

Entanglement Classification using Knots

PH3203 Term Project

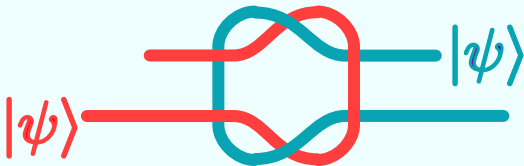
Sagnik Seth 22MS026

Jessica Das 22MS157

Sayan Karmakar 22MS163

Instructor: Prof. Sourin Das

Department of Physics, IISER Kolkata



Basic Theoretical Background

Introduction to Knots

Introduction to Quantum Information

Peres-Horodecki Criterion

Classifying Entanglement using Knots

Polynomial Approach to Entanglement

Obtaining a Link from given State

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- 3 Full state $|\psi\rangle \rightarrow$ sum of individual such states. Trace out d and obtain density matrix of reduced system.

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- **Full state becomes:**

$$|\psi_1\rangle = |2^1\rangle_{ab} \otimes |q_1\rangle_c \otimes |0\rangle_d$$

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- Qudit state, take $|Q_d\rangle = |1\rangle_d$
- **Full state becomes:** $|\psi_2\rangle = |2^1\rangle_{ac} \otimes |q_2\rangle_b \otimes |1\rangle_d$

Demonstration of Algorithm

- **Mixed state characterising the link:** $|\psi\rangle = c_1 |\psi_1\rangle + c_2 |\psi_2\rangle$

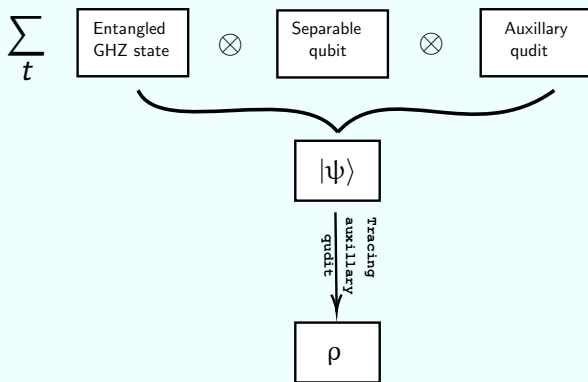


Figure: Schematic representation of the algorithm.

Demonstration of Algorithm

- **Mixed state characterising the link:** $|\psi\rangle = c_1 |\psi_1\rangle + c_2 |\psi_2\rangle$
- Then construct the density matrix accordingly for the state.

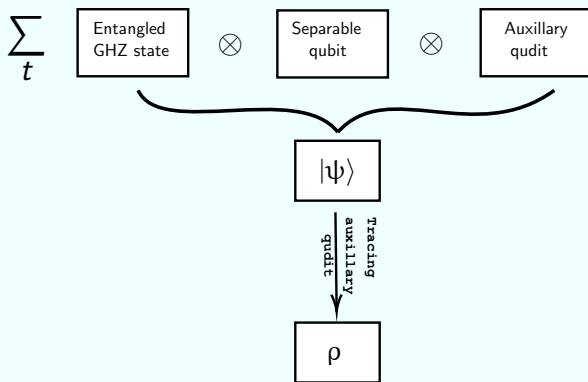


Figure: Schematic representation of the algorithm.

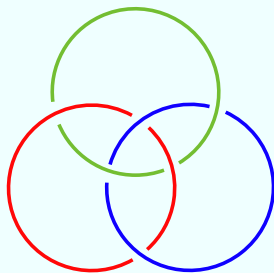
Some Examples...

Three Qubit System: 3^1 class

Pure State: $|3^1\rangle_{abc} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|000\rangle_{abc} + |111\rangle_{abc})$

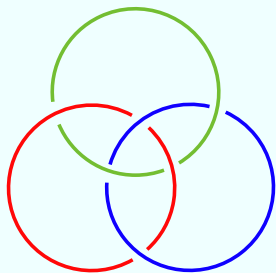
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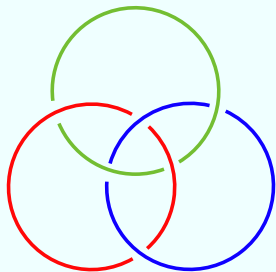
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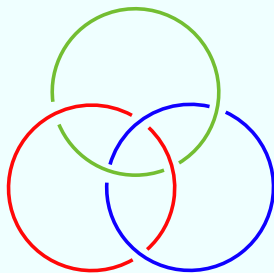


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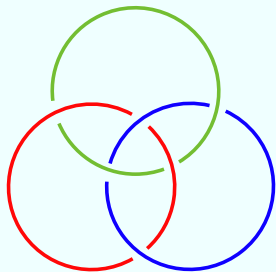
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- **Eigenvalues:**

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- One eigenvalue is negative \rightarrow

**Tripartite
Entanglement**

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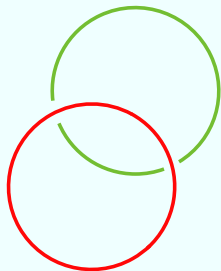
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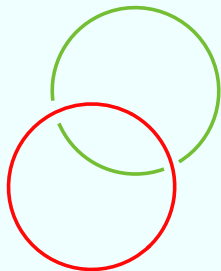
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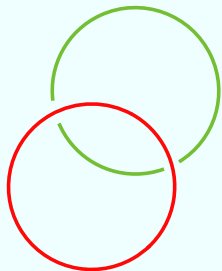
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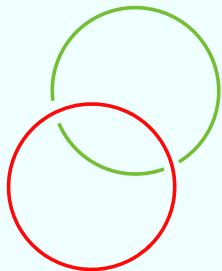


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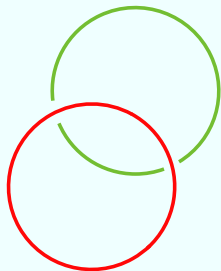
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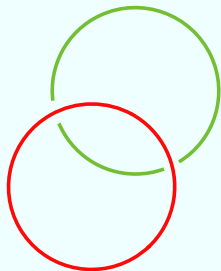
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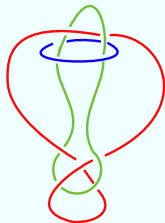
- All eigenvalues are positive.
- System completely **separable** after cut.

Three Qubit System: 3^2 class

Pure State: $|3^2\rangle_{abc} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} (|000\rangle_{abc} + |111\rangle_{abc} + |001\rangle_{abc})$

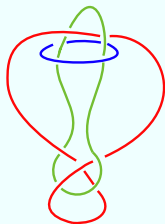
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Three Qubit System: 3^2 class

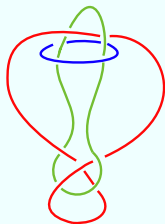
Pure State: $|3^2\rangle_{abc} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} (|000\rangle_{abc} + |111\rangle_{abc} + |001\rangle_{abc})$



$$\rho_{abc} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \\ 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$

Three Qubit System: 3^2 class

Pure State: $|3^2\rangle_{abc} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} (|000\rangle_{abc} + |111\rangle_{abc} + |001\rangle_{abc})$

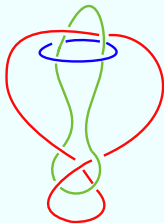


$$\rho_{abc} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \\ 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\rho_{abc}^{T_a} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$

Three Qubit System: 3^2 class

Pure State: $|3^2\rangle_{abc} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} (|000\rangle_{abc} + |111\rangle_{abc} + |001\rangle_{abc})$



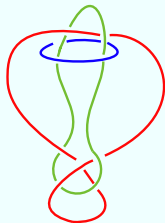
● Eigenvalues:

$-0.471, 0.0, 0.333, 0.471, 0.666$

$$\rho_{abc} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \\ 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\rho_{abc}^{T_a} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$

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Pure State: $|3^2\rangle_{abc} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} (|000\rangle_{abc} + |111\rangle_{abc} + |001\rangle_{abc})$



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$-0.471, 0.0, 0.333, 0.471, 0.666$

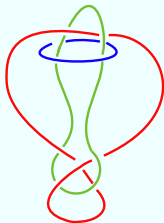
$$\rho_{abc} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \\ 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\rho_{abc}^{T_a} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\rho_{abc}^{T_c} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.333 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$

Three Qubit System: 3^2 class

Pure State: $|3^2\rangle_{abc} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} (|000\rangle_{abc} + |111\rangle_{abc} + |001\rangle_{abc})$



● Eigenvalues:

$-0.471, 0.0, 0.333, 0.471, 0.666$

$-0.333, 0.0, 0.127, 0.333, 0.872$

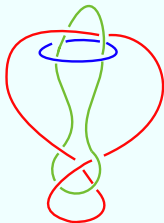
$$\rho_{abc} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \\ 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\rho_{abc}^{T_a} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\rho_{abc}^{T_c} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.333 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$

Three Qubit System: 3^2 class

Pure State: $|3^2\rangle_{abc} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} (|000\rangle_{abc} + |111\rangle_{abc} + |001\rangle_{abc})$



$$\rho_{abc} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \\ 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\rho_{abc}^{T_a} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\rho_{abc}^{T_c} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.333 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$

● Eigenvalues:

−0.471, 0.0, 0.333, 0.471, 0.666

−0.333, 0.0, 0.127, 0.333, 0.872

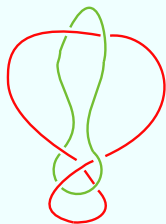
- One eigenvalue is negative → **Tripartite Entanglement**

Three Qubit System: 3^2 class: cut

Pure State: $|3^2\rangle_{abc} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} (|000\rangle_{abc} + |111\rangle_{abc} + |001\rangle_{abc})$

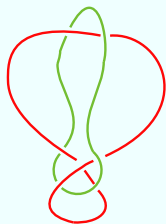
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Pure State: $|3^2\rangle_{abc} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} (|000\rangle_{abc} + |111\rangle_{abc} + |001\rangle_{abc})$



Three Qubit System: 3^2 class: cut

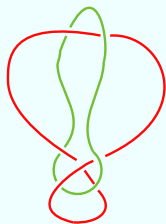
Pure State: $|3^2\rangle_{abc} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} (|000\rangle_{abc} + |111\rangle_{abc} + |001\rangle_{abc})$



$$\rho_{ab} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.666 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$

Three Qubit System: 3^2 class: cut

Pure State: $|3^2\rangle_{abc} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} (|000\rangle_{abc} + |111\rangle_{abc} + |001\rangle_{abc})$

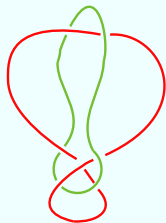


$$\rho_{ab} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.666 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\rho_{ab}^{T_a} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.666 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$

Three Qubit System: 3^2 class: cut

Pure State: $|3^2\rangle_{abc} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} (|000\rangle_{abc} + |111\rangle_{abc} + |001\rangle_{abc})$



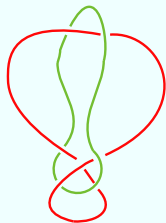
● **Eigenvalues:**
 $0.333, -0.333, 0.666$

$$\rho_{ab} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.666 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\rho_{ab}^{T_a} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.666 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$

Three Qubit System: 3^2 class: cut

Pure State: $|3^2\rangle_{abc} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} (|000\rangle_{abc} + |111\rangle_{abc} + |001\rangle_{abc})$



- **Eigenvalues:**

$0.333, -0.333, 0.666$

- One eigenvalue is negative \rightarrow **Tripartite Entanglement**

$$\rho_{ab} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.666 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\rho_{ab}^{T_a} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.666 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$

Three Qubit System: 3^2 class: another cut

Pure State: $|3^2\rangle_{abc} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} (|000\rangle_{abc} + |111\rangle_{abc} + |001\rangle_{abc})$

Three Qubit System: 3^2 class: another cut

Pure State: $|3^2\rangle_{abc} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} (|000\rangle_{abc} + |111\rangle_{abc} + |001\rangle_{abc})$



Three Qubit System: 3^2 class: another cut

Pure State: $|3^2\rangle_{abc} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} (|000\rangle_{abc} + |111\rangle_{abc} + |001\rangle_{abc})$



$$\rho_{bc} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$

Three Qubit System: 3^2 class: another cut

Pure State: $|3^2\rangle_{abc} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} (|000\rangle_{abc} + |111\rangle_{abc} + |001\rangle_{abc})$



$$\rho_{bc} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\rho_{bc}^{T_b} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$

Three Qubit System: 3^2 class: another cut

Pure State: $|3^2\rangle_{abc} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} (|000\rangle_{abc} + |111\rangle_{abc} + |001\rangle_{abc})$



● **Eigenvalues:**
 $0.0, 0.333, 0.666$

$$\rho_{bc} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\rho_{bc}^{T_b} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$

Three Qubit System: 3^2 class: another cut

Pure State: $|3^2\rangle_{abc} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} (|000\rangle_{abc} + |111\rangle_{abc} + |001\rangle_{abc})$



$$\rho_{bc} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\rho_{bc}^{T_b} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.333 & 0.333 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 \\ 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.0 & 0.333 \end{bmatrix}$$

- **Eigenvalues:**

0.0, 0.333, 0.666

- No eigenvalue is negative \rightarrow **Separable**

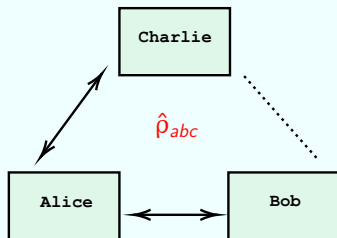
Four Qubit System

Application to Qubit Networks

- Different parties possessing entangled qubits, want to perform protocols with certain restrictions.

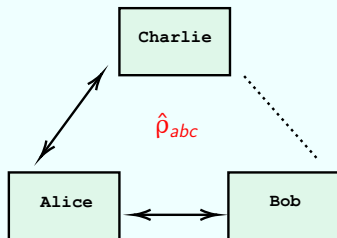
Application to Qubit Networks

- Different parties possessing entangled qubits, want to perform protocols with certain restrictions.



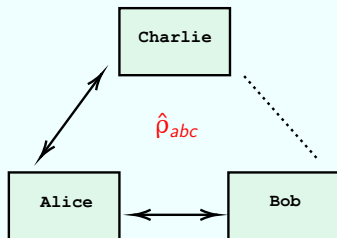
Application to Qubit Networks

- Different parties possessing entangled qubits, want to perform protocols with certain restrictions.
- If density operator of the subsystem consisting the parties wanting to perform the protocol is separable, then the protocol cannot be performed successfully.



Application to Qubit Networks

- Different parties possessing entangled qubits, want to perform protocols with certain restrictions.
- If density operator of the subsystem consisting the parties wanting to perform the protocol is separable, then the protocol cannot be performed successfully.
- If another party (not participating in the protocol) does not divulge information about their local operations, then results of the protocol cannot be correlated.



Application to Qubit Networks

Let us consider a four qubit network, where Alice, Bob, Charlie and Diana are the parties such that only the following parties can communicate:

Application to Qubit Networks

Let us consider a four qubit network, where Alice, Bob, Charlie and Diana are the parties such that only the following parties can communicate:

- Alice, Bob, and Charlie

Application to Qubit Networks

Let us consider a four qubit network, where Alice, Bob, Charlie and Diana are the parties such that only the following parties can communicate:

- Alice, Bob, and Charlie
- Alice, Bob, and Diana

Application to Qubit Networks

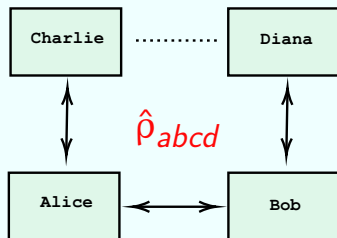
Let us consider a four qubit network, where Alice, Bob, Charlie and Diana are the parties such that only the following parties can communicate:

- Alice, Bob, and Charlie
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- Alice and Charlie

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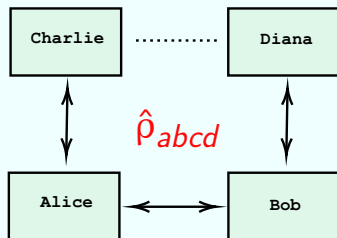
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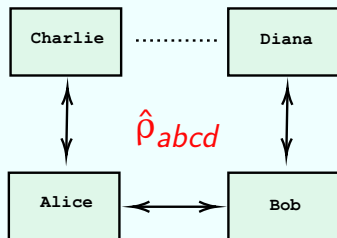


We can easily see that the polynomial describing this network is
 $P(a, b, c, d) = abc + abd + ac \longrightarrow$

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We can easily see that the polynomial describing this network is $P(a, b, c, d) = abc + abd + ac \rightarrow$ a state can immediately be constructed from the algorithm.

Conclusion