

VE311 HW2 周第4期 518021911039

1. If $T - \Delta T \ll RC$ and $\Delta T \ll T$

$$V_r \approx (V_s - V_{on}) \left(\frac{T}{RC} \right) = (6 - 0.7) \left(\frac{1}{60} \cdot \frac{1}{1000 \cdot C} \right) < 0.1 \Rightarrow C > 8.83 \times 10^{-4} \text{ F}$$

$$V_{dc} = V_s - V_{on} = 6 - 0.7 = 5.3 \text{ V}$$

$$I_{dc} = \frac{V_{dc}}{R} = \frac{5.3}{1000} = 5.3 \times 10^{-3} \text{ A}$$

$$\theta_c = \sqrt{\frac{2V_r}{V_s}} = \sqrt{\frac{2 \times 0.1}{6}} = 0.1826 \text{ rad}$$

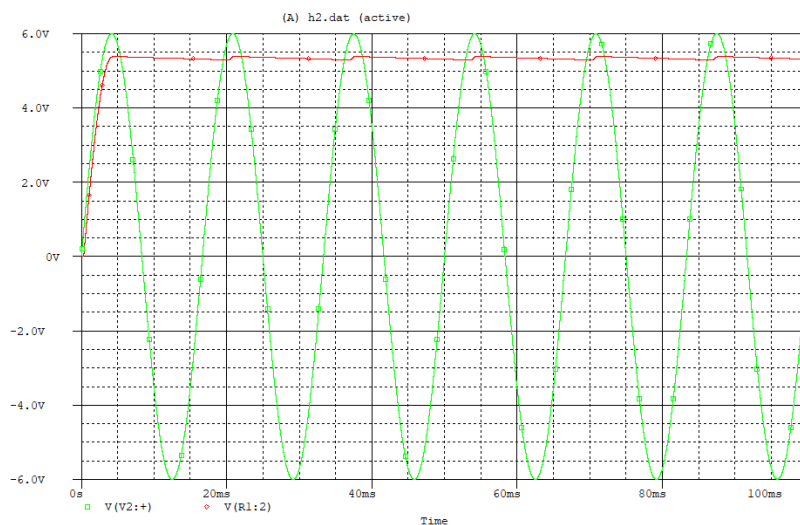
$$\Delta T = \frac{\theta_c}{\omega} = 4.84 \times 10^{-4} \text{ s}$$

$$I_{peak} = \frac{2 I_{dc} T}{\Delta T} = 0.3648 \text{ A}$$

$$I_{surge} = \omega C V_s = 1.998 \text{ A}$$

$$PIV = 2V_s - V_{on} = 11.3 \text{ V}$$

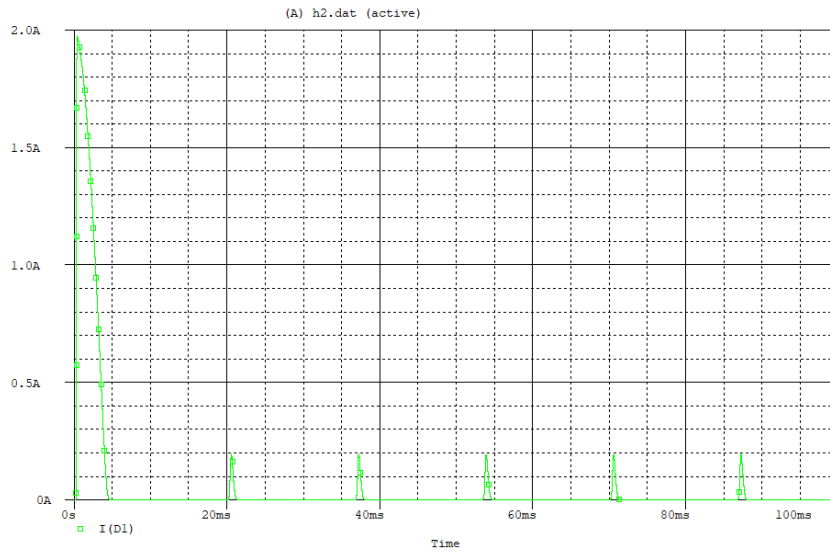
(b).



From the graph, we know $V_{dc} = 5.39 \text{ V}$, $I_{dc} = 5.39 \times 10^{-3} \text{ A}$, $V_r = 0.1 \text{ V}$, $PIV = 11.34 \text{ V}$

Generally, they are very close to the hand-calculated results. The difference may be because of the precision of reading. It may also be because that part of the circuit is not ideal.

(c).



From the graph, we know $I_{\text{peak}} = 0.193 \text{ V}$, $I_{\text{surge}} = 1.97 \text{ V}$.

The I_{surge} is close to the hand-calculated value, while the I_{peak} is about half of the hand-calculated one.

2.(a). If $\left(\frac{T}{2} - \Delta T\right) \ll RC$ and $\Delta T \ll \frac{T}{2}$

$$V_r \approx (V_s - 2V_{on}) \left(\frac{T}{2RC} \right) = (6 - 2 \times 0.7) \left(\frac{1}{60} \times \frac{1}{2 \times 10000C} \right) < 0.1 \Rightarrow C > 3.83 \times 10^{-4} \text{ F}$$

$$V_{dc} = V_s - 2V_{on} = 4.6 \text{ V}$$

$$I_{dc} = \frac{V_{dc}}{R} = 4.6 \times 10^{-3} \text{ A}$$

$$\theta_c = \sqrt{\frac{2V_r}{V_s}} = 0.1826 \text{ rad}$$

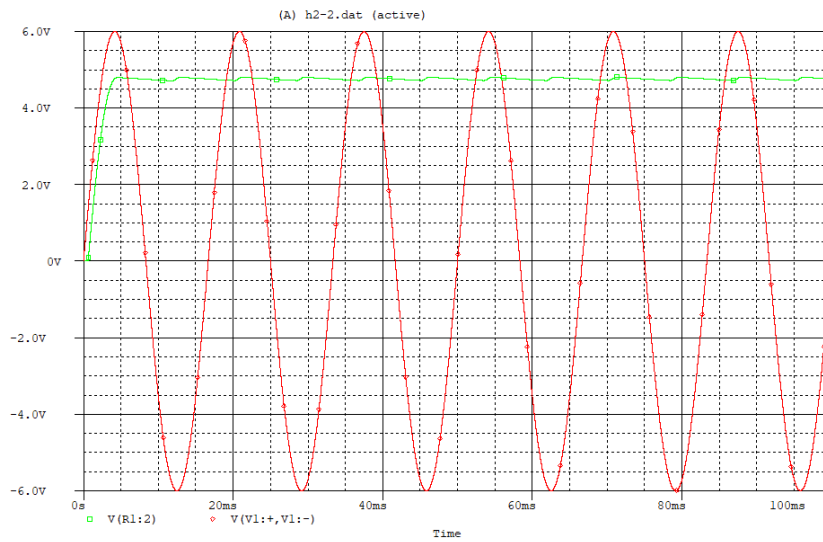
$$\Delta T = \frac{\theta_c}{\omega} = 4.84 \times 10^{-4} \text{ s}$$

$$I_{peak} = \frac{I_{dc} T}{\Delta T} = 0.1583 \text{ A}$$

$$I_{surge} = \omega C V_s = 0.8671 \text{ A}$$

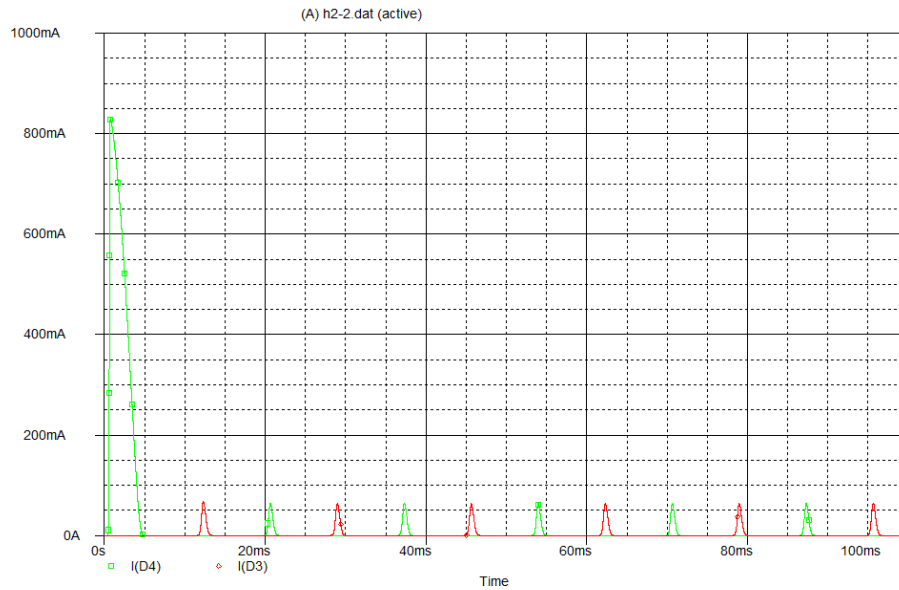
$$PIV = V_s - V_{on} = 5.3 \text{ V}$$

(b).



From the graph, we can know $V_{dc} = 4.81 \text{ V}$, $I_{dc} = 4.81 \times 10^{-3} \text{ A}$, $V_r = 0.1 \text{ V}$, $PIV = 5.41 \text{ V}$. Generally, they are very close to the hand-calculated value. The small difference may be because of the precision of reading. It may also be because that part of the circuit is not ideal.

(C).



From the graph, we can know $I_{peak} = 0.0631 \text{ A}$, $I_{surge} = 0.832 \text{ A}$

The I_{surge} is close to the hand-calculated value, while the I_{peak} is about half of the hand-calculated one.