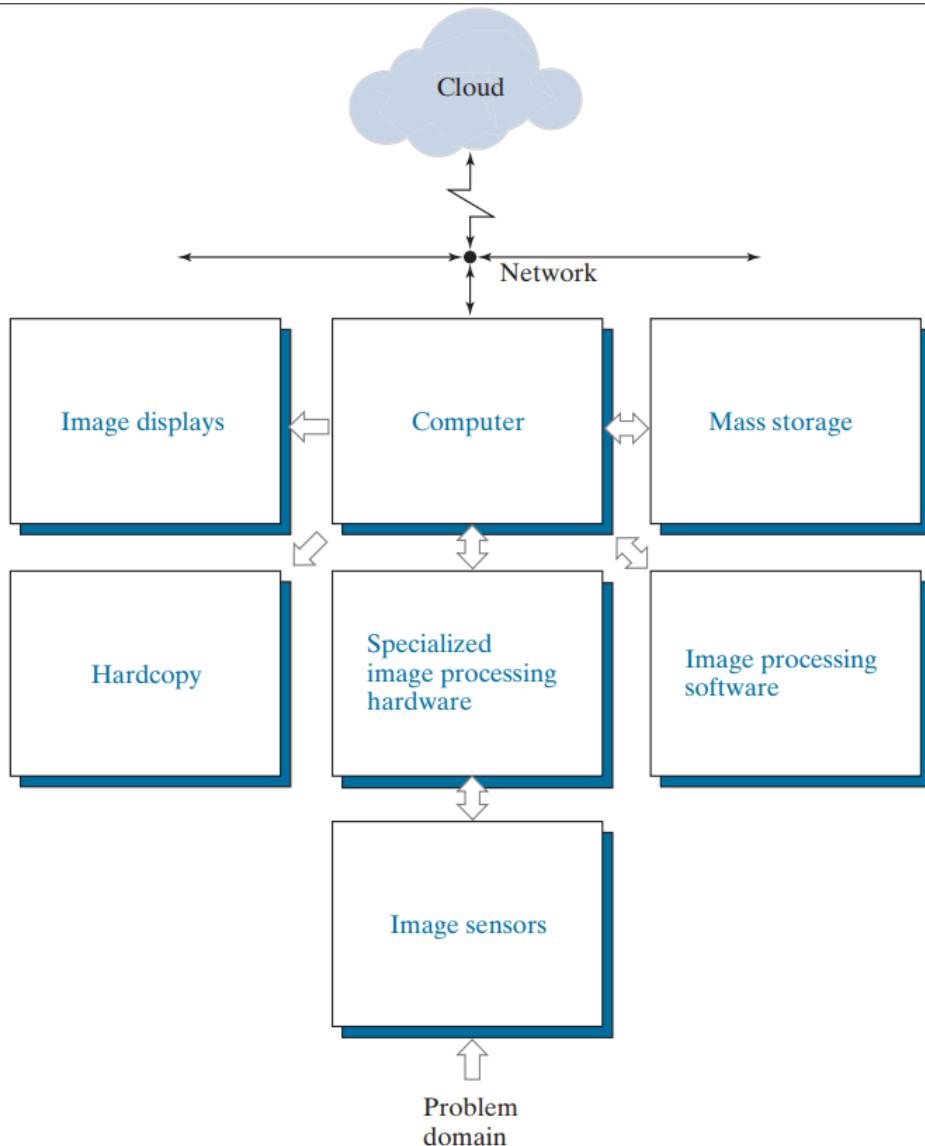


Objectives

- To understand the Components of a DIP system

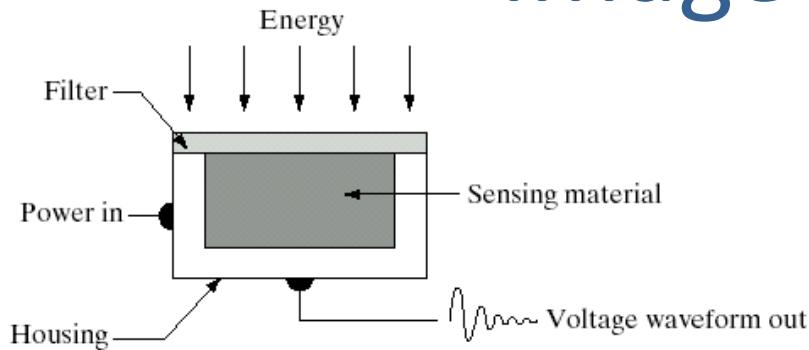


Components of an Image Processing System

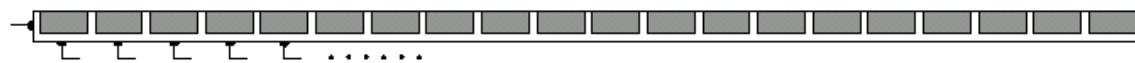
Image Sensors

- For sensing, 2 elements are required to acquire digital images
- Firstly, **a physical device** sensitive to the energy radiated by the object to be imaged
- Secondly, **a digitizer** to convert the output of the physical sensing device into digital form

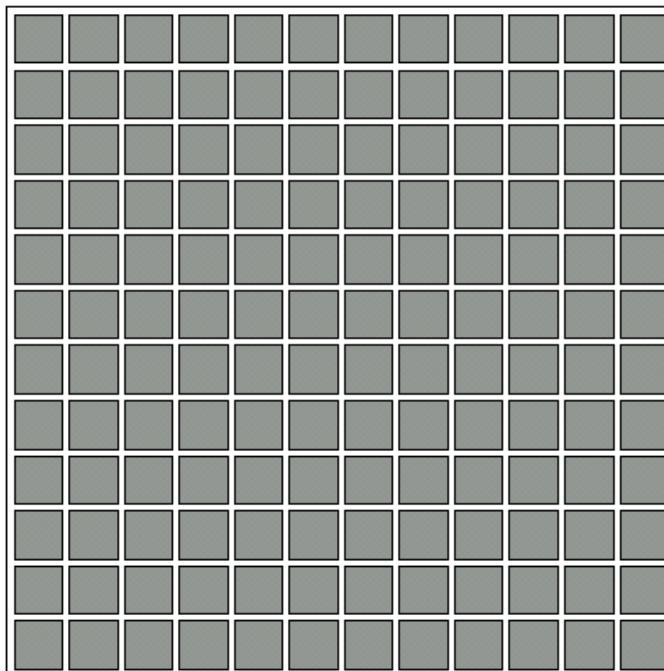
Image Sensors



Single sensor



Line sensor



Array sensor

Single Sensor

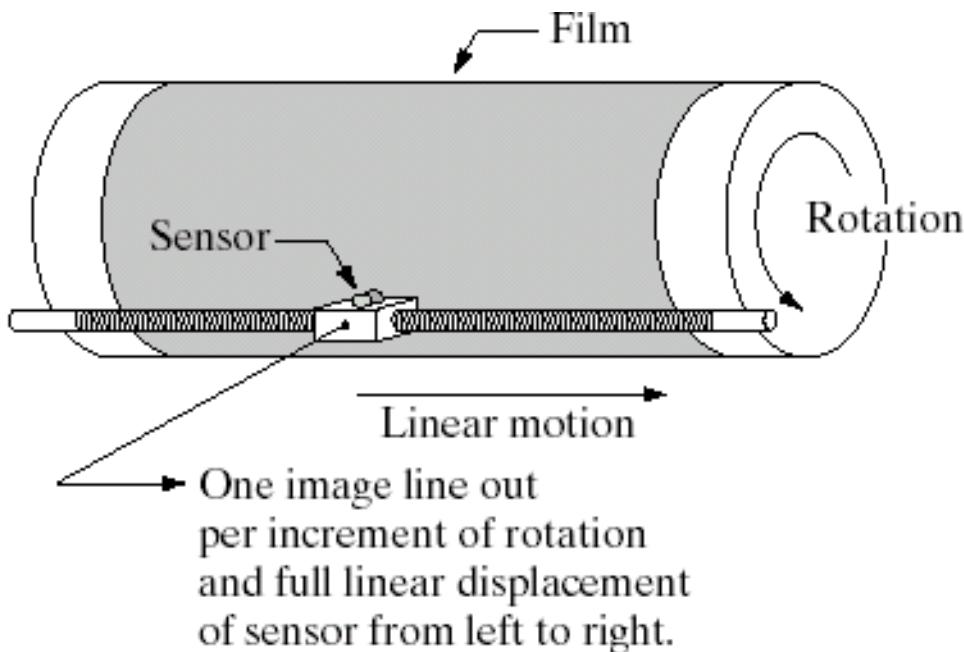


FIGURE 2.13 Combining a single sensor with motion to generate a 2-D image.



Line Sensor

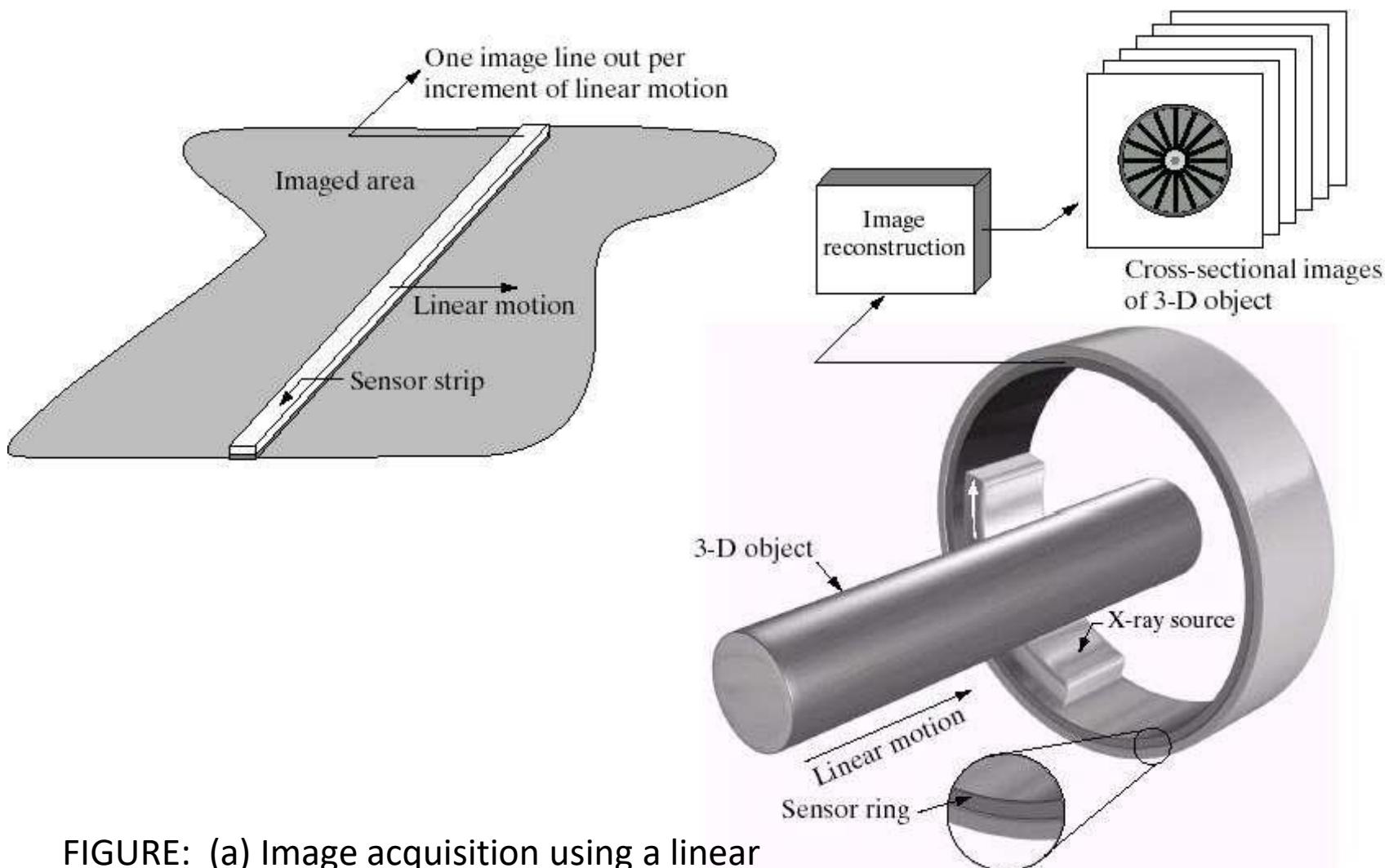


FIGURE: (a) Image acquisition using a linear sensor strip. (b) Image acquisition using a circular sensor strip

Image Processing Hardware

Specialized image processing hardware:

- Consists of a **digitizer** plus **hardware**
- It performs operations of an ALU in parallel on entire image
- Ex, an **averaging operation** on the image as it is digitized
 - To **reduce noise**

Computer

Computer:

- From a PC to a supercomputer
- In dedicated applications, sometimes custom computers are used to achieve high performance

Software

Software:

- Specialized modules that perform specific tasks
- A package having capability for the user to write code
- Sophisticated software packages for interface and commands



Mass storage

Mass storage:

- It is a must in image processing applications
- An 8-bit image of **1024 X 1024** if not compressed is of size **1 Mb**
- With millions of images, providing adequate storage capability can be a challenge

Image display

Image display:

- Color TV Monitors
- Monitors are driven by the outputs of image and graphics display cards

Components of Image Processing System

Hardcopy devices:

- For **recording images**
- Examples:
 - laser printers
 - film cameras
 - heat sensitive devices
 - inkjet units etc.



Fig. taken from hp.com
(HP ENVY Photo 7820 All-in-One Printer)

Components of Image Processing System

Networking:

- A default function in any computer system in use today
- Dedicated network removes the difficulty of bandwidth limitation
- Optical fiber & other broadband technologies has made transmission of images over internet more efficient



Ex. Computer Network