Rockchip RK2108 RT-Thread Quick Start

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Rockchip Electronics Co., Ltd.

No.18 Building, A District, No.89, software Boulevard Fuzhou, Fujian, PRC

Website: <u>www.rock-chips.com</u>

Customer service Tel: +86-4007-700-590

Customer service Fax: +86-591-83951833

Customer service e-Mail: fae@rock-chips.com

Preface

Overview

The document presents the basic usage of Rockchip RK2108 RT-Thread SDK, aiming to help engineers get started with RK2108 RT-Thread SDK faster.

Note: please refer to the document RKDocs/RK2108_RT-Thread_Release_Note.txt to get the current version of the SDK.

Product Version

Chipset	Kernel Version
RK2108	RT-Thread v3.1.x

Intended Audience

This document (this guide) is mainly intended for:

Technical support engineers

Software development engineers

Revision History

Date	Version	Author	Revision History	
2019-02-20	V1.0.0	Cliff Chen	Initial version	
2020-05-14	V1.1.0	Chris Zhong	Delete unnecessary chapters	
2020-06-11	V1.2.0	Ruby Zhang	Update the company name	
2020-12-30	V1.3.0	Jair Wu	Add rootfs packaging instructions	

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1. Set up the Development Environment

1.1 System Environment

It is recommended to take 64-bit Ubuntu 16.04 or Ubuntu 18.04 system to build this SDK.

1.2 Toolchain for Building

The building tool SCons + GCC are officially recommended by RT-Thread. SCons is an open source building system written in Python language. And GCC cross building tool is officially provided by ARM. You can directly install all the required tools by the following commands:

```
sudo add-apt-repository ppa:team-gcc-arm-embedded/ppa
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install gcc-arm-embedded scons clang-format astyle libncurses5-dev
build-essential python-configparser
```

If the toolchain can not be installed, you can also download them from ARM official website and specify their path through environment variables as follows:

```
wget https://developer.arm.com/-/media/Files/downloads/gnu-rm/7-2018q2/gcc-arm-
none-eabi-7-2018-q2-update-linux.tar.bz2
tar xvf gcc-arm-none-eabi-7-2018-q2-update-linux.tar.bz2
export RTT_EXEC_PATH=/path/to/toolchain/gcc-arm-none-eabi-7-2018-q2-update/bin
```

2. Project Directory

The standard directory structure of RT-Thread is as follows:

```
|-- applications
                       # Rockchip application demo source code
- AUTHORS
|-- bsp
                       # chip related source code
    - rockchip
       - common
          — drivers # Universal driver of rockchip OS adaptation layer
          — hal
                     # Rockchip HAL (hardware Abstraction Layer)
implementation
          — rk2108
                     # RK2108 main directory
          - board
                     # Board level configuration
          ├─ build
                     # Build main directory and store the intermediate
files
          build.sh # RK2108 build script
          ─ drivers # RK2108 Private driver directory
```

```
dsp_fw # Stores dsp firmware
           - Image  # Stores firmware
- tests  # RK2108 private test code
                    # Start relataed soure code
           — start
                 # Rockchip commonly used tools
 — ChangeLog.md
system, shell and framework layer and other drivers
   ├─ hifi3
     └─ rkdsp
                 # DSP project directory, please refer to the document
"Rockchip Developer Guide RTOS DSP CN.pdf" for details
|-- examples
                     # RT-Thread example program and test code
|-- include
                     # RT-Thread official header file directory
- Kconfig
|-- libcpu
-- LICENSE
-- README.md
--- README zh.md
|-- RKDocs
                     # Rockchip documents
|-- src
                     # RT-Thread kernel source code
|-- third_party
                     # Directory of third-party code added by Rockchip
|-- tools
                     # RT-Thread official tool directory, including
menuconfig and building scripts
```

3. Project Building Configuration

RT-Thread controls building by SCons which is an open source building system written in Python similar to GNU Make. It takes SConstruct and SConscript files instead of common Makefile. They are also Python scripts and can be written in standard Python syntax, so Python standard libraries can be called for various complex processing in SConstruct and SConscript files.

3.1 Project Configuration

Enter the project directory, like bsp/rockchip/rk2108, and run the project configuration tool menuconfig:

```
cd bsp/rockchip/rk2108
cp board/rk2108_evb/defconfig .config #(The defconfig file located in each
board directory is the default configuration)
scons --menuconfig
```

The following interface will be prompted. The process loads the current default configuration from .config, which will be overwrote when exiting to save the configuration. At the same time, the rtconfig.h file is automatically generated. These 2 files contain the various configurations we selected, but only rtconfig.h is included in the building.

```
RT-Thread Configuration
Arrow keys navigate the menu. <Enter> selects submenus ---> (or empty
submenus ----). Highlighted letters are hotkeys. Pressing <Y>
includes, <N> excludes, <M> modularizes features. Press <Esc> to
exit, <?> for Help, </> for Search. Legend: [*] built-in [ ] excluded
   RT-Thread Kernel --->
       RT-Thread Components
       RT-Thread third party package --->
    [ ] Enable RT-Thread online packages ----
       RT-Thread board config
       RT-Thread rockchip common drivers
       RT-Thread rockchip rk2108 drivers --->
       RT-Thread application
       RT-Thread bsp test case
    [ ] Enable firmware analysis
      <Select>
                  < Fxit >
                              < Help >
                                                      < Load >
                                          < Save >
```

The frequently operations of menuconfig tool are as follows:

- Up and down arrows: move
- Enter: enter the submenu
- ESC: return to the previous menu or exit
- ? (in English): open help menu (please press the enter button to exit the help menu).
- Space, Y or N buttons: enable/disable the configuration options with [*]
- / button: to find configuration items

There is a default configuration file defconfig in each board level directory, which contains the general configuration of the board, and you can modify based on this configuration.

3.2 Save the Configurations

There is a default configuration defconfig in each board-level configuration directory. If you didn't execute scons menuconfig, the default rtconfig.h will be included in building. You have to overwrite the .config with its defconfig file at first to modify the defconfig of the board, and then use the new .config to update the defconfig file after modifying through menuconfig. The following is the an detailed example:

```
cp board/xxx/defconfig .config
the board to be modified
scons menuconfig
cp .config board/xxx/defconfig
default configuration of the board

; Copy the default configuration of
; Modify configuration items
; Save the configuration as the
```

4. Project Build

4.1 Build Command

Build command:

```
cd bsp/rockchip/rk2108
./build.sh # Call soncs to complete building and packaging
```

The above command used rtconfig.h in the current directory as the building configuration, and finally the following files will be generated in the current directory:

```
ls -l rtthread*
-rwxrwxr-x 1 cmc cmc 599616 Feb 15 19:45 rtthread.elf #elf executable file,
can be used for jtag debugging
-rw-rw-r- 1 cmc cmc 489470 Feb 15 19:45 rtthread.map #Symbol table
-rwxrwxr-x 1 cmc cmc 56760 Feb 15 19:45 rtthread.bin #RT-Thread system
firmware
```

And the following file will be generated in the image directory:

```
Firmware.img
```

The Firmware img is the binary firmware that we downloaded to device, which is packaged by Loader (rk2108 loader.bin) and RT-Thread system firmware (rtthread.bin).

SCons building system use MD5 to decide whether the file needs to be rebuilt by default. If the content of the code file has not changed and only timestamp has changed (such as updating the timestamp through touch), the file and its dependencies will not be built. In addition, if you only modify some irrelevant content, such as code comments, it will only build and not link, because the content of the obj file has not changed. Therefore, during the development process, if you encounter problems that have not actually taken effect after various modifications, it is recommended to do a cleanup before building. The command is as follows:

```
scons -c
```

After the above cleanup, there are also errors, you can force to delete all intermediate files by the following command:

```
rm -rf build
```

Please refer to help or documents for other SCons commands:

```
scons -h
```

4.2 Firmware Package

The purpose of firmware packaging is to package various firmwares required by the system, such as partition table, loader, OS and root file system. The firmware packaging script of RK2108 is: bsp/rockchip/rk2108/mkimage.sh. The current building script will automatically trigger the firmware packaging after building is completed, so you only need to execute the ./build.sh command once to complete the building and packaging.

4.3 Rootfs Package

The rootfs packaging script is: bsp/rockchip/rk2108/mkroot.sh, enter the directory bsp/rockchip/rk2108, excute ./mkroot.sh resource/userdata/normal board/common/setting.ini, the root.img will be generated in Image/. The script will make the file or directory in the specified directory into a Fat format file system, the size of root.img is determined by the PartSize of root partition in setting.ini.

5. Firmware Flash

Before flashing the firmware, the board should be in upgrade mode. RK2108 supports two upgrade modes: Loader mode and MaskRom mode. The following are the ways to enter these 2 modes:

- 1. When the USB port is connected to the computer, hold down RECOVERY key and do not release it. Short press RESET key to let the board enter the Loader mode and then release RECOVERY key;
- 2. When the USB port is connected to the computer, hold down MASROM key and do not release it. Short press RESET key to let the board enter MaskRom mode and then release MASROM key. Devices without flashing firmware will automatically enter MaskRom mode after power on.

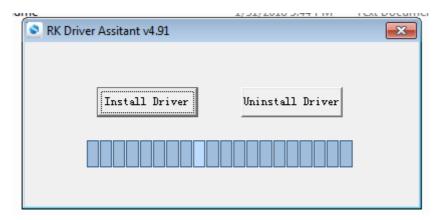
5.1 Windows USB Driver Installation

In the development and debugging process, you need to switch the device to Loader mode or MaskRom mode, and install the Rockusb driver correctly to recognize the device normally.

The Rockchip USB driver installation assistant is stored in the DriverAssitant_v4.91 folder of the bsp/rockchip/tools/Rockchip_Develop_Tool_v2.63.zip compressed package and supports xp, win7_32, win7_64, win8_32, win8_64 operating systems.

Please refer to the following steps to install:

1. Open and execute Rockusb driver software as the following interface:



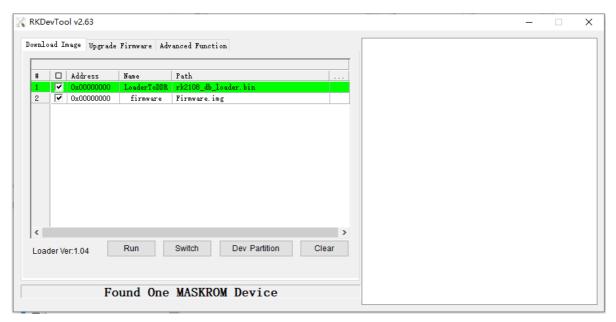
- 2. Click "Driver Installation" until the driver installation is successful.
- 3. Successful installation:



Note: some versions of Windows system need to bypass the digital signature during installing the driver, restart the computer and press F8, select **force to disable the driver signature**, and then install the driver.

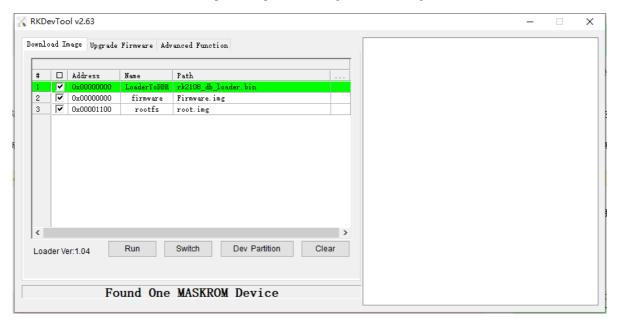
5.2 Windows Upgrade Tool

Open the Rockchip_Develop_Tool_v2.63 in the bsp/rockchip/tools directory. If it is the first time for you to use this tool, you need to install the driver DriverAssitant_v4.91 in its directory. Open the upgrade tool:



The first item"LoaderToDDR" select bsp/rockchip/rk2108/Image/rk2108_db_loader.bin.

The second item "Firmware" select bsp/rockchip/rk2108/Image/Firmware.img.



If rootfs is needed, right-click the blank of the tool, add item, the Name is "rootfs", the Path is bsp/rockchip/rk2108/Image/root.img, the Address is the PartOffset of root partition in setting.ini under the board directory which you use (if the file not exist, the default choice is board/common/setting.ini), take board/common/setting.ini as example, the Address should be 0x1100.

5.3 Linux Upgrade Tool and Command

The following script can be used to complete the firmware flashing under the Linux system:

```
bsp/rockchip/rk2108/update_fimeware.sh
```

Actually, it called the following command to complete the flashing:

```
#!/bin/sh
../tools/upgrade_tool db Image/rk2108_db_loader.bin
../tools/upgrade_tool wl 0 Image/Firmware.img
../tools/upgrade_tool rd
```

If rootfs is needed, refer to these commands as follows:

```
#!/bin/sh
../tools/upgrade_tool db Image/rk2108_db_loader.bin
../tools/upgrade_tool wl 0 Image/Firmware.img
../tools/upgrade_tool wl 0x1100 Image/root.img
../tools/upgrade_tool rd
```

Please refer to Windows Upgrade Tool for the description of the address.

6. Run and Debug

6.1 System Start

There are several ways to start the system:

- 1. After firmware upgrade, restart automatically;
- 2. Plug in USB power supply and start directly;
- 3. For devices with battery power supply, press Reset button to start;

6.2 System Debug

RK2108 supports serial port debugging. Different hardware devices have different serial port configurations.

The serial communication configuration information is as follows:

Baud rate: 115200

Data bits: 8

Parity: none

Flow control: none

The following picture indicates entering debugging successfully:

```
Not found devices
Boot1 Release Time: Feb 13 2020 14:21:41, version: 1.02
BootFromDev:0
SPI FLASH ID:ef 40 18
flash capacity:16MB
FW1 addr:0x100
NO find PART FW2
MemBoot
slot priority:15, tries_remaining:7, successful_boot:0
slot priority:14, tries_remaining:7, successful_boot:0
Boot FW1
FW Base:0x20200, Size:162768
start_system XIP: 0x18020341
clk_init: SCLK_SHRM = 7500000
clk_init: PCLK_SHRM = 10000000
clk init: PCLK ALIVE = 10000000
clk init: HCLK ALIVE = 10000000
clk_init: HCLK_M4 = 10000000
clk_init: ACLK_LOGIC = 10000000
clk init: HCLK LOGIC = 10000000
clk init: PCLK LOGIC = 10000000
clk init: SCLK SFC SRC = 5000000
clk_init: SCLK_SFC1_SRC = 5000000
clk_init: PLL_GPLL = 1188000000
clk init: PLL CPLL = 1188000000
clk_init: SCLK_SFC_SRC = 49500000
clk_init: SCLK_SFC1_SRC = 79200000
clk_init: HCLK_M4 = 297000000
clk init: ACLK DSP = 396000000
clk init: ACLK LOGIC = 297000000
clk_init: HCLK_LOGIC = 148500000
clk\_init: PCLK\_LOGIC = 148500000
clk_init: SCLK_SHRM = 297000000
clk_init: PCLK_SHRM = 99000000
clk init: pCLK ALIVE = 99000000
clk init: HCLK ALIVE = 99000000
 - RT -
           Thread Operating System
           3.1.3 build May 12 2020
 2006 - 2019 Copyright by rt-thread team
version info: 2020-05-12 14:27:58.441339 110afb1(rtt) 4962fb3(hal)
msh />
HID Recived:
Report ID 01
00
HID Recived:
Report ID 01
01
msh />
```