

What are the reason for using nested classes

- a. They provide a way of logically grouping classes that are only used in one place.
- b. They can lead to more complex and harder to maintain code.
- c. They decrease encapsulation.
- d. They are always necessary for every class design.

What is a potential drawback of not using nested classes?

- a. Increased readability of the code.
- b. Decreased maintainability of the code.
- c. Enhanced encapsulation.
- d. Simpler class design.

How can a static nested class interact with instance members of its outer class?

- a. Directly, without any restrictions.
- b. Only through an object reference of the outer class.
- c. Through static methods of the outer class.
- d. By being declared as public.

Why is serialization of inner classes discouraged?

- a. Because inner classes cannot be serialized at all.
- b. Because synthetic constructs created by the Java compiler can vary among different implementations.
- c. Because it always leads to security vulnerabilities.
- d. Because it increases performance overhead.

What are the two main types of data in Java?

- a. Primitive and Reference
- b. Static and Dynamic
- c. Local and Global
- d. Primary and Secondary

What class handles byte streams for input in Java?

- a. FileReader
- b. InputStreamReader
- c. FileInputStream
- d. BufferedWriter

Which class is used for reading characters from a file in Java?

- a. FileReader
- b. FileInputStream
- c. BufferedWriter
- d. FileOutputStream