# **VPC Creation**

# Step 1: Create a Virtual Private Cloud (VPC)

- 1. Login to AWS Management Console:
  - Open the AWS Management Console.
  - Navigate to the VPC Dashboard.

#### 2. Create a VPC:

- o In the VPC Dashboard, click Create VPC.
- o Provide a **VPC Name** and set the **IPv4 CIDR block** (e.g., 10.0.0.0/16).
- Leave IPv6 CIDR block set to No IPv6 CIDR block unless you require IPv6.
- Choose the **Tenancy** (default or dedicated).
- Click Create.

# **Step 2: Create Subnets**

You need 6 subnets (3 public and 3 private subnets). The subnets will span across multiple Availability Zones (AZs) for high availability.

### 1. Create Public Subnets:

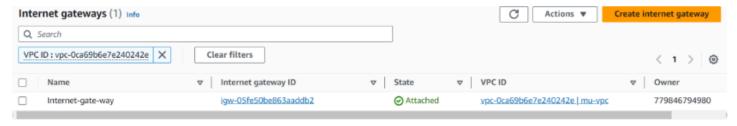
- Go to Subnets in the VPC Dashboard.
- Click Create Subnet.
- o Provide a **Subnet Name** and select an **Availability Zone** (e.g., us-east-1a).
- Specify the IPv4 CIDR block (e.g., 10.0.1.0/24 for the first public subnet).
- Repeat this process for other 2 public subnets with different CIDR blocks (e.g., 10.0.2.0/24 and 10.0.3.0/24).
- Ensure these subnets are created in different AZs for better availability.

#### 2. Create Private Subnets:

Repeat the process for private subnets by selecting different CIDR blocks (e.g., 10.0.4.0/24, 10.0.5.0/24, 10.0.6.0/24), ensuring they are in the different Availability Zones as required.

#### Step 3: Create Internet Gateway (IGW)

- 1. Create an Internet Gateway:
  - o In the **VPC Dashboard**, navigate to **Internet Gateways**.
  - Click Create Internet Gateway.
  - o Provide a **Name** for the IGW (e.g., MyIGW).
  - o Click Create.



#### 3. Attach Internet Gateway to VPC:

- After creating the IGW, select it from the list.
- Click Actions, then Attach to VPC.
- Select your VPC and click Attach.

#### 1. Create Public Route Table:

- o In the **VPC Dashboard**, navigate to **Route Tables**.
- Click Create Route Table.
- o Provide a **Name** for the route table (e.g., PublicRouteTable).
- Select your VPC and click Create.

#### 2. Add Route to Public Route Table:

- Select the public route table you just created.
- Click the Routes tab, then Edit Routes.
- o Click **Add Route**, and set the **Destination** to 0.0.0.0/0 (for all internet traffic).
- Set the Target to your Internet Gateway (e.g., MyIGW).
- Click Save Routes.

#### 3. Associate Public Subnets with Public Route Table:

- Select the Subnet Associations tab in the Public Route Table.
- Click Edit subnet associations.
- o Select all the **public subnets** (e.g., 10.0.1.0/24, 10.0.2.0/24, 10.0.3.0/24).
- Click Save.

#### 4. Create Private Route Table:

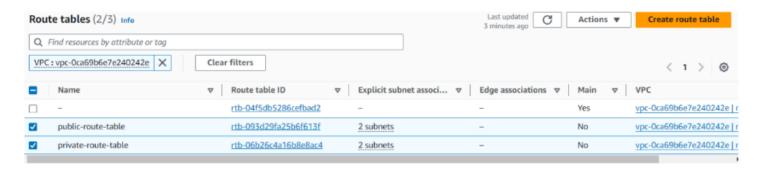
- Similarly, create another route table for the private subnets (e.g., PrivateRouteTable).
- Select your VPC and click Create.

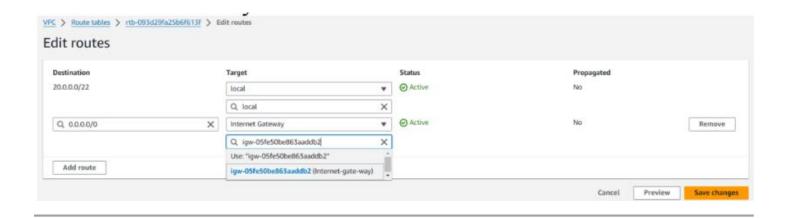
#### 5. Add Route to Private Route Table:

- o Select the **PrivateRouteTable** and navigate to the **Routes** tab.
- Click Edit Routes and Add Route.
- Add a route with **Destination** 0.0.0.0/0 and leave **Target** as None (because the private subnets will route traffic through the NAT Gateway).
- Click Save Routes.

# 6. Associate Private Subnets with Private Route Table:

- Go to the Subnet Associations tab of the Private Route Table.
- Click Edit subnet associations.
- Select all the private subnets (e.g., 10.0.4.0/24, 10.0.5.0/24, 10.0.6.0/24).
- Click Save.





# **Step 5: Create NAT Gateway**

- 1. Allocate an Elastic IP Address:
  - Go to the EC2 Dashboard, and navigate to Elastic IPs.
  - Click Allocate new address, and then Allocate.
  - o This will give you an Elastic IP (EIP) that can be used for the NAT Gateway.
- 2. Create NAT Gateway:
  - o In the VPC Dashboard, go to NAT Gateways.
  - Click Create NAT Gateway.
  - Select a **Public Subnet** (e.g., 10.0.1.0/24).
  - o Choose the previously allocated Elastic IP.
  - Click Create NAT Gateway.
- 3. Update Route Table for Private Subnets:
  - Go to the Private Route Table.
  - Click Edit Routes, and add a new route for 0.0.0.0/0.
  - Set the Target to the NAT Gateway (e.g., NatGateway-1).
  - Click Save Routes.

#### **Step 6: Create Security Groups**

- 1. Create Security Groups:
  - o Go to the EC2 Dashboard and click Security Groups.
  - Click Create Security Group.
  - Provide a Name and Description.
  - Add inbound and outbound rules as required (e.g., allow HTTP/HTTPS traffic to public subnets, allow SSH traffic for EC2 management, etc.).

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- 2. Assign Security Groups:
  - When launching EC2 instances in public and private subnets, assign them the appropriate security group for controlling inbound and outbound traffic.

# Step 7: Verify and Test

- 1. Launch EC2 Instances:
  - Launch EC2 instances in both public and private subnets.
  - o Ensure that EC2 instances in the public subnets can access the internet.
  - Ensure that EC2 instances in the private subnets can access the internet through the NAT Gateway.
- 2. Test Connectivity:

#### i-0a5b0086dd1ede4c2 (frontend)

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Instance ID

i-0a5b0086dd1ede4c2 (frontend)

IPv6 address

Hostname type

IP name: ip-20-0-0-50.ap-southeast-1.compute.internal

Answer private resource DNS name

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Auto-assigned IP address

18.142.44.189 [Public IP]

Public IPv4 address

18.142.44.189 | open address [2]

Instance state

Private IP DNS name (IPv4 only)

ip-20-0-50.ap-southeast-1.compute.internal

Instance type t2.micro

VPC ID

r vpc-0ca69b6e7e240242e (mu-vpc) €

Private IPv4 addresses

20.0.0.50

Public IPv4 DNS

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Elastic IP addresses

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AWS Compute Optimizer finding

① Opt-in to AWS Compute Optimizer for recommendation

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# Lokesh Notes