

Homework 12

PHYS209

Hikmat Gulaliyev

28.12.2023

(1) Problem 1**(1.1)**

Since $\mathcal{D} \cdot f(x)$ is equal to:

$$\left(\frac{d^3}{dx^3} + \cos(x) \frac{d^2}{dx^2} + x^3 \frac{d}{dx} + 1 \right) f(x) = 0 \quad (1.1)$$

And since \mathcal{A} is equal to 1.1, we can rewrite it as matrix as:

$$\frac{d}{dx} \begin{pmatrix} f(x) \\ f'(x) \\ f''(x) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & -\cos(x) & -x^3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} f(x) \\ f'(x) \\ f''(x) \end{pmatrix} \quad (1.2)$$

(2) Problem 2**(2.1)**

Starting with matrix form of equation:

$$\frac{d}{dx} \begin{pmatrix} f(x) \\ f'(x) \\ \vdots \\ f^{(n-2)}(x) \\ f^{(n-1)}(x) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & \cdots & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \cdots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 1 \\ -a_n & -a_{n-1} & -a_{n-2} & \cdots & a_1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} f(x) \\ f'(x) \\ \vdots \\ f^{(n-2)}(x) \\ f^{(n-1)}(x) \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.3)$$

We can apply differential operator, and multiply matrices to get:

$$\begin{pmatrix} f'(x) \\ f''(x) \\ \vdots \\ f^{(n-1)}(x) \\ f^{(n)}(x) \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} f'(x) \\ f''(x) \\ \vdots \\ f^{(n-1)}(x) \\ -a_n f(x) - a_{n-1} f'(x) - \cdots - a_1 f^{(n-1)}(x) \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.4)$$

And last line gives us:

$$f^{(n)}(x) = -a_n f(x) - a_{n-1} f'(x) - \cdots - a_1 f^{(n-1)}(x) \quad (2.5)$$

Which is the same as:

$$f^{(n)}(x) + a_1 f^{(n-1)}(x) + \cdots + a_n f(x) = 0 \quad (2.6)$$

(2.2)

We are given that:

$$\det(\mathcal{M}) = \sum_{i_1, \dots, i_n} \epsilon_{i_1, \dots, i_n} \mathcal{M}_{1i_1} \mathcal{M}_{2i_2} \cdots \mathcal{M}_{ni_n} \quad (2.7)$$

asasa