Introduction to Python

Conditionals

Topics

- 1) Conditionals
 - a) if, if-if, if-elif, if-elif-else
 - b) Ternary operator

Conditionals

The reserved word if begins an conditional block.

```
if condition:
   block
```

The condition determines if the block is to be executed.

A block contains one or more statements.

The statements inside of a block must be indented the same number of spaces from the left. The standard is 4 spaces.

If block

```
In[1]: x = -5
    if x > 0:
        print(x)
        print("x is positive")
        print("outside of block")

outside of block
```

If block

```
In[2]: x = 5
       if x > 0:
           print(x)
           print("x is positive")
       print("outside of block")
  x is positive
  outside of block
```

Sequence of Ifs

A sequence of consecutive if statements are independent. None, some or all of them can be executed.

Sequence of Ifs

```
In[2]: x = -8
    if x % 2 == 0:
        print("x is even")
    if x > 0:
        print("x is positive")

x is even
```

if-elif

An if block followed by a sequence of elif blocks will execute the **first** block whose condition evaluates to True. No block is executed if all conditions evaluate to False.

```
In[1]: x = 25
    if x < 5:
        print("x is less than 5")
    elif x < 10:
        print("x is less than 10")
    elif x < 15:
        print("x is less than 15")</pre>
```

Note that all of the above conditions are false and thus no block is executed.

if-elif

```
In[2]: x = 7
    if x < 5:
        print("x is less than 5")
    elif x < 10:
        print("x is less than 10")
    elif x < 15:
        print("x is less than 15")</pre>
```

x is less than 10

Note that only the middle elif block is executed!

if-elif

```
In[3]: x = 1
    if x < 5:
        print("x is less than 5")
    elif x < 10:
        print("x is less than 10")
    elif x < 15:
        print("x is less than 15")</pre>
```

Note that only the first if block is executed! Even though all three conditions are true.

if-elif-else

An 'if' statement followed by a sequence of 'elif' statements and ending in an 'else' statement will execute the first block whose condition evaluates to 'True'. If all conditions evaluate to 'False', it will execute the default 'else' block.

```
In[1]: x = 0
    if x < 0:
        print("x is negative")
    elif x > 0:
        print("x is positive")
    else:
        print("x is zero")
    x is zero
```

if-elif-else

```
In[2]: x = 10
       if x < 0:
           print("x is negative")
       elif x > 0:
           print("x is positive")
       else:
           print("x is zero")
  x is positive
```

and, or, not

Use and, or, and not Boolean operators to simplify conditionals.

The following

```
if x > 0:
    if x < 10:
        print(x)</pre>
```

is equivalent to

```
if (x > 0) and (x < 10):
    print(x)</pre>
```

and, or, not

The following code prints the quadrant of an ordered (x,y) on the Cartesian plane.

```
x = 4
v = 7
if (x > 0) and (y > 0):
  print("first quadrant.")
elif (x < 0) and (y > 0):
  print("second quadrant.")
elif (x < 0) and (y < 0):
  print("third quadrant.")
elif (x > 0) and (y < 0):
  print("fourth quadrant.")
else:
  print("on x or y axis.")
```

Output: first quadrant

and, or, not

The following code prints the quadrant of an ordered (x,y) on the Cartesian plane.

```
x = -26
y = -31
if (x > 0) and (y > 0):
  print("first quadrant.")
elif (x < 0) and (y > 0):
  print("second quadrant.")
elif (x < 0) and (y < 0):
  print("third quadrant.")
elif (x > 0) and (y < 0):
  print("fourth quadrant.")
else:
  print("on x or y axis.")
```

Output: third quadrant

Ternary Operators

A ternary operator evaluates an expression based on the value of a boolean condition. This is sometimes called *conditional expression* or an inline if-else statement.

The following

```
x = 50
grade = "pass" if x >= 60 else "fail"
print(grade)
```

Ternary Operators

```
x = 60
grade = "pass" if x >= 60 else "fail"
print(grade)
pass
```

References

- I) Vanderplas, Jake, A Whirlwind Tour of Python, O'reilly Media.
- 2) Richard Halterman, Fundamental of Python Programming.