#### **VE320 – Summer 2021**

#### **Introduction to Semiconductor Devices**

Instructor: Yaping Dan (但亚平) yaping.dan@sjtu.edu.cn

Chapter 0. Course Information and Preview

## Outline

- Course Information
- Preview

#### **Course Information**

• Time: Monday 10:00-11:40

Wednesday 10:00-11:40

Friday 10:00-11:40 (odd weeks)

Instructor: Professor Dan, Yaping

JI New Building Office 516

Email: yaping.dan@sjtu.edu.cn

• Office Hour: 9am-10am Monday, Wednesday (online in our Feishu classroom)

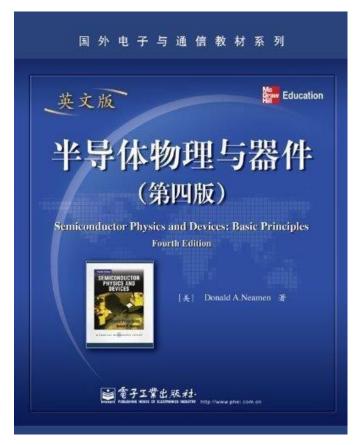
- Teaching Assistants:
  - Zexi Li <u>lzx12138@sjtu.edu.cn</u>
  - Another Two TA: to be determined.

#### Reference textbook

Semiconductor Physics and Devices: Basic Principles 4<sup>th</sup> ed.

Donald A. Neamen

Publishing house of electronic industry



## Assignments, Quizzes

- Assigned weekly on Friday, due on the following Friday.
- 13+ quizzes

Ve215, Vp240 or Vp260. If you do not meet this requirement, please see the instructor immediately after class.

## **Grading Policy**

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	•	<b>~</b> 0.7
•	Quizzes	5%

- Assignments 5%
- Midterm1 30%
- Midterm2 30%
- Final 30%
- Fail, if the total grade is below 50.
- Curve to be centered at B or B+ for the grades above 50.
- Midterm and final exams will cover (but not limited to) the content of quizzes and assignments.

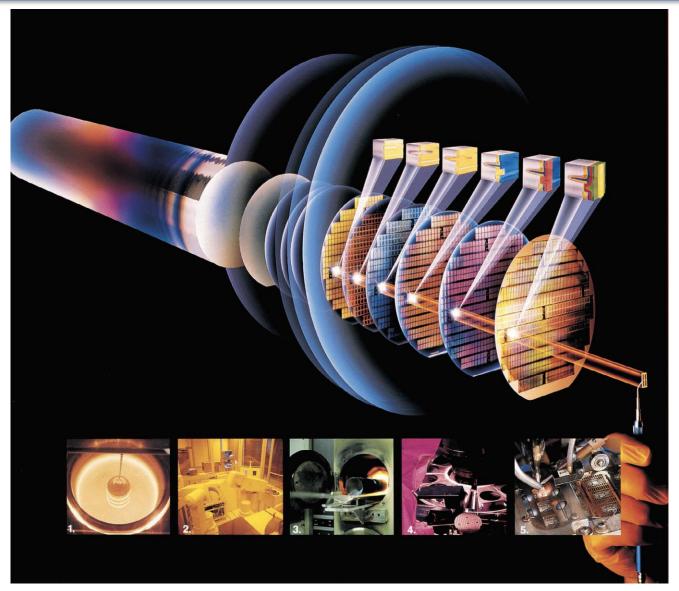


#### **Unethical Conducts**

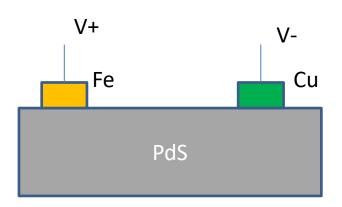
- You are free to discuss homework with each other. But the work you submit must be your own.
- Any suspicious violation of the honor code will be reported to the honor council.
- Quizzes are open book, open discussion but no cheating
- Midterm and final exams are close-book.
- Standard cheating papers will be consulted with and published to all students, and distributed in the exams.

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#### The first semiconductor device:



Braun in 1874



**Karl Ferdinand Braun** 

Shared the 1909 Nobel Prize in Physics with <u>Guglielmo Marconi</u> "for their contributions to the development of wireless telegraphy"

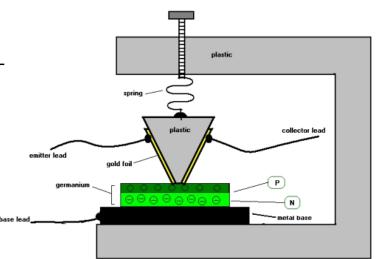
# Quantum Mechanics → Semiconductor Physics (1900 - 1950s)

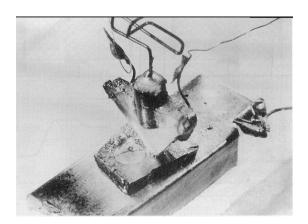
Max Planck, Niels Bohr, Werner Heisenberg, Louis de Broglie, Arthur Compton, Albert Einstein, Erwin Schrödinger, Max Born, John von Neumann, Paul Dirac, Enrico Fermi, Wolfgang Pauli, Max von Laue, Freeman Dyson, David Hilbert, Wilhelm Wien, Satyendra Nath Bose, Arnold Sommerfeld, and others.

#### Explosion of integrated circuits



John Bardeen, William Shockley, and Walter Brattain at Bell Labs, 1948





First transistor Bell Labs, 1948 Based on Ge (锗)



#### Silicon Valley

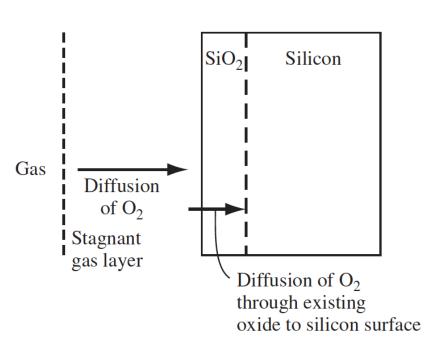


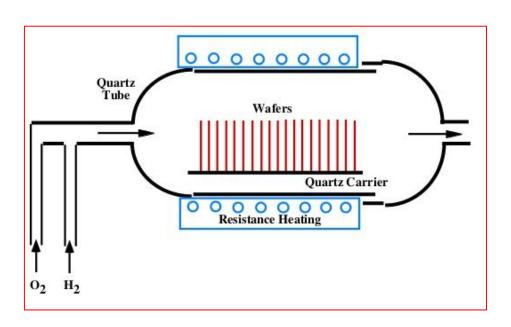
Bell Lab, New Jersey



Original site at California

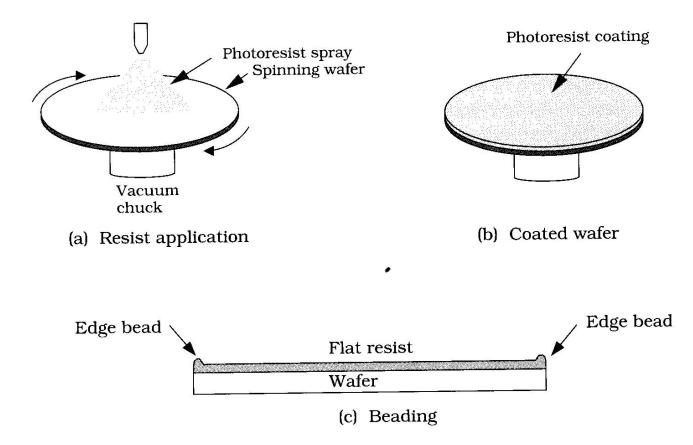
#### Thermal oxidation



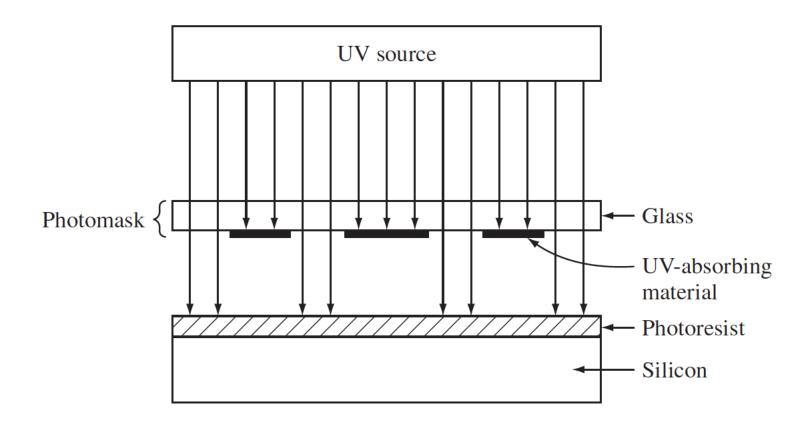


SiO<sub>2</sub>: high quality electrical insulator

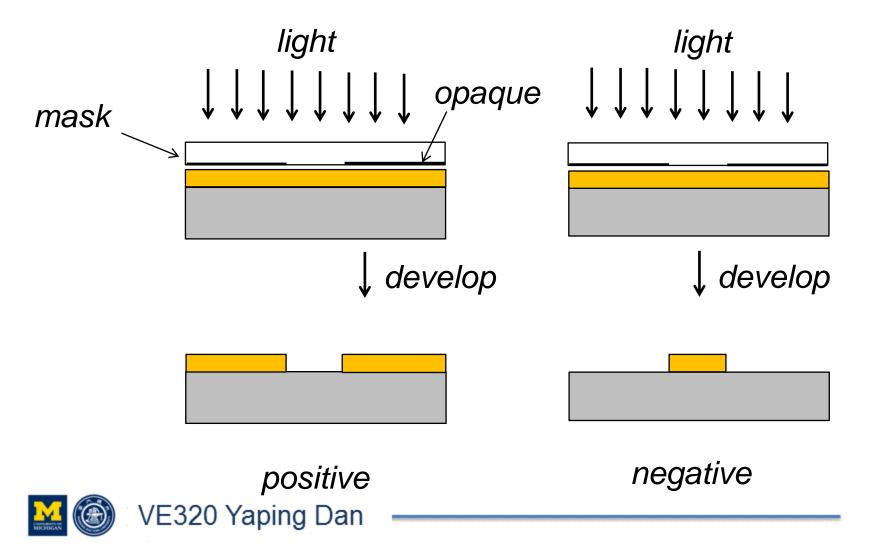
#### **Photoligthography**



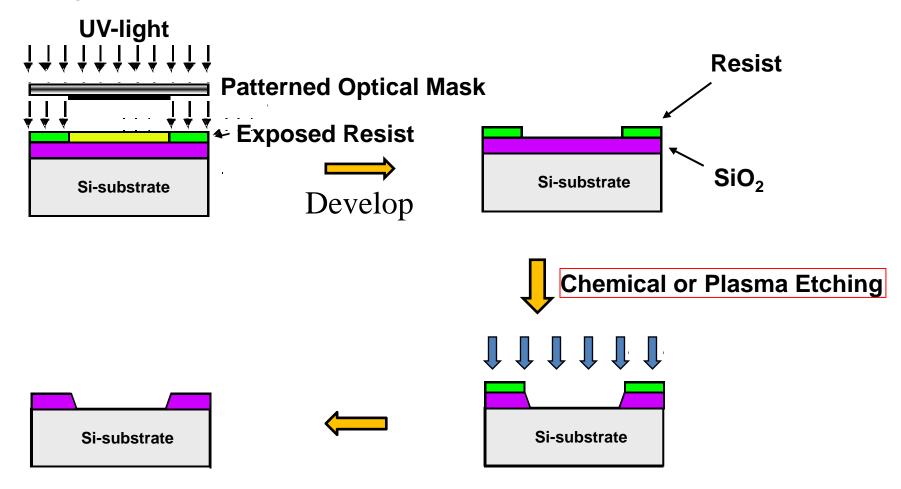
#### **Photoligthography**



#### **Photoligthography**



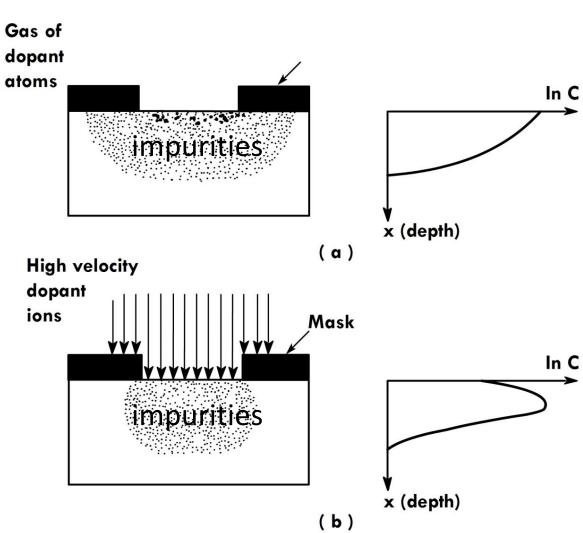
#### **Etching**



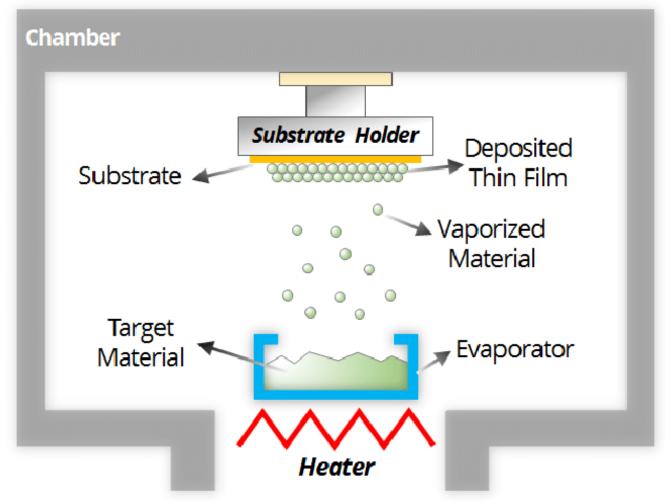
#### **Doping**

Thermal diffusion

Ion implantation



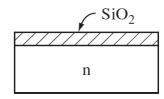
#### Metallization (metal deposition)



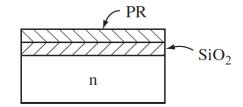
#### Simple Fabrication Process

n type

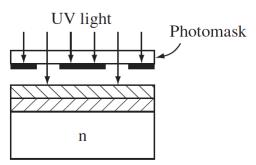
1. Start with n-type substrate



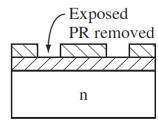
2. Oxidize surface



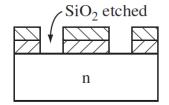
3. Apply photoresist over SiO<sub>2</sub>



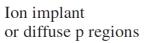
3. Expose photoresist through photomask

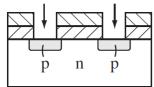


4. Remove exposed photoresist

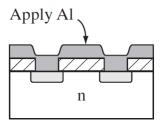


5. Etch exposed SiO<sub>2</sub>

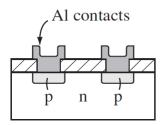




6. Ion implant or diffuse boron into silicon



7. Remove PR and sputter Al on surface



8. Apply PR, photomask, and etch to form Al contacts over p regions



