

PL Rules for Tableaux(Truth Tree)

1 Notation

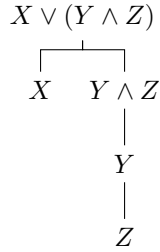
1.1 Substitution Instance

Robotnese: for any expression Φ , a substitution instance Φ^β/α refers to the formula obtained by replacing all occurrence of α in Φ by some β not already in Φ .

Human-speak: Consider $\forall xPx$. Let $\Phi = Px$. A substitution instance of Px could be Pc , where we $\alpha = x$ and $\beta = c$ - All occurrences of x are replaced with c .

1.2 Root

The lowest node. For instance, $X \vee (Y \wedge Z)$ is the root for the tree below:



1.3 Path

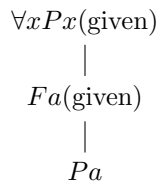
A (directed) path is a non-branching series of connected and nodes. Take the tree above, there two directed paths in this tree. One from the root to X , and the other one goes from the root to Z . In our context, we only talk about directed path.

2 Tree Rules for PL

\forall Decomposition If a non-decomposed (not marked with an X) PL sentence $\forall\alpha\Psi$ occurs on an open path(i.e., branch), you may:

1. If some constant β is already present on that path, add a node on that path with the PL sentence with the substitution instance Φ^β/α .
2. If no constant exists on that path, pick some β and add a node on that path with the substitution instance Φ^β/α .
3. In either case, *don't* check the $\forall\alpha\Psi$.

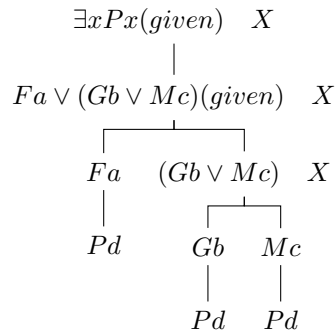
Example:



\exists Decomposition If a non-decomposed (not marked with an X) PL sentence $\exists\alpha\Psi$ occurs on an open path(i.e., branch), you may:

1. You must pick some β constant that has not occurred *at all* and add a node on that path with the substitution instance Φ^β/α .
2. Add Φ^β/α too all open paths.
3. *Do* check the $\exists\alpha\Psi$.

Example:



$\neg\forall$ Decomposition If a non-decomposed (not marked with an X) PL sentence $\neg\forall\alpha\Psi$ occurs on an open path(i.e., branch), you may:

1. Add $\exists\neg\alpha\Psi$ too all paths that contain $\neg\forall\alpha\Psi$
2. Check the original node

$\neg\exists$ Decomposition If a non-decomposed (not marked with an X) PL sentence $\neg\exists\alpha\Psi$ occurs on an open path(i.e., branch), you may:

1. Add $\forall\neg\alpha\Psi$ too all paths that contain $\neg\exists\alpha\Psi$
2. Check the original node