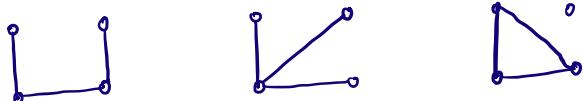


图同构：

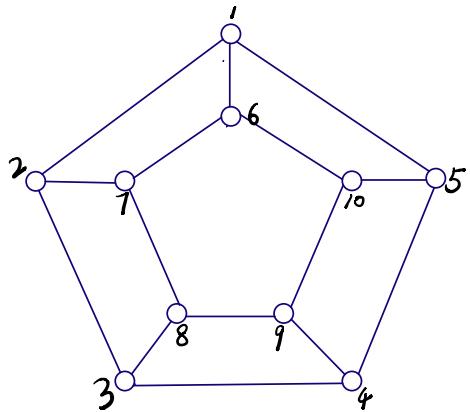
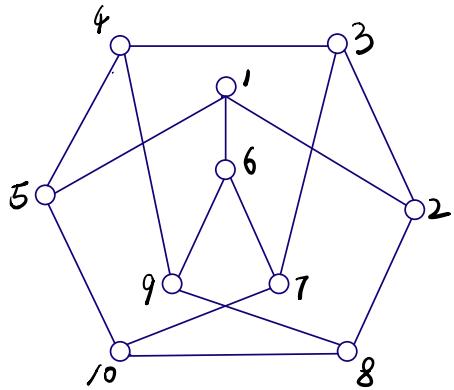
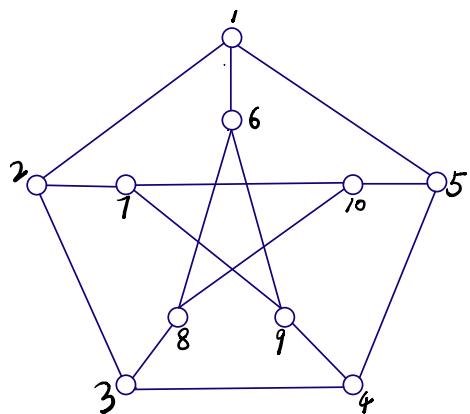
$G \cong H$, $G = (V, E)$, $H = (V', E')$, $\exists f$ (双射)

s.t. $\forall u, v \in V$, $(u, v) \in E \Leftrightarrow (f(u), f(v)) \in E'$

例，4个顶点3条边的同构下面3个图中一个。



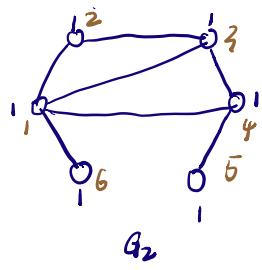
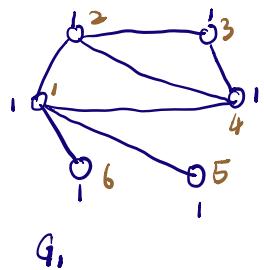
对于皮特森图。



只根据度序列无法判断
两图是否同构

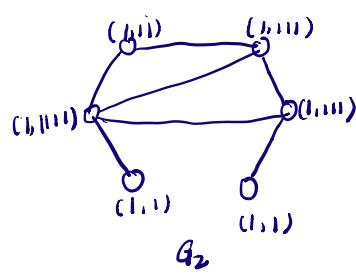
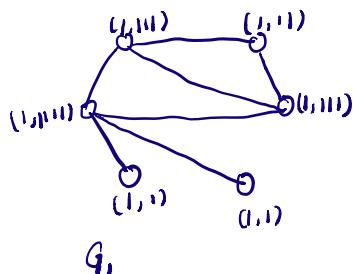
color-refinement 算法: 迭代两次实例

1. 初始化每个点的颜色



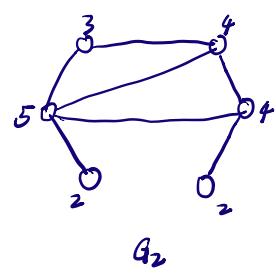
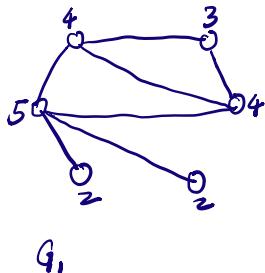
第一次迭代:

2. 聚合邻居颜色.



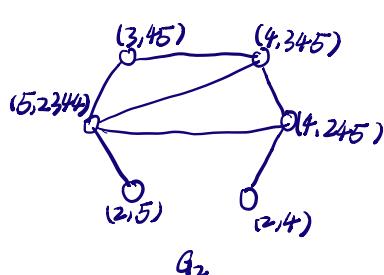
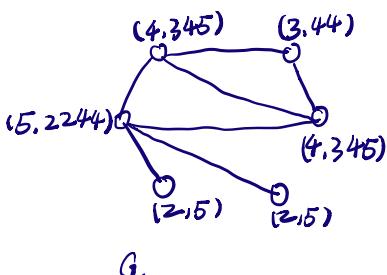
3. 哈希映射

$$\begin{aligned}1,1 &\rightarrow 2 \\1,1,1 &\rightarrow 3 \\1,1,1,1 &\rightarrow 4 \\1,1,1,1,1 &\rightarrow 5\end{aligned}\Rightarrow$$



第二次迭代:

4. 聚合邻居信息.



5. 哈希映射

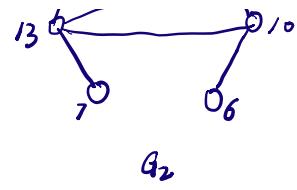
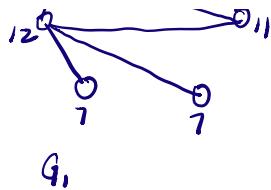
$$(2,4) \rightarrow 6$$

$$(2,5) \rightarrow 7$$

$$(3,4,4) \rightarrow 8$$



$(3,45) \rightarrow 9$
 $(4,245) \rightarrow 10$
 $(4,345) \rightarrow 11$
 $(5,2244) \rightarrow 12$
 $(5,12344) \rightarrow 13$



6. 两次迭代结束后, 计算两个图的颜色向量内积

$$\phi(G_1) = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13] \text{ color}$$

$$\phi(G_2) = [6, 2, 1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1]$$

$$\text{则 } \phi(G_1)^T \cdot \phi(G_2) = 36 + 4 + 1 + 4 + 1 + 2 + 2 = 50$$

图同构是一个NP-hard问题, 如果 $d \leq \bar{d}$ (度有限) 则用 $O(n!d^{K^d})$ 算法找到 K 大小的图同构数量.

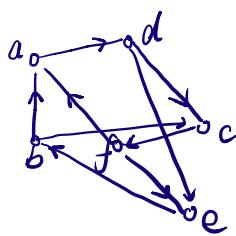
Isomorphism

图的自同构群:

对于图 $G = (V, E)$ 的自同构是顶点集的置换 σ , 使得对 $(u, v) \in E$,
当且仅当 $(\sigma(u), \sigma(v)) \in E$ 则 σ 为 G 的自身图同构.

给定一个图, 其所有自同构的集合在复合运算下构成群, 称为这个图的自同构群.

例:



将图分解成 $\{a, c, e\}$, $\{b, d, f\}$

(1) 单位映射 ϕ_1 :

$$\phi_1: a \rightarrow a; b \rightarrow b; c \rightarrow c; d \rightarrow d; e \rightarrow e; f \rightarrow f$$

(2)

$$\phi_2: a \rightarrow a; b \rightarrow f; c \rightarrow e; d \rightarrow d; e \rightarrow c; f \rightarrow b$$

(3)

$$\phi_3: a \rightarrow c; b \rightarrow d; c \rightarrow e; d \rightarrow f; e \rightarrow a; f \rightarrow b$$

(4)

$$\phi_4: a \rightarrow c; b \rightarrow b; c \rightarrow a; d \rightarrow f; e \rightarrow e; f \rightarrow d$$

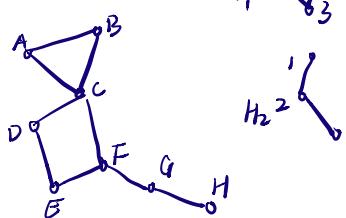
(5) ϕ_5 : $a \rightarrow e; b \rightarrow f; c \rightarrow a; d \rightarrow b; e \rightarrow c; f \rightarrow d$

(6) ϕ_6 :
 $a \rightarrow e; b \rightarrow d; c \rightarrow c; d \rightarrow b; e \rightarrow a; f \rightarrow f$

$\phi: G \rightarrow \text{Aut}(G)$

$g \rightarrow \phi_g$

图同构: 点同构



\Rightarrow

$\phi_1: 1 \rightarrow 1, 2 \rightarrow 2, 3 \rightarrow 3$
 $\phi_2: 1 \rightarrow 1, 2 \rightarrow 3, 3 \rightarrow 2$
 $\phi_3: 1 \rightarrow 2, 2 \rightarrow 1, 3 \rightarrow 3$
 $\phi_4: 1 \rightarrow 2, 2 \rightarrow 3, 3 \rightarrow 1$
 $\phi_5: 1 \rightarrow 3, 2 \rightarrow 1, 3 \rightarrow 2$
 $\phi_6: 1 \rightarrow 3, 2 \rightarrow 2, 3 \rightarrow 1$
 $\phi_7: 1 \rightarrow 1, 2 \rightarrow 2, 3 \rightarrow 3$
 $\phi_8: 1 \rightarrow 3, 2 \rightarrow 2, 3 \rightarrow 1$

$v = c$.

$$X_{H_1}^V(v) = \{ \{ G_S \cong H \mid V \in V_{G_S}, f(v) \in O_{H_S}^v \} \}$$

$H_1 \vdash \text{orb}(v) = \{ u \in V_H \mid \exists g \in \text{Aut}(H), \text{s.t. } g(u) = v \}$

$$\text{orb}(1) = \{ 1, 2, 3 \}$$

$$\text{orb}(2) = \{ 1, 2, 3 \}$$

$$\text{orb}(3) = \{ 1, 2, 3 \}$$

$$\{ O_{H_1}^v, \dots, O_{H_6}^v \} = \{ \text{orb}(v) \mid v \in V_H \}$$

$$= \{ 1, 2, 3 \}$$

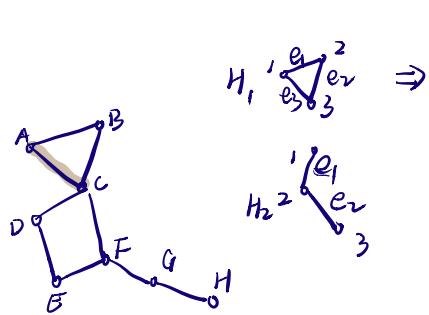
$$X_{H_1}^V(c) = \{ \text{A } \begin{smallmatrix} A \\ B \\ C \end{smallmatrix} \cong H \} = 1$$

$H_2 \vdash$
 $\{ 1, 3 \}, \{ 2 \}$

$\{ 2 \} \vdash ACD, ACF, BCD, BCF, 4 \Rightarrow \begin{smallmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 3 \end{smallmatrix}$

$\{ 1, 3 \} \vdash CDE, CFE, CFG, 3$

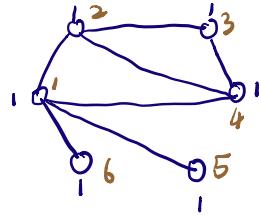
图同构: 边同构



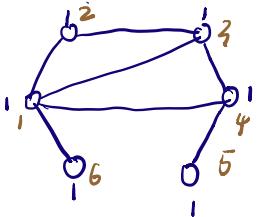
- $\varphi_1: e_1 \rightarrow e_1, e_2 \rightarrow e_2, e_3 \rightarrow e_3$
 $\varphi_2: e_1 \rightarrow e_1, e_2 \rightarrow e_3, e_3 \rightarrow e_2$
 $\varphi_3: e_1 \rightarrow e_2, e_2 \rightarrow e_1, e_3 \rightarrow e_3$
 $\varphi_4: e_1 \rightarrow e_2, e_2 \rightarrow e_3, e_3 \rightarrow e_1$
 $\varphi_5: e_1 \rightarrow e_3, e_2 \rightarrow e_2, e_3 \rightarrow e_1$
 $\varphi_6: e_1 \rightarrow e_3, e_2 \rightarrow e_1, e_3 \rightarrow e_2$
 $\varphi_7: e_1 \rightarrow e_1, e_2 \rightarrow e_2$
 $\varphi_8: e_1 \rightarrow e_2, e_2 \rightarrow e_1$

H_1
 $\{e_1, e_2, e_3\} : \triangle ABC : 1$

$H_2 \{e_1, e_2\} : ACD, ACF : 2$



G



\downarrow

G_2

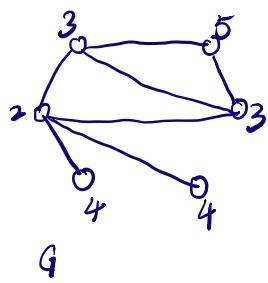
4^6
 $+ 3$

$2: 11111$

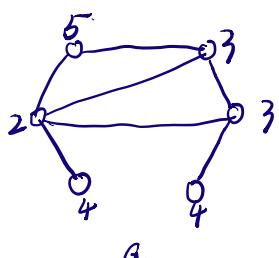
$3: 1111$

$4: 11$

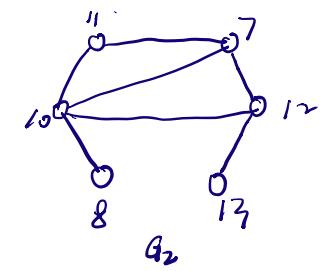
$5: 111$



G



G_2



G_2

$6: 23344$

$7: 3253$

$8: 42$

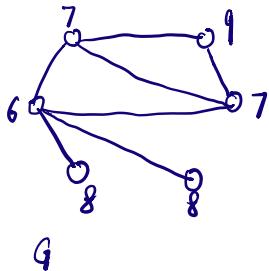
$9: 533$

$10: 25334$

$11: 523$

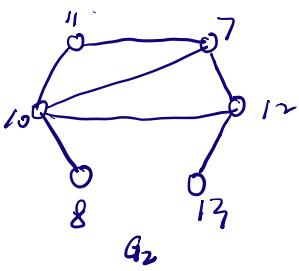
$12: 3234$

$13: 43$



G

$2+2$



G_2

12