Question1

Create a function that takes a list of strings and integers, and filters out the list so that it returns a list of integers only.

**Examples**

filter\_list([1, 2, 3, "a", "b", 4]) ➞ [1, 2, 3, 4]

filter\_list(["A", 0, "Edabit", 1729, "Python", "1729"]) ➞ [0, 1729]

filter\_list(["Nothing", "here"]) ➞ []

def filter\_list(in\_list):

out\_list = []

for ele in in\_list:

if type(ele) == int:

out\_list.append(ele)

print(f' filter\_list{(in\_list)}➞ {out\_list}')

filter\_list([1, 2, 3, "a", "b", 4])

filter\_list(["A", 0, "Edabit", 1729, "Python", "1729"])

filter\_list(["Nothing", "here"])

Question2

Given a list of numbers, create a function which returns the list but with **each element's index in the list added to itself**. This means you add 0 to the number at index 0, add 1 to the number at index 1, etc...

### Examples

add\_indexes([0, 0, 0, 0, 0]) ➞ [0, 1, 2, 3, 4]

add\_indexes([1, 2, 3, 4, 5]) ➞ [1, 3, 5, 7, 9]

add\_indexes([5, 4, 3, 2, 1]) ➞ [5, 5, 5, 5, 5]

def add\_indexes(in\_list):

out\_list = []

for ele in range(len(in\_list)):

out\_list.append(ele+in\_list[ele])

print(f'add\_indexes{(in\_list)} ➞ {out\_list}')

add\_indexes([0, 0, 0, 0, 0])

add\_indexes([1, 2, 3, 4, 5])

add\_indexes([5, 4, 3, 2, 1])

Question3

Create a function that takes the height and radius of a cone as arguments and returns the volume of the cone rounded to the nearest hundredth. See the resources tab for the formula.



### Examples

cone\_volume(3, 2) ➞ 12.57

cone\_volume(15, 6) ➞ 565.49

cone\_volume(18, 0) ➞ 0

import math

def cube\_volume(height, radius):

output = ((math.pi)\*pow(radius,2))\*(height/3)

print(f'cube\_volume{(height, radius)} ➞ {output:.2f}')

cube\_volume(3,2)

cube\_volume(15,6)

cube\_volume(18,0)

Question4

This Triangular Number Sequence is generated from a pattern of dots that form a triangle. The first 5 numbers of the sequence, or dots, are:

1, 3, 6, 10, 15

This means that the first triangle has just one dot, the second one has three dots, the third one has 6 dots and so on.

Write a function that gives the number of dots with its corresponding triangle number of the sequence.

### Examples

triangle(1) ➞ 1

triangle(6) ➞ 21

triangle(215) ➞ 23220

def triangle(in\_num):

print(f'triangle({in\_num})➞ {int((in\_num)\*((in\_num+1)/2))}')

triangle(1)

triangle(6)

triangle(215)

Question5

Create a function that takes a list of numbers between 1 and 10 (excluding one number) and returns the missing number.

### Examples

missing\_num([1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10]) ➞ 5

missing\_num([7, 2, 3, 6, 5, 9, 1, 4, 8]) ➞ 10

missing\_num([10, 5, 1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 3, 9]) ➞ 7

def missing\_num(in\_list):

for i in range(1,11):

if i not in in\_list:

print(f'missing\_num({in\_list}) ➞ {i}')

missing\_num([1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10])

missing\_num([7, 2, 3, 6, 5, 9, 1, 4, 8])

missing\_num([10, 5, 1, 2, 4, 6, 8, 3, 9])