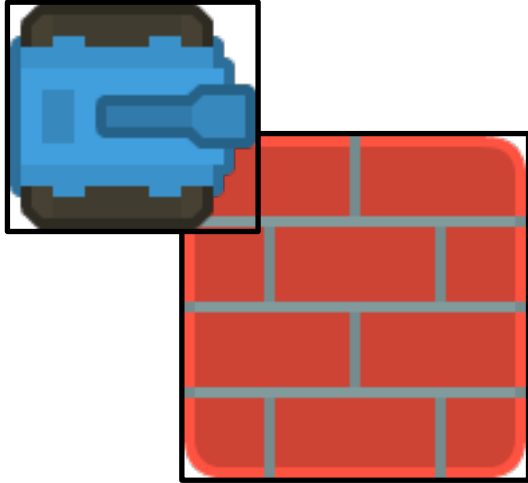


# **Introduction to Processing**

## **Collision Detection**

# Rectangle-Rectangle Collision

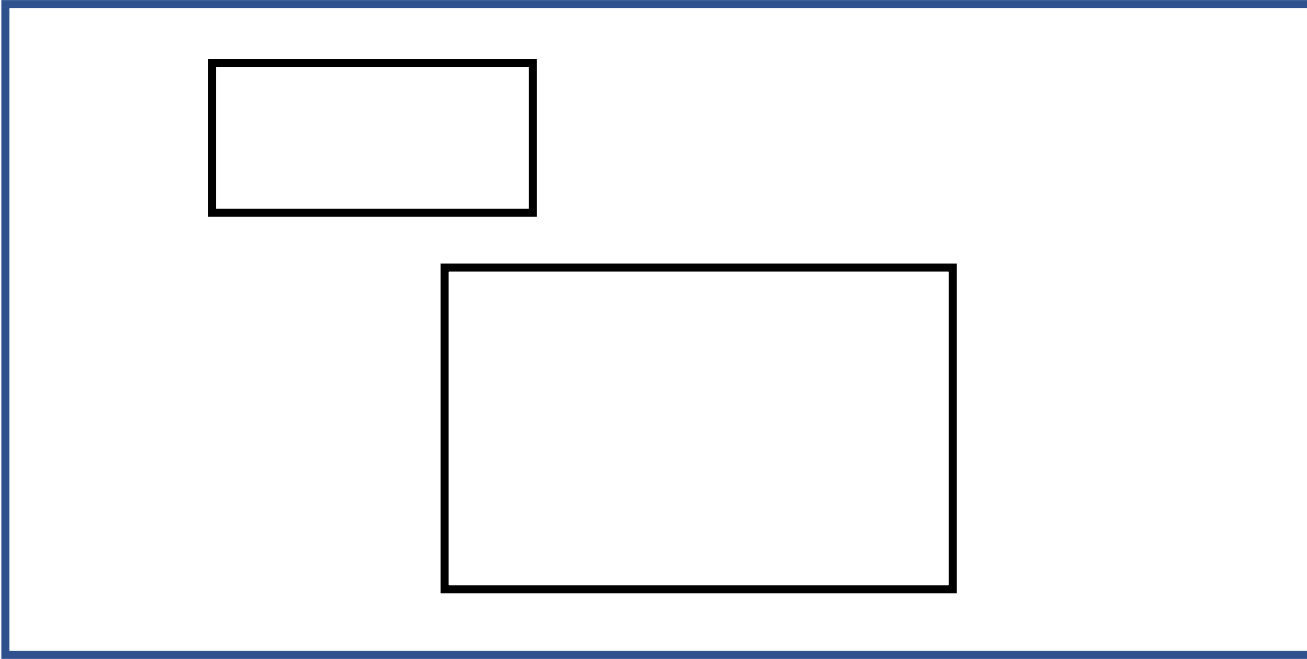
Since images are simply rectangular array of pixels, rectangle-rectangle collision is very useful for writing games.



# Rectangle-Rectangle Collision

Rectangles below have a horizontal overlap but not a vertical one.

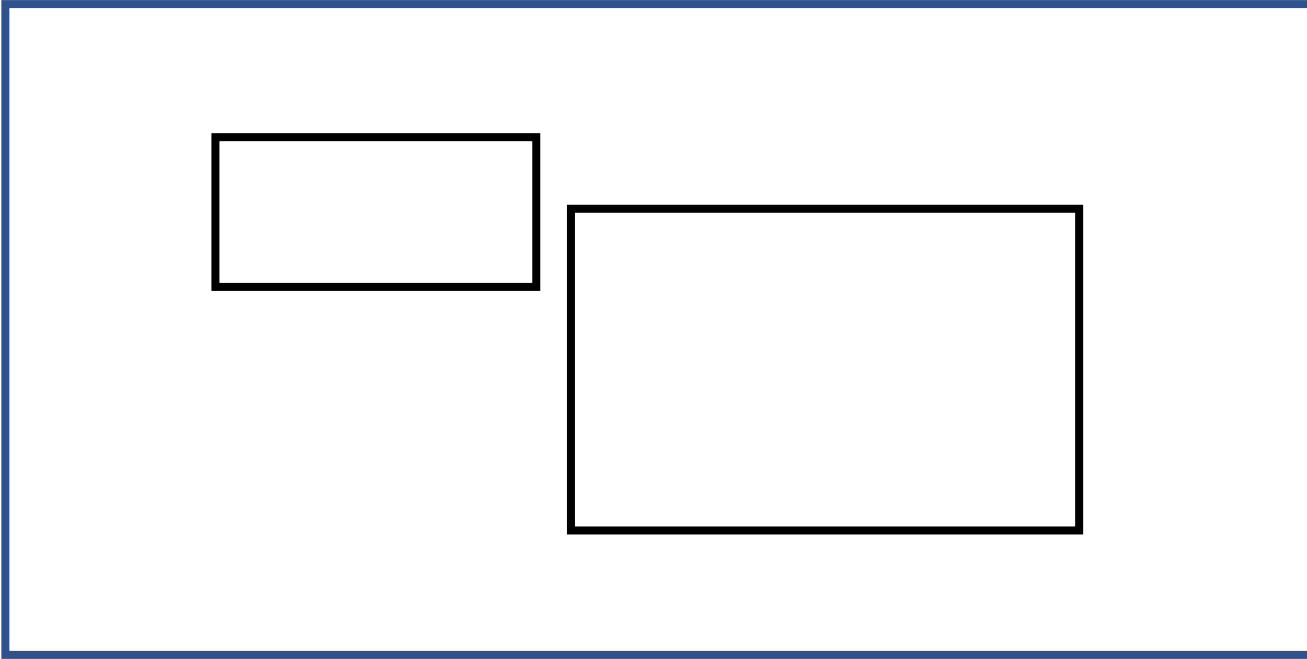
Origin (0,0)



# Rectangle-Rectangle Collision

Rectangles below have a vertical overlap but not a horizontal one.

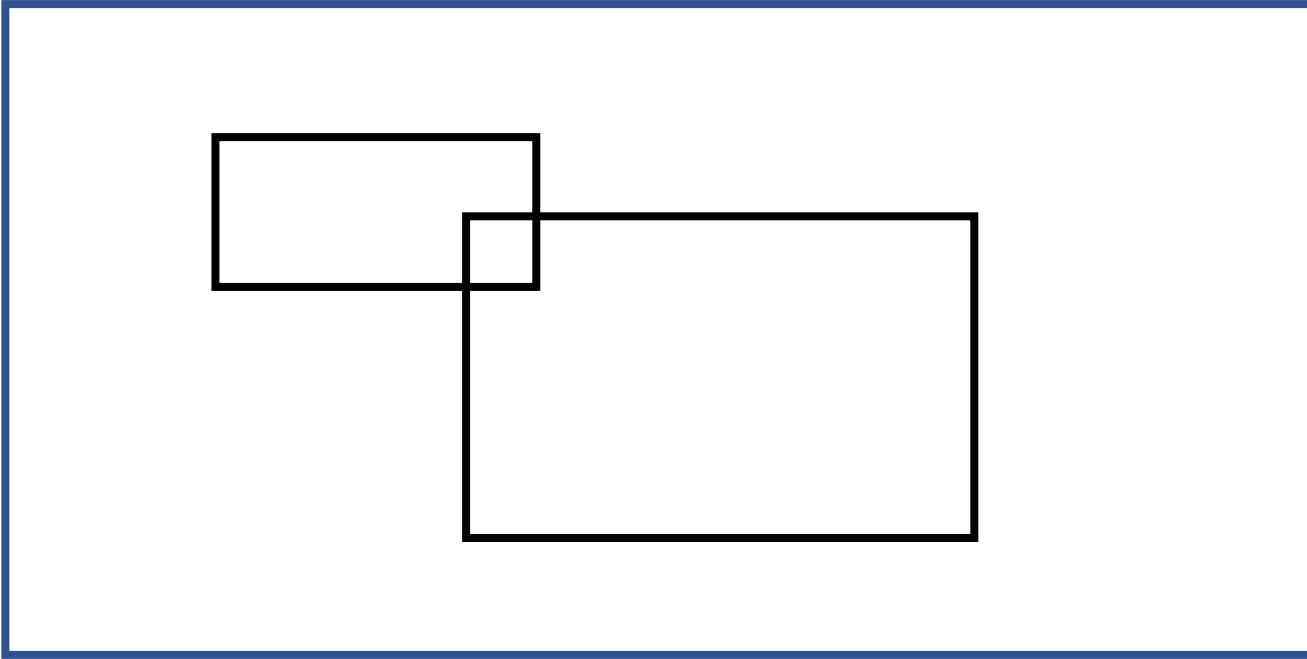
Origin (0,0)



# Rectangle-Rectangle Collision

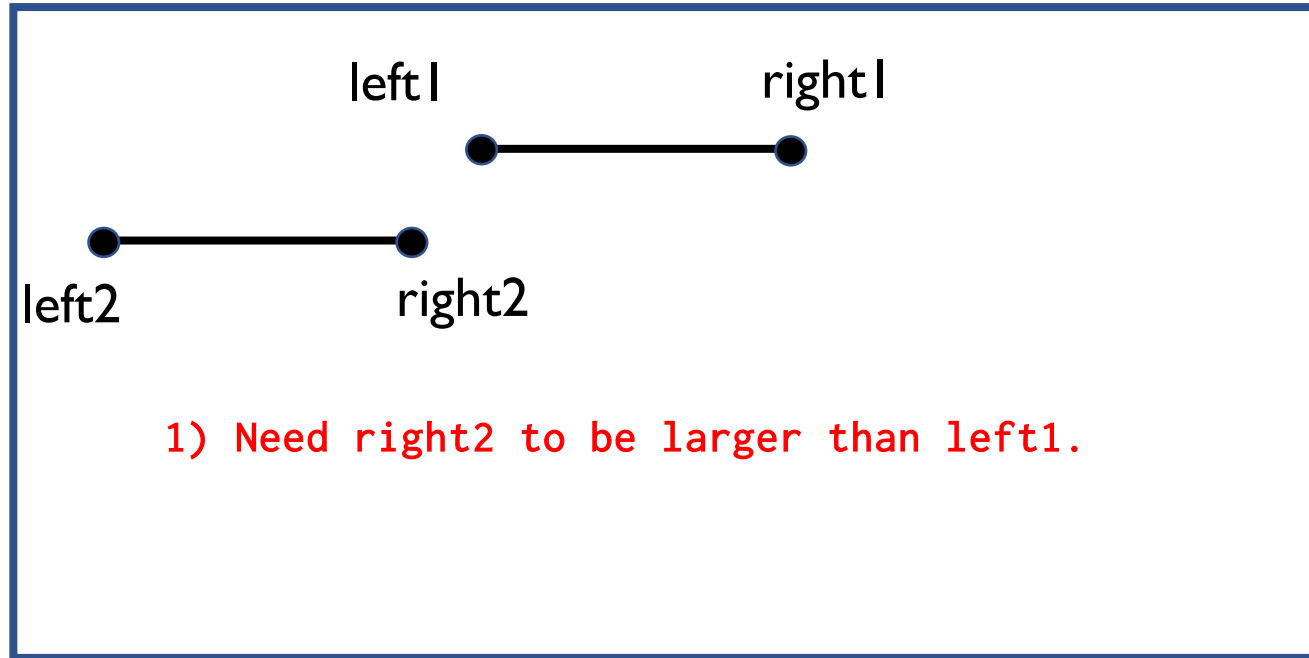
Rectangles below have overlaps in both directions.

Origin (0,0)



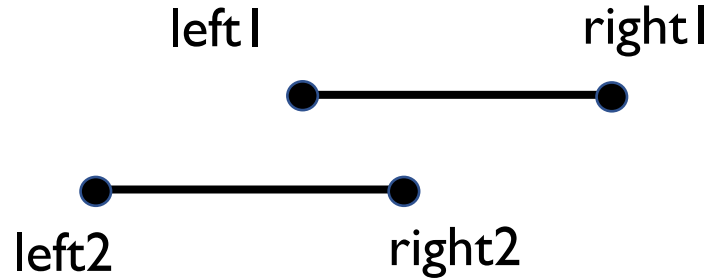
# Checking Overlap

Origin (0,0)



# Checking Overlap

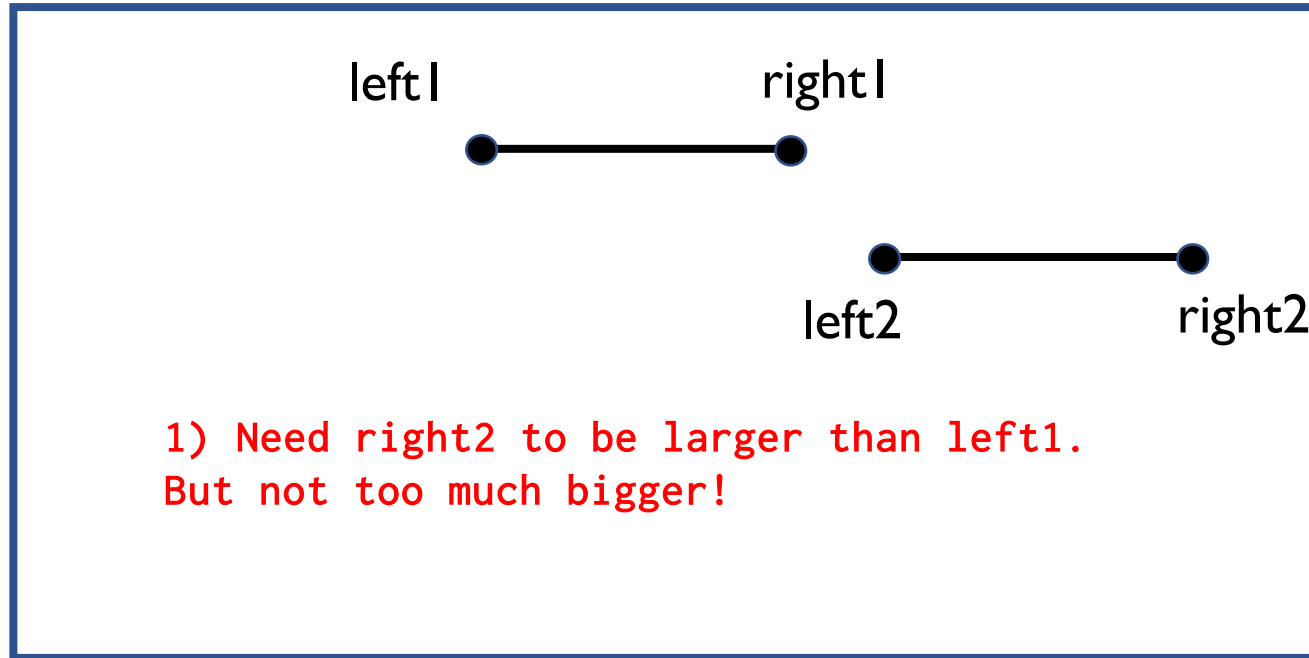
How do we check for overlap?



1) Need right2 to be larger than left1.

# Checking Overlap

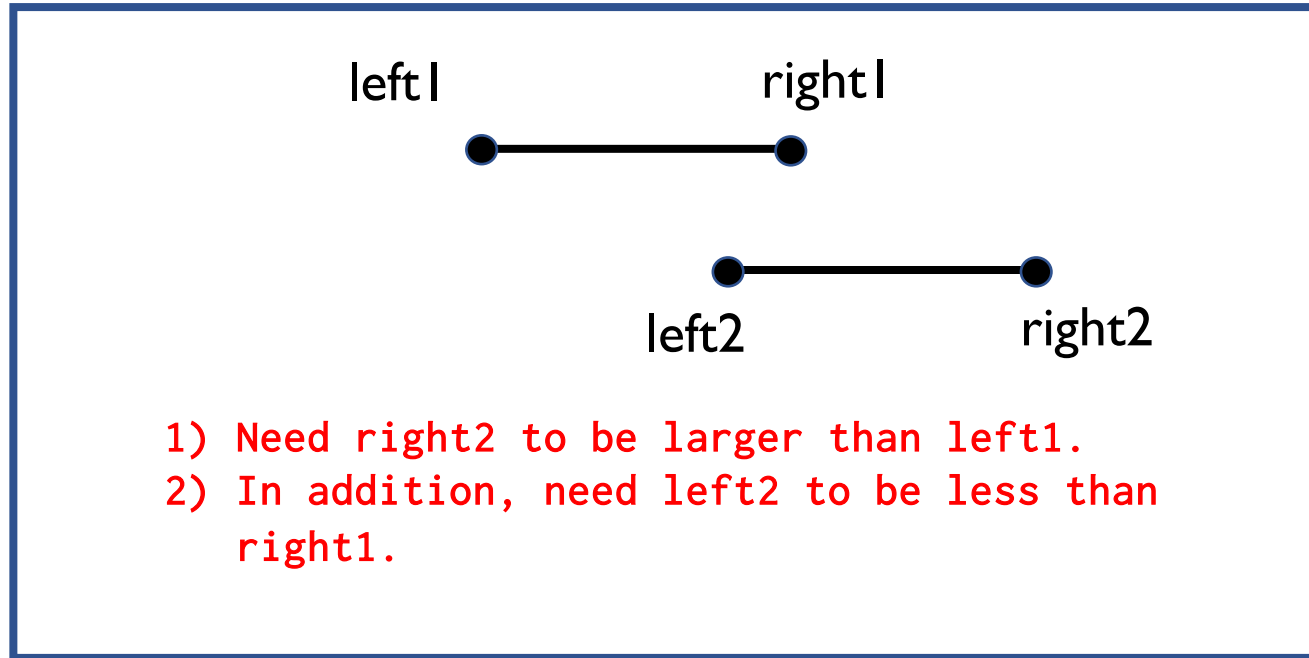
How do we check for overlap?





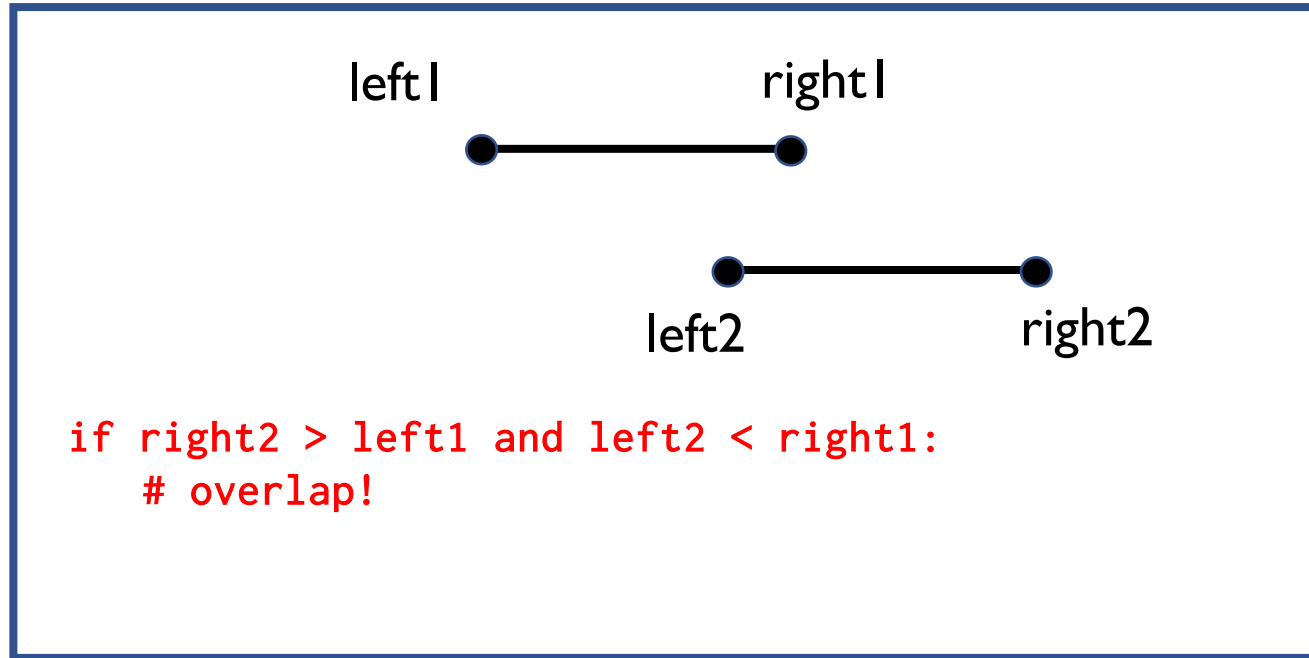
# Checking Overlap

How do we check for overlap?



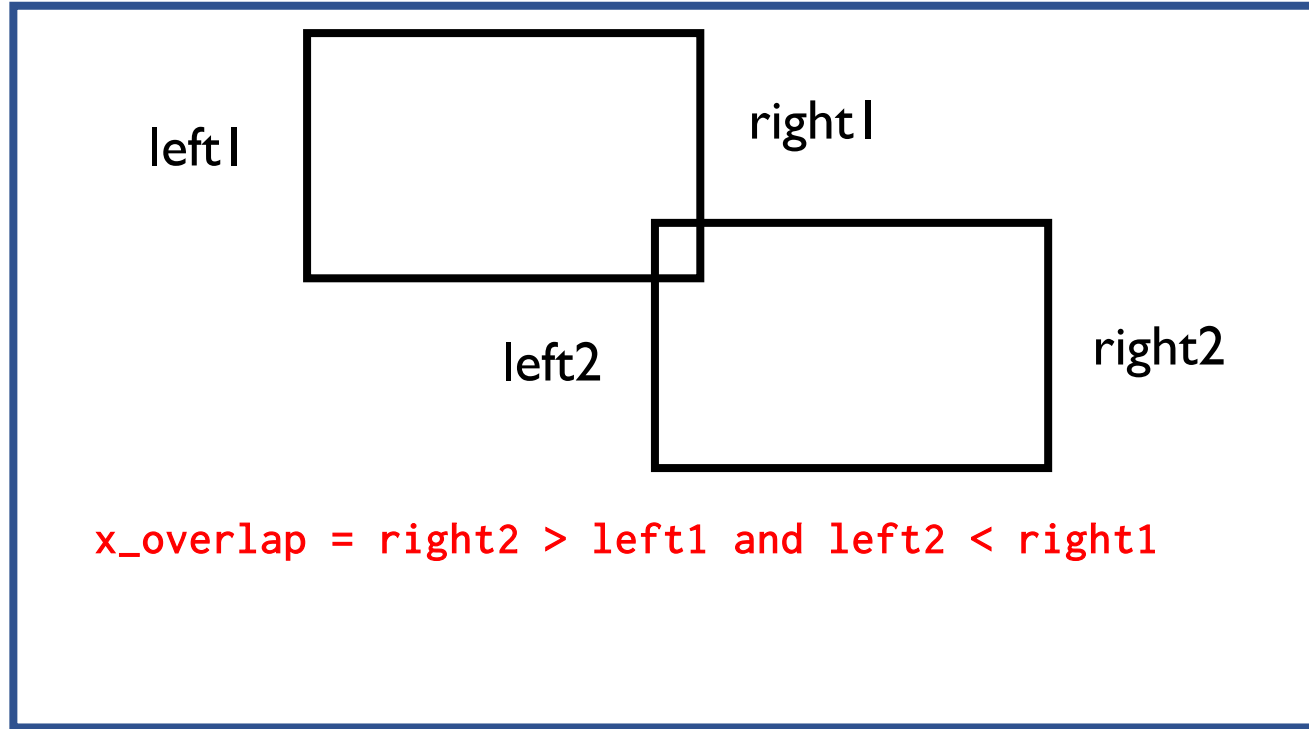
# Checking Overlap

How do we check for overlap?



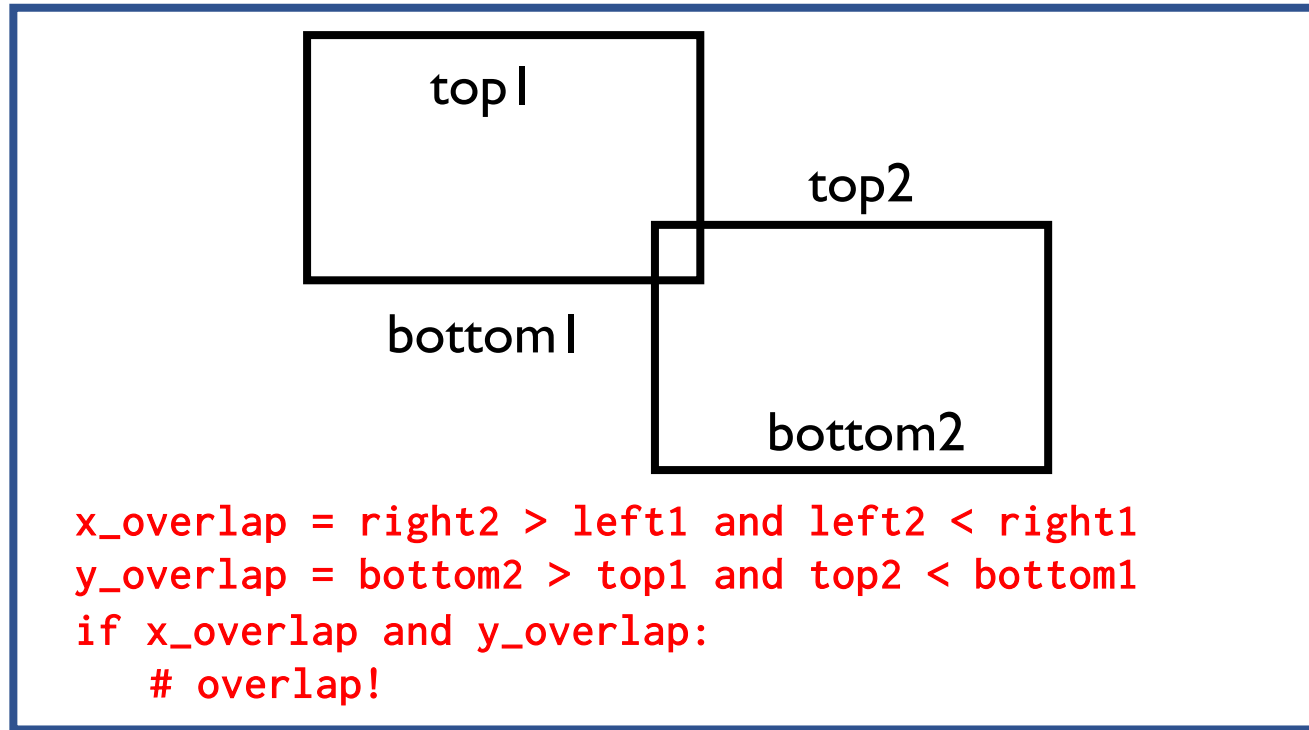
# Rectangle-Rectangle Collision

Rectangles below have overlaps in both directions.



# Rectangle-Rectangle Collision

Rectangles below have overlaps in both directions.

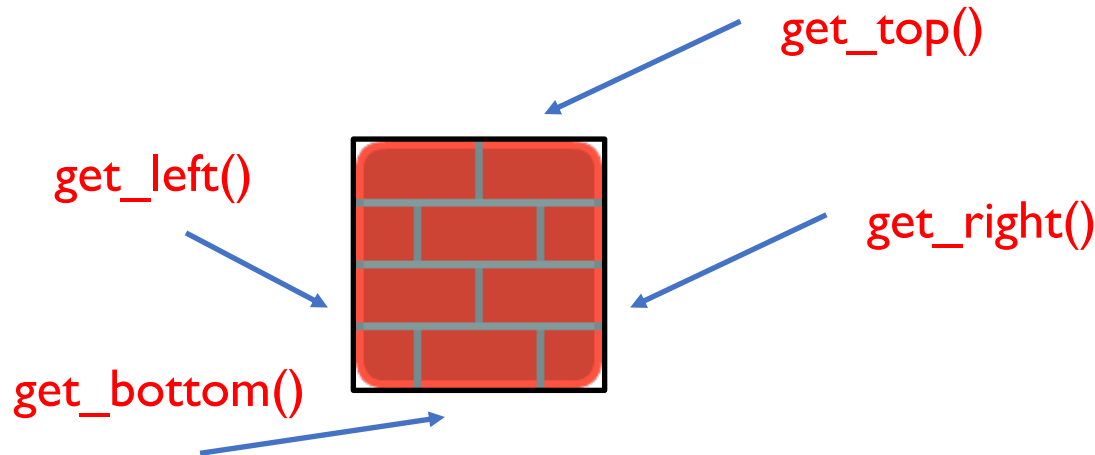


# check\_for\_collision(sprite1, sprite2)

We'll write the `check_for_collision` method which accepts two parameters: `sprite1` and `sprite2` and returns whether they intersect.

```
def check_for_collision(self, sprite1, sprite2):  
    # returns whether sprite1 and sprite2 intersects
```

Use the `get_left`, `get_right`, `get_top` and `get_bottom` methods to get the respective boundaries of the sprite!



# check\_for\_collision\_list(sprite, sprite\_list)

Another useful method is the `check_for_collision_list` which accepts two parameters: `sprite` and `sprite_list` and returns a list of sprites in `sprite_list` which intersects with `sprite`.

```
def check_for_collision_list(self, sprite, sprite_list):  
    #returns list of sprites in sprite_list which  
    #intersects with sprite.  
  
    # remember to call check_for_collision! use self and  
    # the dot notation.  
    # if self.check_for_collision(sp1, sp2):
```

# Pick Up Coins Lab

In the previous lab, you are now able to control a sprite with the keyboard.

In this lab, implement `check_for_collision` and `check_for_collision_list`. Then implement `on_update` so that as the tank moves about, it picks up coins and coins are removed from the screen appropriately.

Display the text which shows the coin count. For example, "Coins: 10" and update appropriately.