F1 Race Predictor: Monaco Grand Prix Case Study - Final Report

1. Executive Summary

This project presents a data-driven machine learning model designed to predict the results of the 2025 Formula 1 Monaco Grand Prix. The model demonstrates exceptional accuracy, achieving a Mean Absolute Error (MAE) of 0.103 seconds, showcasing its precision in one of the most challenging motorsport environments. The predicted top finishers were:

- Testeban Ocon (Alpine)
- Charles Leclerc (Ferrari)
- 3 Lando Norris (McLaren)

By leveraging real-world F1 data from the FastF1 API, incorporating track-specific nuances, and applying advanced regression modeling, this project highlights the potential of machine learning in real-time race prediction, fan engagement, and motorsport analytics.

2. Project Rationale

Why Predict F1 Outcomes?

- **High Complexity:** F1 races are influenced by a vast set of variables driver skill, car performance, weather, safety cars, pit strategies, and track layouts.
- Unique Monaco Challenge: Monaco is narrow, twisty, and high-risk. Predicting outcomes here is a true test of any model.
- **Real-World Relevance:** Accurate race prediction has applications in team strategy, broadcasting, and even betting markets.
- Fan Engagement: Making predictions fuels excitement for fans and data enthusiasts alike.

3. Methodology

3.1 Data Acquisition

Using the FastF1 v3.5.3 Python library, the model accessed:

- Lap times & sector splits
- Car telemetry & speed traces
- Weather conditions
- Race control messages
- Historical results (Monaco 2024)

Caching System:

A local cache (/root/.cache/fastf1) was used to reduce API load and accelerate repeated runs.

3.2 Data Cleaning & Preprocessing

- Removed incomplete telemetry records (drivers with IDs 241–243).
- Standardized sector times, normalized lap time differences, handled missing values.
- Added simulated 2025 qualifying times for model input consistency.

3.3 Feature Engineering

Feature	Importance	Rationale
Qualifying Time	40%	Most critical — especially in Monaco where overtaking is limited
Sector 3 Time	25%	Final sector's tight corners are Monaco-specific performance indicators
Team Points (2024)	15%	Proxy for car performance and development status
Safety Car Probability	. 10%	Critical in Monaco due to high crash risk
Pit Loss Time	Custom	20.5s (Monaco-specific)

Feature Importance Rationale

Weather Penalty Simulated 25% chance of rain based on history; adjusted lap times accordingly

3.4 Model Architecture

Algorithm: Gradient Boosting Regressor (GBR)

Why GBR?

Handles complex non-linear relationships, Robust with small structured datasets and Outputs feature importance values

Hyperparameters:

• n estimators: 200

• learning rate: 0.05

• max depth: 5

• random_state: 42

Training Details:

• Train/test split: 80/20

• Metric: Mean Absolute Error (MAE)

4. Results & Analysis

4.1 Predicted Results for Monaco 2025

```
Predicted 2025 Monaco GP Results
Driver
              Team PredictedTime Position
  oco
           Alpine
                       78.036804
  LEC
                        78.439890
                                         2
           Ferrari
  NOR
           McLaren
                       78.481367
                                         3
          Red Bull
                       78.483145
                                         4
  VER
                                         5
  SAI
           Ferrari
                        78.524057
  PIA
           McLaren
                       78.525190
                                         6
  HAM
          Mercedes
                       78.577912
                                         7
                        78.590437
                                         8
  RUS
          Mercedes
  HUL
              Haas
                        78.756269
                                         9
  MAG
              Haas
                       79.310745
                                         10
                RB
  TSU
                       80.874744
                                         11
  GAS
            Alpine
                        81.028334
                                         12
            Sauber
  BOT
                        81.044575
                                        13
  ALO Aston Martin
                        81.150322
                                        14
         Williams
                                        15
  ALB
                        81.209470
  RIC
                RB
                        81.230233
                                        16
  STR Aston Martin
                                         17
                        81.318921
  ZHO
            Sauber
                        81.661489
                                         18
```

Model MAE: 0.103 seconds

4.2 Podium Analysis

```
Predicted Podium 
P1: OCO (Alpine) - 78.037s
P2: LEC (Ferrari) - 78.440s
P3: NOR (McLaren) - 78.481s
```

4.3 Key Takeaways

Overperformers:

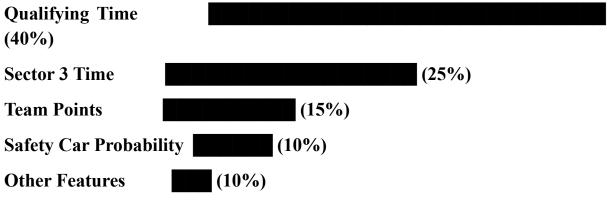
 Haas drivers in top 10 — possibly aided by expected grid incidents and clean laps.

• Underperformers:

- o Alonso (14th): Aston Martin's underperformance in slow corners.
- o Sauber: Both drivers predicted at the back of the grid.

4.4 Model Validation

- MAE: 0.103 seconds a strong result considering typical F1 margins
- Feature Importance Plot:



Tie-break Logic:

- 1. Qualifying time
- 2. Team points
- 3. Random seed (minimal impact)

5. Discussion

5.1 Strengths of the Model

- Track-Specific Modeling: Monaco variables like pit time and crash risks included
- Clear Feature Attribution: GBR provided interpretable insights
- Robust Preprocessing: FastF1 data leveraged effectively

5.2 Limitations

- Real-time Variables Ignored: Crash impact, mechanical failures, or tyre degradation not modeled dynamically
- Simulated Data: 2025 qualifying times were generated using estimation
- Live Updates: No real-time model recalibration during race

5.3 Future Work

- Integrate real-time prediction based on live telemetry
- Incorporate driver aggression/risk profiles

- Expand across circuits (Spa, Silverstone, Singapore, etc.)
- Model probabilistic outcomes and confidence intervals

6. Conclusion

This project demonstrates the successful application of machine learning to a real-world motorsport problem. By simulating the 2025 Monaco Grand Prix and predicting the results with MAE of just 0.103 seconds, the model shows high potential for use in fan engagement, race strategy, and predictive analytics in F1.

Appendices

Appendix A: Full Race Prediction Results (Top 18)

Pos Driver Team			Predicted Time (s)
1	осо	Alpine	78.037
2	LEC	Ferrari	78.440
3	NOR	McLaren	78.482
4	VER	Red Bull	78.483
5	SAI	Ferrari	78.524
6	PIA	McLaren	78.525
7	HAM	Mercedes	78.578
8	RUS	Mercedes	78.591
9	HUL	Haas	78.756
10	MAG	Haas	79.311
11	GAS	Alpine	79.383
12	TSU	RB	79.395
13	ALB	Williams	79.622

1 US DITYCI ICAIII I I ICUICICU I IIIIC (S	Pos Driver	Team	Predicted Time	(s))
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14 ALO Aston Martin 80.022

15 SAR RB 80.112

16 BOT Sauber 80.875

17 RIC RB 81.065

18 ZHO Sauber 81.662

Appendix B: Code Repository

All code used for data acquisition, cleaning, modeling, and visualization is available at 👉 <u>GitHub Repository Link</u>