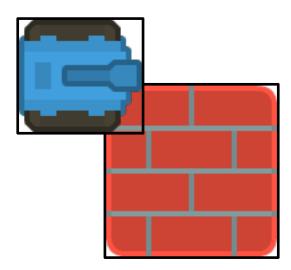
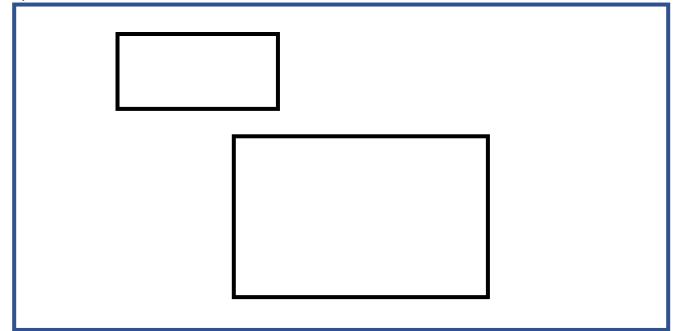
Introduction to Processing

Collision Detection

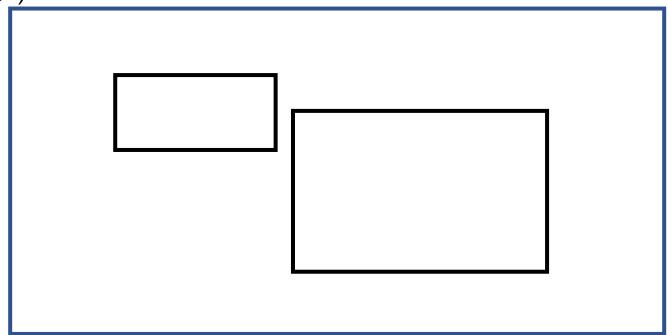
Since images are simply rectangular array of pixels, rectangle-rectangle collision is very useful for writing games.



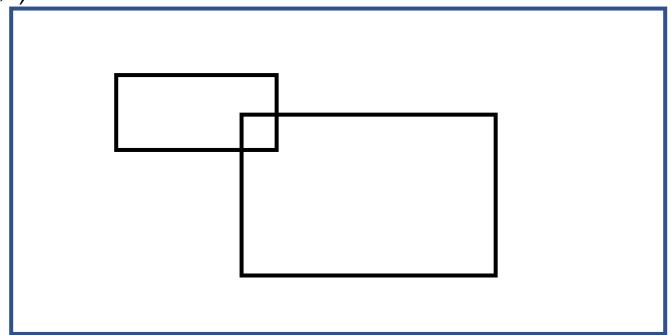
Rectangles below have a horizontal overlap but not a vertical one.

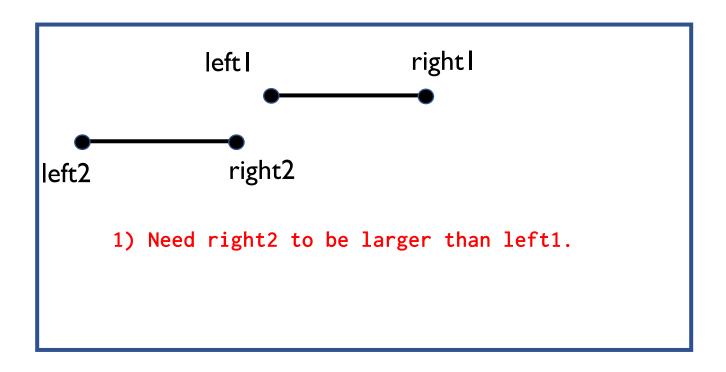


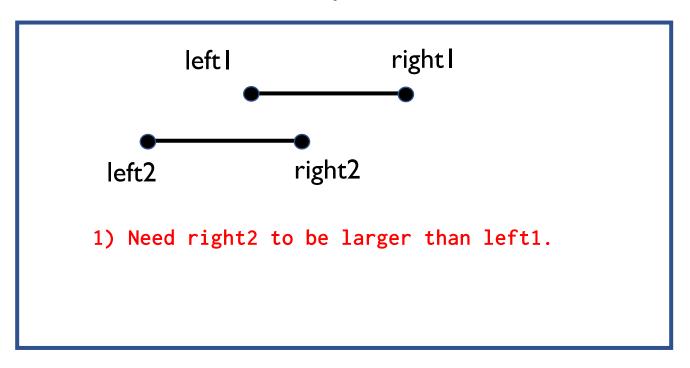
Rectangles below have a vertical overlap but not a horizontal one.

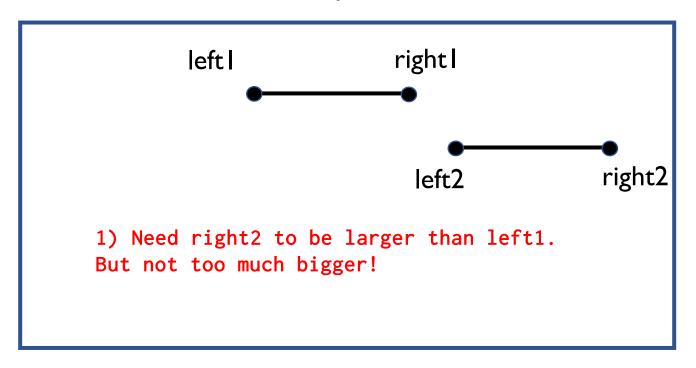


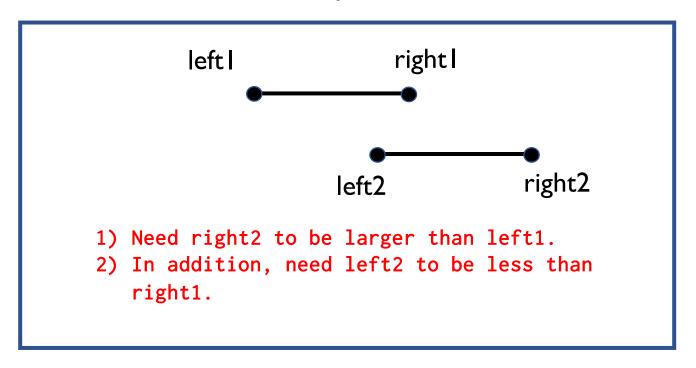
Rectangles below have overlaps in both directions.





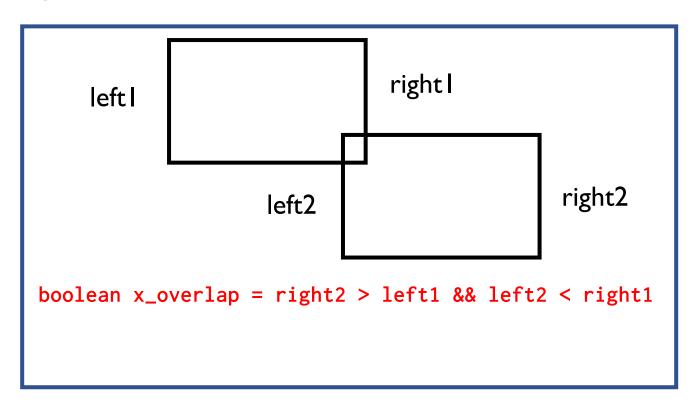




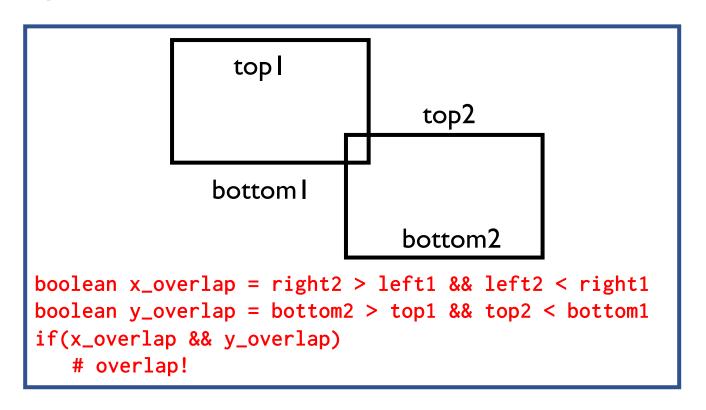


```
right l
              left l
                                                right2
                             left2
if(right2 > left1 && left2 < right1)</pre>
   # overlap!
```

Rectangles below have overlaps in both directions.



Rectangles below have overlaps in both directions.



checkCollision(sprite1, sprite2)

In the lab at the end of these slides, we'll write the checkCollision method which accepts two parameters: sprite I and sprite 2 and returns whether they intersect using the formulas we just discussed.

Use the getLeft, getRight, getTop and getBottom methods to get the respective boundaries of the sprite!

getTop()

getRight()

getRight()

checkCollisionList(sprite, sprite_list)

Another useful method is the checkCollisionList which accepts two parameters: sprite and sprite_list and returns a list of sprites in sprite list which intersects with sprite.

This method calls checkCollision.

Pick Up Coins Lab

In the previous lab, you are now able to control a sprite with the keyboard.

In this lab, implement checkCollision and checkCollisionList. Then implement draw() so that as the tank moves about, it picks up coins and coins are removed from the screen appropriately.

Display the text which shows the coin count. For example, "Coins: 10" and update appropriately.

A template for this lab with comments explaining the lab is available on my website here.

