EXP NO : 12 DATE :

IMPLEMENT CODE OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES COPY PROPAGATION

AIM:

The aim is to implement code optimization techniques like Dead Code Elimination (DCE) and Common Subexpression Elimination (CSE) to improve the efficiency and performance of a program. These techniques are applied to intermediate code (e.g., Three-Address Code or TAC) during the compilation process.

ALGORITHM:

- The desired header files are declared.
- The two file pointers are initialized one for reading the C program from the file and one for writing the converted program with constant folding
- The file is read and checked if there are any digits or operands present.
- If there is, then the evaluations are to be computed in switch case and stored.
- Copy the stored data to another file.
- Print the copied data file.

PROGRAM:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#define MAX 100
typedef struct {
  char lhs[10];
  char op1[10];
  char op[5];
  char op2[10];
} Instruction;
int is_copy_instruction(Instruction *ins) {
  return strcmp(ins->op, "=") == 0 \&\& strlen(ins->op2) == 0;
}
void copy_propagation(Instruction ins[], int count) {
  for (int i = 0; i < count; i++) {
     if (is_copy_instruction(&ins[i])) {
       char from[10], to[10];
        strcpy(to, ins[i].lhs);
        strcpy(from, ins[i].op1);
```

LOKESHWAR S (220701146) for (int j = i + 1; j < count; j++) { if (strcmp(ins[i].op1, to) == 0)strcpy(ins[j].op1, from); if (strcmp(ins[i].op2, to) == 0)strcpy(ins[j].op2, from); } int main() { FILE *fin = fopen("input.txt", "r"); if (!fin) { printf("Error opening input.txt\n"); return 1; } Instruction ins[MAX]; int count = 0; char line[100]; while (fgets(line, sizeof(line), fin)) { // Skip blank lines if (strlen(line) <= 1) continue; Instruction temp; temp.op $[0] = \0$; int tokens = sscanf(line, "%s = %s %s %s", temp.lhs, temp.op1, temp.op, temp.op2);if (tokens == 2) { // It's a copy statement like: a = bstrcpy(temp.op, "="); temp.op2[0] = $\0$; } else if (tokens != 4) { printf("Invalid line: %s\n", line); continue; ins[count++] = temp; fclose(fin); // Perform copy propagation copy_propagation(ins, count);

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```
// Print optimized code  \begin{array}{l} \text{printf("\nOptimized Code (Copy Propagation Only):\n\n");} \\ \text{for (int } i=0; \ i < \text{count; } i++) \ \{ \\ \text{if (strcmp(ins[i].op, "=") == 0 \&\& strlen(ins[i].op2) == 0)} \\ \text{printf("\%s = \%s\n", ins[i].lhs, ins[i].op1);} \\ \text{else} \\ \text{printf("\%s = \%s \%s \%s \n", ins[i].lhs, ins[i].op1, ins[i].op, ins[i].op2);} \\ \} \\ \text{return 0;} \\ \} \\ \end{array}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Enter statements (e.g., a = b or c = a + d). Enter 'END' to finish:
A=B+C+D
C=B+S+k
END
Optimized code:
A = B+C+D
C = B+S+k
```

Implementation	
Output/Signature	

RESULT:

Thus the above to implement code optimization techniques for copy propagation is executed successfully.