

**Western New England University**  
**College of Engineering**  
**ECE Department**  
**Microwave Engineering**  
**EE 414**  
**Spring 2024**  
**Design Project #6**  
**Due: May 09, 2024**

Name: Nittala Satya Surya Lakshmi Vasuki Siva Srinivas  
#Id – 620094,  
Email – sn620094@wne.edu

References: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

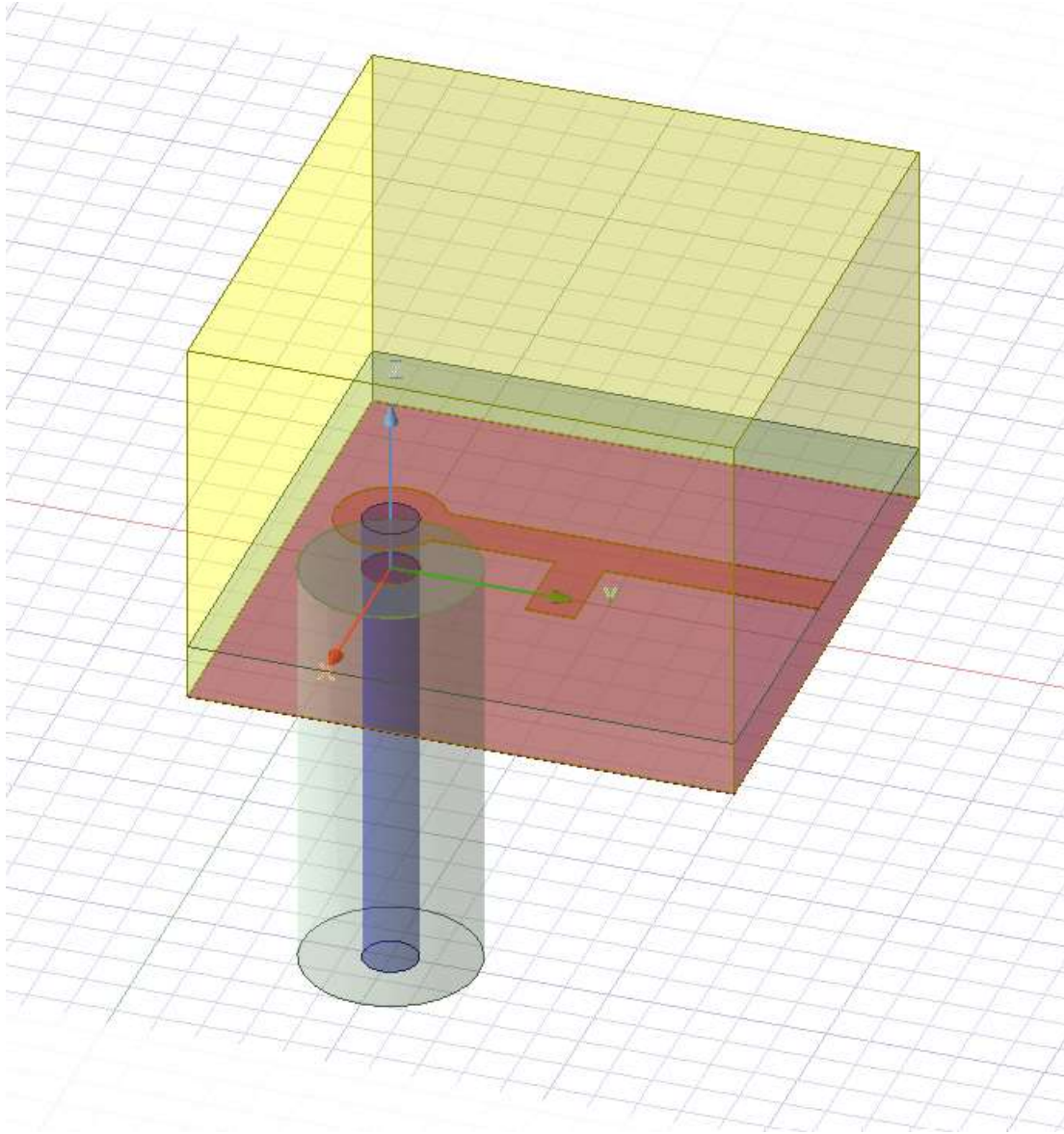
# Design Project #6

Task	Score	Max
1		100
2		200
3		100
4		100
5		100
6		100
7		100
8		200
9		200
Total		1200

Design a transition between a  $50\ \Omega$  microstrip transmission line and a  $50\ \Omega$  coaxial transmission line (SMA connector). The transition should be well matched at 5 GHz ( $|S_{11}| \leq -25\ \text{dB}$ ). Assume that the microstrip transmission lines are to be realized using a 1.27 mm thick Duroid 6010 substrate ( $\epsilon_r = 10.7$ ,  $\tan \delta = 0.0023$ ,  $\sigma_c = 5.8 \times 10^{-7}\ \text{S/m}$ , and  $t = 18\ \mu\text{m}$ ). In addition, assume that the coaxial transmission line is an SMA connector. An SMA connector employs Teflon ( $\epsilon_r = 2.1$ ) as the dielectric, an inner radius of 0.635 mm ( $r_i = 0.635\ \text{mm}$ ), and an outer radius of 2.032 mm ( $r_o = 2.032\ \text{mm}$ ).

1. Employing HFSS, simulate the junction formed by connecting a  $50\ \Omega$  microstrip transmission line and a  $50\ \Omega$  coaxial transmission line (SMA connector). Employ a frequency range of 3 GHz to 7 GHz (25 MHz step size). In addition, assume that the maximum number of passes is 35 and the maximum delta S is 0.001
  - Determine a value for  $S_{11}$  and  $S_{21}$  at a frequency of 5 GHz.
  - Plot  $S_{11}$  on a Smith Chart.
  - Plot  $|S_{11}|$ , in dB, over the range of -40 dB to 0 dB.
  - Plot  $|S_{21}|$ , in dB, over the range of -2 dB to 0 dB.
2. Using the results from Task (1), design an impedance matching network employing a shunt stub to match a  $50\ \Omega$  microstrip transmission line to the  $50\ \Omega$  coaxial transmission line.
3. Convert the matching network employing ideal transmission lines to microstrip transmission lines. In addition, employ a transmission line at each port with an electrical length of  $45^\circ$ . Determine a value for the width, spacing (if appropriate), and length of each transmission line. Add the MTEE\_ADS Element (Libra Microstrip T-Junction) element and the MLEF Element (Microstrip Line Open-End Effect). This version will be called MStrip V1.
4. Using ADS, simulate MStrip V1. Employ a frequency range of 3 GHz to 7 GHz (25 MHz step size).
  - Determine a value for  $S_{11}$  and  $S_{21}$  at a frequency of 5 GHz.
  - Plot  $S_{11}$  on a Smith Chart.
  - Plot  $|S_{11}|$ , in dB, over the range of -40 dB to 0 dB.
  - Plot  $|S_{21}|$ , in dB, over the range of -2 dB to 0 dB.

5. Tune MStrip V1. Determine a value for the width, spacing, and length of each transmission line. Note, set the length of  $d_{p1}$  to a very small value. This version will be called MStrip V2.
  - Determine a value for  $S_{11}$  and  $S_{21}$  at a frequency of 5 GHz.
  - Plot  $S_{11}$  on a Smith Chart.
  - Plot  $|S_{11}|$ , in dB, over the range of -40 dB to 0 dB.
  - Plot  $|S_{21}|$ , in dB, over the range of -2 dB to 0 dB.
6. Set  $d_{p1}$  back to its original value. This version will be called MStrip V3. Using ADS, simulate MStrip V3. Employ a frequency range of 3 GHz to 7 GHz (25 MHz step size)
  - Determine a value for  $S_{11}$  and  $S_{21}$  at a frequency of 5 GHz.
  - Plot  $S_{11}$  on a Smith Chart.
  - Plot  $|S_{11}|$ , in dB, over the range of -40 dB to 0 dB.
  - Plot  $|S_{21}|$ , in dB, over the range of -2 dB to 0 dB.
7. Using HFSS, simulate the matched transition from a  $50\ \Omega$  microstrip transmission line to a  $50\ \Omega$  coaxial transmission line (V3). Employ a frequency range of 3 GHz to 7 GHz (25 MHz step size). De-embed the Port 1 such that length between the stub and the reference plane for Port 1 is  $d_{p1}$ .
  - Determine a value for  $S_{11}$  and  $S_{21}$  at a frequency of 5 GHz.
  - Plot  $S_{11}$  on a Smith Chart.
  - Plot  $|S_{11}|$ , in dB, over the range of -40 dB to 0 dB.
  - Plot  $|S_{21}|$ , in dB, over the range of -2 dB to 0 dB.
8. Summarize the results for the ideal transmission line matching network, the ADS matching network (V3), and the HFSS matching network (V3).
  - On the same graph, plot  $|S_{11}|$  in dB, for the three cases. Employ a frequency range of 3 GHz to 7 GHz and a range of -40 dB to 0 dB for  $|S_{11}|$ .
  - On the same graph, plot  $|S_{21}|$  in dB, for the three cases. Employ a frequency range of 3 GHz to 7 GHz and a range of -2 dB to 0 dB for  $|S_{21}|$ .
9. Present the results from the design project into a well-organized presentation.



# Design Project 6

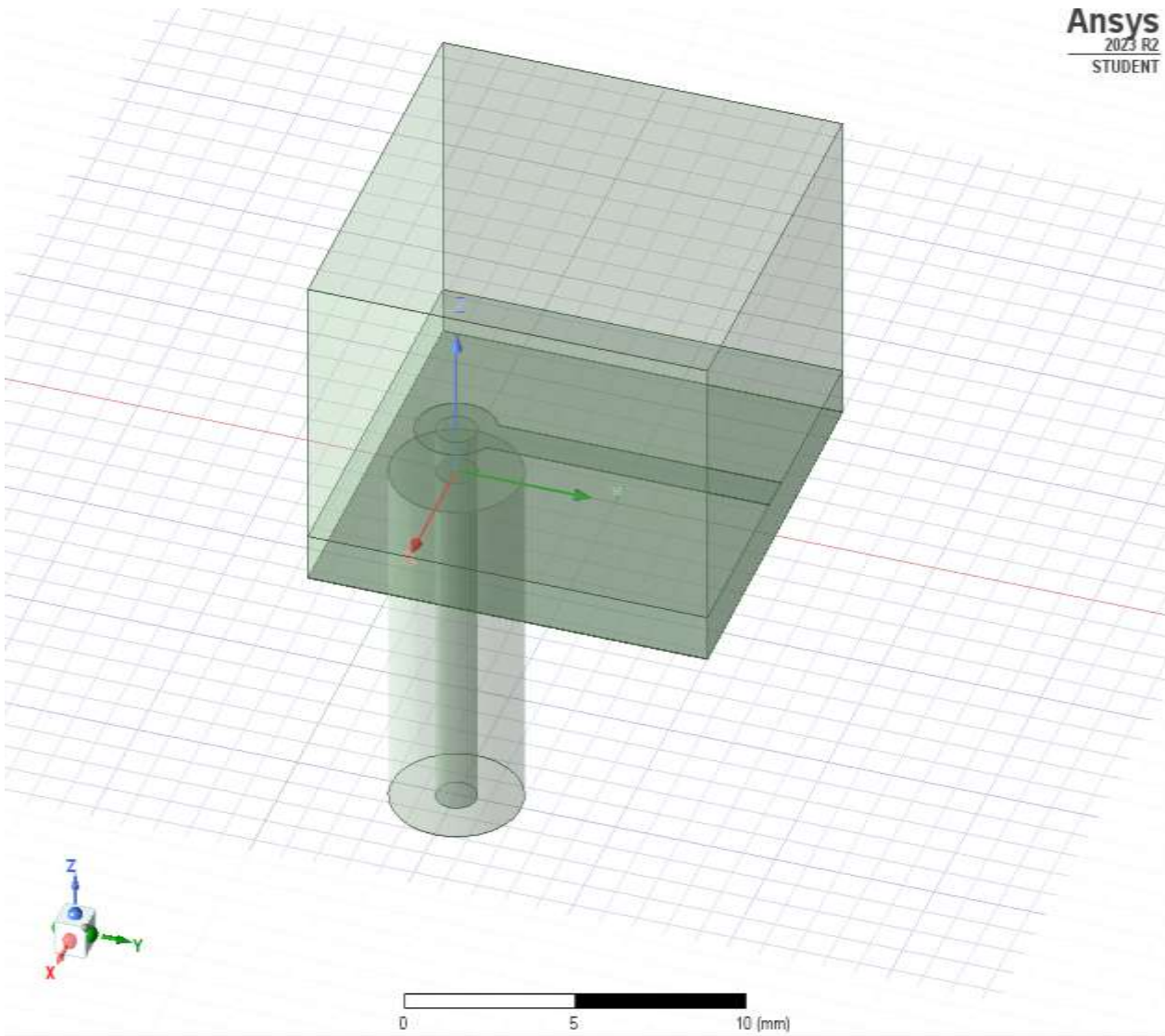
By: Nittala Satya Surya Lakshmi Vasuki Siva Srinivas

#Id – 620094

#Email – sn620094@wne.edu

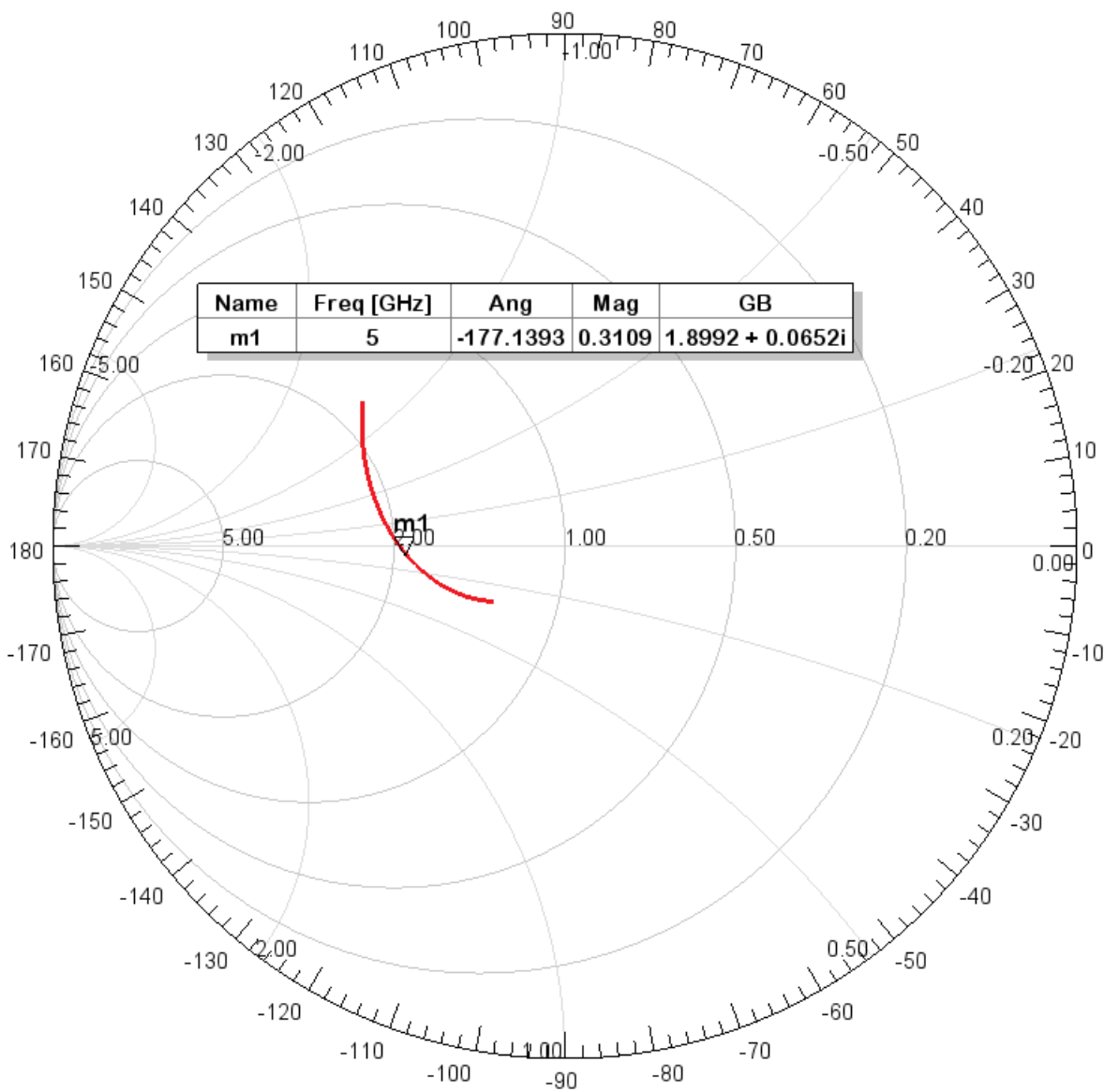
# HFSS V0

Ansys  
2023 R2  
STUDENT



boundaries				
Properties				
Name	Value	Unit	Evaluated V...	Type
h	1.27	mm	1.27mm	Design
W	1.13555	mm	1.13555mm	Design
A	12.7	mm	12.7mm	Design
B	7*h		8.89mm	Design
ds	2.54	mm	2.54mm	Design
Lm	10	mm	10mm	Design
C	ds+Lm		12.54mm	Design
ri	0.635	mm	0.635mm	Design
LC	10	mm	10mm	Design
ro	2.032	mm	2.032mm	Design
rp	2*ri		1.27mm	Design
d0	ro		2.032mm	Design
t	18	um	18um	Design
dp1	Lm-d0		7.968mm	Design

S Parameter Chart 1

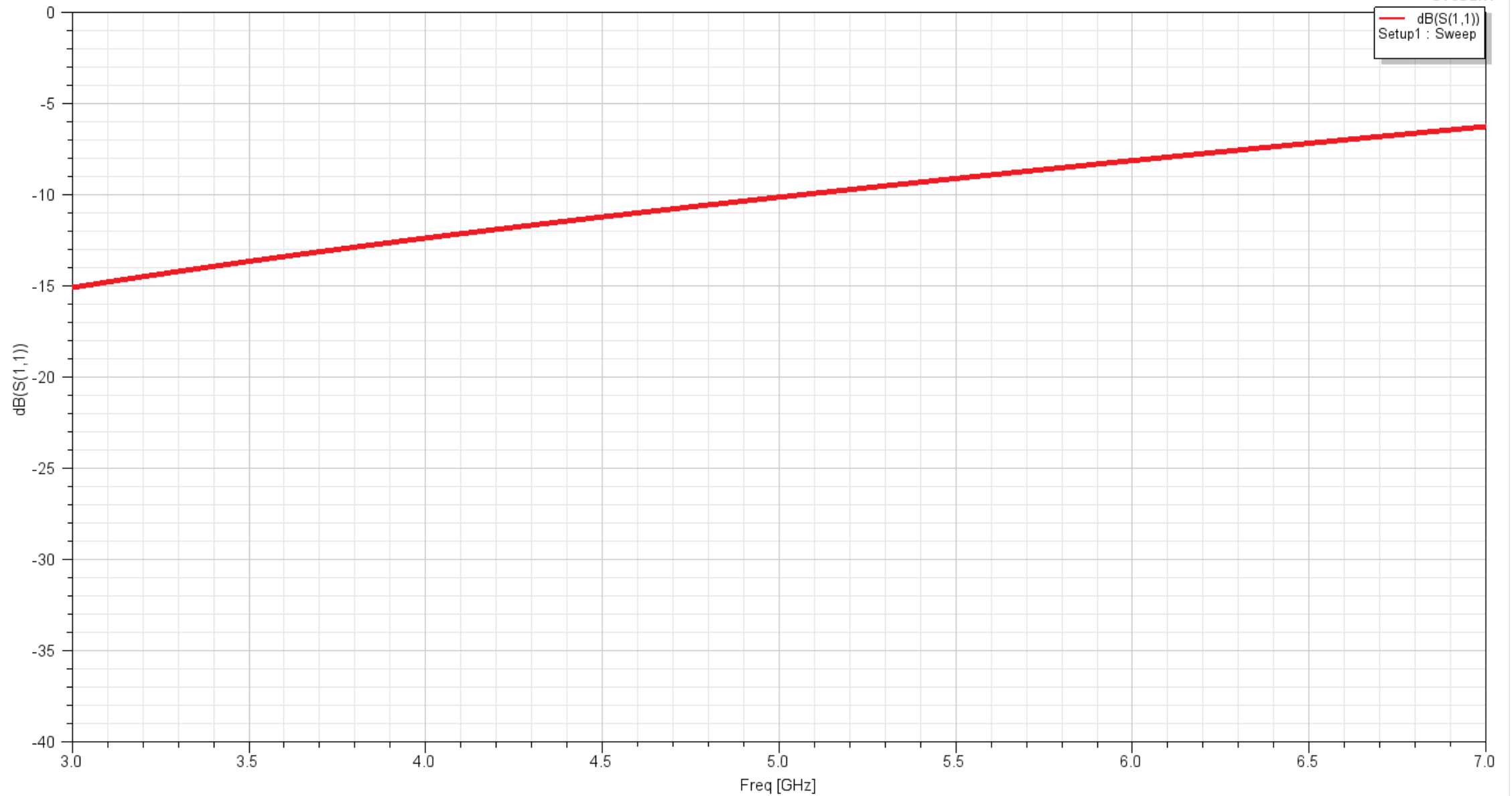


	Values	dB
$S_{11}$	$0.311\angle -177.139^\circ$	-10.148
$S_{21}$	$0.949\angle -51.545^\circ$	-0.456

## S Parameter Plot 1

Design Project 6 V0

**Ansys**  
2023 R2  
STUDENT

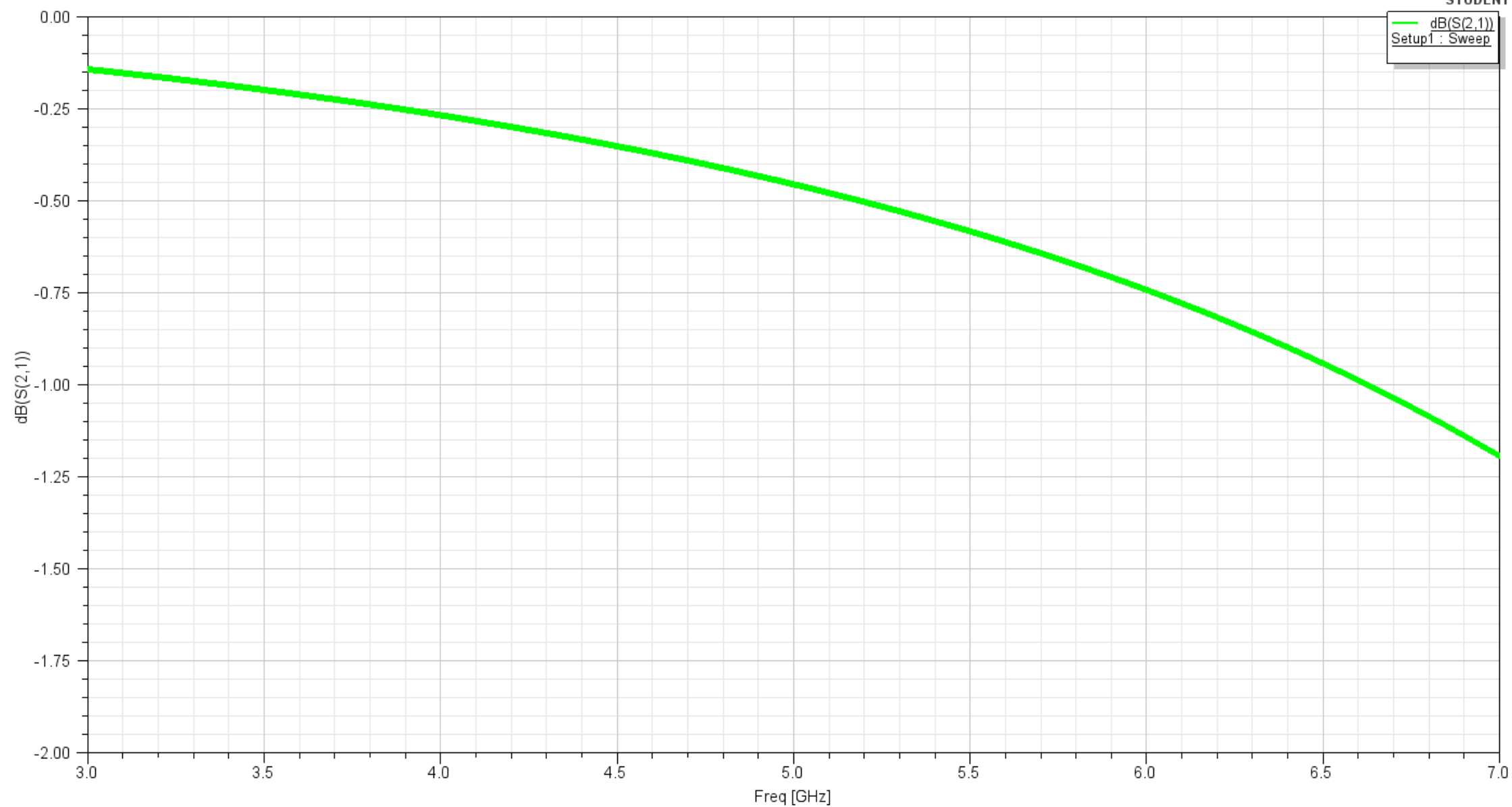




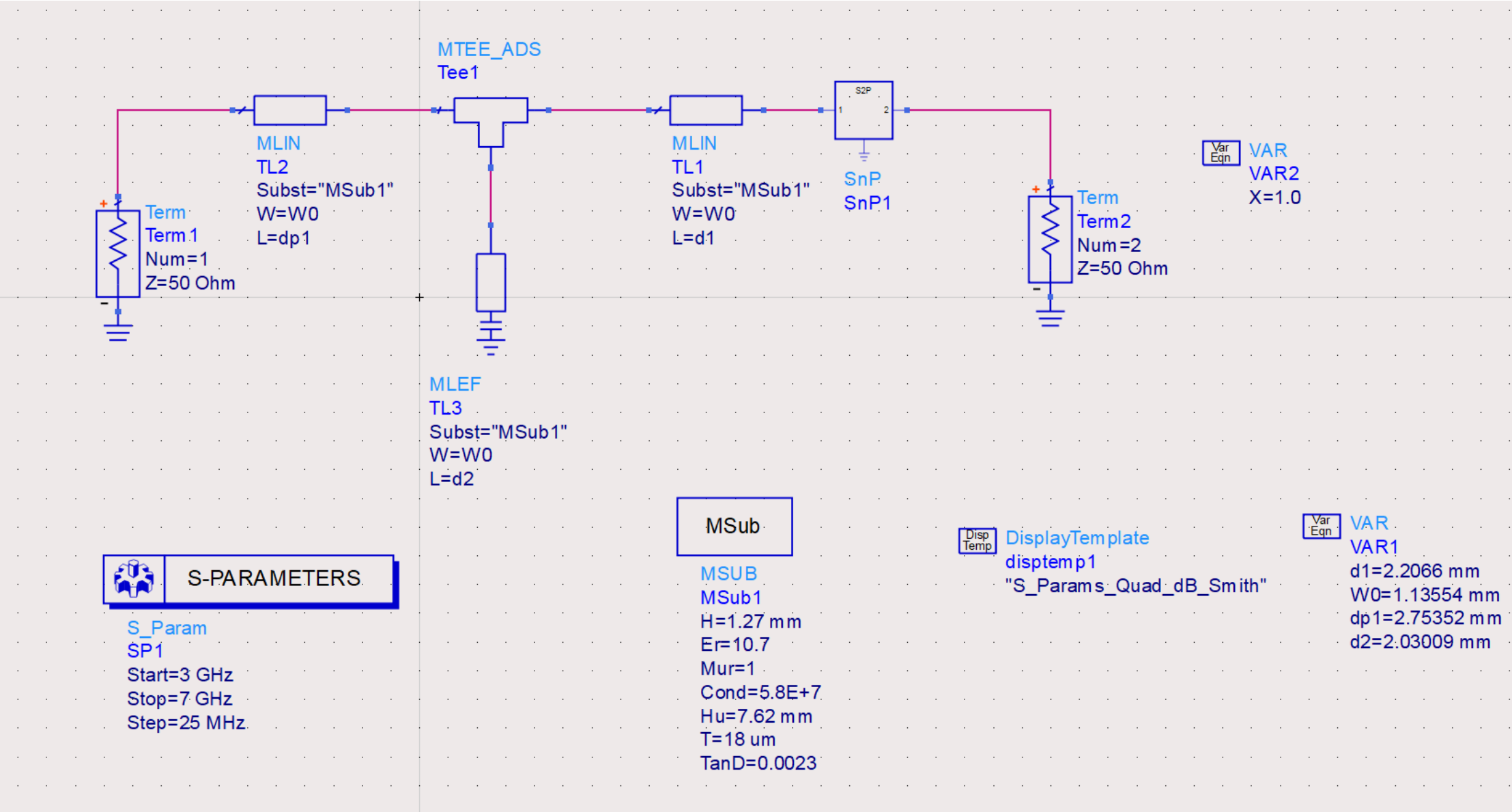
## S Parameter Plot 2

Design Project 6 V0

**Ansys**  
2023 R2  
STUDENT

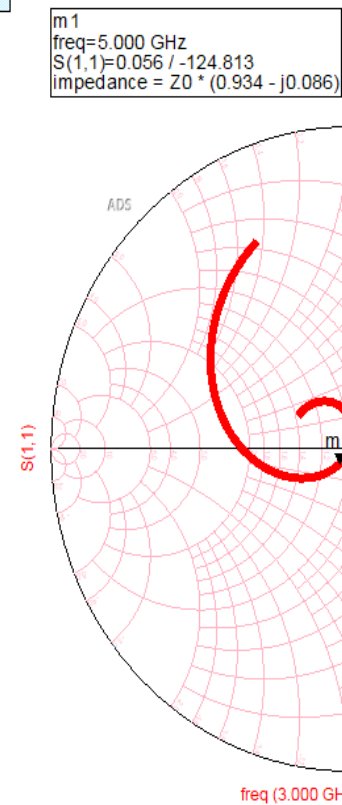
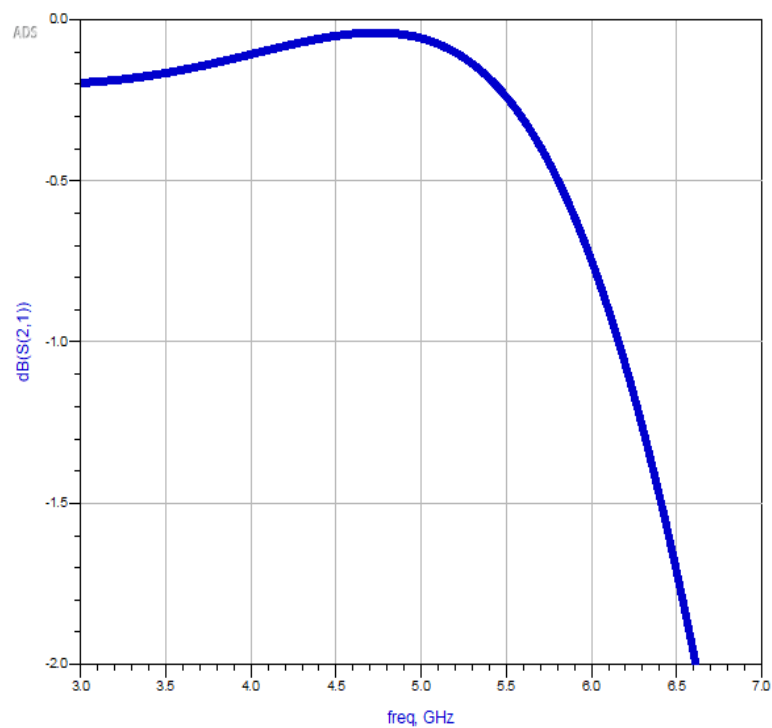
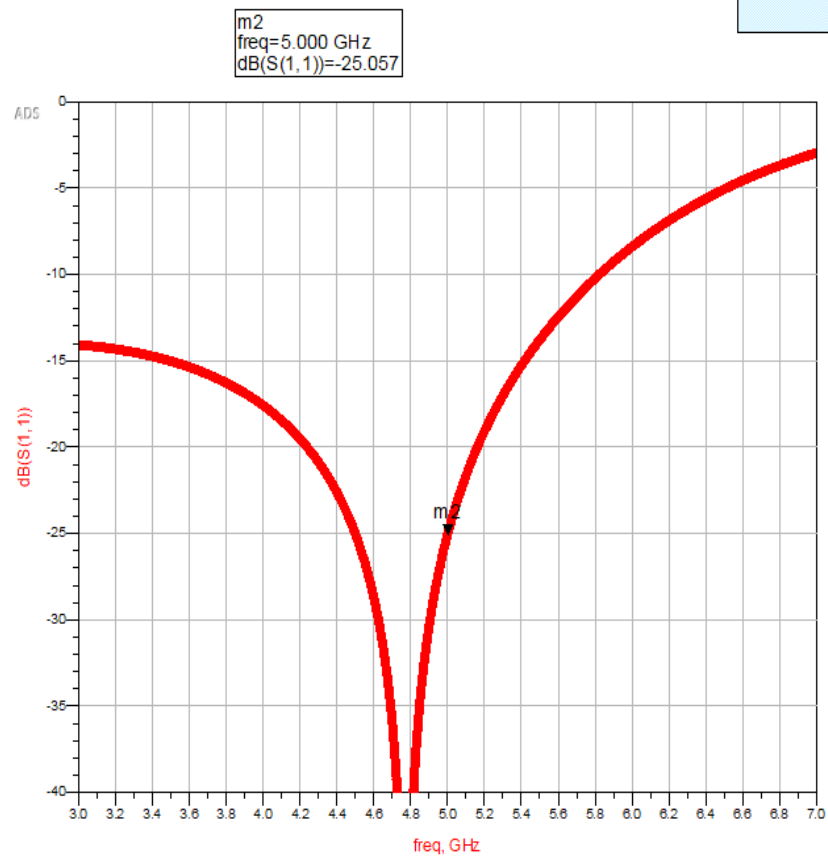


# MStrip\_V1

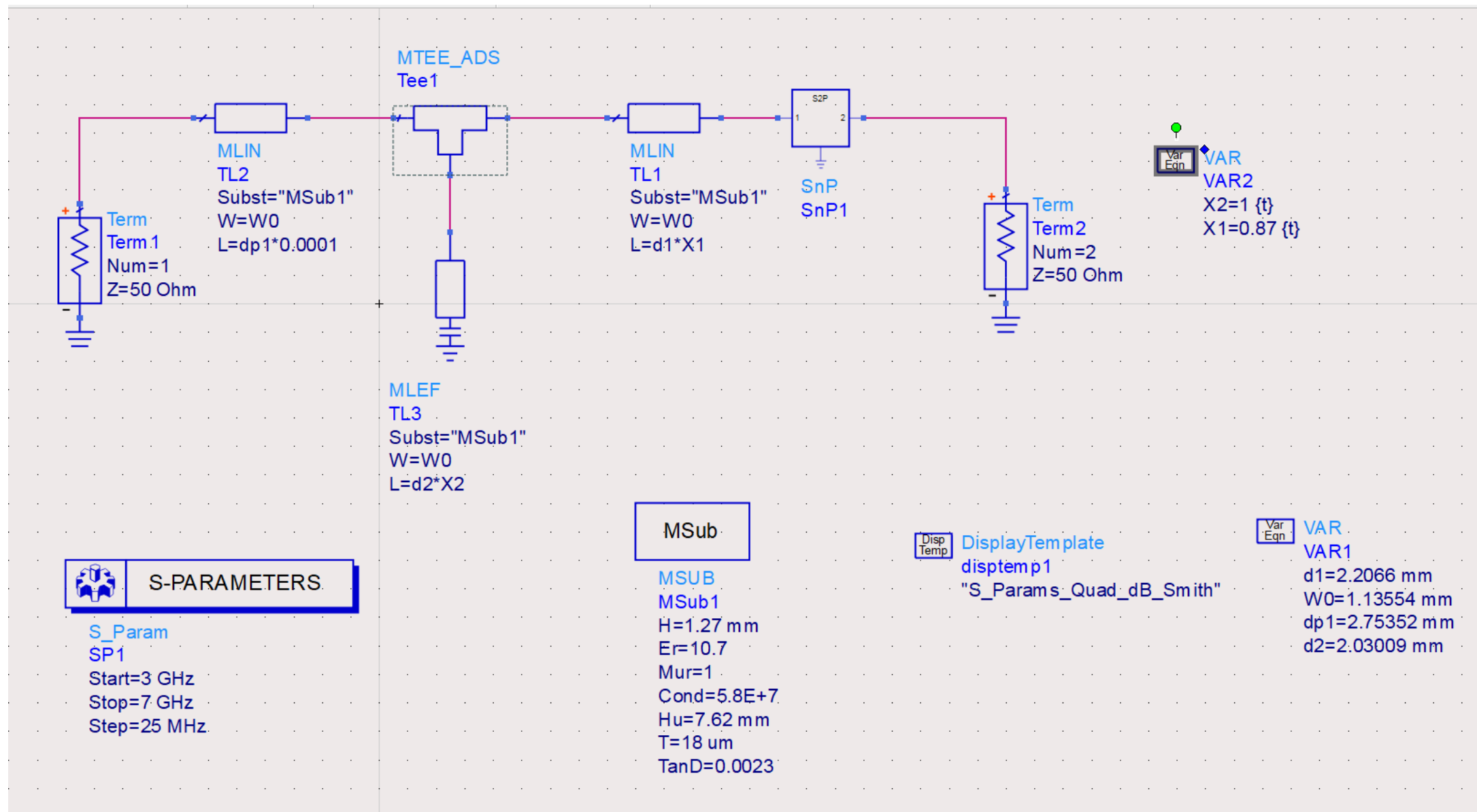


# MStrip\_V1

## S-Parameters vs. Frequency

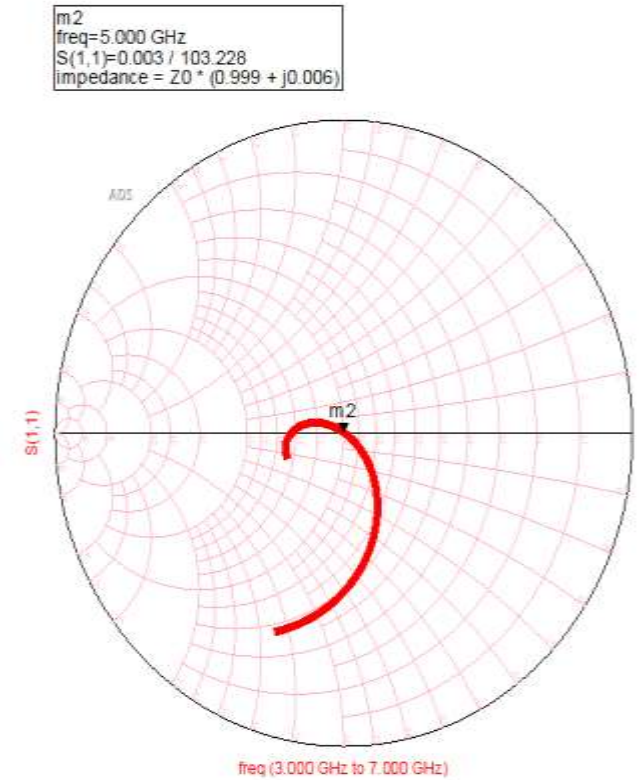
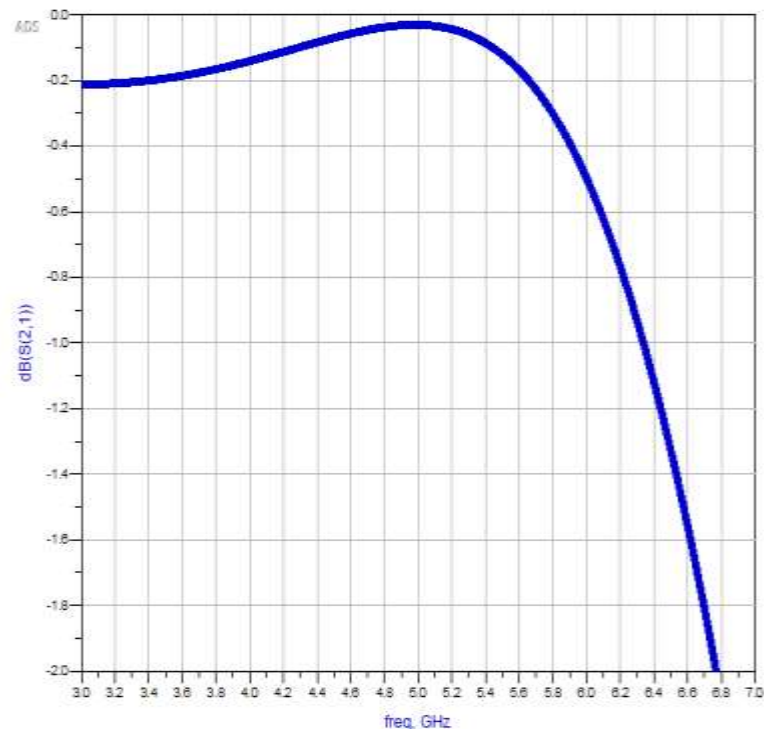
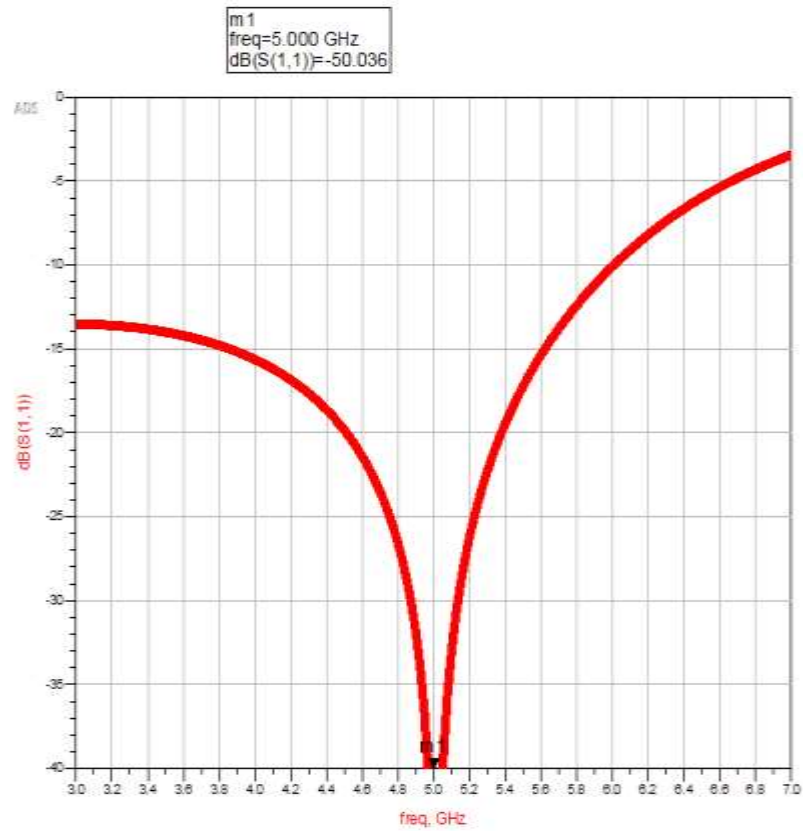


# MStrip\_V2

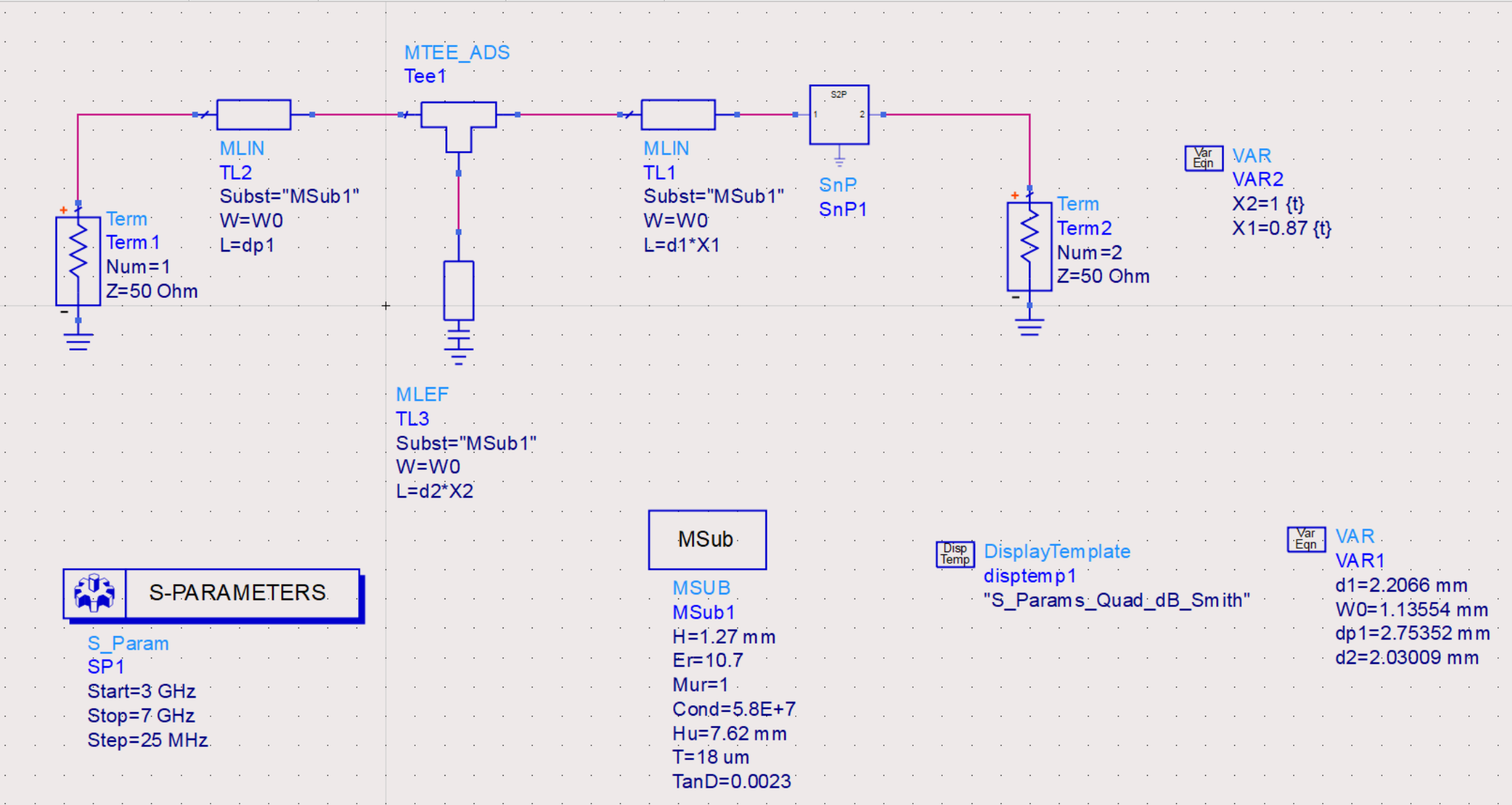


# MStrip\_V2

S-Parameters vs. Frequency

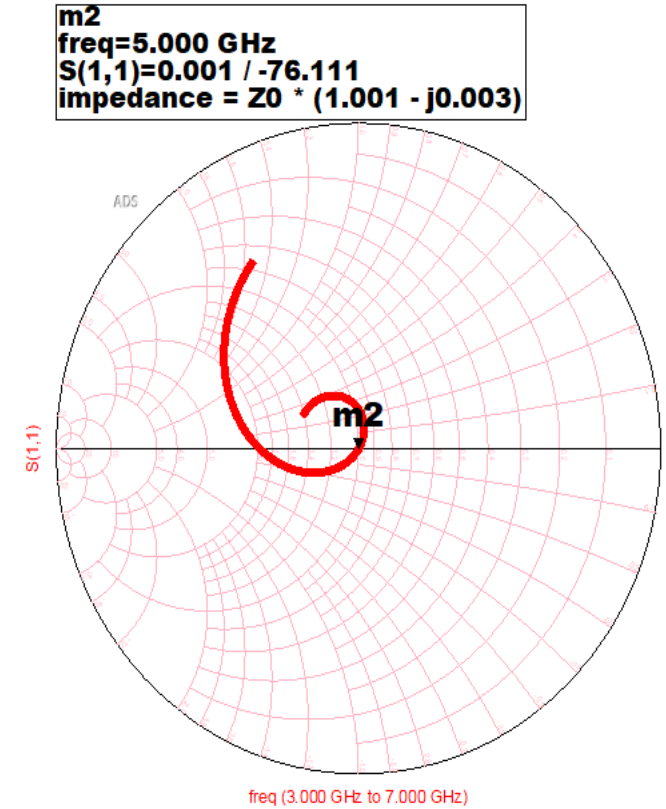
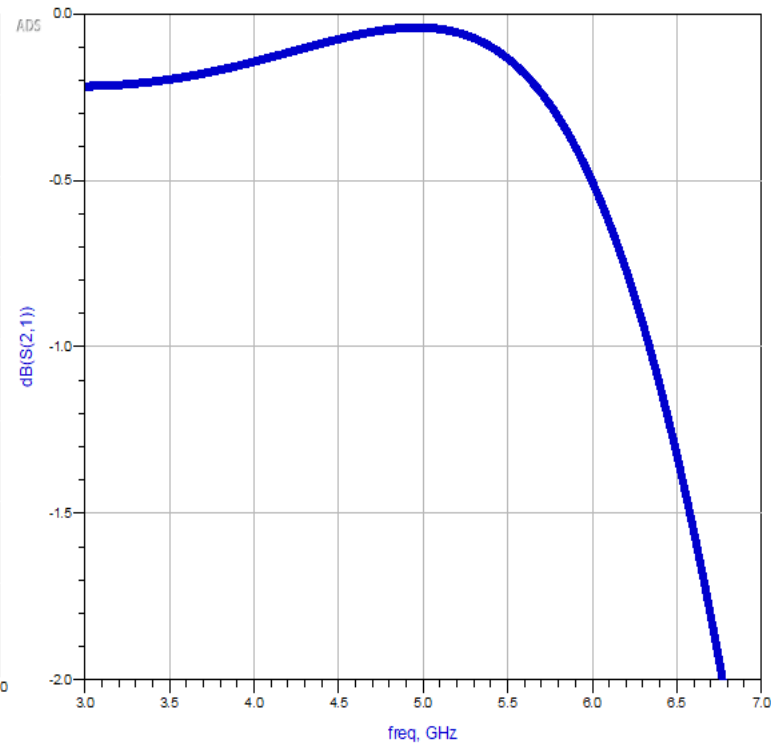
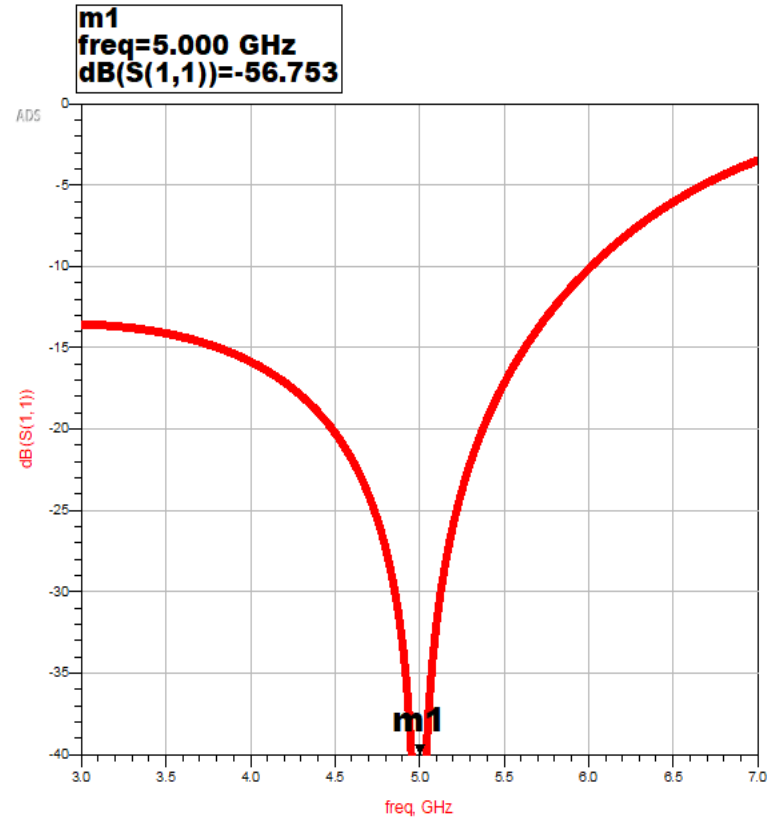


# MStrip\_V3



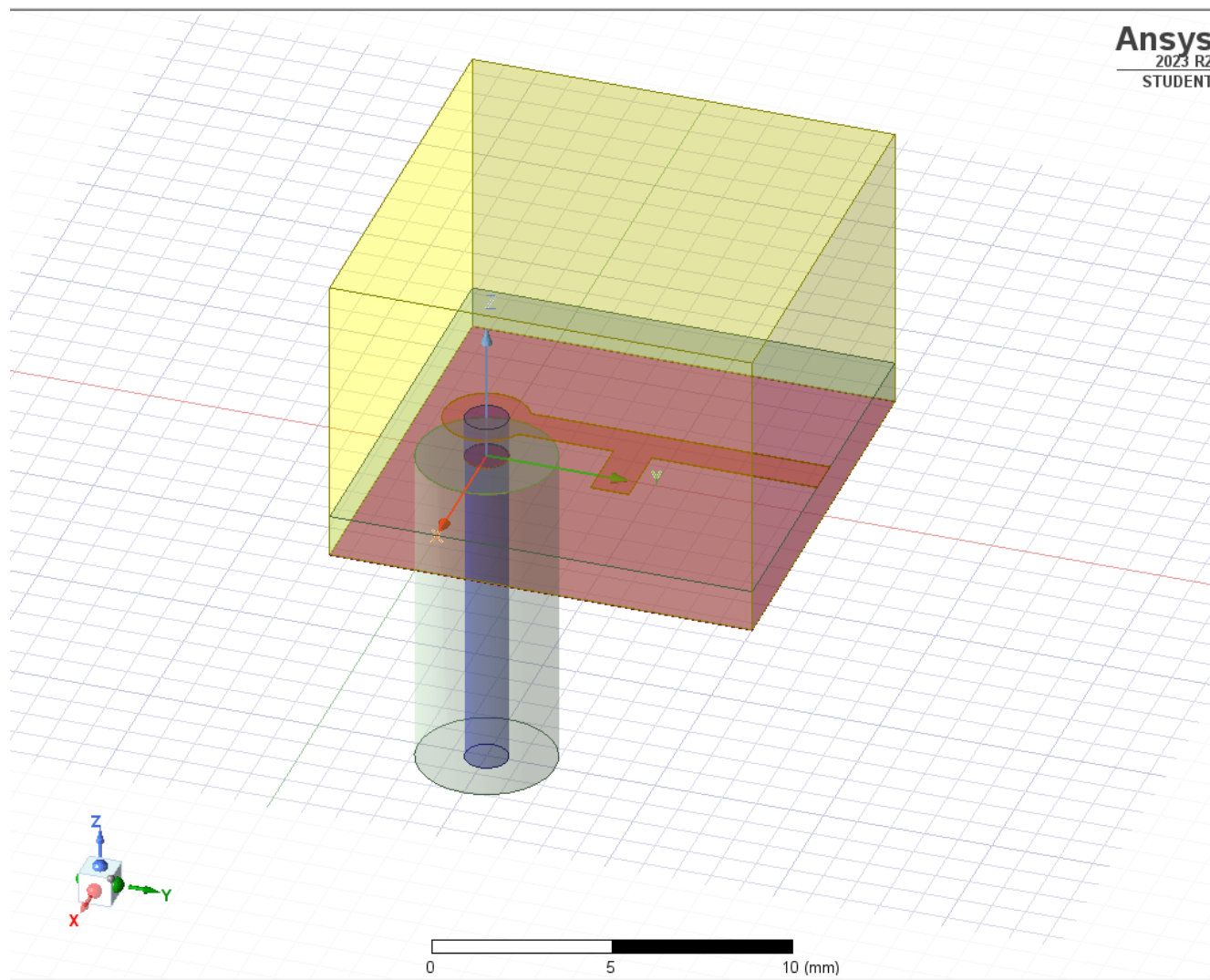
# MStrip\_V3

S-Parameters vs. Frequency



# HFSS V3

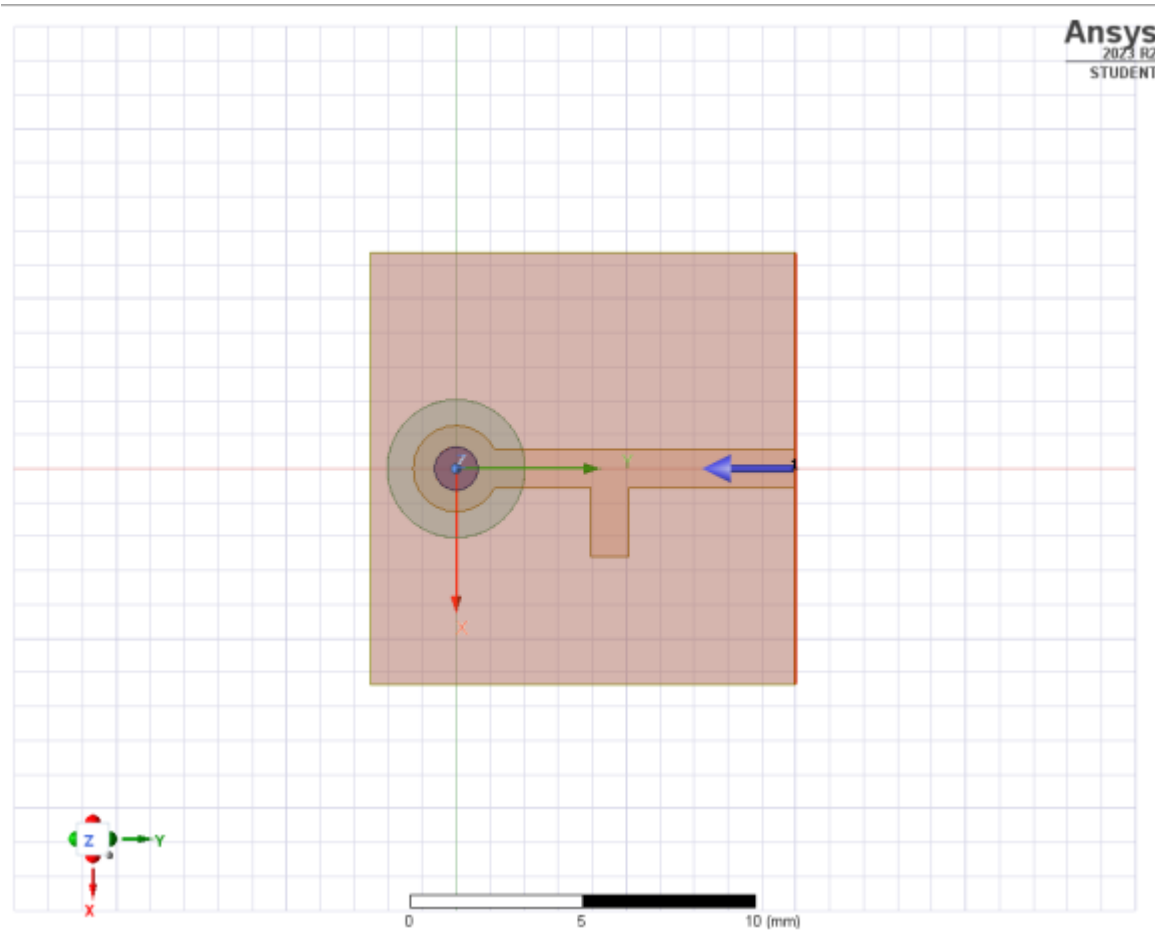
Ansys  
2023 R2  
STUDENT



## Properties

Name	Value	Unit	Evaluated V...	Type
h	1.27	mm	1.27mm	Design
W	1.13555	mm	1.13555mm	Design
A	12.7	mm	12.7mm	Design
B	7*h		8.89mm	Design
ds	2.54	mm	2.54mm	Design
Lm	10	mm	10mm	Design
C	ds+Lm		12.54mm	Design
ri	0.635	mm	0.635mm	Design
LC	10	mm	10mm	Design
ro	2.032	mm	2.032mm	Design
rp	2*ri		1.27mm	Design
d0	ro		2.032mm	Design
t	18	um	18um	Design
dp1	Lm-d0		7.968mm	Design
d1	2.2066	mm	2.2066mm	Design
d2	2.03009	mm	2.03009mm	Design
dpx	2.75828	mm	2.75828mm	Design
dp1_new	0.87*d1		1.919742mm	Design
d1_new	dp1_new		1.919742mm	Design





Wave Port

General | Post Processing | Defaults

Port Renormalization

☒ Do Not Renormalize

☐ Renormalize All Modes

Full Port Impedance:

Impedance ::= resistance + 1i \* reactance

☐ Renormalize Specific Modes

Deembed Settings

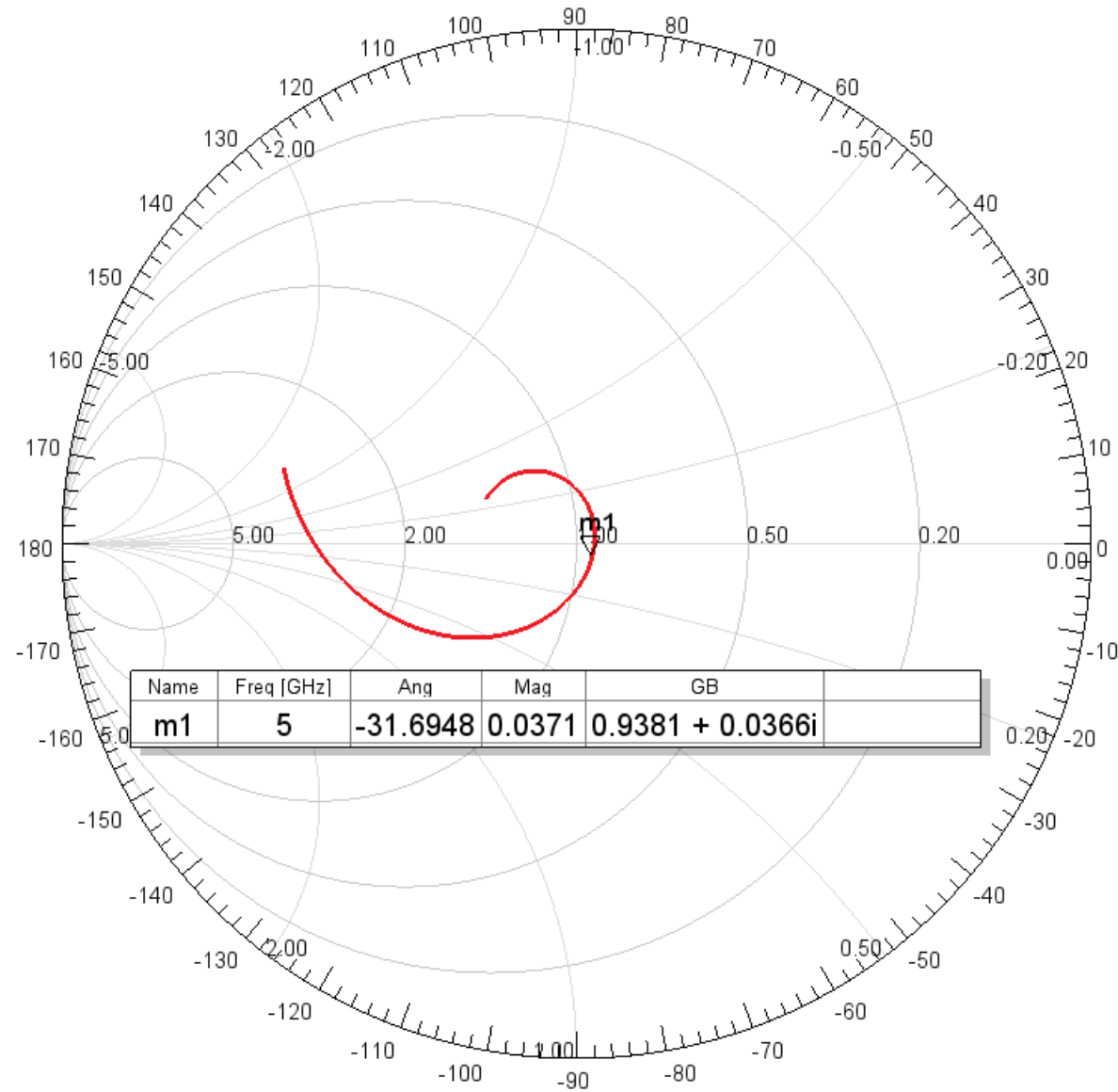
☒ Deembed Distance:

Positive distance will deembed the port into the model.

d1	2.2066	mm	2.2066mm	Design
d2	2.03009	mm	2.03009mm	Design
dpx	2.75828	mm	2.75828mm	Design
dp1_new	0.87*d1		1.919742mm	Design
d1_new	dp1_new		1.919742mm	Design

## S Parameter Chart 1

— S(1,1)  
Setup1 : Sweep

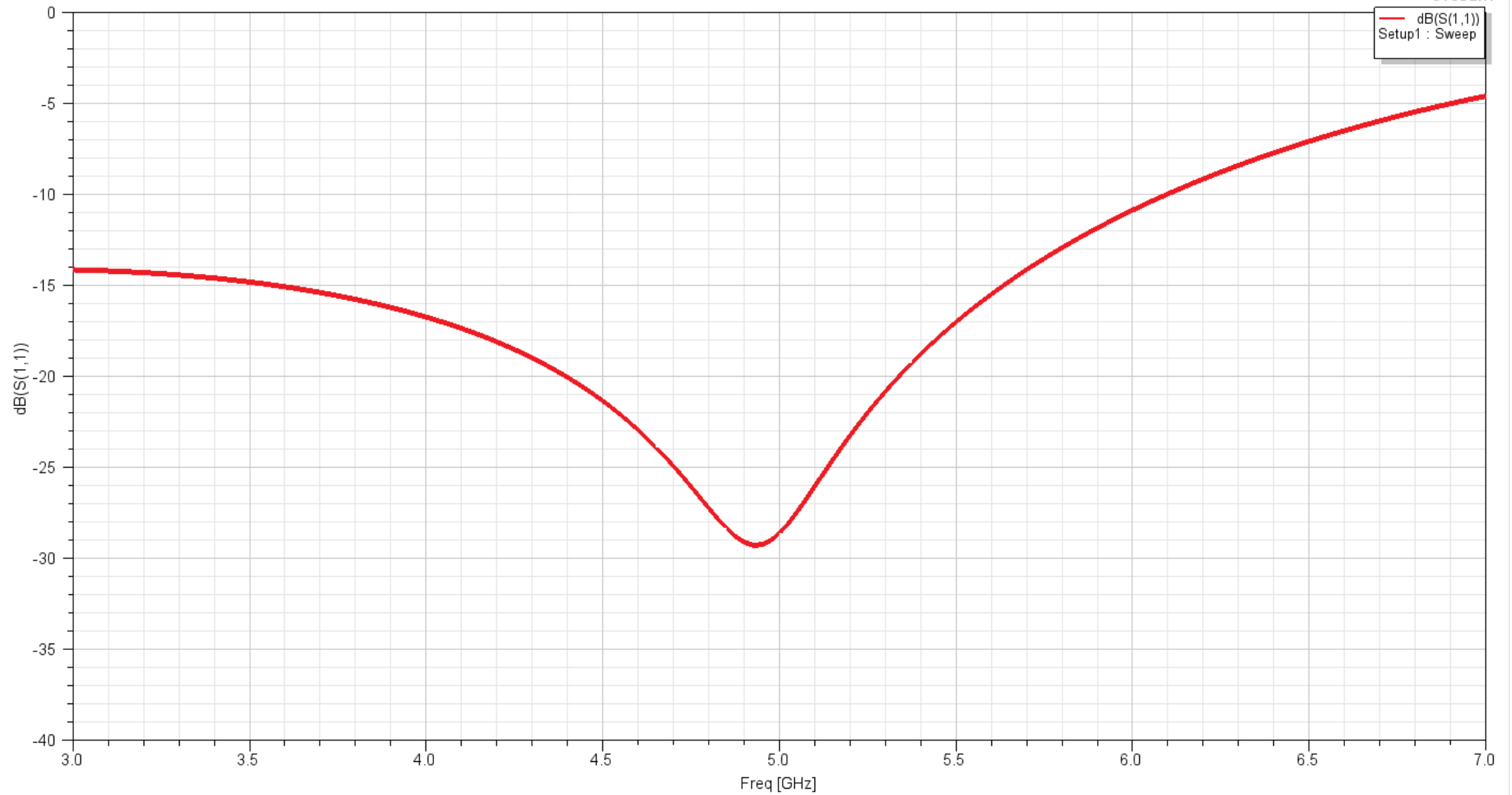


## S Parameter Plot 2

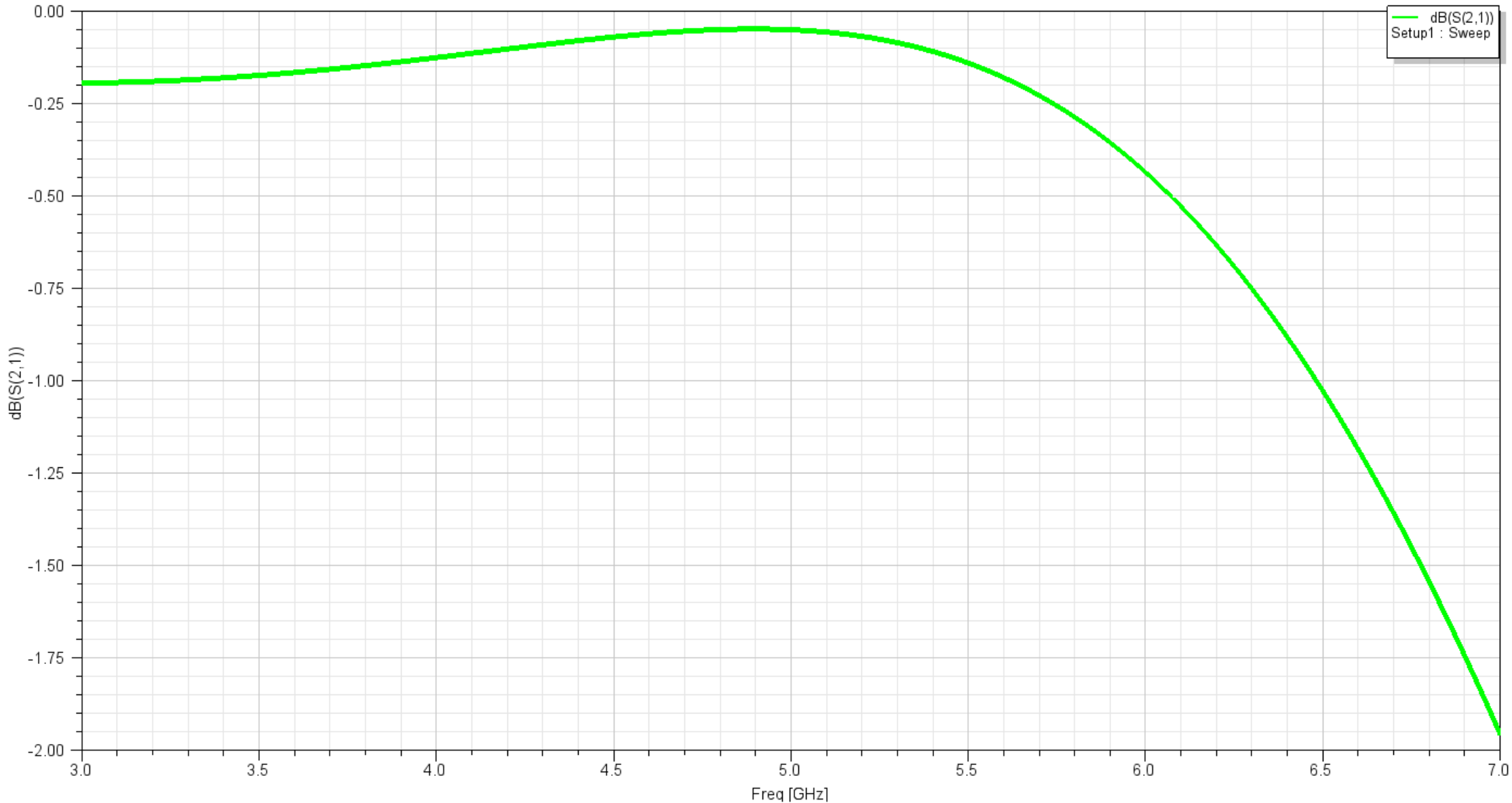
Design Project 6 V3

**Ansys**  
2023 R2  
STUDENT

— dB(S(1,1))  
Setup1 : Sweep

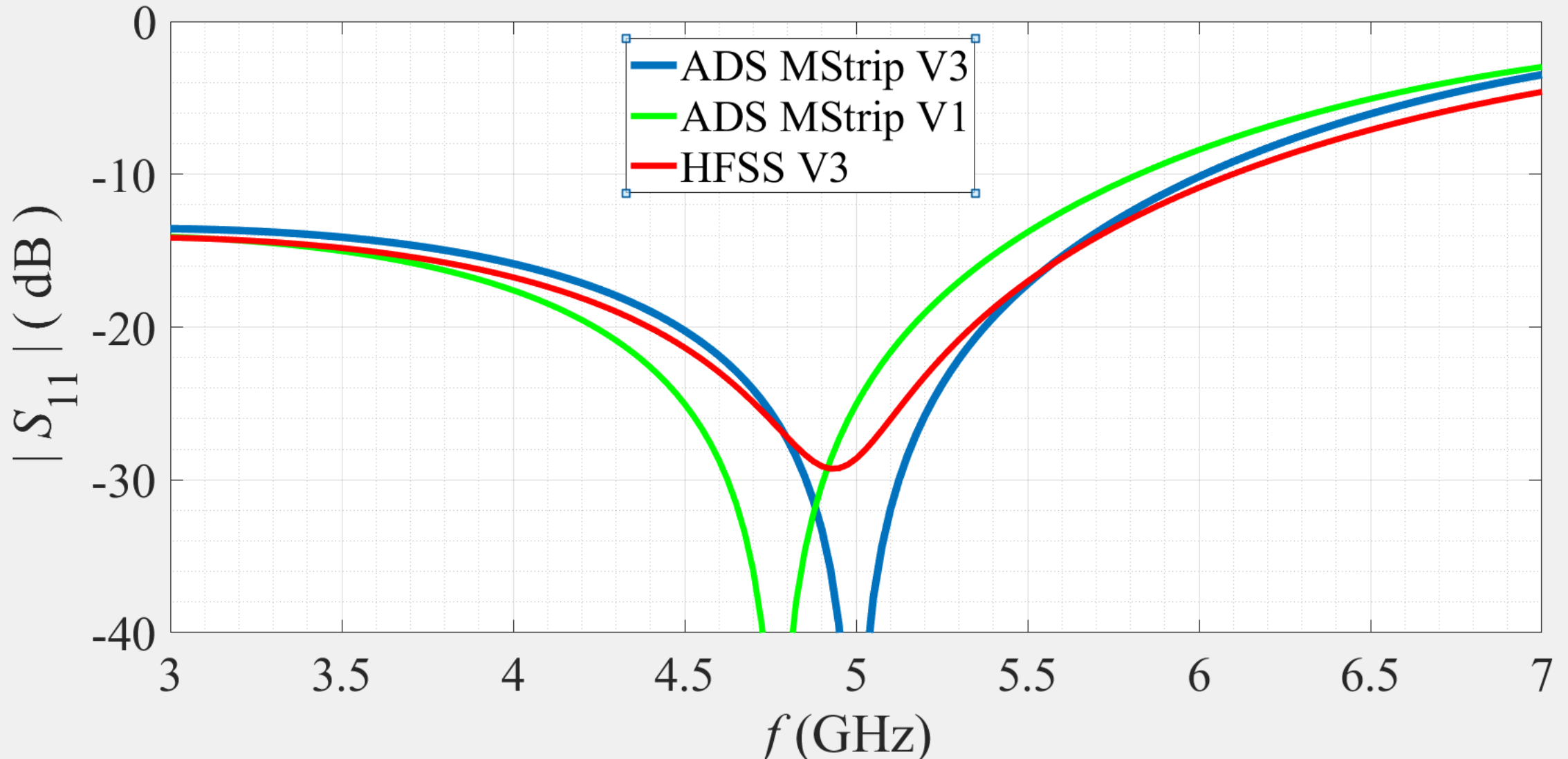


S Parameter Plot 3

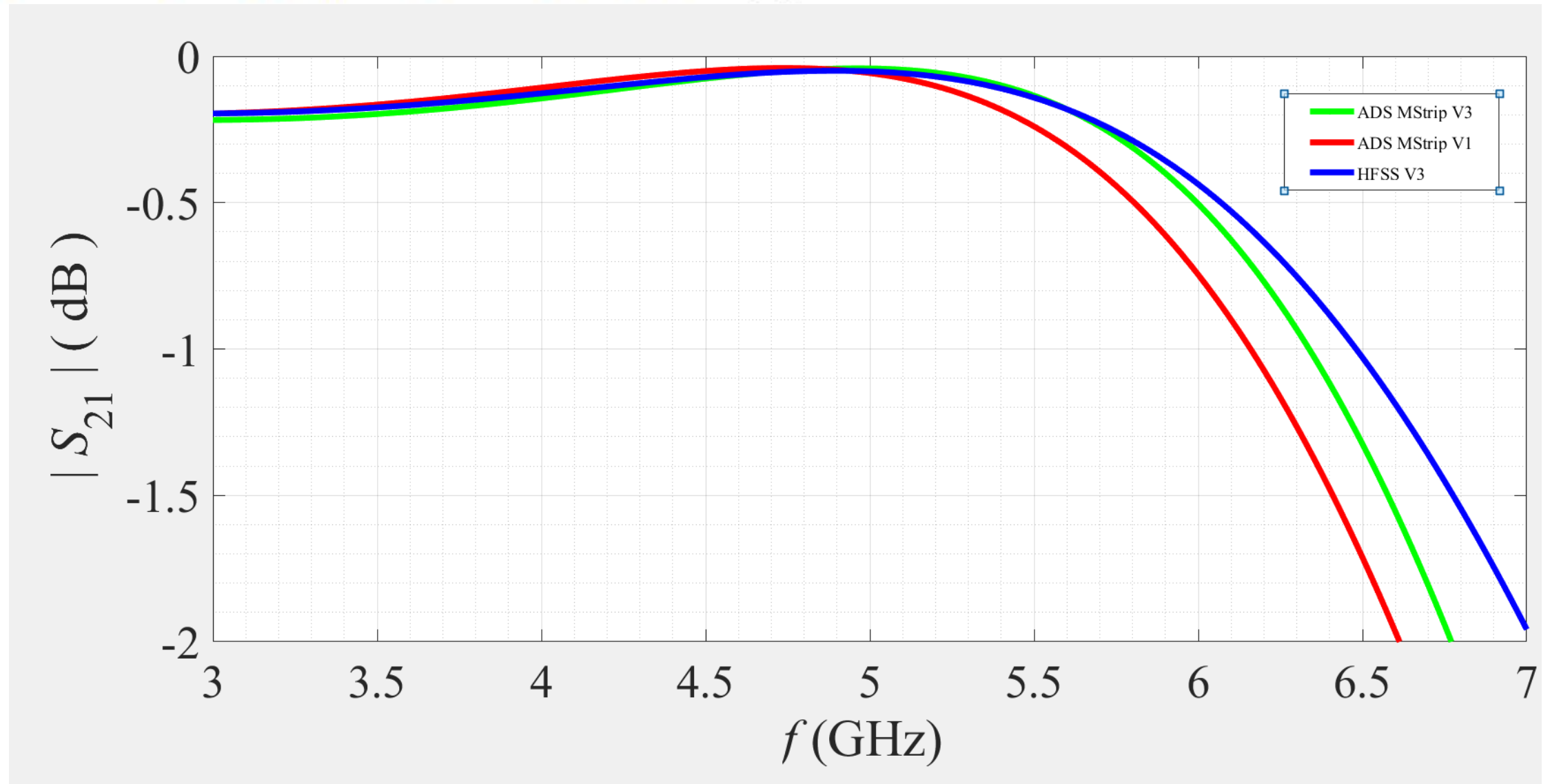


	$S_{11}$	dB	$S_{21}$	dB
M Strip(V1)	0.056<-124.813°	-25.055	0.993<-163.753°	-0.058
M Strip(V2)	0.003<+103.228°	-50.036	0.996<-113.469°	-0.031
M Strip(V3)	0.001<-76.111°	-56.753	0.995<-158.135°	-0.042
HFSS(V3)	0.0371<-31.7°	-28.6112	0.99407<+30.2°	-0.0516

On the same graph, plot  $|S_{11}|$  in dB, for the three cases. Employ a frequency range of 3 GHz to 7 GHz and a range of -40 dB to 0 dB for  $|S_{11}|$ .



On the same graph, plot  $|S_{21}|$  in dB, for the three cases. Employ a frequency range of 3 GHz to 7 GHz and a range of -2 dB to 0 dB for  $|S_{21}|$ .



## Appendices

- MATLAB
- HFSS
- ADS



THE END