

## Fall-2020 UM-SJTU JI Ve311 Homework #5

Instructor: Dr. Chang-Ching Tu

Due: 11:59 am, November 4, 2020 (Wednesday)

Note:

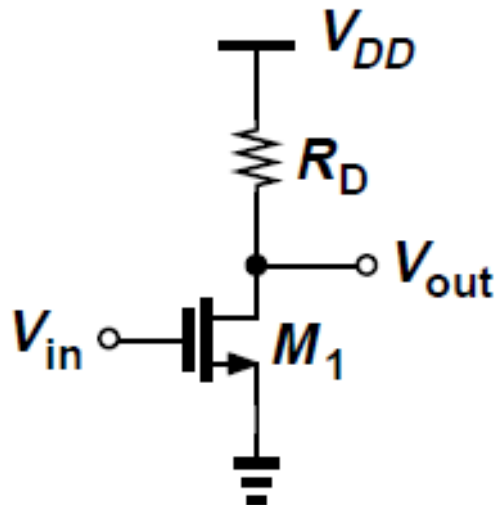
- (1) Please use A4 size papers.
- (2) Please use the SPICE model on page 2 for simulation and calculation.

### 1. [Common-Source with Resistive Load]

(a) [40%] Assume  $\lambda = 0$  and  $\gamma = 0$ . For  $V_{DD} = 5$  V,  $V_{in} = 0.9$  V + small signal,  $R_D = 10$  k $\Omega$  and  $L_{drawn} = 2$   $\mu$ m, found out the value of  $W_{drawn}$  to obtain a voltage gain  $A_v = -10$ ? *Note: make sure  $M_1$  operates in the saturation region.*

(b) [30%] Using the DC biasing condition in (a), plot  $V_{OUT}$  as a function of  $V_{IN}$  (from 0 V to 5 V) by DC sweep in Pspice. Compare the hand-calculation result in (a) with the simulation result here. *Note: the slope of the  $V_{OUT}$  versus  $V_{IN}$  curve at  $V_{IN} = 0.9$  V is the  $A_v$ .*

(c) [30%] Using the DC biasing conditions in (a), plot  $V_{out}$  as a function of time (from 0 to 0.1 second) in Pspice, when  $V_{in} = 0.9$  V +  $B \times \sin(2\pi 100)$  and  $B = 0.01$  V, 0.1 V and 1 V. What do you observe when the amplitude increases?



**NMOS Model**

<b>LEVEL = 1</b>	<b>VTO = 0.7</b>	<b>GAMMA = 0.45</b>	<b>PHI = 0.9</b>
<b>NSUB = 9e+14</b>	<b>LD = 0.08e-6</b>	<b>UO = 350</b>	<b>LAMBDA = 0.1</b>
<b>TOX = 9e-9</b>	<b>PB = 0.9</b>	<b>CJ = 0.56e-3</b>	<b>CJSW = 0.35e-11</b>
<b>MJ = 0.45</b>	<b>MJSW = 0.2</b>	<b>CGDO = 0.4e-9</b>	<b>JS = 1.0e-8</b>

**PMOS Model**

<b>LEVEL = 1</b>	<b>VTO = -0.8</b>	<b>GAMMA = 0.4</b>	<b>PHI = 0.8</b>
<b>NSUB = 5e+14</b>	<b>LD = 0.09e-6</b>	<b>UO = 100</b>	<b>LAMBDA = 0.2</b>
<b>TOX = 9e-9</b>	<b>PB = 0.9</b>	<b>CJ = 0.94e-3</b>	<b>CJSW = 0.32e-11</b>
<b>MJ = 0.5</b>	<b>MJSW = 0.3</b>	<b>CGDO = 0.3e-9</b>	<b>JS = 0.5e-8</b>

VTO: threshold voltage with zero  $V_{SB}$  (unit: V)

GAMMA: body effect coefficient (unit:  $V^{1/2}$ )

PHI:  $2\Phi_F$  (unit: V)

TOX: gate oxide thickness (unit: m)

NSUB: substrate doping (unit:  $\text{cm}^{-3}$ )

LD: source/drain side diffusion (unit: m)

UO: channel mobility (unit:  $\text{cm}^2/\text{V/s}$ )

LAMBDA: channel-length modulation coefficient (unit:  $V^{-1}$ )

CJ: source/drain bottom-plate junction capacitance per unit area (unit:  $\text{F/m}^2$ )

CJSW: source/drain sidewall junction capacitance per unit length (unit:  $\text{F/m}$ )

PB: source/drain junction built-in potential (unit: V)

MJ: exponent in CJ equation (unitless)

MJSW: exponent in CJSW equation (unitless)

CGDO: gate-drain overlap capacitance per unit width (unit:  $\text{F/m}$ )

CGSO: gate-source overlap capacitance per unit width (unit:  $\text{F/m}$ )

JS: source/drain leakage current per unit area (unit:  $\text{A/m}^2$ )

**Vacuum permittivity ( $\epsilon_0$ ) =  $8.85 \times 10^{-12}$  (F / m)**

**Silicon oxide dielectric constant ( $\epsilon_r$ ) = 3.9**