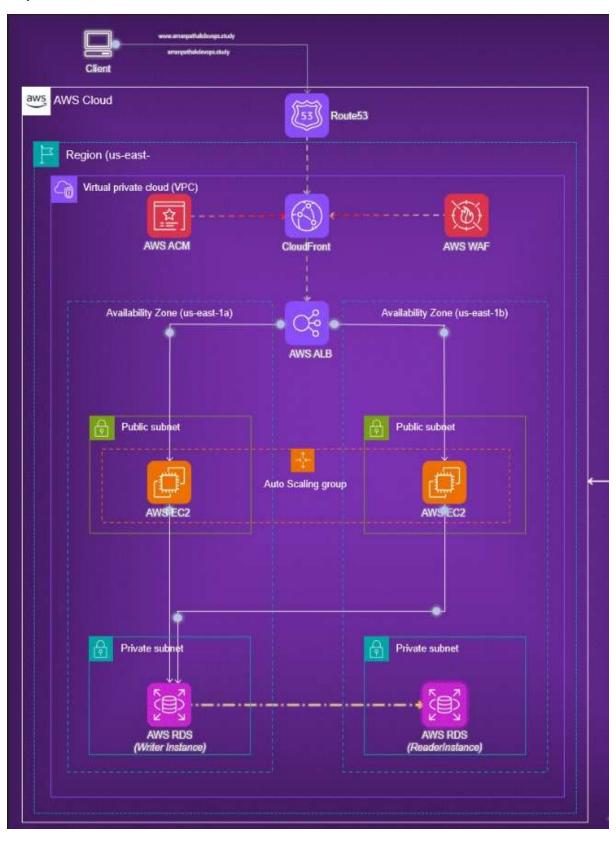
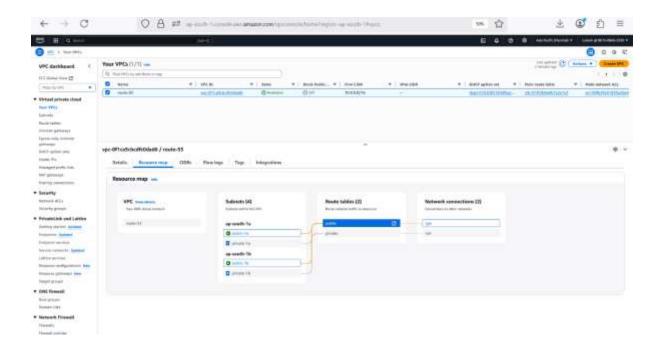
Project-2: Route53

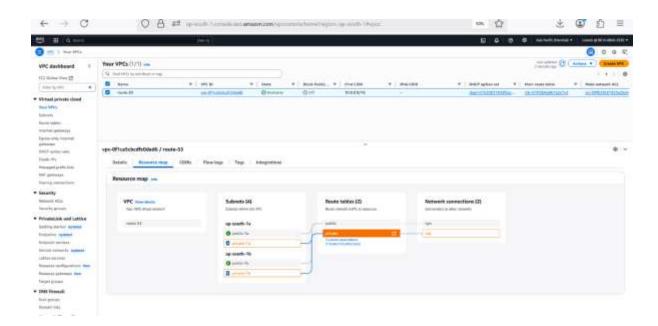


This AWS architecture ensures a secure, scalable, and highly available web application setup. Route 53 routes traffic to CloudFront, which uses WAF for protection and ACM for SSL. Traffic is then sent to an Application Load Balancer (ALB) that distributes it to EC2 instances in an Auto Scaling Group across two Availability Zones. The EC2 instances handle application logic and connect to RDS databases (Writer and Reader) hosted in private subnets. This setup improves performance, ensures redundancy, and enhances security.

Step-1: VPC Set Up

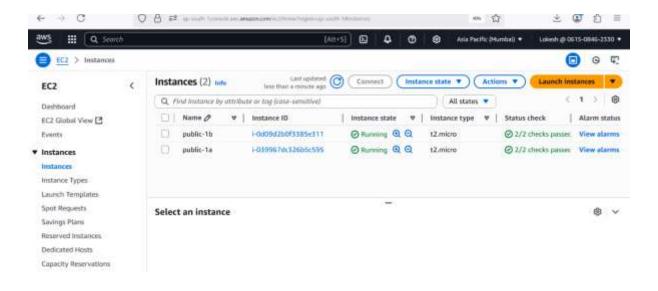
- i) Create vpc (cidr- 10.0.0.0/16, tag- route-53)
- ii) Edit vpc (enable DNS hostnames)
- iii) Create subnets (public-1a 10.0.1.0/24, public-1b 10.0.2.0/24, private-1a 10.0.3.0/24, private-1b 10.0.4.0/24)
- iv) Create internet gateway and attach it to vpc
- v) Create route table (public, private)
- vi) Edit route tables (add igw to public route and associate it with public subnets, add private subnet to private route table)
- vii) Create Nat gateway for security associate it with elastic ip
- viii) Edit private route table and add Nat gateway

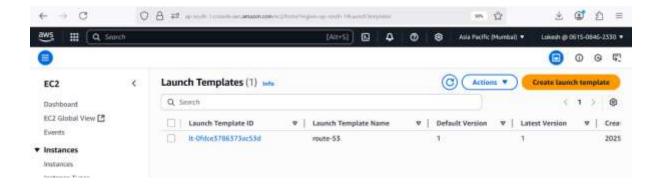


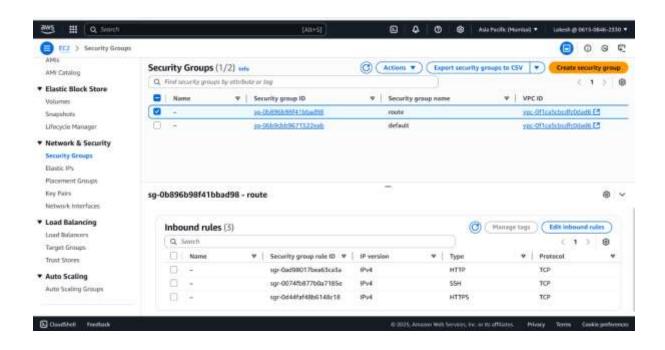


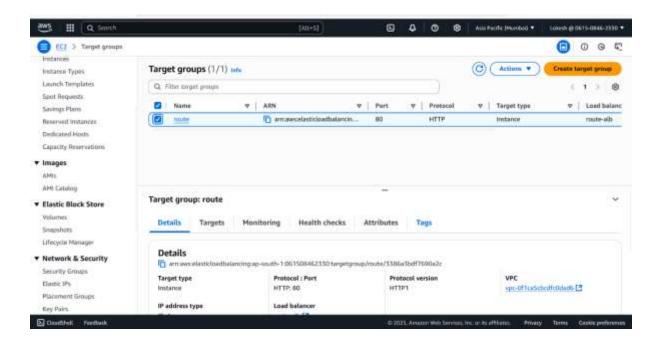
Step-2: EC2 Set Up

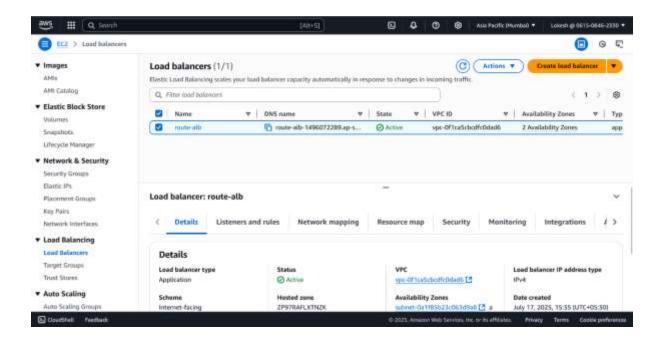
- i) Create ec2 instance Name as public-1a and public-1b
- ii) Select subnet public-1a for public -1a ec2, instance type is t2.micro, ami is amazon linux
- iii) Create a key pair
- iv) Create security group add ssh, http and https 22,80,443
- v) After creating two instance then come to next stage
- vi) Create launch Templates, use recently used ami only and add instance type and security group to it
- vii) Now, create a target group name it as route, add two instance init and include as pending only, create it
- viii) Check target group health
- ix) Create a load balancer name it as route-lb
- x) Edit load balance, click on add listener add path base condition and add two ec2 instance, give http and https to secure browser
- xi) Create auto scaling group and add min-max instance to launch
- xii) After creating asg you can see two instance were created in the instance

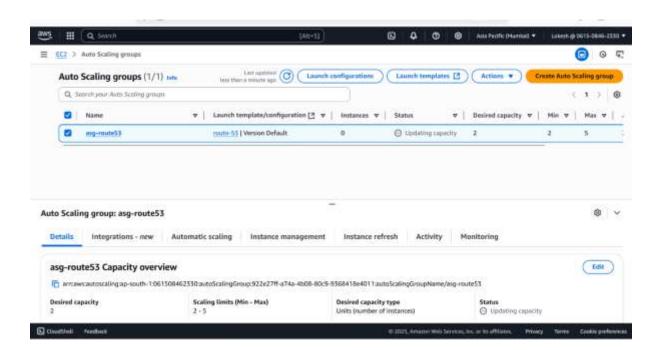


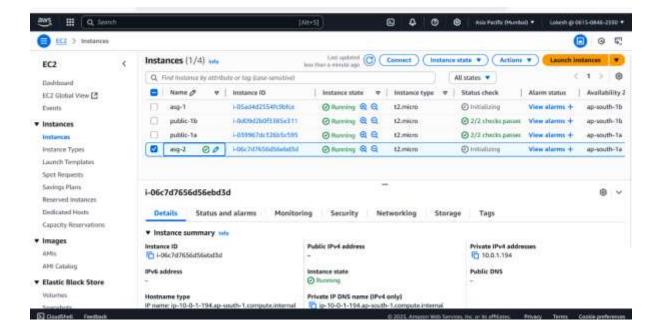






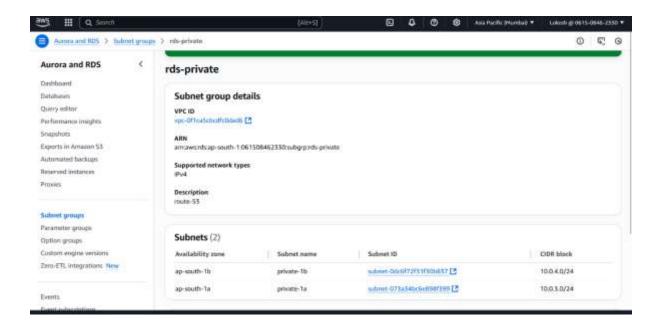


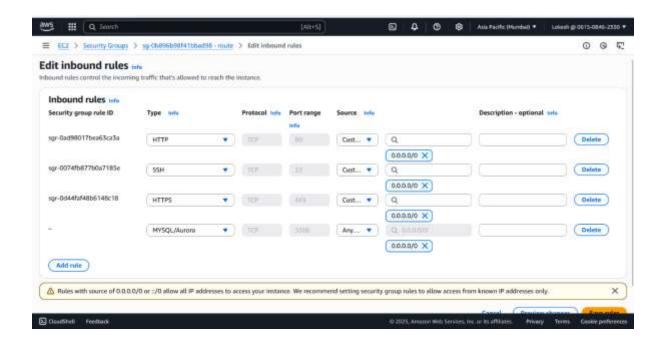


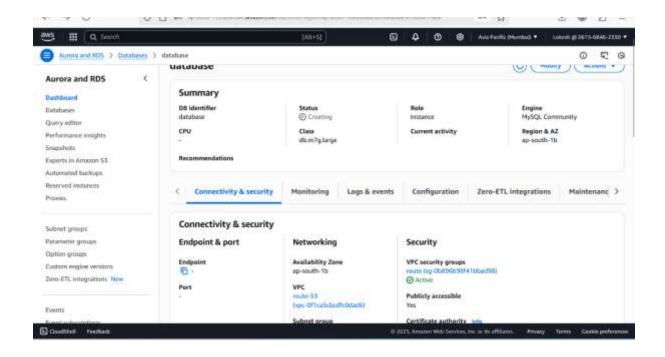


Step-3:RDS

- i) Create rds
- ii) Create subnets groups where we can launch databases
- iii) Select private-1a, private-1b
- iv) Now come to database
- v) Create database and select mysql engine type
- vi) Select 2 instance type of rds
- vii) Edit name in user and self managed password
- viii) Select public access as yes
- ix) Create rds

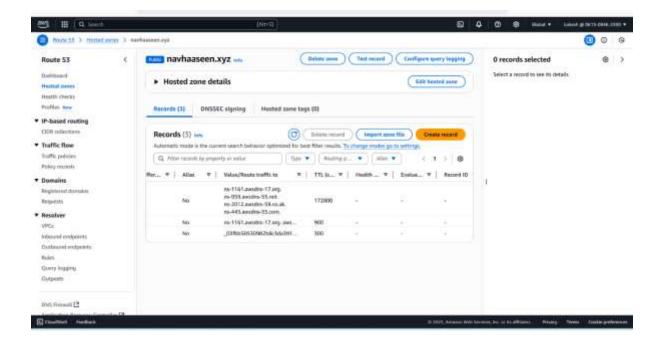






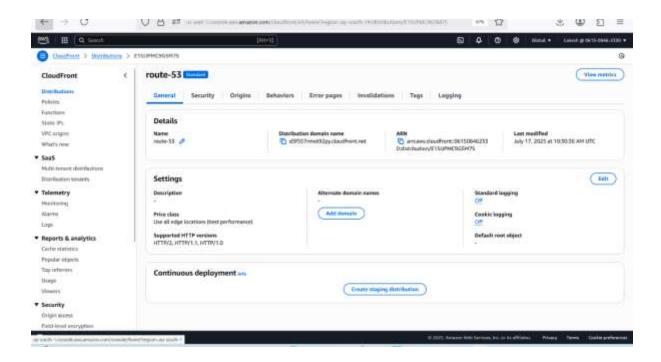
Step-4: Configure Route 53 and Domain Name

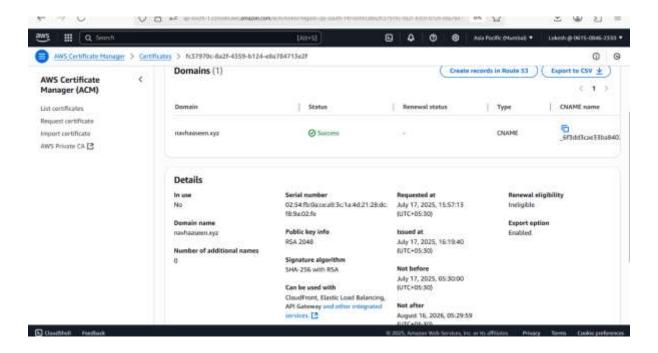
- i. Created a Hosted Zone in Route 53 using a custom domain name.
- ii. Created an Alias Record pointing to the Load Balancer.
- iii. Added an additional Alias Record if required.
- iv. Mapped the Name Servers (NS) provided by Route 53 to the domain name in a domain registrar (e.g., GoDaddy).
- v. Verified that the domain name was resolving to the Load Balancer successfully

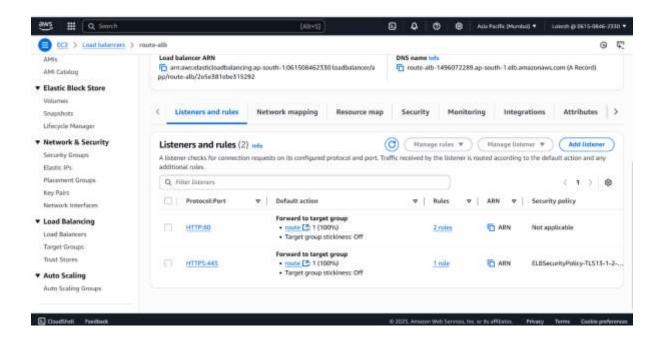


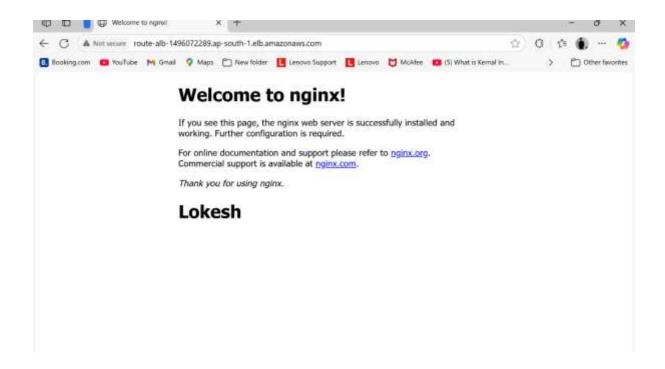
Step-5: Secure the Domain

- i. Initially, the domain used HTTP and was not secure.
- ii. To make it secure: o Created a WAF (Web Application Firewall).
- iii. Requested an SSL/TLS certificate in AWS Certificate Manager (ACM).
- iv. Set up a CloudFront Distribution using the certificate.
- v. Added an HTTPS listener to the Load Balancer.
- vi. Verified the domain was accessible securely (HTTPS) using the CloudFront domain.













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