

A large, semi-transparent circular graphic in the background, filled with a dark blue gradient and accented with white and light blue splatters and noise, resembling a stylized brain or a splash of paint.

Machine Learning

Machine Learning

- **Machine learning(statistical learning, artificial intelligence)** is a large set of tools and algorithms that are used to process and understand data.
- Two types of machine learning:
 - **supervised learning:** algorithms that learn patterns/structures from labeled data(training examples) and then make predictions on new data. (e.g. neural network, linear/logistic regression)
 - **unsupervised learning:** algorithms that learn to find patterns/structures from unlabeled data.
 - reinforcement learning
- Successful machine learning: not about algorithms. Algorithms have been around since the 80's and 90's.
 - data, data, data(labeled data)
 - computing power(GPU)
 - infrastructure(software)

IMAGENET

IMAGENET: database that provides “clean”, labeled images for machine learning algorithms.



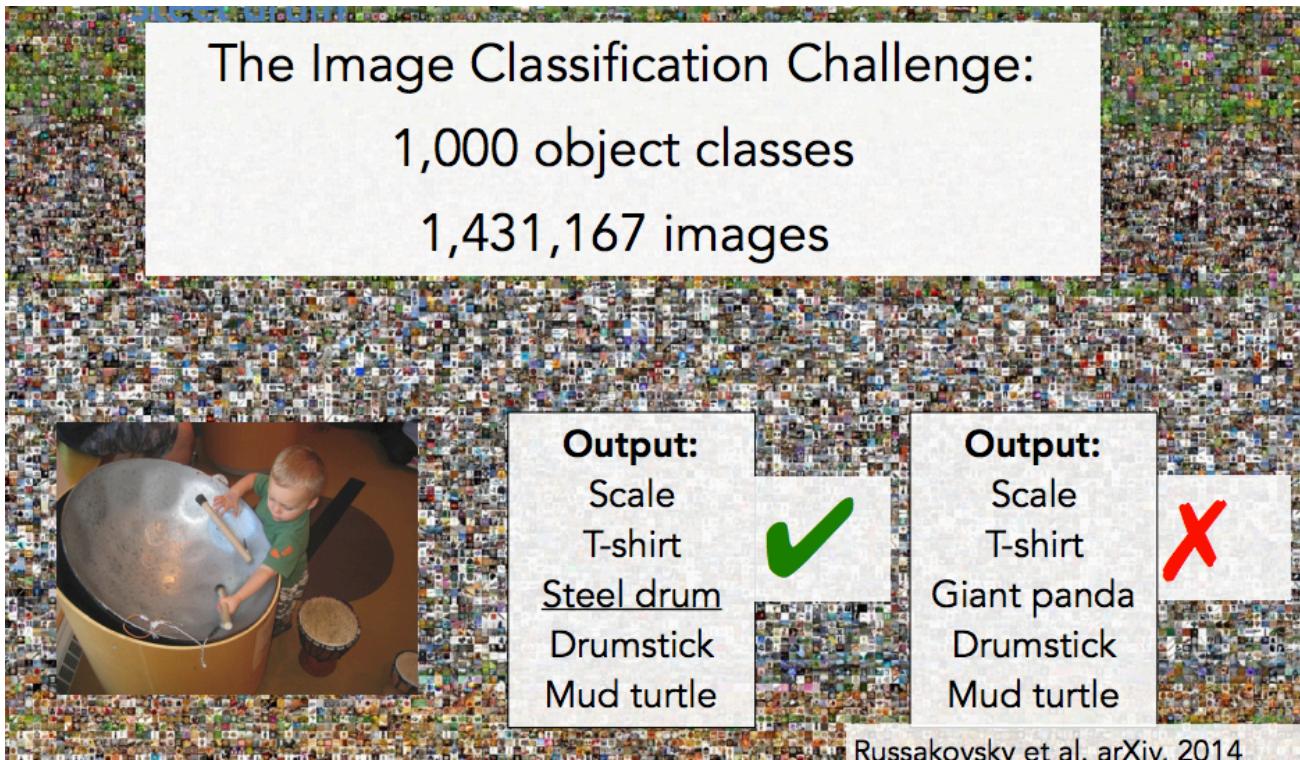
www.image-net.org

22K categories and 14M images

- Animals
 - Bird
 - Fish
 - Mammal
 - Invertebrate
- Plants
 - Tree
 - Flower
 - Food
 - Materials
- Structures
 - Artifact
 - Tools
 - Appliances
 - Structures
- Person
- Scenes
 - Indoor
 - Geological Formations
- Sport Activities

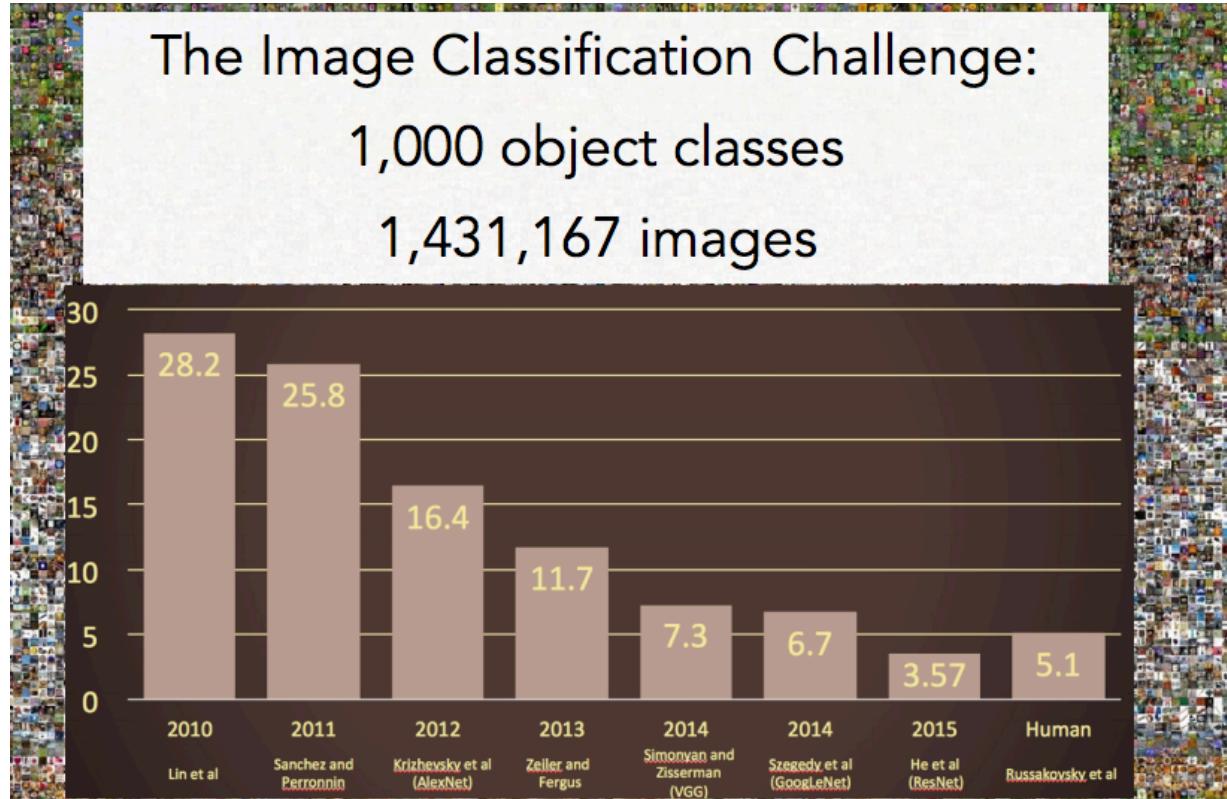
Image Classification Challenge

- competition that encourages researchers to compare progress on image recognition algorithms.



Error Rates

A major breakthrough occurred in 2012. A group of research scientist submitted a convolutional neural network(CNN) that demolishes the competition.



Identify these objects

- Can you beat a computer by correctly identifying these objects?



mite	container ship	motor scooter	leopard
mite	container ship	motor scooter	leopard
black widow	lifeboat	go-kart	jaguar
cockroach	amphibian	moped	cheetah
tick	fireboat	bumper car	snow leopard
starfish	drilling platform	golfcart	Egyptian cat

Machine Learning

- Important machine learning problems:
 - autonomous driving
 - natural language processing:
 - language translation
 - sentiment analysis(rate reviews on Amazon)
 - document similarity(search engines)
 - word2vec(Google)
 - GloVe(Stanford)
 - speech recognition(Siri, Alexa, Watson)
 - semantic analysis
 - question/answering(Siri, Alexa)
 - spam detection
 - name-entity extraction
 - Teddy Roosevelt was a US President.
 - Teddy bears are on sale!

Machine Learning

- Important machine learning problems:
 - image recognition
 - face detection/recognition(Facebook)
 - image captioning
 - segmentation
 - object detection
 - medical prognosis
 - product recommendation(Amazon, Netflix)
 - credit card fraud detection

Identify the task

Identify the following computer task

Input:

Text --- up to 100 characters, lower case letters work best

Deep Learning for Self Driving Cars

Output:

Deep Learning
for Self-Driving Cars

Answer: handwriting generation

Identify the task

Identify the following computer task

Life Is About The Weather!

Life Is About The (Wild) Truth About Human-Rights

Life Is About The True Love Of Mr. Mom

Life Is About Where He Were Now

Life Is About Kids

Life Is About What It Takes If Being On The Spot Is Tough

Life Is About... An Eating Story

Life Is About The Truth Now

The meaning of life is literary recognition.

The meaning of life is the tradition of the ancient human reproduction

Answer: (natural language processing: sentence completion)

Identify the task(Generating Shakespeare)

PANDARUS:

Alas, I think he shall be come approached and the day
When little strain would be attain'd into being never fed,
And who is but a chain and subjects of his death,
I should not sleep.

Second Senator:

They are away this miseries, produced upon my soul,
Breaking and strongly should be buried, when I perish
The earth and thoughts of many states.

DUKE VINCENTIO:

Well, your wit is in the care of side and that.

- Notice the model learns the character/dialogue format of Shakespeare. Andrej Karpathy of Stanford trained the neural network for several hours. (Recurrent Neural Network)

RNN Generating Shakespeare

This can
be done using:

1) N-grams:(easy)

2) RNN(recurrent
neural network):
much harder math

This text is
generated
one letter at
a time by an RNN.

Second Lord:

They would be ruled after this chamber, and
my fair nues begun out of the fact, to be conveyed,
Whose noble souls I'll have the heart of the wars.

Clown:

Come, sir, I will make did behold your worship.

VIOLA:

I'll drink it.

KING LEAR:

O, if you were a feeble sight, the courtesy of your law,
Your sight and several breath, will wear the gods
With his heads, and my hands are wonder'd at the deeds,
So drop upon your lordship's head, and your opinion
Shall be against your honour.

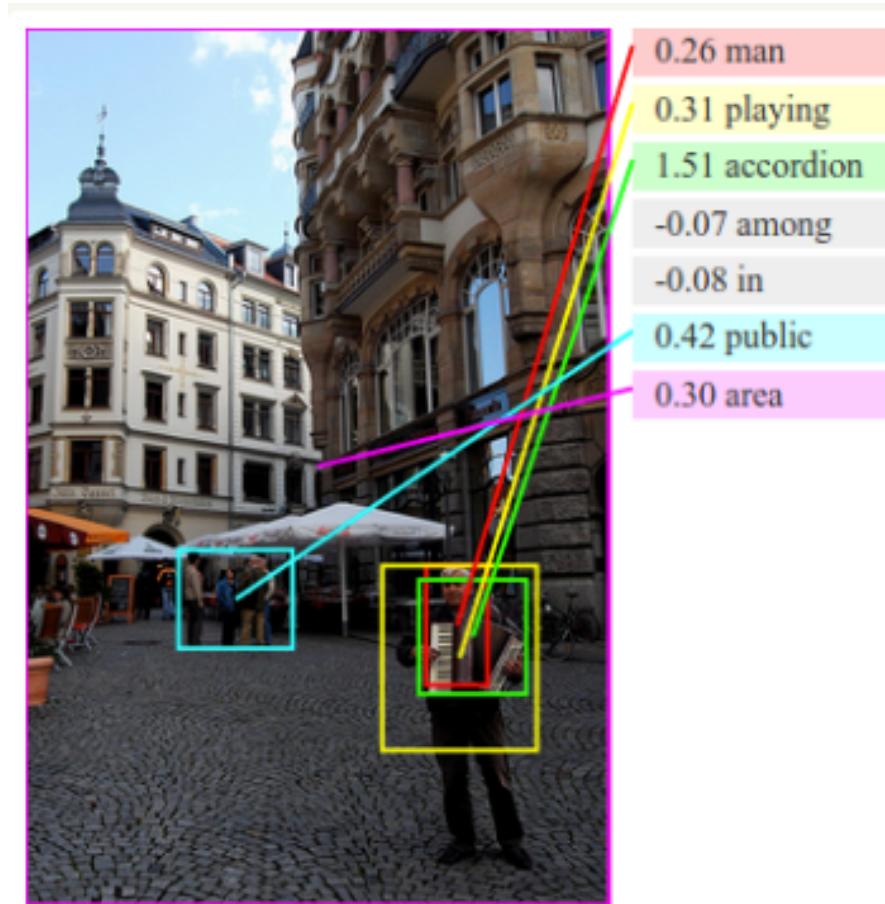
RNN Generating Wikipedia

- A recurrent neural network was fed the entire Wikipedia corpus.
- It generates sample text mimicking its language.
- **Amazingly, similar to the previous example with Shakespeare, it does this one letter at a time!!**

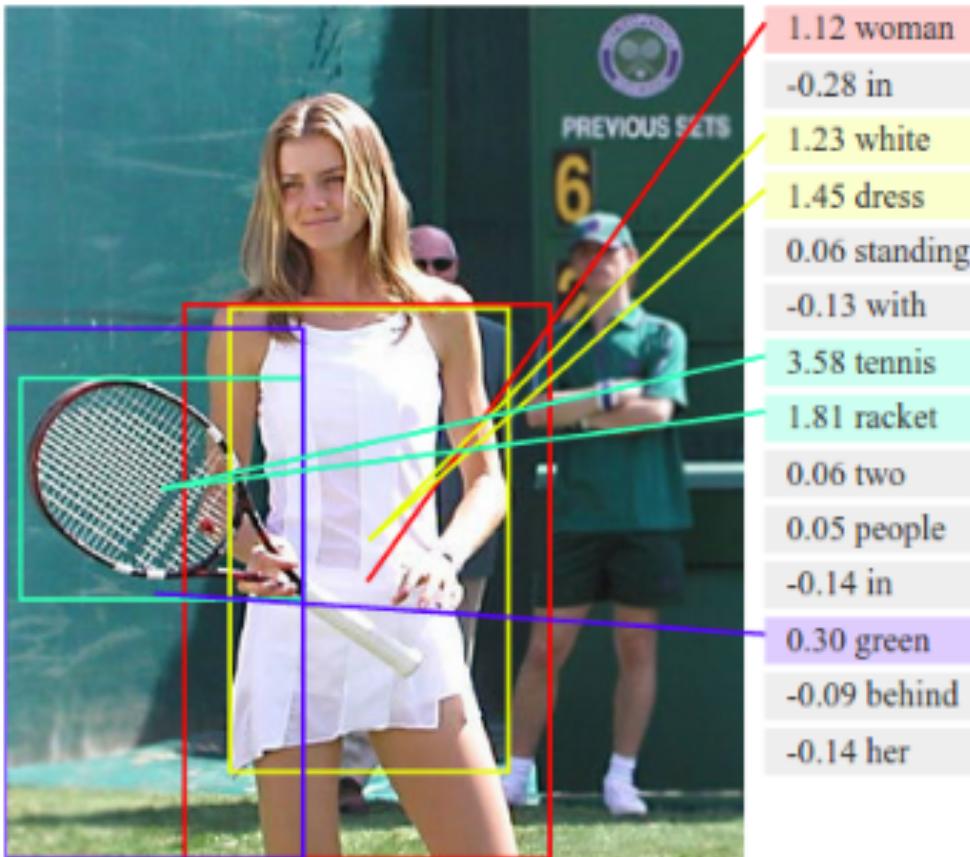
Naturalism and decision for the majority of Arab countries' capitalide was grounded by the Irish language by [[John Clair]], [[An Imperial Japanese Revolt]], associated with Guangzham's sovereignty. His generals were the powerful ruler of the Portugal in the [[Protestant Immineners]], which could be said to be directly in Cantonese Communication, which followed a ceremony and set inspired prison, training.

Identify the Task

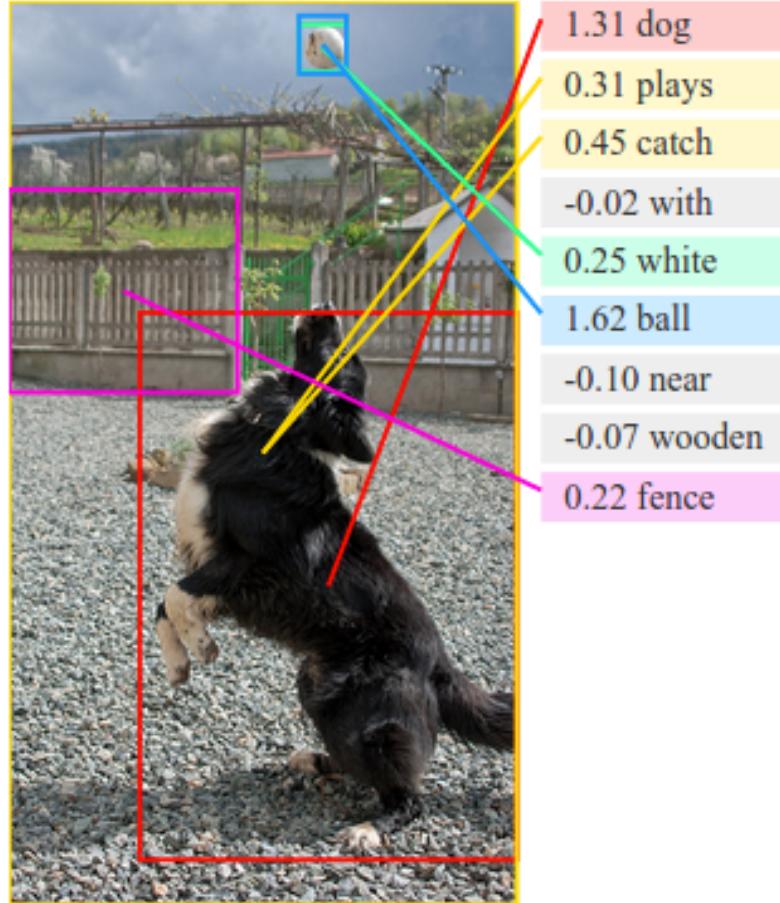
Objects detection.



Amazing!



Another one



Identify the Task

- image captioning.



"little girl is eating piece of cake."



"baseball player is throwing ball in game."



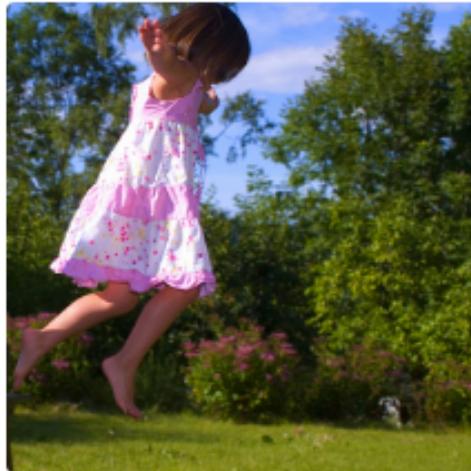
"woman is holding bunch of bananas."



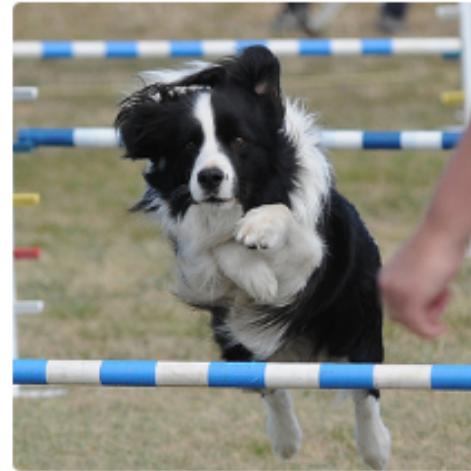
"black cat is sitting on top of suitcase."

Image Captioning

Image captioning: objects recognition + natural language generation



"girl in pink dress is
jumping in air."

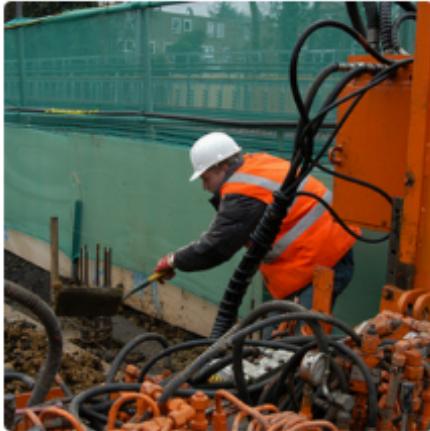


"black and white dog
jumps over bar."

Image Captioning



"man in black shirt is
playing guitar."



"construction worker in
orange safety vest is
working on road."



"man in blue wetsuit is
surfing on wave."

Image Captioning

- It doesn't always get it right! Uses some probability.



"a young boy is holding a baseball bat."



"a cat is sitting on a couch with a remote control."



"a woman holding a teddy bear in front of a mirror."



"a horse is standing in the middle of a road."

Image Captioning

- It doesn't always get it right! Uses some probability.



"two young girls are
playing with lego toy."



"boy is doing backflip on
wakeboard."

How does image captioning work?

- 1) Detect objects.
- 2) Recognize and generate corresponding words.
- 3) Generate sentences and assign probabilities based on how likely that this is an English sentence based on:
 - a) grammar
 - b) syntax
 - c) semantic meaning
- 4) Highest probability wins.

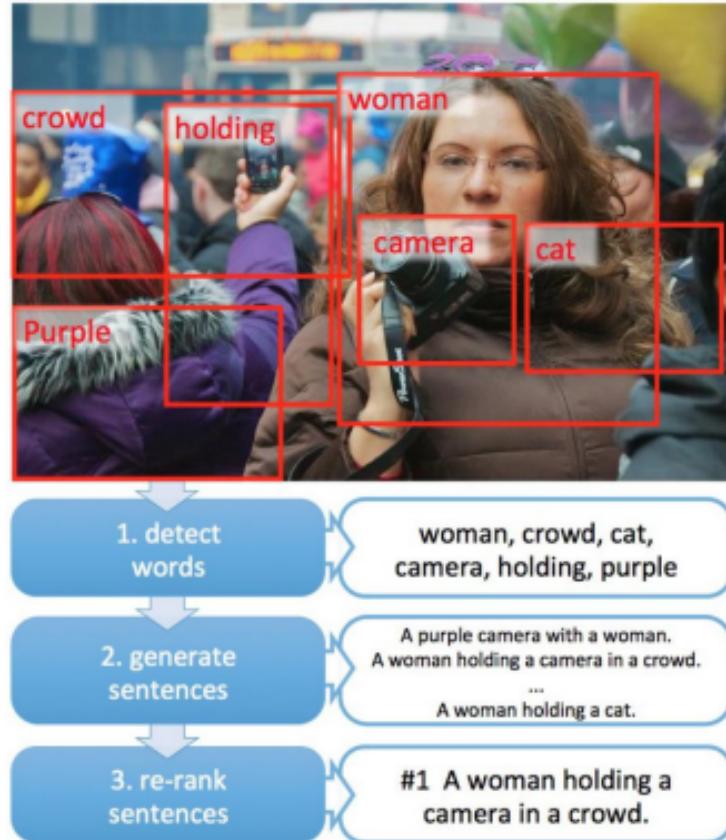


Image Question Answering



COCOQA 33827

What is the color of the cat?

Ground truth: black

IMG+BOW: **black (0.55)**

2-VIS+LSTM: **black (0.73)**

BOW: **gray (0.40)**

COCOQA 33827a

What is the color of the couch?

Ground truth: red

IMG+BOW: **red (0.65)**

2-VIS+LSTM: **black (0.44)**

BOW: **red (0.39)**



DAQUAR 1522

How many chairs are there?

Ground truth: two

IMG+BOW: **four (0.24)**

2-VIS+BLSTM: **one (0.29)**

LSTM: **four (0.19)**

DAQUAR 1520

How many shelves are there?

Ground truth: three

IMG+BOW: **three (0.25)**

2-VIS+BLSTM: **two (0.48)**

LSTM: **two (0.21)**



COCOQA 14855

Where are the ripe bananas sitting?

Ground truth: basket

IMG+BOW: **basket (0.97)**

2-VIS+BLSTM: **basket (0.58)**

BOW: **bowl (0.48)**

COCOQA 14855a

What are in the basket?

Ground truth: bananas

IMG+BOW: **bananas (0.98)**

2-VIS+BLSTM: **bananas (0.68)**

BOW: **bananas (0.14)**



DAQUAR 585

What is the object on the chair?

Ground truth: pillow

IMG+BOW: **clothes (0.37)**

2-VIS+BLSTM: **pillow (0.65)**

LSTM: **clothes (0.40)**

DAQUAR 585a

Where is the pillow found?

Ground truth: chair

IMG+BOW: **bed (0.13)**

2-VIS+BLSTM: **chair (0.17)**

LSTM: **cabinet (0.79)**

Have we solved the image recognition problem?

- We have a long way to go.
- Computers currently only “understand” images superficially.
- true understanding:
 - prior knowledge
 - social contexts, cues
 - natural language comprehension
 - depth perception, object permanence, periphery vision(challenges of autonomous driving)
- Consider the image on the next slide. Humans will immediately appreciate the humor. Computers won’t for a while.

Can computers “understand” this picture?



[This image](#) is copyright-free [United States government work](#)

More Challenges

- Moravec's Paradox: easy problems are "hard".
 - walking, motion planning, opening a door knob, getting out of a car.
 - <https://youtu.be/1L0TKZQcUtA?t=4289>
 - computers can learn to play a video game by only looking at pixels on the screen.
 - very hard for robots to do basic tasks
 - playing soccer is really hard!
- "Hard" problems are easy:
 - playing Chess, Go.
 - Google uses "deep learning", neural network to create a program that can play at the superhuman level Chess, Go and Shogi. (AlphaZero, 2017)

Homework

1) Read and reread these lecture notes.

2) Watch(Required):

a) Machine Learning(PBS Studios Crash Course in CS)

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=z-EtmaFJieY>

b) Natural Language Processing(PBS Studios Crash Course in CS)

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fOvTtapxa9c>

References

1) Justin Johnson, Andrej Karpathy. CS231N. Convolutional Neural Network for Visual Recognition.

<http://cs231n.stanford.edu/>

2) Lex Fridman, Introduction to Deep Learning and Self-Driving Cars. <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=1L0TKZQcUtA>

References

1) Part of this lecture is a recap of the following an episode from PBS Crash Course in Computer Science series.

PBS Crash Course in Computer Science. Cybersecurity. Retrieved from
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=bPVaOIJ6ln0>

2) Computer Science E-1 at Harvard Extension School

Understanding Computers and the Internet by Tommy MacWilliam. Retrieved from
<http://cse1.net/video?v=lectures/6/lecture6>