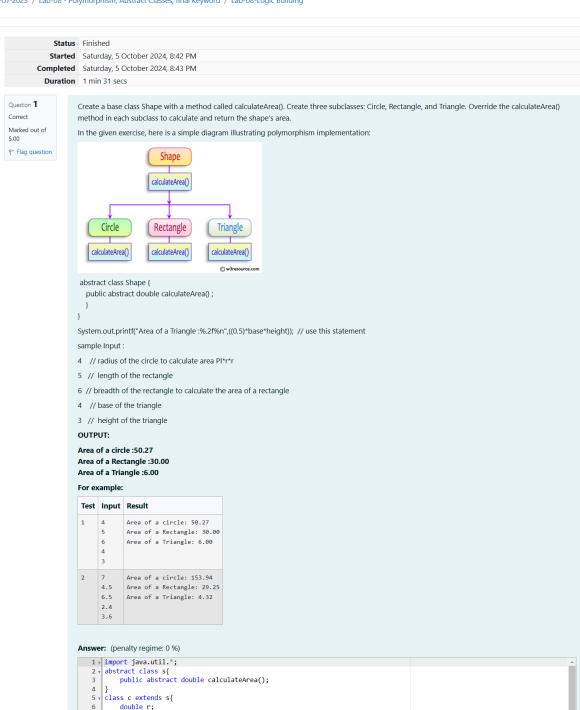
REC-CIS



# CS23333-Object Oriented Programming Using Java-2023

Dashboard / My courses / CS23333-OOPUJ-2023 / Lab-08 - Polymorphism, Abstract Classes, final Keyword / Lab-08-Logic Building





```
double r;
c(double r){
               this.r=r;
10
           public double calculateArea(){
               double a=Math.PI*r*r;
System.out.printf("Area of a circle: %.2f\n",a);
11
12
13
14
     class r extends s{
16
          double b;
r(double l,double b){
18
19
20
21
               this.l=l;
this.b=b;
22
23
           public double calculateArea(){
24
25
                double a=1*b;
System.out.printf("Area of a Rectangle: %.2f\n",a);
26
27
     class t extends s{
29
```

```
double h;
t(double b,double h){
32
33
34
                  this.b=b;
this.h=h;
35
             public double calculateArea(){
36
37
                  double a=b*h*0.5;
System.out.printf("Area of a Triangle: %.2f\n",a);
38
39
40
41
      public class hello{
   public static void main(String[] args){
42
43
                 Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
double r1=sc.nextDouble();
44
45
                  c c1=new c(r1);
double l1=sc.nextDouble();
46
47
                  double b1=sc.nextDouble();
r r2=new r(l1,b1);
48
49
                  double b2=sc.nextDouble();
double h2=sc.nextDouble();
50
51
                   t t1=new t(b2,h2);
```

Tes	t Input	Expected	Got	
<b>v</b> 1	4 5 6 4 3	Area of a circle: 50.27 Area of a Rectangle: 30.00 Area of a Triangle: 6.00	Area of a circle: 50.27 Area of a Rectangle: 30.00 Area of a Triangle: 6.00	~
<b>✓</b> 2	7 4.5 6.5 2.4 3.6	Area of a circle: 153.94 Area of a Rectangle: 29.25 Area of a Triangle: 4.32	Area of a circle: 153.94 Area of a Rectangle: 29.25 Area of a Triangle: 4.32	~

Passed all tests! \

# Question **2**Correct Marked out of 5.00 Flag question

## 1. Final Variable:

- Once a variable is declared final, its value cannot be changed after it is initialized.
- It must be initialized when it is declared or in the constructor if it's not initialized at declaration.
- It can be used to define constants

final int MAX\_SPEED = 120; // Constant value, cannot be changed

#### 2. Final Method:

- A method declared final cannot be overridden by subclasses.
- It is used to prevent modification of the method's behavior in derived classes.

```
public final void display() {
    System.out.println("This is a final method.");
}
```

#### 3. Final Class:

- A class declared as final cannot be subclassed (i.e., no other class can inherit from it).
- It is used to prevent a class from being extended and modified.
- public final class Vehicle {
  // class code

Given a Java Program that contains the bug in it, your task is to clear the bug to the output.

you should delete any piece of code.

#### For example:

```
Test Result

The maximum speed is: 120 km/h
This is a subclass of FinalExample.
```

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
1 - class FinalExample {
            // Final variable
                          int maxSpeed = 120;
            // Final method
                                    void displayMaxSpeed() {
System.out.println("The maximum speed is: " + maxSpeed + " km/h");
           public
                       final
  8
 10
      class SubClass extends FinalExample {
 12 +
 13
 14
 15
            // You can create new methods here
16 ·
           public void showDetails() {
    System.out.println("This is a subclass of FinalExample.");
 18
     1
 19
class prog {
public static void main(String[] args) {
    FinalFyammala chi = now FinalFyammala().
```

```
25 | rimateAdmple OUJ = New FinaleAdmple(),
obj.displayMaxSpeed();
25 | Subclass subObj = new SubClass();
27 | subObj.showDetails();
28 | }
29 |}
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
~	1		The maximum speed is: 120 km/h This is a subclass of FinalExample.	~
e	d all te	sts! 🗸		

Question **3**Correct
Marked out of 5.00

Flag question

As a logic building learner you are given the task to extract the string which has vowel as the first and last characters from the given array of Strings.

Step1: Scan through the array of Strings, extract the Strings with first and last characters as vowels; these strings should be concatenated.

Step2: Convert the concatenated string to lowercase and return it.

If none of the strings in the array has first and last character as vowel, then return no matches found

input1: an integer representing the number of elements in the array.

input2: String array.

Example 1:

input1: 3

input2: {"oreo", "sirish", "apple"}

output: oreoapple

Example 2:

input1: 2

input2: {"Mango", "banana"}

output: no matches found

Explanation

None of the strings has first and last character as vowel.

Hence the output is no matches found.

Example 3:

input1: 3

input2: {"Ate", "Ace", "Girl"}

output: ateace

### For example:

Input	Result
3 oreo sirish apple	oreoapple
2 Mango banana	no matches found
3 Ate Ace Girl	ateace

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 | import java.util.*;
        import java.util.;
public class hello{
  public static void main(String[] args){
     Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
     int n=sc.nextInt();
}
                     int k=0;
                     String arr[]=new String[n];
for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
                           arr[i]=sc.next();
arr[i]=arr[i].toLowerCase();
char ch=arr[i].charAt(0);
if(ch=='a' || ch=='e' || ch=='i' || ch=='o' || ch=='u'){
10
11
12
13
14
                                  k=1;
15
                                   System.out.print(arr[i]);
16
17
                     if(k==0){
18
19
                            System.out.println("no matches found");
20
21
22 23 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	3 oreo sirish apple	oreoapple	oreoapple	~
~	2 Mango banana	no matches found	no matches found	~

	~	3 Ate Ace Girl	ateace	ateace	~			
	Passe	d all tests! 🗸						
								Finish review
			ſ				1	
⊸ Lab-08-MCQ				Jump to		<b>*</b>	J	FindStringCode ►