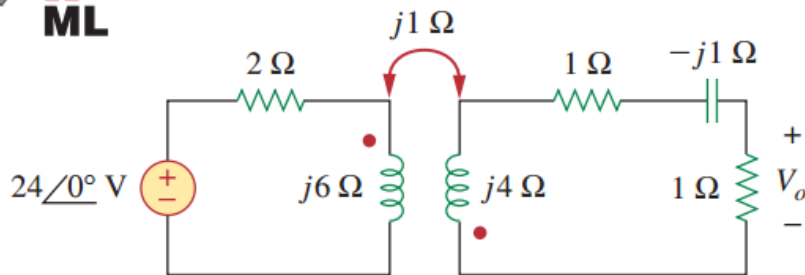


**13.5** Two coils are mutually coupled, with  $L_1 = 50 \text{ mH}$ ,  $L_2 = 120 \text{ mH}$ , and  $k = 0.5$ . Calculate the maximum possible equivalent inductance if:

- (a) the two coils are connected in series
- (b) the coils are connected in parallel

**13.7** For the circuit in Fig. 13.76, find  $V_o$ .



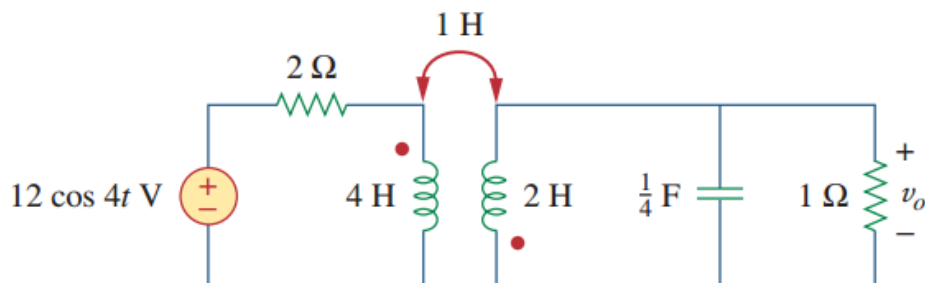
**Figure 13.76**

For Prob. 13.7.

**13.24** In the circuit of Fig. 13.93,



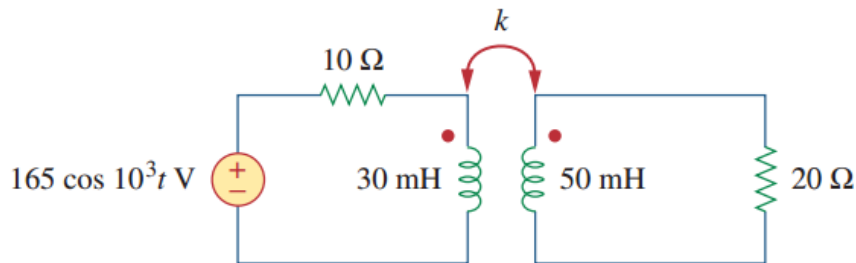
- (a) find the coupling coefficient,
- (b) calculate  $v_o$ ,
- (c) determine the energy stored in the coupled inductors at  $t = 2 \text{ s}$ .



**Figure 13.93**

For Prob. 13.24.

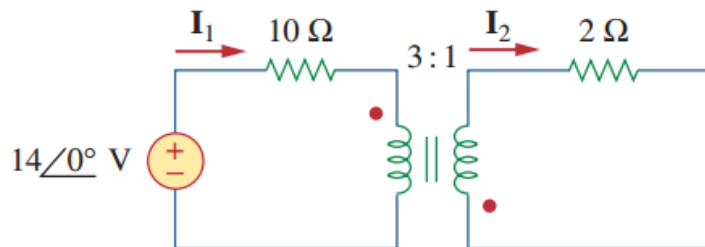
- 13.29** In the circuit of Fig. 13.98, find the value of the coupling coefficient  $k$  that will make the  $10\text{-}\Omega$  resistor dissipate  $320\text{ W}$ . For this value of  $k$ , find the energy stored in the coupled coils at  $t = 1.5\text{ s}$ .



**Figure 13.98**

For Prob. 13.29.

- 13.41** Determine  $I_1$  and  $I_2$  in the circuit of Fig. 13.106.



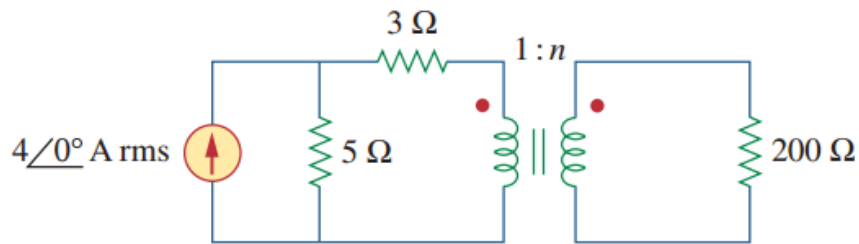
**Figure 13.106**

For Prob. 13.41.

**13.53** Refer to the network in Fig. 13.118.



- Find  $n$  for maximum power supplied to the  $200\text{-}\Omega$  load.
- Determine the power in the  $200\text{-}\Omega$  load if  $n = 10$ .

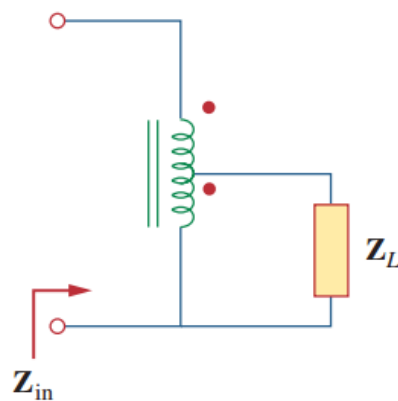


**Figure 13.118**

For Prob. 13.53.

**13.71** In the autotransformer circuit in Fig. 13.134, show that

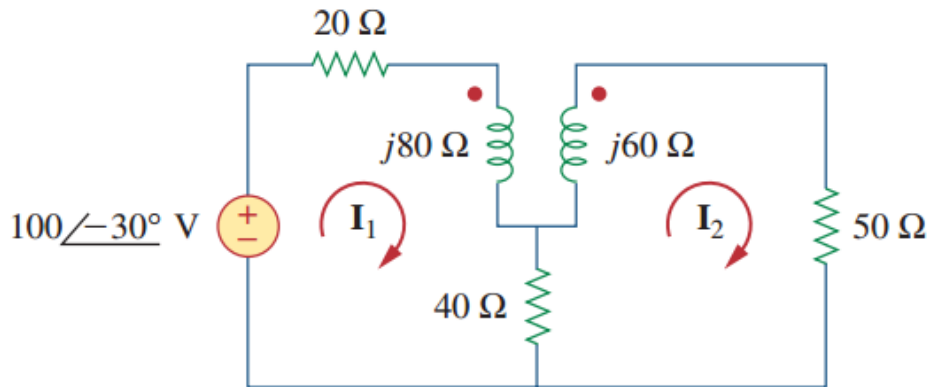
$$\mathbf{Z}_{\text{in}} = \left(1 + \frac{N_1}{N_2}\right)^2 \mathbf{Z}_L$$



**Figure 13.134**

For Prob. 13.71.

- 13.78** Use *PSpice* or *MultiSim* to determine the mesh currents in the circuit of Fig. 13.140. Take  $\omega = 1$  rad/s. Use  $k = 0.5$  when solving this problem.



**Figure 13.140**

For Prob. 13.78.

- 13.90** A 4-kVA, 2,400/240-V rms transformer has 250 turns on the primary side. Calculate:
- the turns ratio,
  - the number of turns on the secondary side,
  - the primary and secondary currents.