



Maintaining Architectural Quality in Software Teams



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 **12 million**
professional software developers

 write
120 billion
lines of code per year

 of which
15%
needs to be changed each year

Is the rapid digitalization of our modern information society **sustainable?**



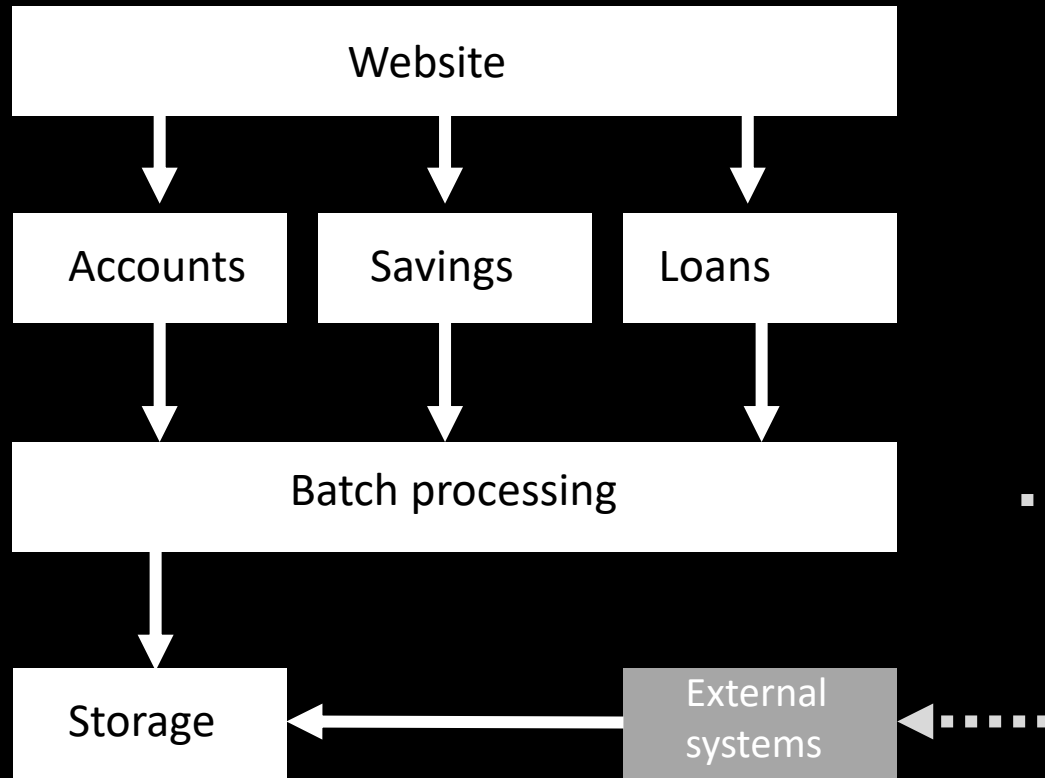
The secret for high quality
software: Listen to your people.

The way you architect your software mirrors the way your organization thinks.

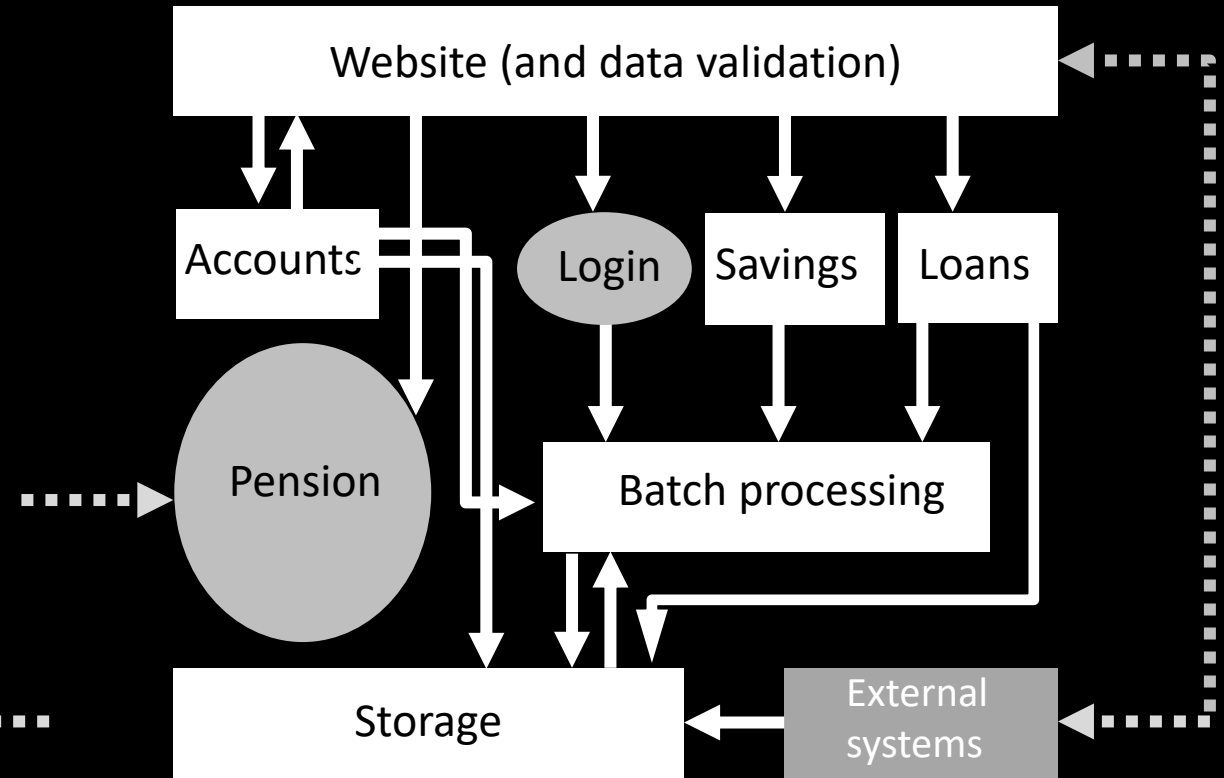


Plan versus Reality

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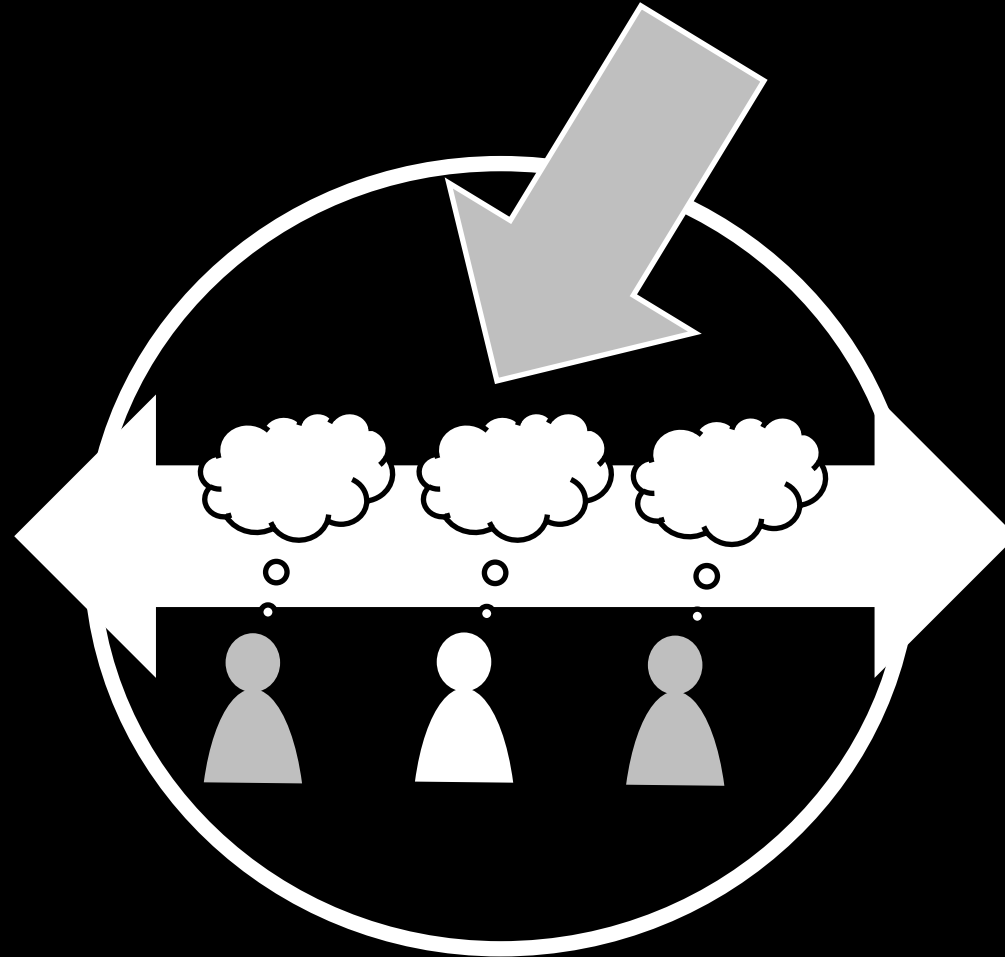
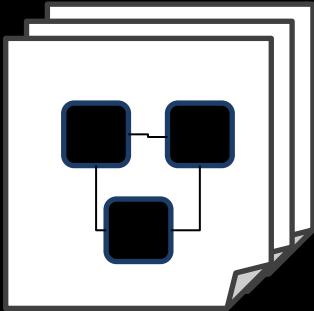
What we want
(or what we designed)



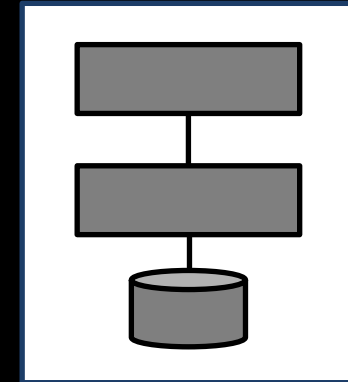
What we ended up with
(or what we implemented)

Where did it go wrong?

*Designed
architecture*



*Implemented
architecture*





The future is all about people.

Top 10 causes of Unhappiness, Categories, and Frequency

CAUSE

Being stuck in problem solving

CATEGORY

Software developer's own being

186

CAUSE

Under performing colleagues

CATEGORY

External Causes -> people -> colleague

71

CAUSE

Bad decision making

CATEGORY

External Causes -> Process

42

CAUSE

Time pressure

CATEGORY

External Causes -> Process

152

CAUSE

Feel inadequate with work

CATEGORY

Software developer's own being

63

CAUSE

Imposed limitation on development

CATEGORY

External Causes -> artifact and working with Artifact -> code and coding

40

CAUSE

Bad code quality and coding practice

CATEGORY

External Causes -> artifact and working with Artifact -> code and coding

107

CAUSE

Mundane or repetitive task

CATEGORY

External Causes -> Process

60

CAUSE

Unexplained broken code

CATEGORY

External Causes -> artifact and working with Artifact -> code and coding

57

CAUSE

Personal issues – Not work related

CATEGORY

Software developer's own being

39

Daniel Graziotin, Fabian Fagerholm, Xiaofeng Wang, and Pekka Abrahamson 2017. On the Unhappiness of Software Developers. In Proceedings of 21st International Conference on Evaluation and Assessment in Software Engineering, Karlskrona, Sweden, June 15–16 2017 (EASE '17)

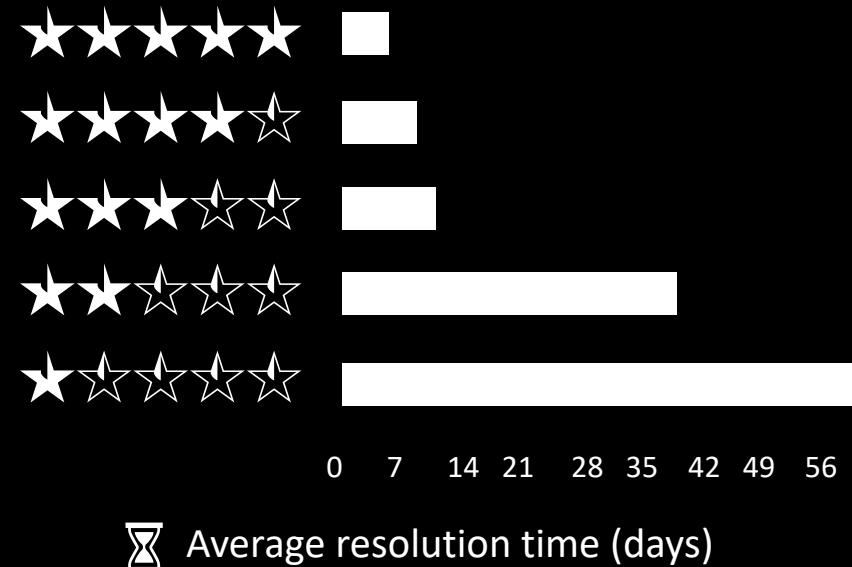
A higher software product quality leads to:

- The faster implementation of improvements and the solution of defects
- The throughput rate improves by factor 3.5 to 4.0 between 2 and 4 stars

Time needed to
implement enhancements



Time needed to fix bugs



Source: "Faster issue resolution with higher technical quality of software", Software Quality Journal, 2011

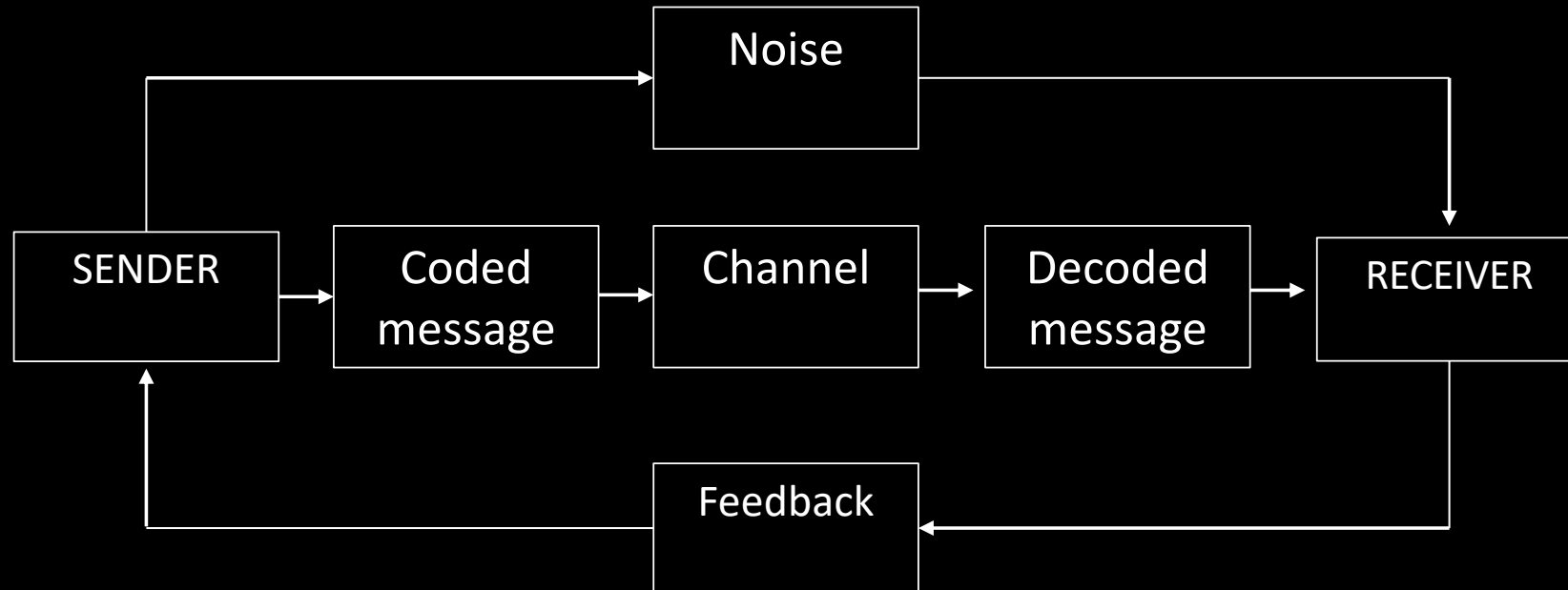


COMMUNICATION

The artifacts of your ideas

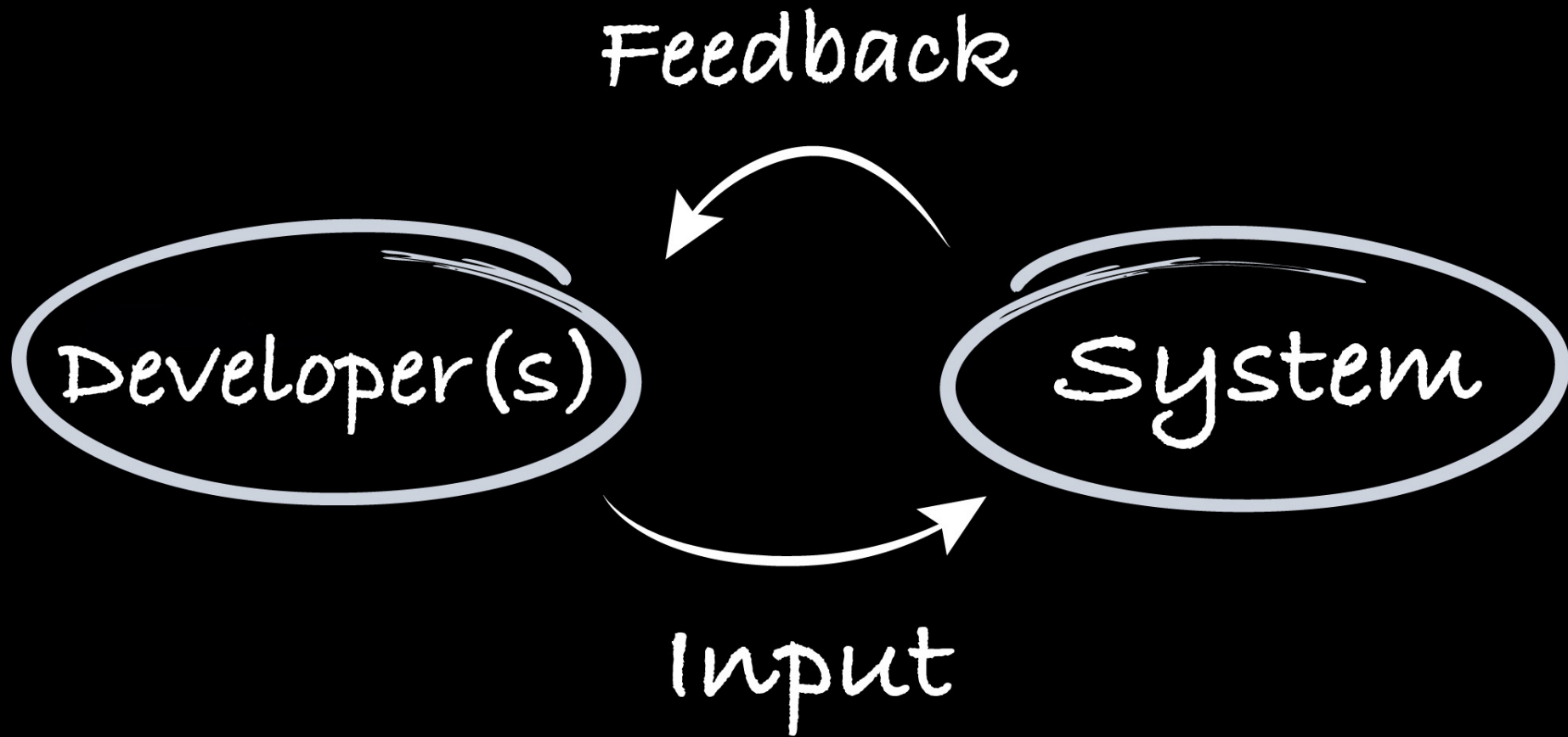
COMMUNICATION

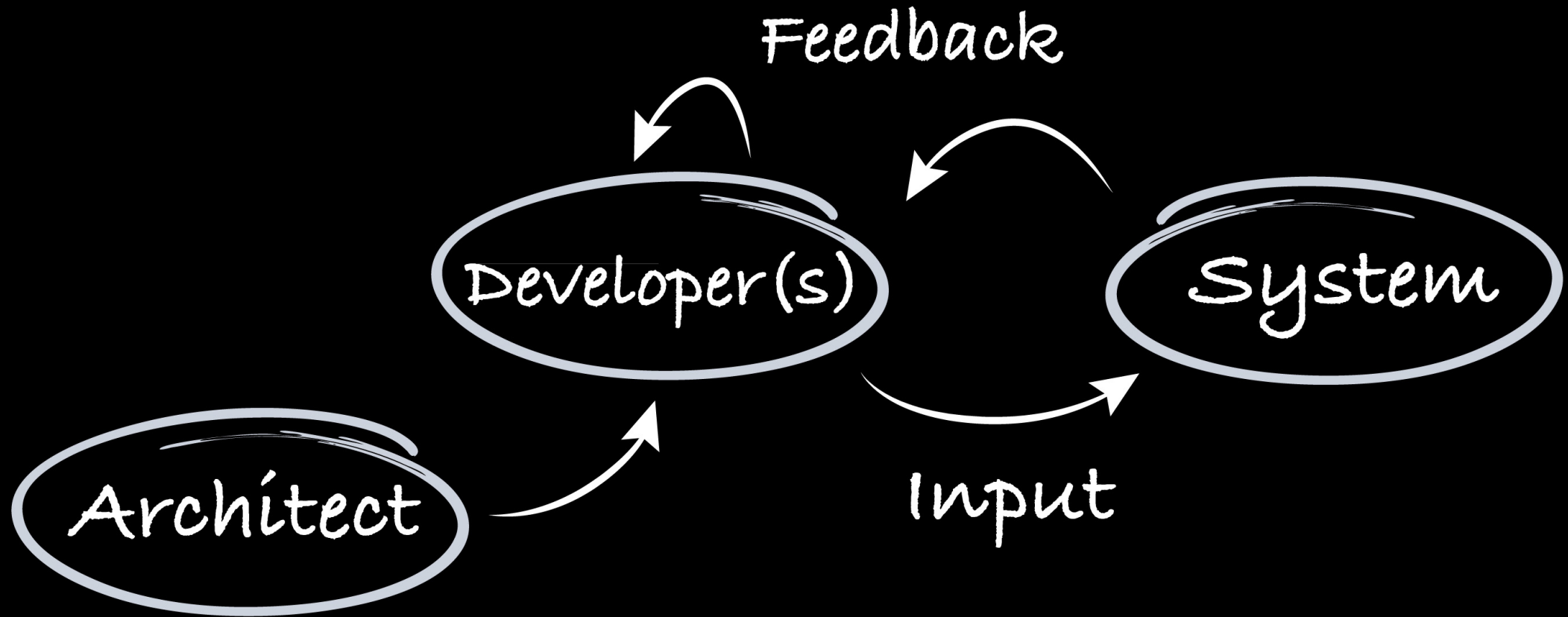
If it goes well...

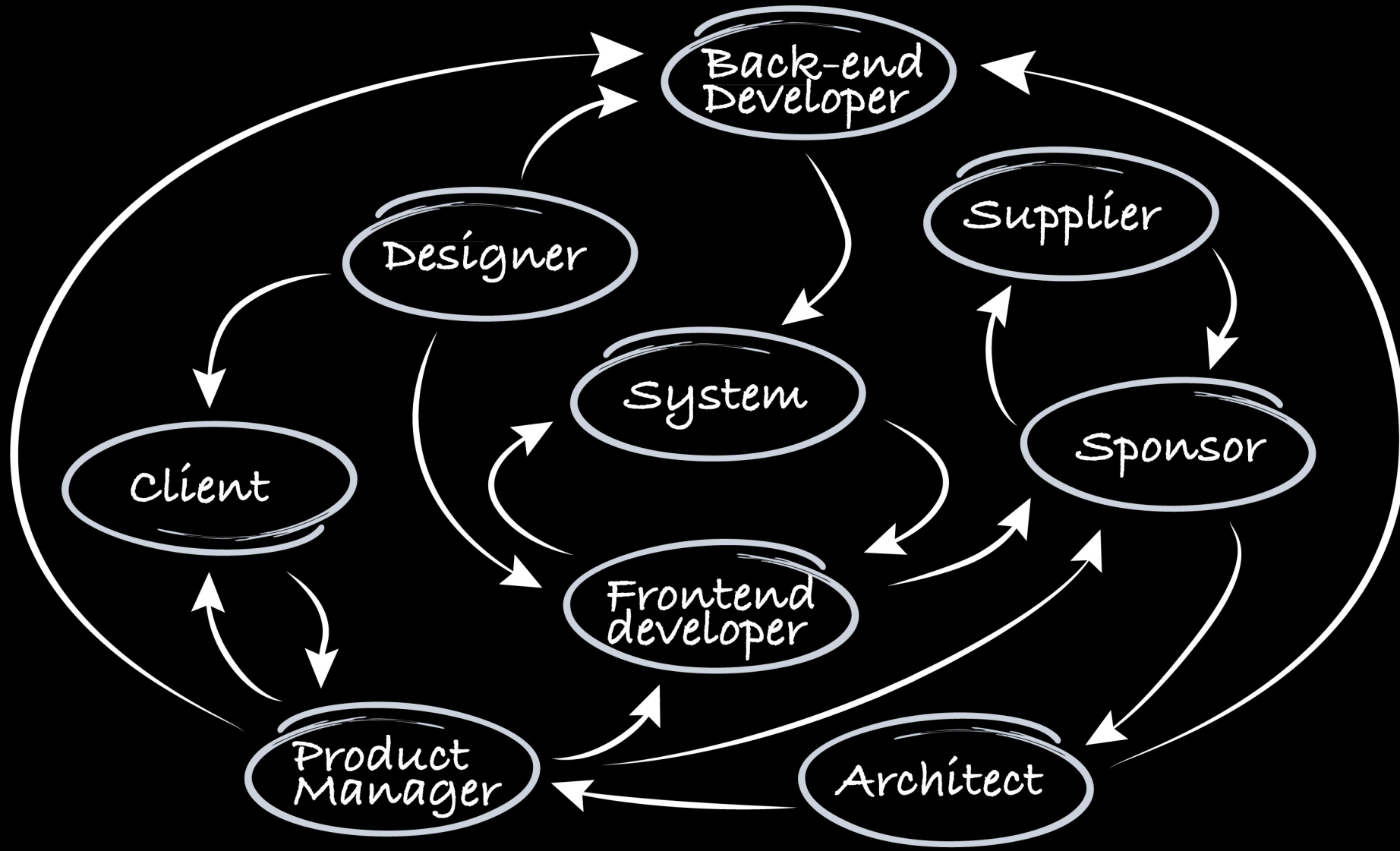




Feedback Loops

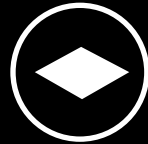




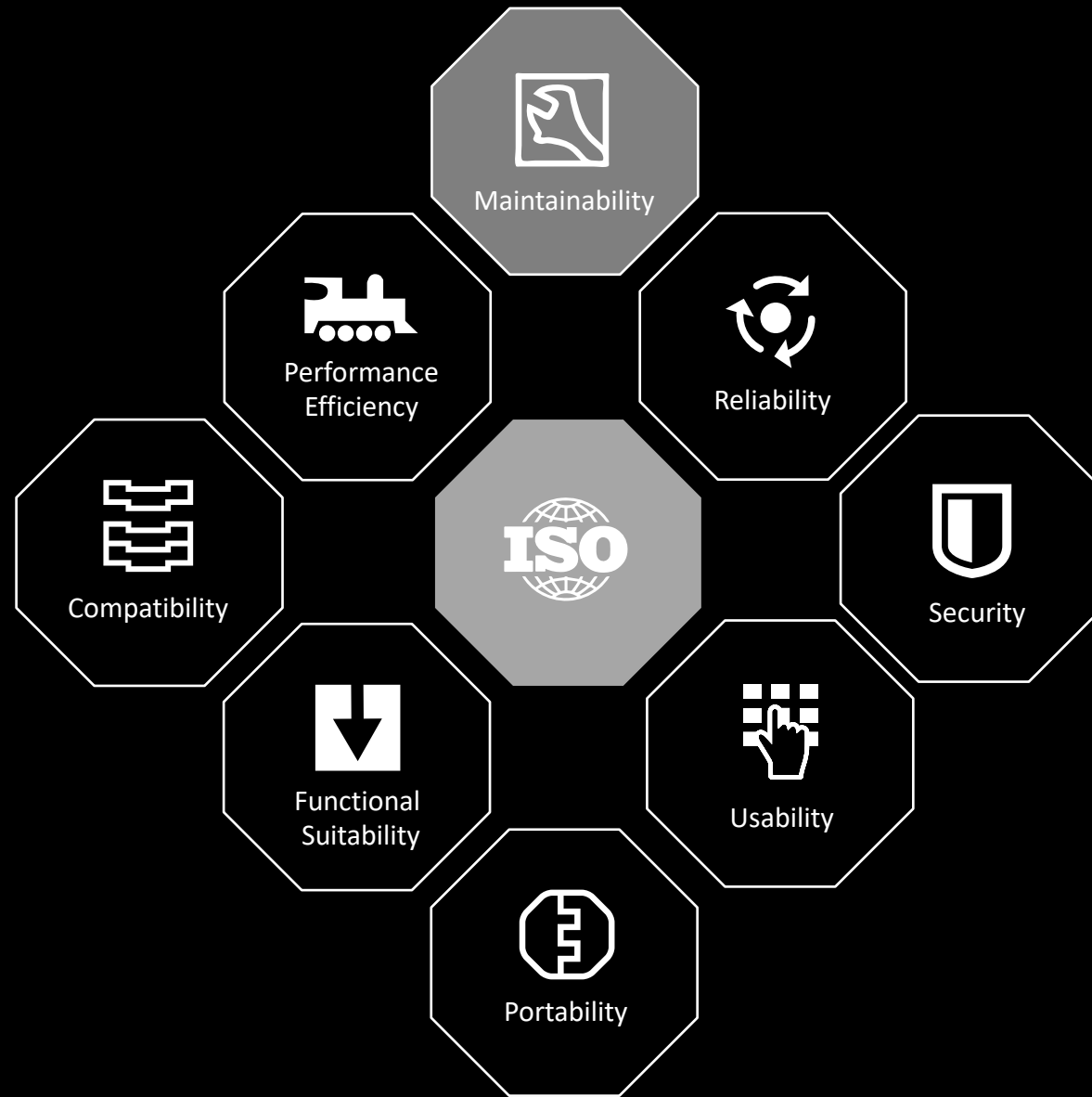




Value Congruence



Non-functionals



Without explicit focus, non-functionals become an afterthought

Ideal approach: continuous understream to ensure non-functionals remain at desired level



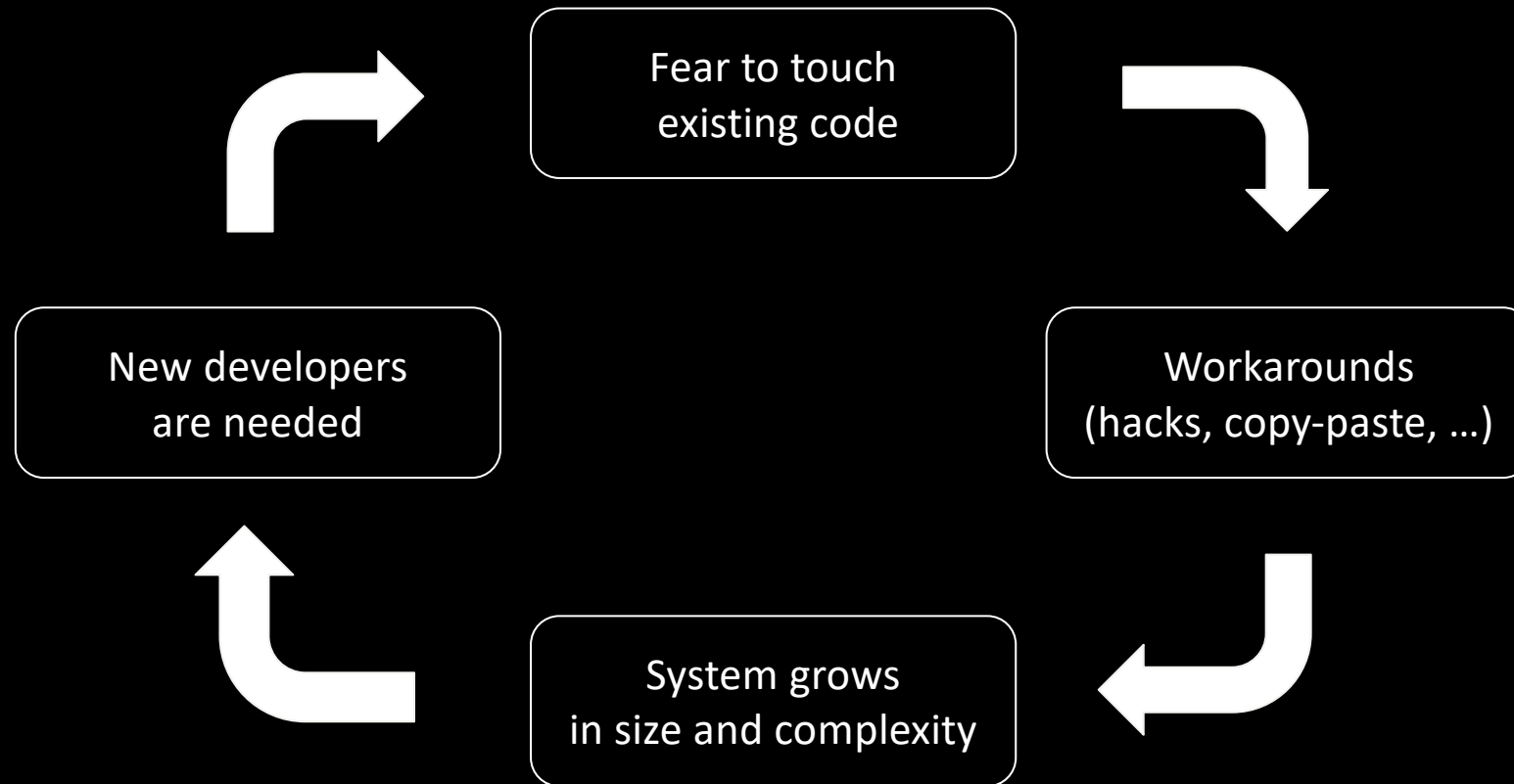
Too much pressure on functionality without focus on non-functionals eventually erodes quality and causes entire iterations dedicated to “restoration”, losing the momentum



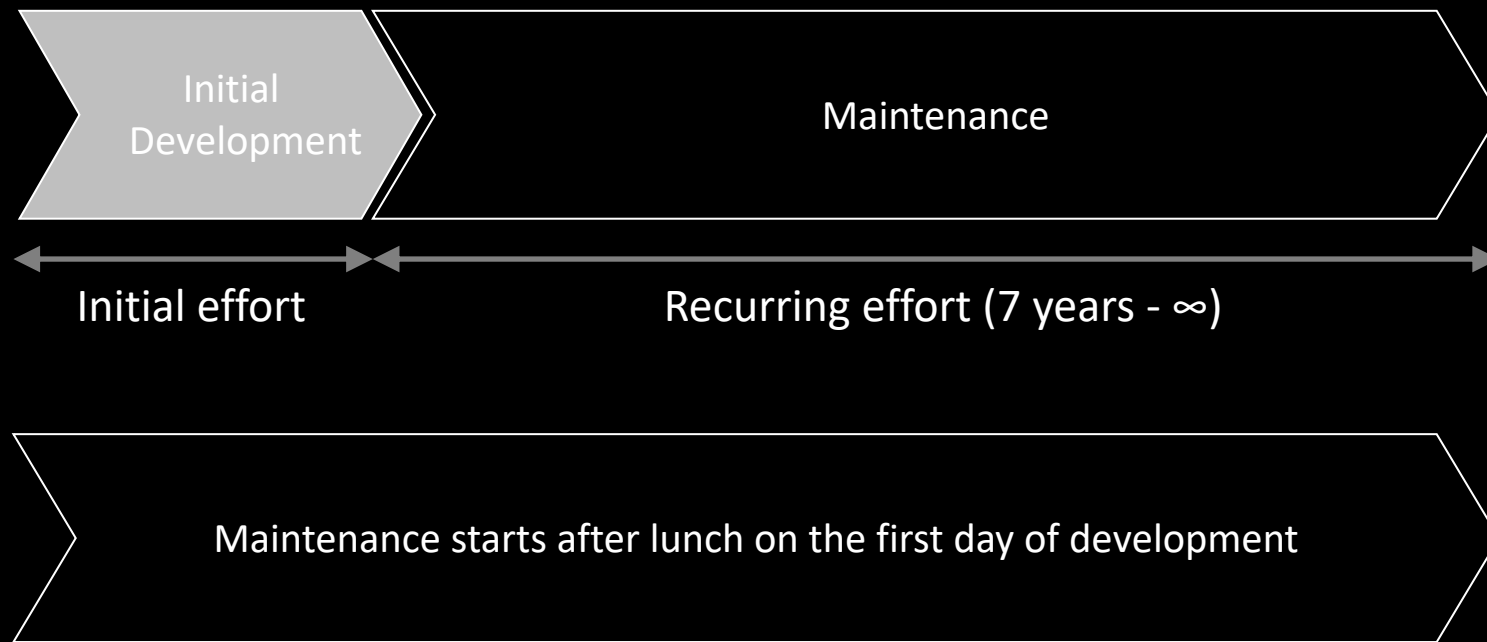


Software Maintainability

The Vicious Cycle of Unsustainable Software Development



Why maintainable software?





How to measure software quality?

Giving feedback on software products: personal versus tool-based

Personal feedback

Specific for your project

More sensitive to context

Concrete suggestions to improve

Tool-based feedback

Faster feedback loop

Allows for scalability by iteration

More objective

**So which one
is better?**

There is a false dichotomy between full automation and human intervention. Successful quality control combines tool-based measurement with manual review and discussion.

Pitfalls in using measurements

One-track metric

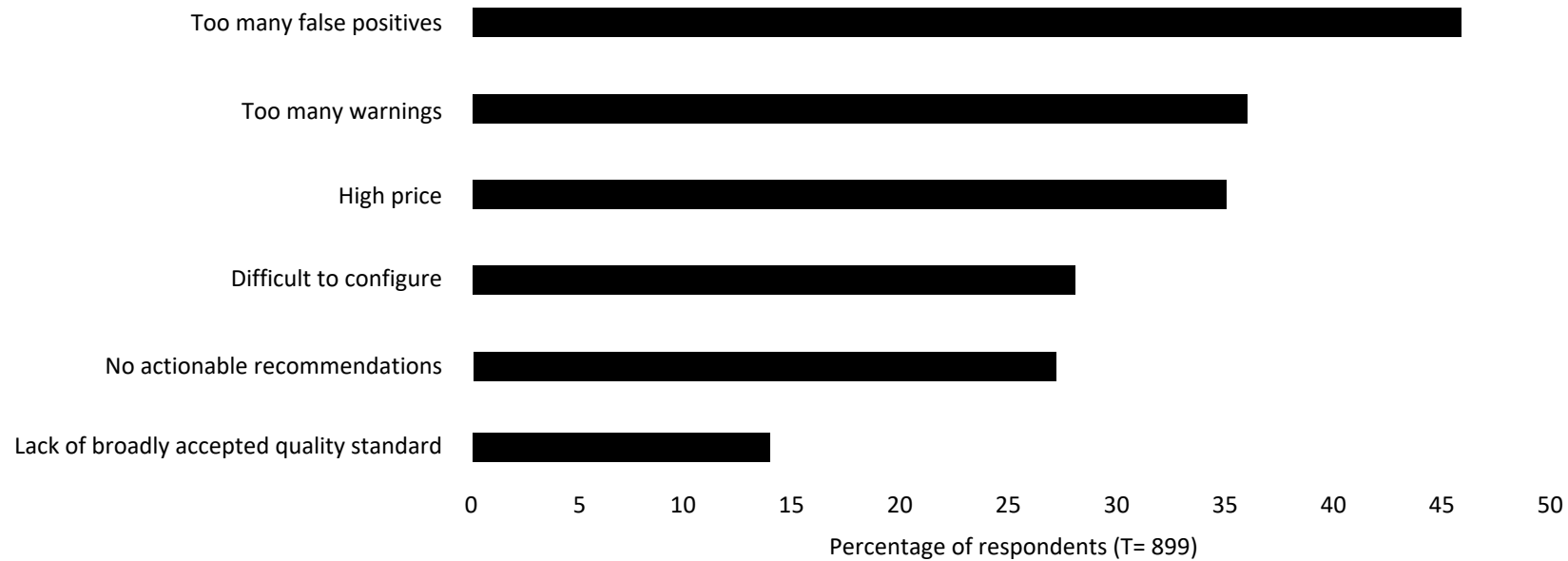
Metrics Galore

Treating the metric

Metric in a bubble

Static code analysis challenges

What are the biggest pitfalls of code quality tools



10 guidelines for future-proof code

Code

Write small units of code

Write simple units of code

Write code once

Keep unit interfaces small

Architecture

Separate concerns in modules

Couple architecture components loosely

Keep architecture components balanced

Keep your codebase small

Way of working

Automate tests

Write clean code

Use measurable standards: make guidelines quantified and actionable

Code

Limit units to 15 lines of code

Limit branch points per unit to 4

Do not copy code longer than 6 lines

Limit parameters per unit to 4

Architecture

Avoid modules larger than 400 lines of code

Hide classes from other components, no cycles

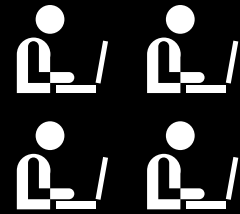
Aim for 6-12 top-level components

Keep codebase below 200,000 lines of code

Way of working

Write automated tests that cover all code

Stick to the seven "boy scout rules"



How to build effective software teams?

10 best practices for effective software development



Derive Metrics from Your Measurement Goals



Use Continuous Integration



Make Definition of Done Explicit



Automate Deployment



Control Code Versions and Development Branches



Standardize the Development Environment



Control Development, Test, Acceptance,
and Production Environments



Manage Usage of Third-Party Code




Automate Tests



Document Just Enough



Better Code Hub




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Software Improvement Group



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