Mycmagoolb Moxpyse Canochial melities padoma 2 MTH 202-1. y + 2 x y = x · e x 2 Bapuarem 61 1) Haxagun pemerne zagaru Komm oriemmurekenn memogan y=v.0= ex. (x+c) y'=0'0+0'0 y (o) =-1. Uletelutzxue=x.e-x -1 = e0, C Qu'0=x.e-x'2 Qu'0=x.e-x'2 20 10 × +2x y α =0  $y = e^{-\frac{1}{2}} \left( \frac{x^2}{2} - 1 \right)$  tarning persented,  $\begin{cases} U'U = x \cdot e^{-x^2} \\ U' + 2xU = 0 \end{cases}$  $\Rightarrow \frac{du}{dx} = -2xu \Rightarrow \int \frac{du}{u} = \int -2x dx$ => luo=-x2 => e-x= 0  $v' \cdot e^{-x^2} = x \cdot e^{-x^2} \Rightarrow \frac{dv}{dx} = x \Rightarrow v = \frac{x^2}{2} + C$ 2) Haxogun pemerus zagans Komm e naudutino pagob.

yz f(xo) + \frac{\beta(1/xo)}{\pm 1} (x-xo) + \frac{\beta(1/xo) \cdot (x-xo)}{2} - Teinop  $f(x) = e^{-x^2} \left( \frac{x^2}{x^2} - 1 \right)$   $q \neq 0$  2-1.  $f(x) = e^{-x^{2}} \left( \frac{y^{2}}{2} - 1 \right) \quad f(0) = -1.$   $f'(x) = e^{-x^{2}} \left( x - x^{3} \right) \quad f'(0) = 0.$   $f''(x) = e^{-x^{2}} \left( 2x^{4} - 5x^{2} + 1 \right) \quad f''(0) = 1.$   $f'''(x) = e^{-x^{2}} \left( -4x^{5} + 18x^{3} - 12x \right) \quad f'''(0) = 0.$   $f''''(x) = e^{-x^{2}} \left( 8x^{6} - 56x^{4} + 78x^{2} - 12 \right) \quad f''''(0) = 0.$ y= -1 + 1! · x + 1 · x 2 + 0 · x 3 + -12 · x

y=-1+ x - x1