EXPERIMENT 2

Aim :- Creating Amazon EC2 Instances - Creating a LAMP Instance in the AWS CLI

A] Creating Amazon EC2 Instance

Procedure:

Steps to get the Amazon AWS access key ID and secret key

- 1. Go to the IAM Console and click on Users.
- 2. Click on the User that you want to create the access key for. Click on the actual row and not the check box.
- 3. On the next screen, click on "Create Access Key". If you have created keys before you should be able to see them (but can't download them again)
- 4. You will see a popup that allows you to download the access ID and key. The keys can be downloaded only once so make sure you save it in a safe place. You can, however, create another key later on.
- 5. The downloaded CSV has both the access id and key.

Configure Amazon CLI (Command Line Interface)

- 1. Type in "aws configure" on the command line.
- 2. Enter the Access ID, key and the default region.
- 3. That configures the CLI. This creates a directory called .aws in home. This directory has the credentials and the config file.
- 4. To test the configuration we will create a security group and then delete it from the AWS console. To create the security group type in

aws ec2 create-security-group --group-name my-sg --description "My security group"

This will create a new security group. Logon to AWS console to double check if you can see the security group (under EC2). You can then delete the group.

create AWS EC2 instance using CLI

We now finally look at how to create the EC2 instance using CLI. The CLI command for creating instance is called run-instances. When you create an instance from the console, you go through seven steps of configuration. All of that can be done using specific parameters on the CLI. While creating the instance we want to be able to select the AMI (machine image); select the instance type (hardware); set the VPC, IAM role, and other configuration parameters; configure additional block storage; add tags; add security groups and then launch one or multiple instances.

aws ec2 create-security-group --group-name EC2SecurityGroup --description "Security Group for EC2 instances to allow port 22"

aws ec2 authorize-security-group-ingress --group-name EC2SecurityGroup - protocol tcp --port 22 --cidr 0.0.0.0/0 aws ec2 describe-security-groups -- group-names EC2SecurityGroup

Commands for EC2:

1) AWS Configure

- 2) Create key value pair
- 3) Describe key pair

4) Create security group

```
D:\clg_\sem 5\DCN\lab\ss\exp2>aws ec2 create-security-group --group-name demo-sg --description "Demo CLI Security Group" --vpc-id vpc-042b52670a9bac {
    "GroupId": "sg-0f94d19f489ddf564"
}
```

5) Authorize security group

6) Create EC2

```
D:\clg_\sem 5\DCN\lab\ss\exp2>aws ec2 run-instances --image-id ami-05fa00d4c63e32376 --instance-type t2.micro --subnet-id subnet-0e6f00f98e52d0971 --count 1 --security-group
-ids sg-0f94d19f489ddf564 --key-name demokeypair
    "Groups": [],
"Instances": [
               "AmiLaunchIndex": 0,
               "ImageId": "ami-05fa00d4c63e32376",
"InstanceId": "i-003b25d102610cc17",
               "InstanceType": "t2.micro",
"KeyName": "demokeypair",
               "LaunchTime": "2022-08-26T19:07:22+00:00",
               "Monitoring": {
    "State": "disabled"
              },
"Placement": {
    "AvailabilityZone": "us-east-1c",
    "AvailabilityZone": "",
                    "GroupName": "",
"Tenancy": "default"
               },
"PrivateDnsName": "ip-172-31-94-42.ec2.internal",
               "PrivateIpAddress": "172.31.94.42",
               "ProductCodes": [],
"PublicDnsName": "",
               "State": {
    "Code": 0,
                    "Name": "pending"
               },
"StateTransitionReason": "",
               "SubnetId": "subnet-0e6f00f98e52d0971",
               "VpcId": "vpc-042b52670a9bac0cb",
```

7) Describe Instance EC2

```
D:\clg_\sem 5\DCN\lab\ss\exp2>aws ec2 run-instances --image-id ami-05fa00d4c63e32376 --instance-type t2.micro --subnet-id subnet-0e6f00f98e52d0971 --count 1 --security
-ids sg-0f94d19f489ddf564 --key-name demokeypair
     "Groups": [],
     "Instances": [
               "AmiLaunchIndex": 0,
               "ImageId": "ami-05fa00d4c63e32376",
"InstanceId": "i-003b25d102610cc17",
               "InstanceType": "t2.micro",
               "KeyName": "demokeypair", "LaunchTime": "2022-08-26T19:07:22+00:00",
               "Monitoring": {
    "State": "disabled"
               "AvailabilityZone": "us-east-1c",
                    "GroupName": "",
"Tenancy": "default"
               },
"PrivateDnsName": "ip-172-31-94-42.ec2.internal",
"PrivateIpAddress": "172.31.94.42",
               "PrivateIpAdures": [],
"ProductCodes": [],
               "PublicDnsName":
               "State": {
    "Code": 0,
                    "Name": "pending"
               },
"StateTransitionReason": "",
               "SubnetId": "subnet-0e6f00f98e52d0971",
"VpcId": "vpc-042b52670a9bac0cb",
```

```
D:\clg_\sem 5\DCN\lab\ss\exp2>aws ec2 describe-instances --instance-ids i-003b25d102610cc17
     "Reservations": [
              "Groups": [],
"Instances": [
                        "AmiLaunchIndex": 0,
                       "ImageId": "ami-05fa00d4c63e32376",
"InstanceId": "i-003b25d102610cc17",
                       "InstanceType": "t2.micro",
                       "KeyName": "demokeypair",
                        "LaunchTime": "2022-08-26T19:07:22+00:00",
                        "Monitoring": {
    "State": "disabled"
                       },
"Placement": {
    ilabili
                            "AvailabilityZone": "us-east-1c",
                            "GroupName": "",
"Tenancy": "default"
                       },
"PrivateDnsName": "ip-172-31-94-42.ec2.internal",
                        "PrivateIpAddress": "172.31.94.42",
                       "ProductCodes": [],
"PublicDnsName": "ec2-3-87-190-140.compute-1.amazonaws.com",
                       "PublicIpAddress": "3.87.190.140",
                        "Name": "running"
  - More --
```

7) Terminate Instances

B] Creating a LAMP Instance in the AWS CLI

Procedure:

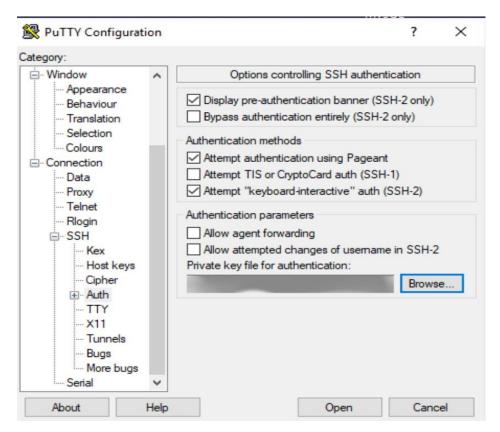
We will add four total rules. So go ahead and add three other rules. Set the types for all of the rules to:

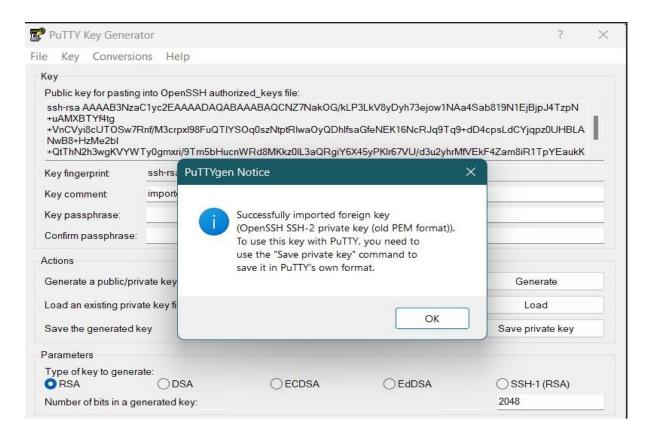
- SSH
- MySQL/Aurora
- HTTP
- HTTPS

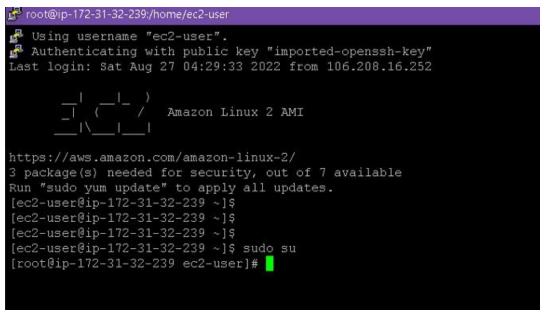
If you're on Windows, download the latest version of PuTTY to save yourself some time and heartache. If you're using MacOS, you're more than welcome to follow along, but you can SSH into your instance from the native command line.

- 1. Hit the windows Key, and search for PuTTYgen. Run this program and hit "Load".
- 2. Search for the Private Key File you just downloaded.
- 3. Click "Save Private Key", give it a name, and save it in a secure location.
- 4. You do not need a username and password attached to the file.
- 5. Now, open up PuTTY, and on the left hand pane, expand the tab "SSH", and then click on "Auth".
- 6. Set the "Private key file for authentication" to the private key you saved from PuTTYgen.
- 7. Scroll back up to "Session", and enter the host name for the new instance. Just copy and paste the IP address that we allocated with Elastic IP, enter a name in the "Saved Sessions" box, and click save, so that you can SSH in with just two clicks!
- 8. You can now double click the saved session, just confirm the next dialog box, and the command line will now prompt you for a user, type "ec2user" and hit enter

Verification:







- Ec2 instance is connected. 10. Type the commands to intall LAMP (linux, apache, mysql, php) server.
- Firstly, type sudosu to become the root user.
- To update all the packages in your instance type "yum update -y"

```
🧬 root@ip-172-31-32-239:/home/ec2-user
Using username "ec2-user".
Authenticating with public key "imported-openssh-key"
Last login: Sat Aug 27 04:29:33 2022 from 106.208.16.252
                                                            Amazon Linux 2 AMI
 3 package(s) needed for security, out of 7 available Run "sudo yum update" to apply all updates.

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-32-239 ~]$

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-32-239 ~]$

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-32-239 ~]$
 [ec2-user@ip-172-31-32-239 ~]$ sudo su
[root@ip-172-31-32-239 ec2-user]# yum update -y
  Loaded plugins: extras suggestions, langpacks, priorities, update-motd
  Resolving Dependencies
 --> Running transaction check
---> Package chrony.x86_64 0:4.0-3.amzn2.0.2 will be updated
---> Package chrony.x86_64 0:4.2-5.amzn2.0.2 will be an update
---> Package dhclient.x86_64 12:4.2.5-77.amzn2.1.6 will be updated
---> Package dhclient.x86_64 12:4.2.5-79.amzn2.1.1 will be updated
---> Package dhcp-common.x86_64 12:4.2.5-79.amzn2.1.1 will be updated
---> Package dhcp-common.x86_64 12:4.2.5-79.amzn2.1.1 will be an update
---> Package dhcp-libs.x86_64 12:4.2.5-79.amzn2.1.1 will be an update
---> Package dhcp-libs.x86_64 12:4.2.5-77.amzn2.1.6 will be updated
---> Package dhcp-libs.x86_64 12:4.2.5-79.amzn2.1.1 will be an update
---> Package gnupg2.x86_64 0:2.0.22-5.amzn2.0.4 will be updated
---> Package gnupg2.x86_64 0:2.0.22-5.amzn2.0.5 will be an update
---> Package kernel.x86_64 0:5.10.135-122.509.amzn2 will be updated
---> Package kernel-tools.x86_64 0:5.10.135-122.509.amzn2 will be an update
---> Package kernel-tools.x86_64 0:5.10.135-122.509.amzn2 will be an update
---> Package kernel-tools.x86_64 0:5.10.135-122.509.amzn2 will be an update
   -> Running transaction check
   -> Finished Dependency Resolution
  ependencies Resolved
  Package
  kernel
                                                                                        5.10.135-122.509.amzn2
                                                                                                                                                                          amzn2extra-kernel-5.10
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                32 M
  Jpdating:
                                                      x86_64
                                                      x86 64
                                                                                                                                                                          amzn2-core
  dhcp-common
                                                      x86 64
                                                                                          12:4.2.5-79.amzn2.1.1
                                                                                                                                                                          amzn2-core
   dhcp-libs
                                                                                          12:4.2.5-79.amzn2.1.1
                                                                                                                                                                          amzn2-core
                                                       x86 64
```

To install Apache server in linux, type "yum install httpd"

```
[root@ip-172-31-32-239 ec2-user]#
[root@ip-172-31-32-239 ec2-user]# yum install httpd
 Loaded plugins: extras_suggestions, langpacks,
Resolving Dependencies
                                                                           priorities, update-motd
   > Running transaction check
   -> Package httpd.x86_64 0:2.4.54-1.amzn2 will be installed
  -> Processing Dependency: httpd-filesystem = 2.4.54-1.amzn2 for package: httpd-2.4.54-1.amzn
  -> Processing Dependency: system-logos-httpd for package: httpd-2.4.54-1.amzn2.x86_64
 --> Processing Dependency: mod_http2 for package: httpd-2.4.54-1.amzn2.x86_64
--> Processing Dependency: httpd-filesystem for package: httpd-2.4.54-1.amzn2.x86_64
--> Processing Dependency: /etc/mime.types for package: httpd-2.4.54-1.amzn2.x86_64
--> Processing Dependency: libaprutil-1.so.0()(64bit) for package: httpd-2.4.54-1.amzn2.x86_6
 --> Processing Dependency: libapr-1.so.0()(64bit) for package: httpd-2.4.54-1.amzn2.x86_64
--> Running transaction check
---> Package apr.x86_64 0:1.7.0-9.amzn2 will be installed
---> Package apr-util.x86_64 0:1.6.1-5.amzn2.0.2 will be installed
---> Processing Dependency: apr-util-bdb(x86-64) = 1.6.1-5.amzn2.0.2 for package: apr-util-1.6
.1-5.amzn2.0.2.x86_64
       Package generic-logos-httpd.noarch 0:18.0.0-4.amzn2 will be installed
  --> Package httpd-filesystem.noarch 0:2.4.54-1.amzn2 will be installed
--> Package httpd-tools.x86_64 0:2.4.54-1.amzn2 will be installed
--> Package mailcap.noarch 0:2.1.41-2.amzn2 will be installed
 --> Package mod_http2.x86_64_0:1.15.19-1.amzn2.0.1 will be installed -> Running transaction check
       Package apr-util-bdb.x86_64 0:1.6.1-5.amzn2.0.2 will be installed
Dependencies Resolved
 Package
```

To install mysql or mariadb type "yum install mariadbmariadb-server".

To install php, type "yum install phpphp-mysql".

```
[root@ip=172-31-32-239 ec2-user]#
[root@ip=172-31-32-239 ec2-user]# yum install php php-mysql
Loaded plugins: extras suggestions, langpacks, priorities, update-motd
Package php-mysql is obsoleted by php-mysqlnd, trying to install php-mysqlnd-5.4.16-46.amzn2.
0.2.x86_64 instead
Resolving Dependencies
--> Running transaction check
---> Package php.x86_64 0:5.4.16-46.amzn2.0.2 will be installed
--> Processing Dependency: php-cli(x86-64) = 5.4.16-46.amzn2.0.2 for package: php-5.4.16-46.a
mzn2.0.2.x86_64
--> Package php-mysqlnd.x86_64 0:5.4.16-46.amzn2.0.2 will be installed
--> Package php-mysqlnd.x86_64 0:5.4.16-46.amzn2.0.2 will be installed
--> Package php-mysqlnd.x86_64 0:5.4.16-46.amzn2.0.2 will be installed
--> Package php-common.x86_64
--> Running transaction check
---> Package php-cli.x86_64
--> Package php-cli.x86_64
--> Package php-common.x86_64 0:5.4.16-46.amzn2.0.2 will be installed
--> Package php-cli.x86_64
--> Package php-common.x86_64 0:5.4.16-46.amzn2.0.2 will be installed
--> Processing Dependency: libzip.so.2() (64bit) for package: php-common-5.4.16-46.amzn2.0.2.x
86_64
```

Type "yum search php" to see all the packages installed in the server.

Enabling the mariadb server.

```
[root@ip-172-31-32-239 ec2-user]#
[root@ip-172-31-32-239 ec2-user]# systemctl start mariadb
[root@ip-172-31-32-239 ec2-user]# systemctl enable mariadb
Created symlink from /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/mariadb.service to /usr/lib/
systemd/system/mariadb.service.
[root@ip-172-31-32-239 ec2-user]#
[root@ip-172-31-32-239 ec2-user]#
[root@ip-172-31-32-239 ec2-user]#
[root@ip-172-31-32-239 ec2-user]#
[root@ip-172-31-32-239 ec2-user]#
```

 After enabling httpd (apache server), go to the directory where cd /var/www/html/.

```
root@ip-172-31-32-239;/var/www/html

[root@ip-172-31-32-239 ec2-user]# cd /var/www/html/
[root@ip-172-31-32-239 html]# ls
[root@ip-172-31-32-239 html]# pwd
/var/www/html
[root@ip-172-31-32-239 html]#
[root@ip-172-31-32-239 html]#
[root@ip-172-31-32-239 html]#
[root@ip-172-31-32-239 html]#
[root@ip-172-31-32-239 html]#
[root@ip-172-31-32-239 html]#
[root@ip-172-31-32-239 html]# vim index.php
```

PHP Version 5.4.16	
System	Linux ip-172-31-32-239 ap-south-1 compute internal 5.10.130-118.517 amzn2 x86_64 #1 SMP Wed Jul 13 16:51-52 UTC 2022 x86_64
Build Date	Oct 31 2019 18:35:17
Server API	Apache 2.0 Handler
Virtual Directory Support	disabled
Configuration File (php.ini) Path	/etc
Loaded Configuration File	/etc/php ini
Scan this dir for additional .ini files	/etc/php.d
Additional .ini files parsed	Jetciphp dicuri.mi, Jetciphp diffienfo imi, Jetciphp dijson.imi, Jetciphp dimysqind.imi, Jetciphp dimysqind. mysqi imi, Jetciphp dimysqind. mysqi imi, Jetciphp dipdo imi, Jetciphp dipdo, mysqind.imi, Jetciphp dipdo, sqite imi, Jetciphp diphar.imi, Jetciphp disqited imi, Jetciphp diripp imi
PHP API	20100412
PHP Extension	20100525
Zend Extension	220100525
Zend Extension Build	API220100525,NTS
PHP Extension Build	API20100525,NTS
Debug Build	no:
Thread Safety	disabled
Zend Signal Handling	disabled
Zend Memory Manager	enabled
7	dealed

Result:

LAMP server is successfully created using AWS CLI