### Решения задач

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### Задача 22

$$\int \frac{dx}{\cos^4 x} = \int \frac{\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x}{\cos^4 x} \, dx = \int \frac{dx}{\cos^2 x} + \int \frac{\operatorname{tg}^2 x}{\cos^2 x} \, dx = \operatorname{tg} x + \int \frac{\operatorname{tg}^2 x}{\cos^2 x} \, dx = \left[ \frac{t = \operatorname{tg} x}{dt = \frac{dx}{\cos^2 x}} \right] = \operatorname{tg} x + \int t^2 \, dt = \operatorname{tg} x + \frac{t^3}{3} + C = \operatorname{tg} x + \frac{\operatorname{tg}^3 x}{3} + C$$

**Ответ:**  $tg x + \frac{tg^3 x}{3} + C$ 

#### Задача 27

$$\int \sin^3 x \cos^2 x \, dx = \int \sin^3 x \, dx - \int \sin^5 x \, dx$$

$$\int \sin^5 x \, dx = \left[ \begin{array}{l} u = \sin^4 x, & du = 4 \sin^3 x \cos x \, dx \\ dv = \sin x \, dx, & v = -\cos x \end{array} \right] = uv - \int v \, du = -\sin^4 x \cos x + 4 \int \sin^3 x \cos^2 x \, dx$$

$$\int \sin^3 x \cos^2 x \, dx = \int \sin^3 x \, dx + \sin^4 x \cos x - 4 \int \sin^3 x \cos^2 x \, dx$$

$$5 \int \sin^3 x \cos^2 x \, dx = \int \sin^3 x \, dx + \sin^4 x \cos x; \qquad \int \sin^3 x \cos^2 x \, dx = \frac{\int \sin^3 x \, dx + \sin^4 x \cos x}{5}$$

$$\int \sin^3 x \, dx = \left[ \begin{array}{l} u = \sin^2 x, & du = 2 \sin x \cos x \, dx \\ dv = \sin x \, dx, & v = -\cos x \end{array} \right] = uv - \int v \, du = -\sin^2 x \cos x + 2 \int \sin x \cos^2 x \, dx =$$

$$= -\sin^2 x \cos x + 2 \int \sin x \, dx - 2 \int \sin^3 x \, dx = -\sin^2 x \cos x - 2 \cos x - 2 \int \sin^3 x \, dx$$

$$3 \int \sin^3 x \, dx = -\sin^2 x \cos x - 2 \cos x; \qquad \int \sin^3 x \, dx = -\frac{\sin^2 x \cos x + 2 \cos x}{3}$$

$$\int \sin^3 x \cos^2 x \, dx = \frac{-\frac{\sin^2 x \cos x + 2 \cos x}{3}}{5} + \sin^4 x \cos x = \cos x \cdot \frac{3 \sin^4 x - \sin^2 x - 2}{15} + C$$
Other:
$$\cos x \cdot \frac{3 \sin^4 x - \sin^2 x - 2}{15} + C$$

## Задача 28

$$\int \frac{dx}{\lg^8 x} = \int \frac{\cos^8 x}{\sin^8 x} \, dx = \int \frac{(1-\sin^2 x)^4}{\sin^8 x} \, dx = \int \frac{\sin^8 x - 4\sin^6 x + 6\sin^4 x - 4\sin^2 x + 1}{\sin^8 x} \, dx = \int dx - 4 \int \frac{dx}{\sin^2 x} + \frac{1}{\sin^8 x} \, dx = \int \frac{dx}{\sin^8 x} \, dx =$$

$$\int \frac{dx}{\lg^8 x} = \int dx - 4 \int \frac{dx}{\sin^2 x} + 6 \int \frac{dx}{\sin^4 x} - 4 \int \frac{dx}{\sin^6 x} + \int \frac{dx}{\sin^8 x} = \int dx - 4 \int \frac{dx}{\sin^2 x} + 6 \int \frac{dx}{\sin^4 x} - \frac{1}{4} \int \frac{dx}{\sin^4 x} - \frac$$

#### Задача 29

$$\int \frac{dx}{\sin^3 x} = \begin{bmatrix} u = \frac{1}{\sin x}, & du = \frac{-\cos x}{\sin^2 x} dx \\ dv = \frac{dx}{\sin^2 x}, & v = \int dv = \int \frac{dx}{\sin^2 x} = -\cot x = \frac{\cos x}{\sin x} \end{bmatrix} = \int u \, dv = uv - \int v \, du = -\frac{\cos x}{\sin^2 x} - \int \frac{dx}{\sin^3 x} \, dx = -\frac{\cos x}{\sin^2 x} - \int \frac{dx}{\sin^3 x} + \int \frac{dx}{\sin x} = \int \frac{dx}{2 \sin \frac{x}{2} \cos \frac{x}{2}} = -\frac{\cos x}{\sin^2 x} - \int \frac{dx}{\sin^3 x} + \int \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{tg^{\frac{x}{2}} \cos \frac{x}{2}} = -\frac{\cos x}{\sin^2 x} - \int \frac{dx}{\sin^3 x} + \int \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{tg^{\frac{x}{2}} \cos \frac{x}{2}} \, dx = \begin{bmatrix} t = tg^{\frac{x}{2}} \\ dt = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\cos^2 \frac{x}{2}} \, dx \end{bmatrix} = \\ = -\frac{\cos x}{\sin^2 x} - \int \frac{dx}{\sin^3 x} - \int \frac{dt}{t} = -\frac{\cos x}{\sin^2 x} - \int \frac{dx}{\sin^3 x} + \ln|t| = -\frac{\cos x}{\sin^2 x} - \int \frac{dx}{\sin^3 x} + \ln|tg^{\frac{x}{2}}| = \int u \, dv = uv - \int v \, du = -\frac{\cos x}{\sin^2 x} - \int \frac{dx}{\sin^3 x} + \int \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{tg^{\frac{x}{2}} \cos^2 \frac{x}{2}} \, dx = \begin{bmatrix} t = tg^{\frac{x}{2}} \\ dt = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\cos^2 \frac{x}{2}} \, dx \end{bmatrix} = \\ = -\frac{\cos x}{\sin^2 x} - \int \frac{dx}{\sin^3 x} - \int \frac{dt}{t} = -\frac{\cos x}{\sin^2 x} - \int \frac{dx}{\sin^3 x} + \ln|t| = -\frac{\cos x}{\sin^2 x} - \int \frac{dx}{\sin^3 x} + \ln|t| = \frac{\cos x}{\sin^2 x} - \int \frac{dx}{\sin^3 x} + \ln|t| = \frac{\cos x}{\sin^3 x} + \frac{\cos x}{\sin$$

### Задача 30

$$\int \frac{dx}{1+\sin^2 x} = \int \frac{\frac{1}{\cos^2 x}}{\frac{1}{\cos^2 x} + \frac{\sin^2 x}{\cos^2 x}} dx = \int \frac{1}{1+2 \operatorname{tg}^2 x} \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} dx = \begin{bmatrix} t = \sqrt{2} \operatorname{tg} x \\ dt = \sqrt{2} \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} dx \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \int \frac{dt}{1+t^2} = \frac{\operatorname{arctg}(t)}{\sqrt{2}} + C = \frac{\operatorname{arctg}(t)}{\sqrt{2}} + C = \frac{\operatorname{arctg}(t)}{\sqrt{2}} + C$$

$$Other: \frac{\operatorname{arctg}(t)}{\sqrt{2}} + C$$

## Задача 31

$$\int \frac{dx}{5 - 4\sin x + 3\cos x} = \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{dx}{1 - \frac{4}{5}\sin x + \frac{3}{5}\cos x} = \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{dx}{1 + \cos(\arccos(\frac{3}{5}) + x)} = \left[t = \arccos(\frac{3}{5}) + x\right] = \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{dt}{1 + \cos t} = \frac{1}{10} \int \frac{dt}{\cos^2 \frac{t}{2}} = \left[\frac{y = \frac{t}{2}}{dy = \frac{1}{2}dt}\right] = \frac{1}{5} \int \frac{dy}{\cos^2 y} = \frac{1}{5} \operatorname{tg} y + C = \frac{1}{5} \operatorname{tg} \frac{t}{2} + C = \frac{1}{5} \operatorname{tg} \frac{t}{2} + C = \frac{1}{5} \operatorname{tg} \frac{\arctan(\frac{3}{5}) + x}{2} + C$$

Otbet: 
$$\frac{1}{5} \operatorname{tg} \frac{\arccos(\frac{3}{5}) + x}{2} + C$$

### Задача 32

$$\int (x^2 + 3x + 5)\cos 2x \, dx = \begin{bmatrix} u = x^2 + 3x + 5, \ du = (2x + 3) \, dx \\ dv = \cos 2x \, dx \quad v = \int dv = \int \cos 2x \, dx = \frac{1}{2}\sin 2x \end{bmatrix} = \int u \, dv = uv - \int v \, du = \frac{1}{2}(x^2 + 3x + 5)\sin 2x - \frac{1}{2}\int (2x + 3)\sin 2x \, dx = \begin{bmatrix} u = 2x + 3, & du = 2 \, dx \\ dv = \sin 2x \, dx \, v = \int dv = \int \sin 2x \, dx = -\frac{1}{2}\cos 2x \end{bmatrix} = \frac{1}{2}(x^2 + 3x + 5)\sin 2x + \frac{1}{4}(2x + 3)\cos 2x - \frac{1}{2}\int \cos 2x \, dx = \frac{1}{2}(x^2 + 3x + 5)\sin 2x + \frac{1}{4}(2x + 3)\cos 2x - \frac{1}{4}\sin 2x + C$$

$$\mathbf{Other:} \frac{1}{2}(x^2 + 3x + 5)\sin 2x + \frac{1}{4}(2x + 3)\cos 2x - \frac{1}{4}\sin 2x + C$$

#### Задача 33

$$\int xe^{x^{1/3}}\,dx = \begin{bmatrix} t = x^{1/3} \\ x = t^3 \\ dx = 3t^2\,dt \end{bmatrix} = 3\int t^5e^t\,dt = \begin{bmatrix} u = t^5, & du = 5t^4\,dt \\ dv = e^t\,dt & v = e^t \end{bmatrix} = \int v\,du = uv - \int v\,du =$$

### Задача 34

$$\begin{split} \int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{2+x-x^2}} &= \int \frac{dx}{x\sqrt{(2-x)(1+x)}} = \begin{bmatrix} t = \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{2-x}}, \ x = \frac{2t^2-1}{t^2+1} \\ dx = \frac{4t(t^2+1)-2t(2t^2-1)}{(t^2+1)^2} \ dt = \frac{6t}{(t^2+1)^2} \ dt \end{bmatrix} = \\ &= \int \frac{\frac{6t}{(t^2+1)^2}}{\frac{2t^2-1}{t^2+1}t(2-\frac{2t^2-1}{t^2+1})} \ dt = 2\int \frac{dt}{(2t^2-1)} = 2\int \frac{dt}{(\sqrt{2}t-1)(\sqrt{2}t+1)} = \\ &= 2\int \frac{dt}{\sqrt{2}t-1} - 2\int \frac{dt}{\sqrt{2}t+1} = \begin{bmatrix} y = \sqrt{2}t-1 \ z = \sqrt{2}t+1 \ dy = \sqrt{2} \ dt \ dz = \sqrt{2} \ dt \end{bmatrix} = \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\int \frac{dy}{y} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\int \frac{dz}{z} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\ln|y| - \ln|z|) + C = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\ln|\sqrt{2}t-1| - \ln|\sqrt{2}t+1|) + C = \\ &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\ln|\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{2-x}} - 1| - \ln|\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{2-x}} + 1|) + C \end{split}$$
 Other: 
$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\ln|\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{2-x}} - 1| - \ln|\sqrt{2}\sqrt{\frac{x+1}{2-x}} + 1|) + C$$

# Задача 35

$$\int \sin^8 x \, dx$$

$$\int \sin^{2n} x \, dx = \begin{bmatrix} u = \sin^{2n-1} x, \, du = (2n-1)\sin^{2n-2} x \cos x \, dx \\ dv = \sin x dx, \, v = \int dv = \int \sin x \, dx = -\cos x \end{bmatrix} = \int u \, dv = uv - \int v \, du = -\cos x \sin^{2n-1} x + (2n-1) \int \sin^{2n-2} x \cos^2 x \, dx = -\cos x \sin^{2n-1} x - (2n-1) \int \sin^{2n-2} x (1 - \sin^2 x) \, dx = -\cos x \sin^{2n-1} x + (2n-1) \int \sin^{2n-2} x \, dx - (2n-1) \int \sin^{2n} x \, dx$$

$$2n\int\sin^{2n}x\,dx = -\cos x\sin^{2n-1}x + (2n-1)\int\sin^{2n-2}x\,dx$$
 
$$\int\sin^{2n}x\,dx = -\frac{1}{2n}\cos x\sin^{2n-1}x + \frac{(2n-1)}{2n}\int\sin^{2n-2}x\,dx$$
 
$$\int\sin^{8}x\,dx = -\frac{1}{8}\cos x\sin^{7}x + \frac{7}{8}\int\sin^{6}x\,dx = -\frac{1}{8}\cos x\sin^{7}x - \frac{7}{48}\cos x\sin^{5}x + \frac{35}{48}\int\sin^{4}x\,dx = -\frac{1}{8}\cos x\sin^{7}x - \frac{7}{48}\cos x\sin^{5}x - \frac{35}{192}\cos x\sin^{3}x + \frac{105}{192}\int\sin^{2}x\,dx = -\frac{1}{8}\cos x\sin^{7}x - \frac{7}{48}\cos x\sin^{5}x - \frac{35}{192}\cos x\sin^{3}x - \frac{105}{384}\cos x\sin x + \frac{105}{384}\int\,dx = -\frac{1}{8}\cos x\sin^{7}x - \frac{7}{48}\cos x\sin^{5}x - \frac{35}{192}\cos x\sin^{3}x - \frac{105}{384}\cos x\sin x + \frac{105}{384}\int\,dx = -\frac{1}{8}\cos x\sin^{7}x - \frac{7}{48}\cos x\sin^{5}x - \frac{35}{192}\cos x\sin^{5}x - \frac{35}{192}\cos x\sin^{5}x - \frac{105}{384}\cos x\sin x + \frac{105}{384}\cos x\sin^{7}x - \frac{7}{48}\cos x\sin^{5}x - \frac{35}{192}\cos x\sin^{5}x - \frac{105}{384}\cos x\sin x + \frac{105}{384}\cos x\sin^{7}x - \frac{7}{48}\cos x\sin^{5}x - \frac{35}{192}\cos x\sin^{3}x - \frac{105}{384}\cos x\sin x + \frac{105}{384}x + C$$

### Задача 36

$$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{x}(x-1)} = \begin{bmatrix} t = \sqrt{x} \\ x = t^2 \\ dx = 2t \, dt \end{bmatrix} = \int \frac{2t}{t(t^2-1)} \, dt = 2 \int \frac{dt}{(t-1)(t+1)} = \int \frac{dt}{t-1} - \int \frac{dt}{t+1} = \begin{bmatrix} y = t-1 & z = t+1 \\ dy = dt & dz = dt \end{bmatrix} = \int \frac{dy}{y} - \int \frac{dz}{z} = \ln|y| - \ln|z| + C = \ln|\frac{y}{z}| + C = \ln|\frac{t+1}{t-1}| + C = \ln|\frac{\sqrt{x}-1}{\sqrt{x}+1}| + C$$

Otbet:  $\ln |\frac{\sqrt{x}-1}{\sqrt{x}+1}| + C$