

L^AT_EX 9.10.5.3

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CLASS 9, CHAPTER 10, EXERCISE 5.3

Q7. $\angle PQR = 100^\circ$, where \mathbf{P} , \mathbf{Q} and \mathbf{R} are points on a circle with centre \mathbf{O} . Find $\angle OPR$

Solution: Let, we have a unit circle with center at origin, i.e. \mathbf{O} , and radius $r = 1$. Then let following points be on the circle

\mathbf{O}	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$
\mathbf{R}	$\begin{pmatrix} \cos 0 \\ \sin 0 \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$
\mathbf{Q}	$\begin{pmatrix} \cos\left(-\frac{\pi}{6}\right) \\ \sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{6}\right) \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$
\mathbf{P}	$\begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \end{pmatrix}$	$\begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \end{pmatrix}$

TABLE I: points

Using the theorem from appendix of matrix analysis book, Let

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta_1 \\ \sin \theta_1 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta_2 \\ \sin \theta_2 \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{C} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \end{pmatrix}, \quad (1)$$

be points on a unit circle. Then

$$\cos ACB = \frac{(\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{A})^\top (\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{B})}{\|\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{A}\| \|\mathbf{C} - \mathbf{B}\|} \quad (2)$$

$$= \cos\left(\frac{\theta_1 - \theta_2}{2}\right) \quad (3)$$

For our question we have 3 points

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta \\ \sin \theta \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{Q} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos\left(-\frac{\pi}{6}\right) \\ \sin\left(-\frac{\pi}{6}\right) \end{pmatrix}, \mathbf{R} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos 0 \\ \sin 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad (4)$$

on a unit circle. Then using this theorem, we get

$$\cos PQR = \frac{(\mathbf{Q} - \mathbf{P})^\top (\mathbf{Q} - \mathbf{R})}{\|\mathbf{Q} - \mathbf{P}\| \|\mathbf{Q} - \mathbf{R}\|} \quad (5)$$

$$= \cos\left(\frac{\theta - 0}{2}\right) \quad (6)$$

As per given condition, we have

$$\angle PQR = 100^\circ \quad (7)$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos 100^\circ = \cos\left(\frac{\theta - 0}{2}\right) \quad (8)$$

$$\theta = 200^\circ \quad (9)$$

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos 200^\circ \\ \sin 200^\circ \end{pmatrix} \quad (10)$$

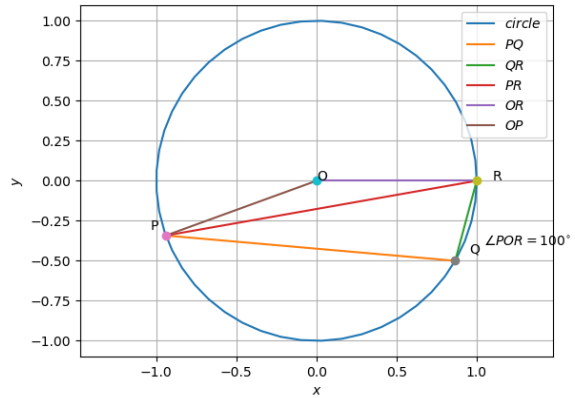


Fig. 1: circle