

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and the integrity and objectivity of these statements are management's responsibility. Management is also responsible for all of the notes to the financial statements, and for ensuring that this information is consistent, where appropriate, with the information contained in the financial statements. A summary of the significant accounting policies are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. The preparation of financial statements necessarily involves the use of estimates based on management's judgment, particularly when transactions affecting the current accounting period cannot be finalized with certainty until future periods.

Management is also responsible for implementing and maintaining a system of internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that reliable financial information is produced. The internal controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance that assets are safeguarded, transactions are properly authorized and recorded in compliance with legislative and regulatory requirements, and reliable financial information is available on a timely basis for preparation of the financial statements.

The Council is responsible for ensuring that management fulfills its responsibilities for financial reporting and internal control, and exercises these responsibilities through the Council. The Council reviews internal financial statements on a monthly basis and external audited financial statements yearly. The Council also discusses any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to its approval of the financial statements.

The external auditors, Manning Elliott LLP, conduct an independent examination, in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, and express their opinion on the financial statements. The external auditors have full and free access to the financial management of the Yakweakwioose First Nation and we meet when required. The accompanying Independent Auditors' Report re-iterates management's responsibility for the financial statements, outlines the auditors' responsibilities, the scope of their examination and their opinion on the financial statements.

On behalf of the Yakweakwioose First Nation:

Chilliwack, BC





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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of Yakweakwioose First Nation

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Yakweakwioose First Nation (the First Nation), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2020, and the consolidated statements of operations, changes in accumulated surplus, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the First Nation as at March 31, 2020, and the consolidated results of its operations and consolidated cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS).

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the First Nation in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with PSAS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the First Nation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the First Nation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the First Nation's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the First Nation's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the First Nation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the First Nation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Manning Elliott LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

Manning Elliott LLP

Abbotsford, British Columbia

October 7, 2020

YAKWEAKWIOOSE FIRST NATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT MARCH 31, 2020

\$	9,368,	095	\$	6,442,683
	112,	680		140,839
		428		254
	130,	958		127,495
	2,710,	431		2,738,172
	12,322,	592		9,449,443
	108	967		76,825
				15,000
				211,551
	017,	009		211,001
	939	037		303,376
	11,383	555		9,146,067
	3,555	,568		2,859,426
	327	,684		19,468
	3,883	,252		2,878,894
\$	15,266	,807	\$	12,024,961
lys	3			_ Councillor Councillor
		112, 130, 2,710, 12,322, 108, 12, 817, 939, 11,383, 3,555, 327, 3,883	\$ 9,368,095 112,680 428 130,958 2,710,431 12,322,592 108,867 12,511 817,659 939,037 11,383,555 3,555,568 327,684 3,883,252 \$ 15,266,807	112,680 428 130,958 2,710,431 12,322,592 108,867 12,511 817,659 939,037 11,383,555 3,555,568 327,684 3,883,252

YAKWEAKWIOOSE FIRST NATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND ACCUMULATED SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

		Budget		2020		2019
REVENUE						
Federal Government						
Indigenous Services Canada	\$	141,110	\$	249,830	\$	260,546
Ottawa Trust Revenue	•	-	•	174	•	170
Investment income		-		193,789		157,306
Sto:lo Nation - Brighter futures		6,300		6,294		5,521
First Nations Education Steering Committee		-		10,689		3,383
Other		55,830		57,837		55,782
Sto:lo Nation - HRDC		_		28,798		23,565
Sto:lo Nation - Nations Rebuilding		-		30,388		_
First Nations Gaming Revenue Sharing LP		248,307		248,307		_
University of the Fraser Valley		-		16,920		-
Rental revenue		32,125		32,125		-
Interest income		125,000		123,204		16,866
Income from CFB lands claim						
settlement (Note 10)		3,060,000		2,840,414		6,670,121
		3,668,672		3,838,769		7,193,260
EVDENICES (Note 44)						
EXPENSES (Note 11)		631,630		532,762		363,362
Community operations Tangible capital assets		031,030		64,161		50,765
Tangible capital assets				04,101		30,703
		631,630		596,923		414,127
EVOLUE OF DEVENUE OVED EXPENSES FOR						
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR		3,037,042		3,241,846		6,779,133
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR		12,024,961		12,024,961		5,245,828
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$	15,062,003	\$	15,266,807	\$	12,024,961

YAKWEAKWIOOSE FIRST NATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

	2020		2019
EXCESS OF REVENUE OVER EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR	\$ 3,241,846	\$	6,779,133
Purchase of tangible capital assets Amortization on tangible capital assets	(760,304) 64,161	<u> </u>	(948,471) 50,765
	(696,143)		(897,706)
Purchase of prepaid expenses and deposits Use of prepaids expenses and deposits	(327,683) 19,468		(19,468) -
	(1,004,358)		(917,174)
CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	2,237,488		5,861,959
BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	9,146,067		3,284,108
BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 11,383,555	\$	9,146,067

YAKWEAKWIOOSE FIRST NATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

		2020		2019
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			_	
Excess of revenue over expenses for the year	\$	3,241,846	\$	6,779,133
Item not affecting cash: Amortization of tangible capital assets		64,161		50,765
Amortization of tangible capital assets		04,101		50,765
		3,306,007		6,829,898
Changes in non-cash working capital:				
Accounts receivable		28,159		(66,045)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		32,042		22,695
Deferred revenue		(2,489)		15,000
Prepaid expenses and deposits		(308,216)		(19,468)
		(250,504)		(47,818)
		3,055,503		6,782,080
CAPITAL AND INVESTING TRANSACTIONS				
Purchase of tangible capital assets		(760,304)		(948,471)
Change in government business enterprises and partnerships		24,278		(157,306)
		(736,026)		(1,105,777)
		(100,020)		(1,100,111)
OTHER FINANCING ACTIVITIES		000 100		044 554
Proceeds from long term debt		606,109		211,551
INCREASE IN CASH AND EQUIVALENTS DURING THE YEAR		2,925,586		5,887,854
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR		6,442,937		555,083
CASH AND EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$	9,368,523	\$	6,442,937
		0,000,020		0, : :=,00:
CASH CONSISTS OF THE FOLLOWING:				
Cash	\$	9,368,095	\$	6,442,683
Trust funds held by Federal Government		428		254
	Ф.	0.260.522	ф	6 442 027
	Ф	9,368,523	\$	6,442,937

NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Yakweakwioose First Nation (the "First Nation") is located in the province of British Columbia and provides various services to its members. The First Nation is a member government of the Sto:lo Nation. Yakweakwioose First Nation includes it's members, government and all related entities that are accountable to the First Nation and are either owned or controlled by the First Nation.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These consolidated consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS) prescribed for governments as recommended by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Canadian Chartered Professional Accountants. Significant aspects of the accounting policies adopted by the First Nation are as as follows:

(a) Reporting entity

The consolidated financial statements reflect the assets, liabilities, revenue, expenses and accumulated surplus of the reporting entity. The reporting entity is comprised of all organizations, committees and departments accountable for the administration of their financial affairs and resources to the First Nation which are owned or controlled by the First Nation.

(b) Principles of consolidation

All controlled entities are fully consolidated on a line-by-line basis except for the commercial enterprises which meet the definition of government business enterprise, which are included in the consolidated financial statements on a modified equity basis. Inter-organizational balances and transactions are eliminated upon consolidation.

Under the modified equity method of accounting, only the First Nation's investment in the government business enterprise and the enterprise's net income and other changes in equity are recorded. No adjustment is made for accounting policies of the enterprise that are different from those of the Band.

Organizations accounted for on a modified equity basis include:

- Ch-ihl-kway-uhk Tribe Society
- Ch-ihl-kway-uhk Forestry Limited Partnership
- Ch-ihl-kway-uhk Forestry Ltd.
- Centre Creek Limited Partnership
- Centre Creek Management Ltd.
- Seven Generations Environmental Services Ltd.
- Ts'elxwevegw Tribe Management Ltd.
- Ts'elxweyeqw Tribe Limited Partnership

(c) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, balances with banks net of bank overdrafts which are held for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(d) Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are initially stated at cost, which includes amounts that are directly related to the acquisition, design, construction, development, improvement or betterment of the assets. Cost includes overhead directly attributable to construction and development, as well as interest costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of the asset. The cost, less residual value, of the tangible capital assets are recognized at a nominal value. Infrastructure assets acquired prior to 1996 are the only assets where nominal values were assigned.

Tangible capital assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis at the following rates:

Housing and buildings 40 years
Automotive and tractors 10 years
Office equipment 10 years
Sewer system 50 years

(e) Revenue recognition

Revenues are recognized in the period in which the transactions or events occurred that gave rise to the revenues. All revenues are recorded on an accrual basis, except when the accruals cannot be determined with a reasonable degree of certainty or when their estimation is impracticable.

Government transfers are recognized as revenues when the transfer is authorized and any eligibility criteria are met, except to the extent that transfer stipulations give rise to an obligation that meets the definition of a liability. Transfers are recognized as deferred revenue when transfer stipulations give rise to a liability. Transfer revenue is recognized in the statement of operations as the stipulation liabilities are settled.

Investment and interest income earned are recognized in the period the income is earned.

Contracting and grant revenues are recognized as they become receivable under the terms of applicable agreements.

Revenues received which relate to a subsequent fiscal period are reflected as deferred revenue in the year of receipt and classified as such in the statement of financial position.

(f) Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Such estimates are periodically reviewed and any adjustments necessary are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

(g) Asset classification

Assets are classified as either financial or non-financial. Financial assets are assets that could be used to discharge existing liabilities or financial future operations. Non-financial assets are acquired, constructed or developed assets that do not provide resources to discharge existing liabilities but are employed to deliver government services, may be consumed in normal operations and are not for resale. Non-financial assets include tangible capital assets and prepaid expenses.

(h) Net financial assets

The First Nationd's financial statements are presented to highlight net financial assets as the measurement of financial position. The net financial assets of the Band is determined by its financial assets less its liabilities. Net financial assets are comprised of two components, non-financial assets and accumulated surplus.

(i) Financial instruments

The First Nation's financial instruments consist of cash, receivables, payables, and long term debt. Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the First Nation is not exposed to significant interest, currency or credit risk arising from these financial instruments. The fair value of the instruments approximate their carrying values, unless otherwise noted.

2. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	2020	2019
Accounts receivable consists of the following:		
Due from members: Member loans	\$ -	\$ 3,700
Due from others:		
Other First Nation Organizations	3,777	114,523
Others	183	1,286
First Nations Health Authority	-	15,290
Indigenous Services Canada	108,720	6,040
	112,680	137,139
Total accounts receivable	\$ 112,680	\$ 140,839

TRUST FUNDS HELD BY FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

	2019	Additions	Wi	thdrawals	2020
Revenue fund	\$ 170	\$ 174	\$	-	\$ 344
Capital fund	84	-		-	84
	\$ 254	\$ 174	\$	-	\$ 428

The trust funds arise from monies derived from capital or revenue sources as outlined in Section 62 of the Indian Act. These funds are held in trust in the Consolidated Revenue Fund of the Government of Canada. The management of these funds is primarily governed by Sections 63 to 69 of the Indian Act.

4. INVESTMENT IN GOVERNMENT BUSINESS ENTERPRISES

Yakweakwioose First Nation's investments in government business enterprises consist of the following:

		2020		2019
Ch-ihl-kway-uhk Tribe Society	•	00.000	•	04.000
1/9 ownership	\$	69,900	\$	64,888
Ts'elxweyeqw Tribe Management Ltd. 1/7 ownership		1		1
Ch-ihl-kway-uhk Forest Ltd. 1/8				
ownership		10		10
Ch-ihl-kway-uhk Forest Ltd shares 1/8 ownership		5,749		5,749
Centre Creek Management Ltd.		0,7 40		0,7 10
1/8 ownership		10		10
Seven Generations Environmental Services Ltd. 1/6				
ownership		55,288		56,837
	\$	130,958	\$	127,495

Ch-ihl-kway-uhk Tribe Society operates property rental and management activities.

Ts'elxweyeqw Tribe Management Limited is the general partner for Ts'elxweyeqw Tribe Limited Partnership and Ts'elxweyeqw Forestry Limited Partnership. Its financial information is consolidated into the financial information for Ts'elxweyeqw Tribe Limited Partnership in Note 5.

Ch-ihl-kway-uhk Forestry Ltd. is the general partner for Ch-ihl-kway-uhk Forestry Limited Partnership. Its financial information is consolidated into the financial information for Ch-ihl-kway-uhk Forestry Limited Partnership in Note 5.

Centre Creek Management Ltd. is the general partner for Centre Creek Limited Partnership. Its financial information is consolidated into the financial information for Centre Creek Limited Partnership in Note 5.

Seven Generations Environmental Services Ltd. is in the business of environmental monitoring.

4. INVESTMENT IN GOVERNMENT BUSINESS ENTERPRISES (Continued)

The summary of the unaudited financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020 is as follows:

				Seven				
Generations								
	Ch-	ihl-kway-uhk	(Er	nvironmenta				
	Tr	ibe Society	I S	Services Ltd.		2020		2019
Current assets	\$	407,234	\$	418,791	\$	826,025	\$	728,284
Capital assets		57		19,072		19,129		25,175
Due from related party		302,997		=		302,997		273,997
Total assets	\$	710,288	\$	437,863	\$	1,148,151	\$	1,027,456
Current liabilities	\$	81,188	\$	106,134	\$	187,322	\$	102,438
Due to shareholders		-		353,258		353,258		353,258
Total liabilities		81,188		459,392		540,580		455,696
Equity		629,100		(21,529)		607,571		571,760
Total liabilities and equity	\$	710,288	\$	437,863	\$	1,148,151	\$	1,027,456
Revenue	\$	69,410	\$	367,781	\$	437,191	\$	714,557
Expenses		24,302		377,077		401,379		673,754
Net income	\$	45,108	\$	(9,296)	\$	35,812	\$	40,803

5. INVESTMENT IN GOVERNMENT BUSINESS PARTNERSHIPS

		2020		2019
Ch-ihl-kway-uhk Forestry Limited Partnership	•	400	•	
11/89 ownership	\$	126,792	\$	89,326
Centre Creek Limited Partnership 1/9 ownership		164,967		163,858
Ts'elxweyeqx Tribe Limited Partnership				
10/71 ownership		2,418,672		2,484,988
	\$	2,710,431	\$	2,738,172

Ch-ihl-Kway-Uhk Forestry Limited Partnership is in the business of developing, operating and participating in various forestry operations and activities in and around Chilliwack, B.C.

Centre Creek Partnership is in the business of purchasing or otherwise acquiring real and personal property of all kinds located in the Chilliwack River Valley. The partnership is also responsible for managing the acquired properties.

Ts'elxweyeqx Tribe Limited Partnership (TTLP) is in the business of managing the activities of Ts'elxweyeqx Forestry Limited Partnership to ensure the protection of the tribe's interests and heritage.

During the year, the TTM and TTLP changed their year ends from March to December. The operating results include the nine months ended December 31, 2019.

5. INVESTMENT IN GOVERNMENT BUSINESS PARTNERSHIPS (Continued)

The summary of the unaudited financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020 is as follows:

	ch-ihl-kway- uhk onsolidated)	_	entre Creek onsolidated)	s'elxweyeqx Tribe consolidated)	2020	2019
Current assets Capital assets Due from related	\$ 1,137,988	\$	26,979 2,336,554	\$ 15,274,047 51,782	\$ 16,439,014 2,388,336	\$ 17,267,997 2,365,744
parties	55,375			1,338,351	1,393,726	1,350,852
Total assets	\$ 1,193,363	\$	2,363,533	\$ 16,664,180	\$ 20,221,076	\$ 20,984,593
Current liabilities Due to related	\$ 68,177	\$	235,977	\$ 450,150	\$ 754,304	\$ 483,254
parties	-		704,804	-	704,804	1,500,432
Total liabilities	68,177		940,781	450,150	1,459,108	1,983,686
Equity	1,125,186		1,422,752	16,214,030	18,761,968	19,000,907
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 1,193,363	\$	2,363,533	\$ 16,664,180	\$ 20,221,076	\$ 20,984,593
Revenue	\$ 630,502	\$	114,000	\$ 2,474,434	\$ 3,218,936	\$ 2,561,552
Expenses	323,961		103,919	1,502,461	1,930,341	1,480,787
	\$ 306,541	\$	10,081	\$ 971,973	\$ 1,288,595	\$ 1,080,765

6. BANK INDEBTEDNESS

The First Nation has available a line of credit with the Royal Bank of Canada to a maximum of \$150,000 bearing interest at the bank's prime rate plus 0.50% per annum. As at March 31, 2020, the First Nation had not drawn on this credit facility.

7. LONG TERM DEBT

	2020	2019
All Nations Trust Company, payable in blended monthly payments of \$4,028 at 0.98% per annum, maturing April 1, 2045, secured by a Ministerial Guarantee from Indigenous Services Canada	\$ 817.659	\$ 211.551
	 ,	

Subsequent to year end, the First Nation received the remaining loan proceeds of \$244,486 from All Nations Trust Company amounting to total long term debt of \$1,062,145.

Anticipated annual principal repayments over the next five years and thereafter are as follows:

2021	\$	34,908
	Ψ	,
2022		38,440
2023		38,819
2024		39,201
2025		39,587
Thereafter		871,190
	\$	1,062,145

8. TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS

		Cost		Accumulated amortization		2020 Net book value	2019 Net book value		
Buildings	\$	434,802	\$	676	\$	434,126	\$	24,104	
Housing	•	1,519,879	•	246,249	-	1,273,630	•	934,281	
Office equipment		6,679		1,303		5,376		2,873	
Tractors, vans, & mowers		204,195		48,778		155,417		174,448	
Sewer system		1,835,061		148,042		1,687,019		1,723,720	
	\$	4,000,616	\$	445,048	\$	3,555,568	\$	2,859,426	

PREPAID EXPENSES AND DEPOSITS

Prepaid expenses	\$ 27,684	\$ 19,468
Deposits on purchase of land	300,000	
	\$ 327,684	\$ 19,468

During the year, the First Nation purchased 3 lots located on the First Nation's reserve land. The purchase contracts have certain terms and conditions to be prior to closing. As at March 31, 2020, these terms and conditions have not been completed.

10. SETTLEMENT TRUST FUNDS

During 2015, the Band reached a settlement with the Federal Government related to lands in Chilliwack under claim by Skowkale and two other First Nations. The settlement required the Federal Government to provide joint lands to the three First Nations as well as a cash settlement, which is intended to cover the legal costs incurred as well as compensation.

During the fiscal year, the Band sold land for proceeds of \$2,840,414 (2019- \$6,670,121). These funds have been internally restricted for the Band's tangible capital asset replacement reserve.

The remaining cash settlement is being held in trust for the benefit of the three First Nations.

11. EXPENSE BY OBJECT

	2020			2019		
Amortization on tangible capital assets	\$	64,161	\$	50,765		
Band distribution		75,000		80,000		
Donations		31,137		17,415		
Insurance		34,558		15,601		
Interest and bank charges		18,799		1,967		
Maintenance		87,628		50,132		
Office and miscellaneous		14,602		6,324		
Other operating expenses		12,386		14,246		
Professional fees		26,016		46,978		
Telephone		7,960		659		
Travel expenses		49,567		47,252		
Utilities		5,397		2,857		
Wages and benefits		169,712		79,931		
	\$	596,923	\$	414,127		

12. COVID RISK

The COVID-19 pandemic is causing significant financial and social dislocation. The situation is dynamic with various cities and countries around the world responding in different ways to address the outbreak. The First Nation continues to monitor and assess the impact COVID-19 will have on its business activities. The extent of the effect of the COVID-19 pandemic on the First Nation is uncertain.

13. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Some of the comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation. This reclassification had no impact on previously stated total financial assets, total non-financial assets, total liabilities, accumulated surplus and annual surplus.

14. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The Yakweakwioose First Nation is a government institution that provides a range of programs and services to its members, including community operations, government business enterprises, capital projects, and tangible capital assets. For management reporting purposes, the First Nation's operations and activities are organized and reported by fund. Funds were created for the purpose of recording specific activities to attain certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions or limitations.

First Nation services are provided for departments and their activities are reported in these funds. Certain departments have been separately disclosed in the segmented information.

(continues)

14. SEGMENTED INFORMATION CONT'D

	Community Operations		Government Business Enterprises		Capital Projects		Tangible Capital Asset Fund		<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Revenue										
Federal Government	\$ 149,638	\$	-	\$	100,366	\$	-	\$	250,004	\$ 260,546
Provincial Government	-		-		-		-		-	-
Other	 554,562		193,789				2,840,414		3,588,765	 6,932,714
	 704,200		193,789		100,366		2,840,414		3,838,769	 7,193,260
Expenditures										
Amortization	-		-		-		64,161		64,161	50,765
Other operating	363,050		-		-		-		363,050	283,431
Wages and benefits	 169,712				-		-		169,712	 79,931
	 532,762						64,161		596,923	 414,127
Annual Surplus (Deficit)	171,438		193,789		100,366		2,776,253		3,241,846	6,779,133
Transfer between funds Surplus, Beginning of year	 (216,478)		3,512,654		1,823,767		6,905,018		12,024,961	 5,245,828
Accumulated Surplus(Deficit), end of year	\$ (45,040)	\$	3,706,443	\$	1,924,133	\$	9,681,271	\$	15,266,807	\$ 12,024,961