VE215 Lab 5

Filter Lab

	Data Sheet
Name: 13消%	Student ID: 518021911039
Date: 11.12	TA's Signature:

Note: You will get grade deductions if you violate the following rules:

- 1. You are required to sign in the Logbook once you get your seat.
- 2. You are supposed to restore all the equipment and materials before you leave the lab.
- 3. You mustn't move any of the equipment and the material without TA's permission.

Procedures:

- 1. According to the pre-lab assignments, you are supposed to fill in the Expected Data columns in the tables below before the lab.
- 2. During the lab:
 - i) Construct the circuit for each type of filter. Resister: $R = 982\Omega$; Capacitor: $C = 0.1\mu F$; Inductor: L = 1mH.
 - ii) Set the Input Signal in the function generator to be **Sine Wave** with amplitude of 5 V_{ppk} and change the frequency accordingly.
 - iii) Use the oscilloscope to detect the **amplitudes** of the **Input and Output** signals. Record them respectively in the first two column in the tables.
 - iv) Additionally for the **Band-reject Filter**, when the frequency approach the critical frequency at which the **Transfer Function Magnitude** reaches its minimum, the **Output Signal Amplitude** changes rapidly. For a more accurate result, you can (but not strictly required to) add some more rows to record the data (**Table V**).
- 3. After the lab, you should calculate with the experimental data for the "Transfer function magnitude" and "Transfer function magnitude, in dB" columns.

I) Low-pass Filter

Frequency	Input signal	Output	Transfer	Expected	Transfer	Expected
	amplitude,	signal	function	transfer	function	transfer
	Vppk	amplitude,	magnitude	function	magnitude,	function
		(m)Vppk	A-2	magnitude	in dB	magnitude,
						in dB
1 MHz	4.8	32	0.0067	0.0016	-43.528	- 57. 8058
100 kHz	4.8	137	0.0285	0.0162	-30.8904	-35.8070
50 kHz	4.9	753	0.0516	0.0324	- >5.74.5	->9.7898
10 kHz	4.9	1200	v. x449	0.1600	-12.2203	-15.9184
5 kHz	At.9	2200	0.4490	0.3084	- 6.9555	-10.2191
1 kHz	5.1	4950	0.9608	0.8510	-0.3475	-1.4010
500 Hz	5.2	5700	0.9808	0.9516	-0.1687	-0.3948

II) High-pass Filter

n-pass ritter					5
Input signal	Output	Transfer	Expected	Transfer	Expected
amplitude,	signal	function	transfer	function	transfer
Vppk	amplitude,	magnitude	function	magnitude,	function
	Vppk		magnitude	in dB	magnitude,
	* V)		1		in dB
4.7	5600	1.1915	1.00	1.5218	0
4.8	1700	1.6667	0.9999	1.3289	-0.0011
4.9	400	1.1429	0.9996	1.1598	-0.0045
4.9	[too	1.1224	0.9871	1.0033	-0.1176
4.9	5-110	1.0429	0.9513	0.3645	-0.4339
5.1	2490	0.4882	0.5%1	-6. 2274	- 5. 59 5 1
5.2	1330	P. >558	0. 848	-11.8430	- 10. 6095
5.1	279	0.0547	0. 061b	-25.2393	-x4.>017
	Input signal amplitude, Vppk 4.7 4.8 4.9 4.9 4.9 5.1 5.2	Input signal amplitude, signal amplitude, Vppk 4.7 \$\frac{1}{2}\cdot \cdot \c	Input signal amplitude, signal function Vppk amplitude, Vppk 4.7 \$\frac{1}{2}\cdot 00 \qu	Input signal amplitude, signal function function magnitude Vppk 4.7	Input signal amplitude, signal function function magnitude, Vppk amplitude, Vppk function magnitude function magnitude function magnitude in dB 4.7 \$\frac{1}{2}\cdot 0 \frac{1.1915}{1.90} \frac{1.5218}{1.3389} \frac{1.194}{1.124} \frac{9995}{1.9871} \frac{1.298}{1.9339} \frac{1.124}{1.9871} \frac{9713}{1.9033} \frac{1.124}{1.9871} \frac{9713}{1.9033} \frac{1.124}{1.999} \frac{9713}{1.9033} \frac{1.124}{1.999} \frac{9713}{1.9033} \frac{1.1845}{1.999} \frac{1.1845}{1.999} \frac{9713}{1.9933} \frac{9713}{1.9933

III) Band-pass Filter

Frequency	Input signal	Output	Transfer	Expected	Transfer	Expected
	amplitude,	signal	function	transfer	function	transfer
	Vppk	amplitude,	magnitude	function	magnitude,	function
		(m)Vppk		magnitude	in dB	magnitude,
20						in dB
1 MHz	5.0	580	0.1160	0.1545	-18.7108	-16.2240
500 kHz	5.0	160	0.3300	1. 786	-9.6297	-10.4981
100 kHz	4.9	4900	1.0000	0.8484	0.0000	-1.4375
50 kHz	4.8	5400	1.12/0	0.9610	1.0231	-0. 34 55
10 kHz	4.8	5700	1.1458	0.9952	1.1874	- 0.0418
1 kHz	.t.i	7410	0.474	0.545	-6.5111	-5.5716
500 Hz	C.1	1290	1.44	0.2851	-11.9396	-10.6009

IV) Band-reject Filter

Frequency	Input signal	Output	Transfer	Expected	Transfer	Expected
	amplitude,	signal	function	transfer	function	transfer
	Vppk	amplitude,	magnitude	function	magnitude,	function
		(m)Vppk		magnitude	in dB	magnitude,
			1.1			in dB
1 MHz	5.0	5800	1.1600	0.988	1. 2892	- 0.1049
500 kHz	J.0	Th00	1.1200	0.9[44	0.9844	- 0.40th
300 kHz	5.0	£ >00	1.0400	0. 8863	0.3407	-1.0481
200 kHz	4.9	4600	0.9388	0.7860	-0.5488	- 2.0911
100 kHz	4.8	930	0.6104	0.592	-4.875	-5.182
50 kHz	4.8	1490	0.2104	0.2763	-10.1611	-11.1721
10 kHz	4.9	840	שורו.ם	0.0976	-15.3183	- 70. 2092
5 kHz	4.9	1970	0.4020	0. >80K	-7.9146	- 11.043
1 kHz	\$.1	4900	0.9608	0.8001	- 0.3475	-1.4105
500 Hz	5.2	5100	0.9808	·91T[-0.168]	-0.3956

Theoretically find the corresponding frequency when the output signal amplitude reaches its minimal value and fill in the following table:

V) Band-reject Filter (Not Strictly Required)

Frequency	Input signal amplitude, Vppk	Output signal amplitude, (m)Vppk	Transfer function magnitude	Expected transfer function magnitude	Transfer function magnitude, in dB	Expected transfer function magnitude, in dB
			*			
				(r
	6					
Critical:						39.
			Fi 2	100		
			2/3	1	7.	
					1	
			39.5			