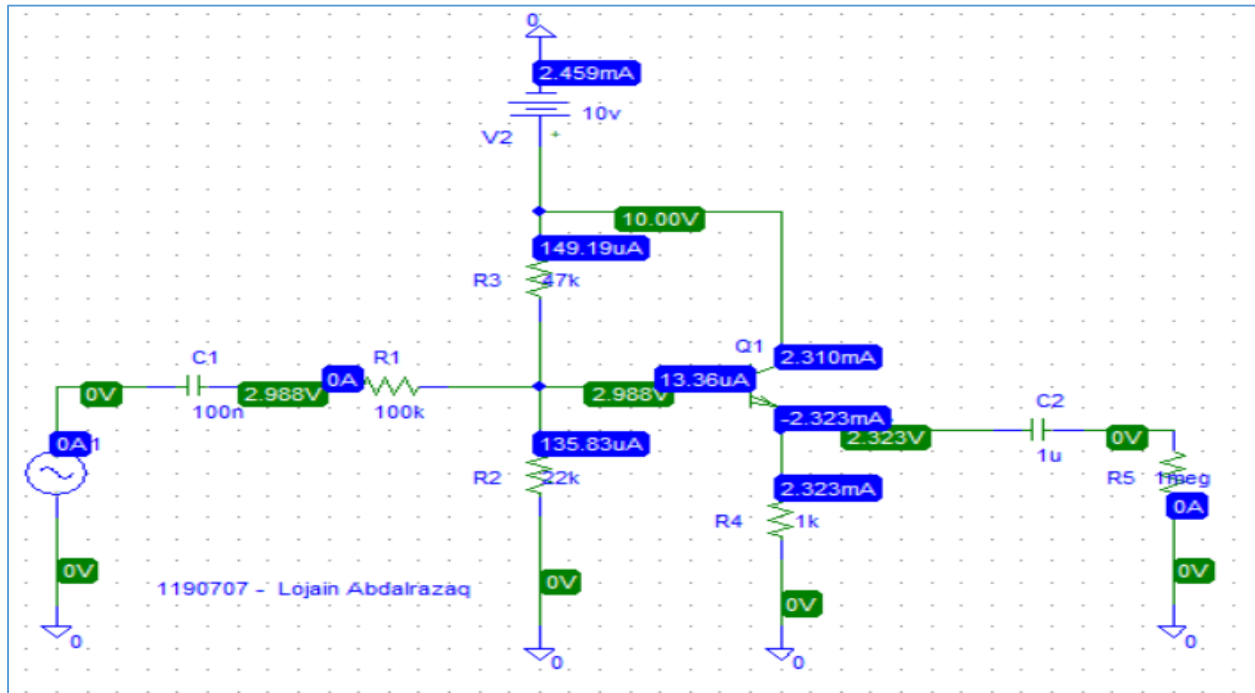


Figure 7 connecting the circuit using PSpice.

- **Measuring the values of VB, VC, IB, IC:**

1.  $V_b = 2.988\text{ V}$
2.  $V_c = 10\text{ V}$
3.  $I_b = 13.36\text{ uA}$
4.  $I_c = 2.310\text{ mA}$

- **Adjust the amplitude of the sine wave generator:**

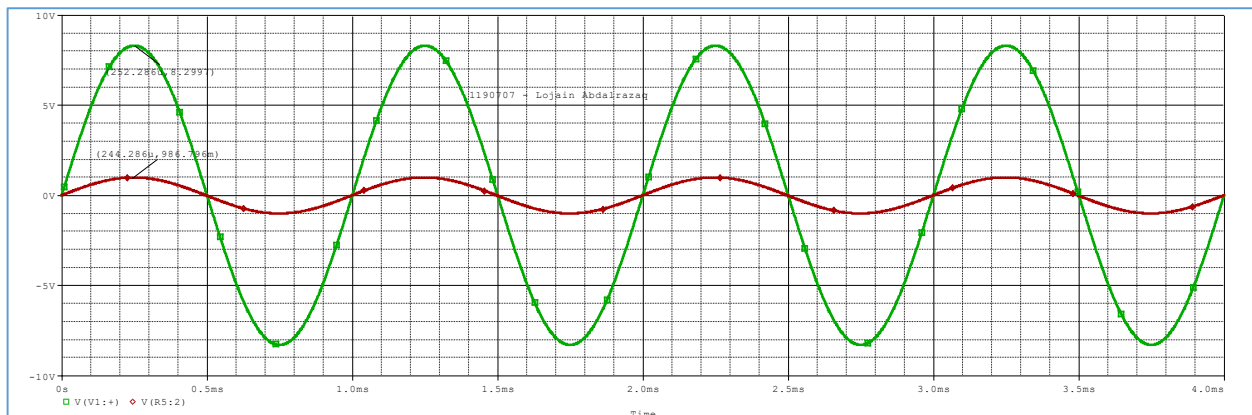


Figure 8 adjusting the amplitude of the input voltage.

▪ **Calculating the voltage gain Av:**

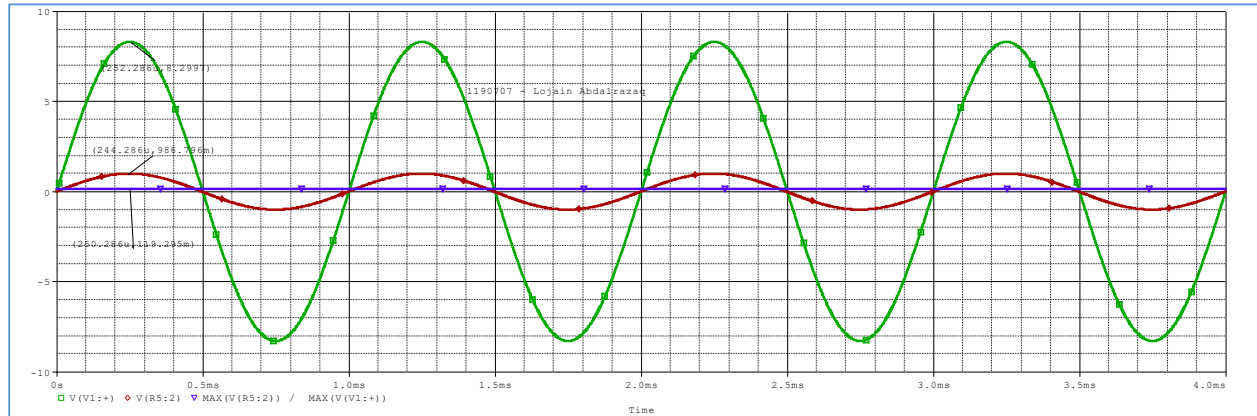


Figure 9 calculating the voltage gain.

➔ Voltage gain = 0.986V.

▪ **Calculate the current gain Ai:**

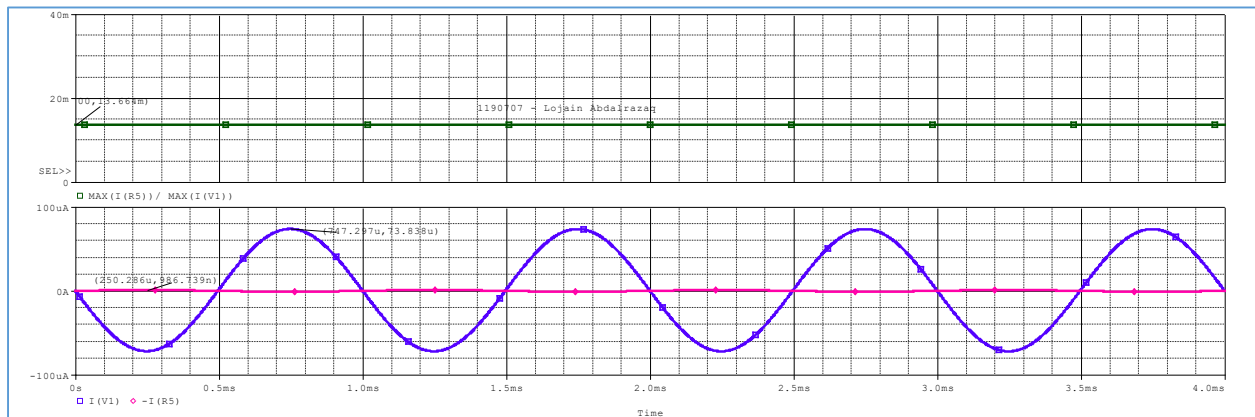


Figure 10 calculating the current gain.

**Ai (experimentally) = 13.66 mA.**

**Ao(theoretically) =  $\frac{986.739n}{73.838u} = 0.01336$  A.**

▪ **Estimate Zi from Ii and Vi values:**

$$Z_i = \frac{V_i}{I_i} = \frac{8.229}{73.838u} = 111446.68 \text{ ohm.}$$

- **Finding the output impedance:**

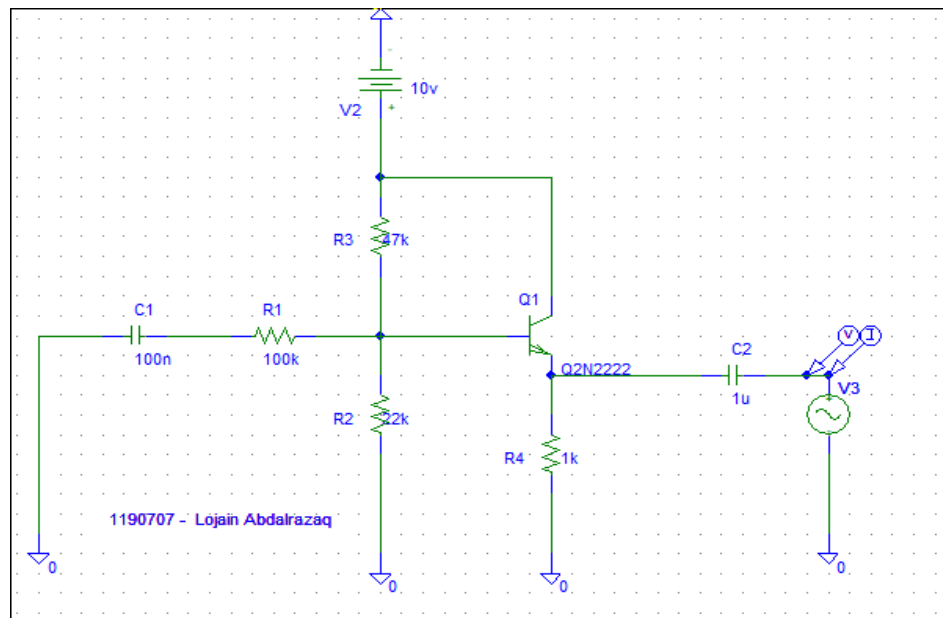


Figure 11 connecting the circuit using PSpice to find output impedance.

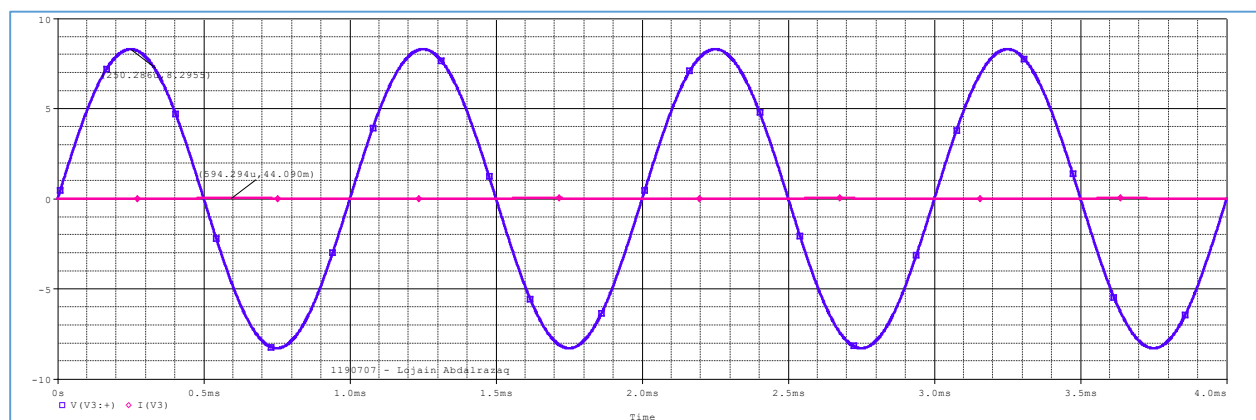


Figure 12 output voltage and current simulation.

$$\rightarrow Z_{out} = \frac{V_{out}}{I_{out}} = \frac{8.2955}{44.09m} = 188.1 \text{ ohm.}$$

Table 1 Table of values.

Quantity	Measured Values
Vin	8.229
Vout	986.79m
Iin	73.838u
Iout	986.739n
Calculated Values	
$A_v = V_o/V_i$	0.119295
$A_i = i_{out}/i_{in}$	0.01336 A
$Z_{in} = V_{in}/i_{in}$	111446.68 ohm
$Z_{out} = V_T/i_T$	188.1 ohm