

# Status of disappearing track search with $E_T^{miss}$

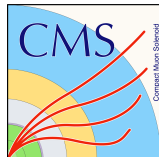
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August 16, 2019



Universität Hamburg



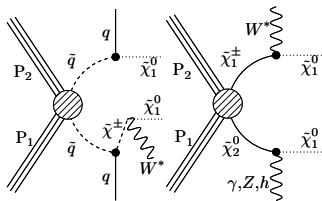
# Updates with disappearing tracks with $E_T^{miss}$

- ① Concept refresh
  - ▶ →selection, search regions, and targeted signal models
- ② general updates
  - ▶ update to track tags with loosened BDTs
  - ▶ revisiting fake background closure
  - ▶ extend prompt background method to include pions
  - ▶ non-pion contamination in  $m_{\tau\tau}$
- ③ some changes to the analysis approach seem warranted, so we've made a couple of modifications
  - ▶ dropping veto on muons (event-level veto, not object-level)
  - ▶ splitting 1-track bins according to high-low track mass observable
- ④ Signal models and simulation
  - ▶ → some interesting features seen in the MC

Previous updates given in inclusive SUSY meeting [link 1](#) [link 2](#)

# Key analysis features

- Select quality tracks with missing outer hits (DT)
- Categorize tracks into short (pixel hits only) and long (pixel and strips hits)
- Select events with one or more DT's with various topologies
- Bin search in jet multiplicity to maintain sensitivity to a range of models



- Split signal bins into high and low  $de/dx$  categories

Signal regions

S.R. number	$E_T^{\text{miss}}$	$n_{\text{jets}}$	$n_{\text{b-tags}}$	$n_{\text{short}}$	$n_{\text{long}}$
1 a,b	250-400	1	any	0	1
2 a,b				1	0
3 a,b		2-5	0	0	1
4 a,b				1	0
5 a,b				0	1
6 a,b				1	0
7 a,b		$\geq 6$	0	0	1
8 a,b				1	0
9 a,b				0	1
10 a,b				1	0

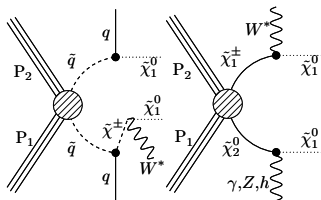
...

21 a,b	>700	1	any	0	1
22 a,b				1	0
23 a,b		2-5	0	0	1
24 a,b				1	0
25 a,b				0	1
26 a,b				1	0
27 a,b		$\geq 6$	0	0	1
28 a,b				1	0
29 a,b				0	1
30 a,b				1	0
31	200-400	$\geq 1$	any	$n_{\text{short}} + n_{\text{long}} > 1$	
32	>400				

# Updated tag

- Before: fully informed BDT (with  $d_{xy}$ )
- Now: “uninformed” BDT without  $d_{xy}$
- Now:  $\text{BDT} > 60 * d_{xy} + 0.05$  (long tracks);
- analogous cut function for short tracks
- similar signal efficiency as with informed BDT

plot of uninformed BDT vs  $d_{xy}$  (old  $\text{BDT} > x$ )  
plot of uninformed BDT vs  $d_{xy}$  (new cut function)



# Non-prompt closure

- Use fake rate transfer factor

$$\mathcal{F} = \frac{P(n_{DT}^{SL} = 1 | \vec{x})}{P(n_{DT}^{CR} = 1 | \vec{x})}$$

$$\vec{x} = H_T, n_{pvtx}$$

data/MC comparison in CR  
closure plot vs NJets or MHT

- SL (signal-like):  $\text{BDT} > 60 * d_{xy} + 0.05$
- CR (fake control):  $\text{BDT} < 60 * d_{xy} + 0.05$

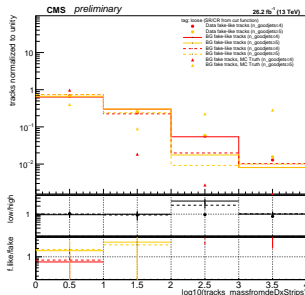
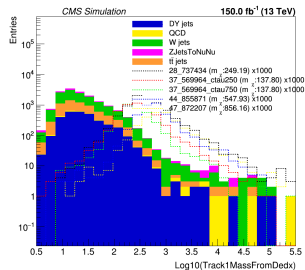
figure of 2-d map

# Incorporation of $dE/dx$

- use pixel-only and strips-only “harmonic2” average ( $I_h$ )
- compute mass using relation from arXiv:1101.1645
  - ▶  $I_h = K \frac{m^2}{p^2} + C$
  - ▶  $K = 2.579 \pm 0.001 \text{ MeV cm}^{-1} c^2$   
and  $C = 2.557 \pm 0.001 \text{ MeV cm}^{-1}$
- calibration study of pixel  $dE/dx$  P. Asmuss master thesis [link](#)

Pursuing two approaches

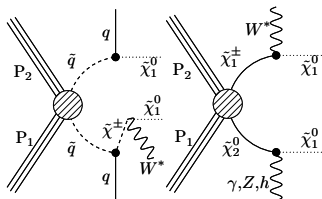
- 1 bin inclusively in jets and b-tagged jets, apply analysis MHT thresholds, fit mass distribution with a function
- 2 construct high/low mass template from “prompt-like” and “fake-like” control regions, use to split signal regions



# Status of signal

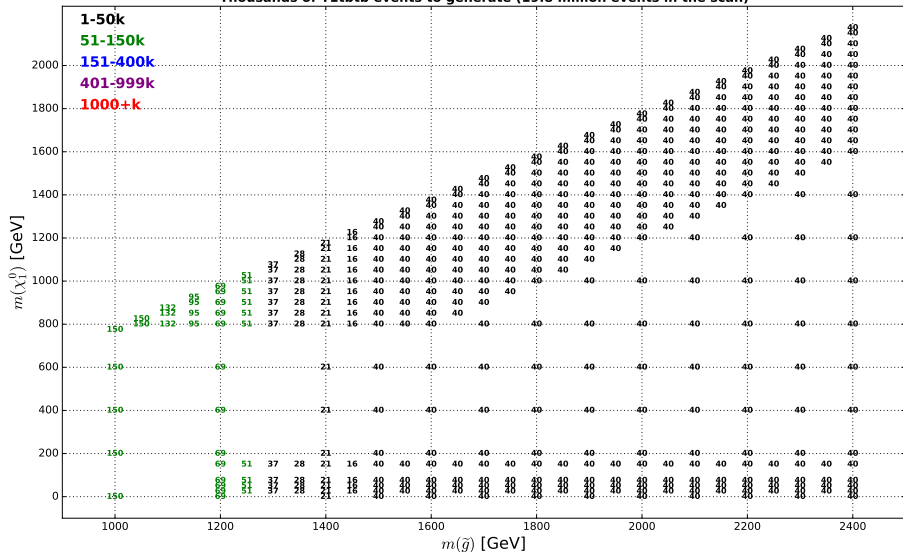
- We requested several samples in the spring (examples in next couple of slides)
- Samples were not produced for various reasons
- One factor is that FastSim now produces AOD's that contain the de/dx collections (now added)
- We would like to re-start these campaigns as soon as possible

plots of fastsim de/dx



# Model T1btbLL (requested)

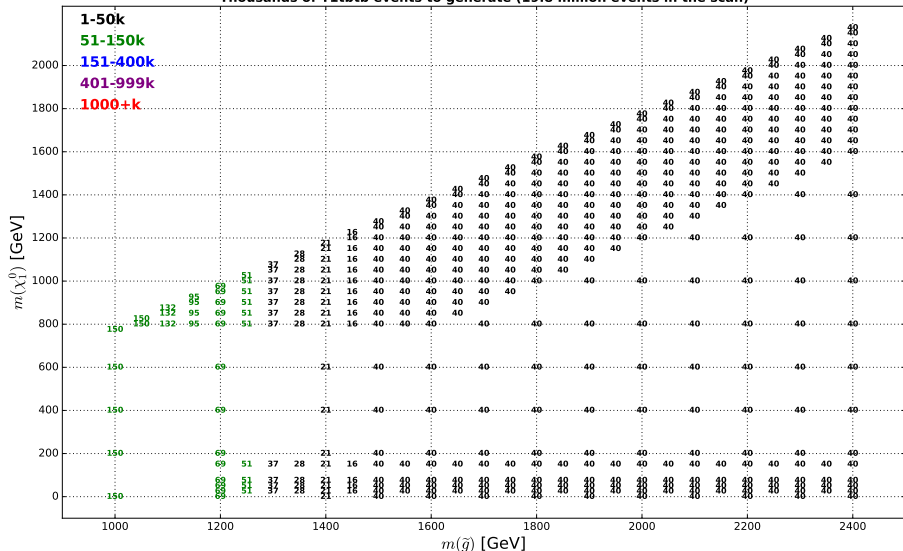
Thousands of T1btb events to generate (19.8 million events in the scan)





# Model T1tbtb (requested)

Thousands of T1tbtb events to generate (19.8 million events in the scan)



# Conclusions and outlook

- Background methods show improvement in 2016 and 2017 MC
- Dropping muon veto should help pick up sensitivity to some long-lived scenarios
- Indications that  $\text{mass}(d\epsilon/dx)$  is invariant w.r.t. event topology, differs between fake and prompt tracks
- Still need to study masks for 2017 and 2018 data
- Still need to re-do data-validation studies with the new tag

# Backup

# Prompt background: $\kappa$

electrons

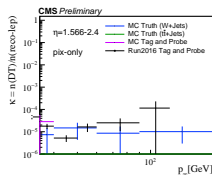
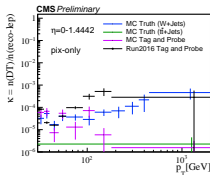
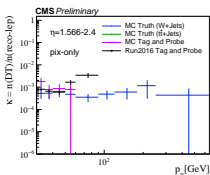
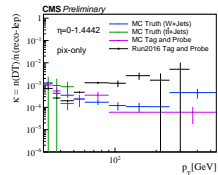
muons

short - barrel

short - endcap

short - barrel

short - endcap

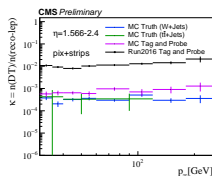
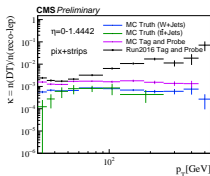
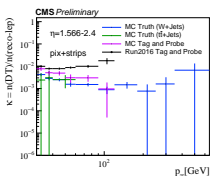
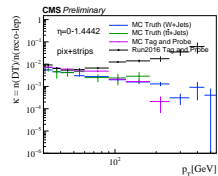


long - barrel

long - endcap

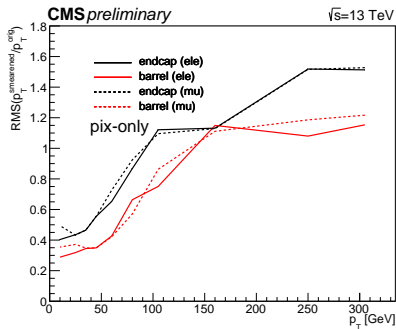
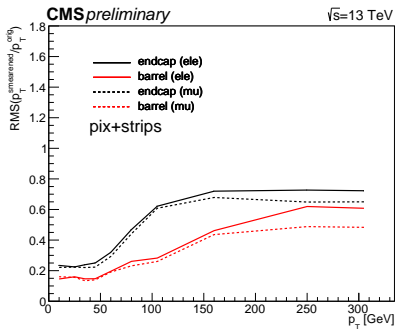
long - barrel

long - endcap



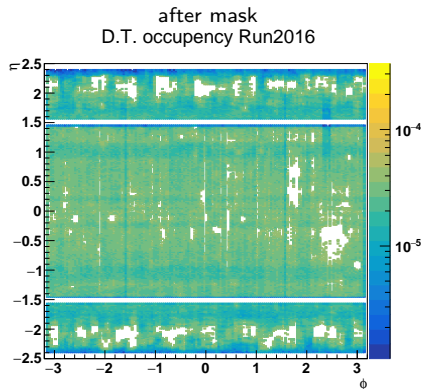
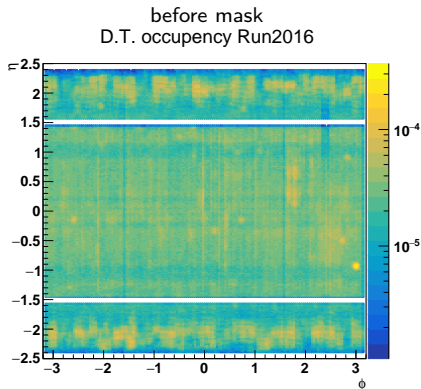
black: tag/probe in data; violet: tag/probe in MC; blue: MC truth (W+Jets); green: MC truth ( $t\bar{t}$ +jets);

## smearing functions (global)



# Masks

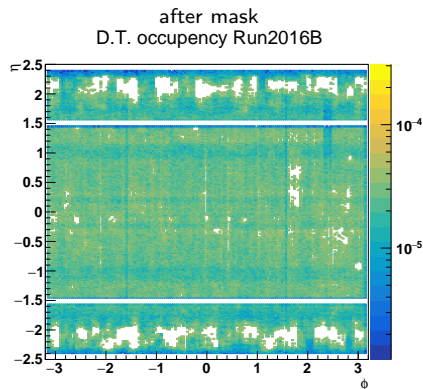
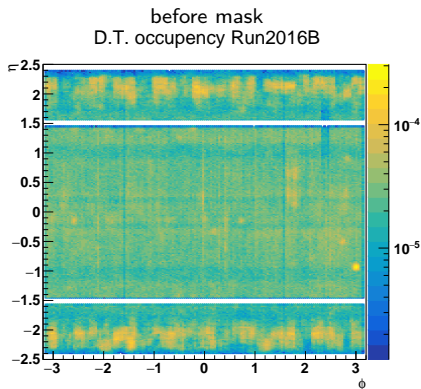
An eta/phi mask seems appropriate - veto tracks that fall within white area below, defined by bins with a normalized occupancy  $> 0.5 * 10^{-4}$



mask histograms are made available in Mattermost in rootfiles

# Masks 2016B

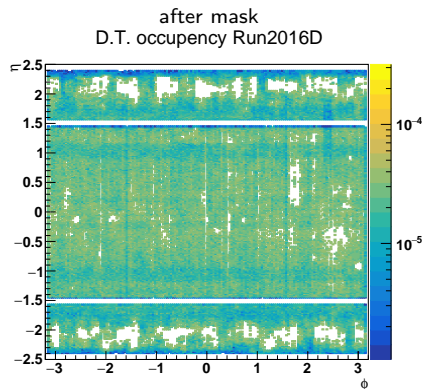
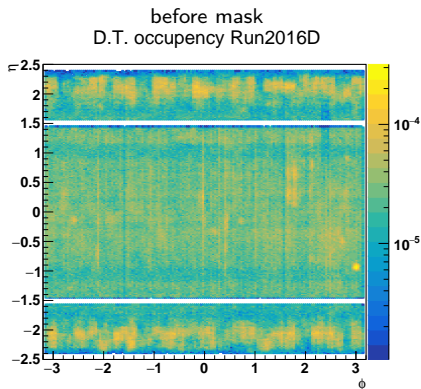
Explore run-dependent masks, defined by bins with a normalized occupancy  $> 0.5 * 10^{-4}$



mask histograms are made available in Mattermost in rootfiles

# Masks 2016D

Explore run-dependent masks, defined by bins with a normalized occupancy  $> 0.5 \cdot 10^{-4}$

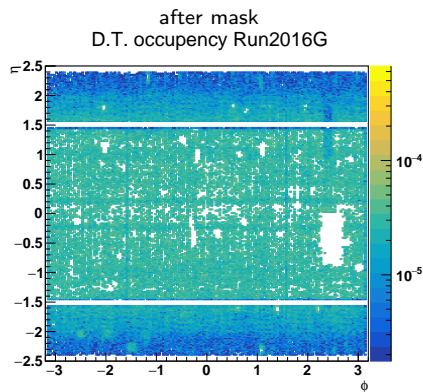
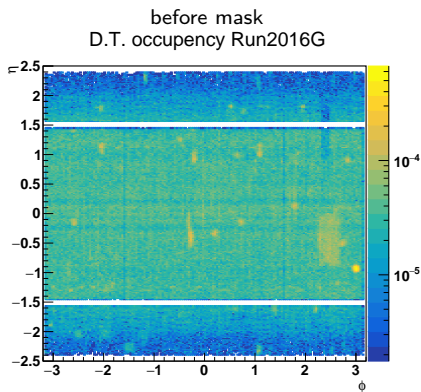


mask histograms are made available in Mattermost in rootfiles



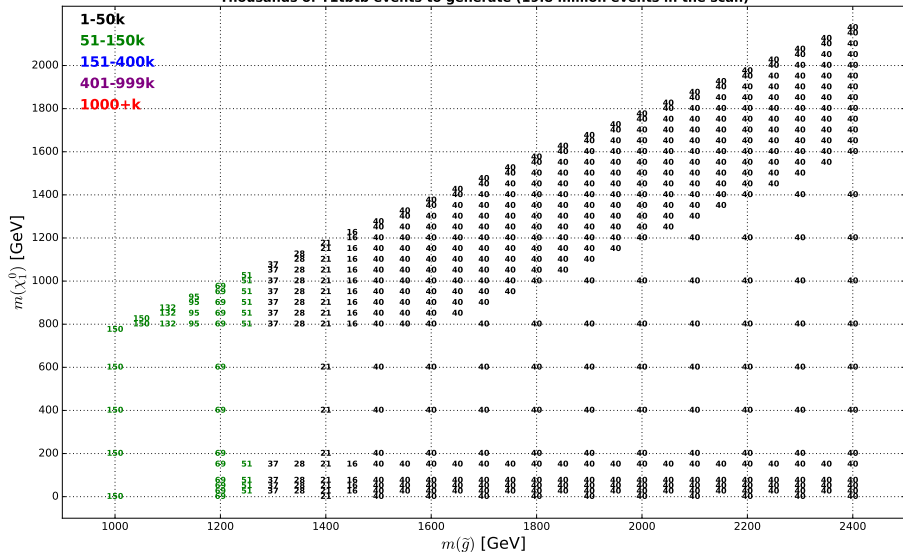
# Masks 2016G

Explore run-dependent masks, defined by bins with a normalized occupancy  $> 0.5 \cdot 10^{-4}$



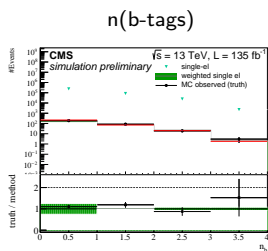
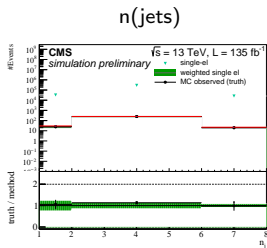
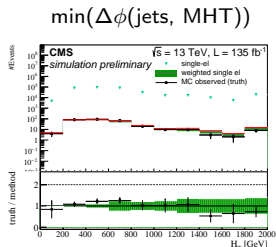
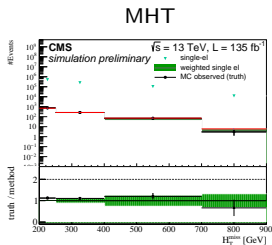
# Model T1btbLL (requested)

Thousands of T1btb events to generate (19.8 million events in the scan)



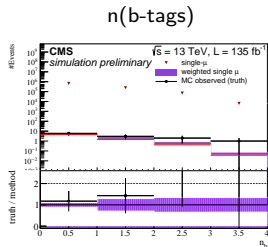
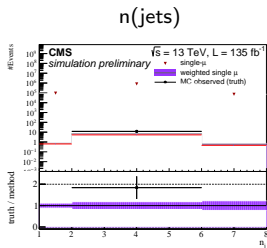
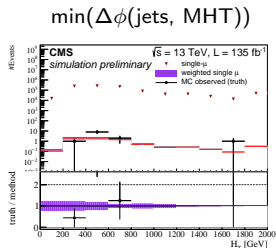
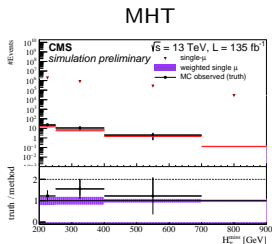
# Electron background closure

“n-1” post-baseline plots using W+jets and  $t\bar{t}$ -jets



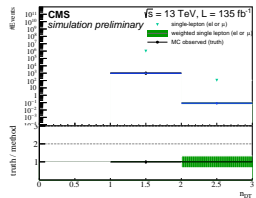
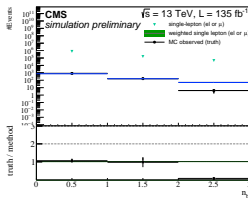
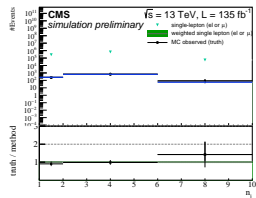
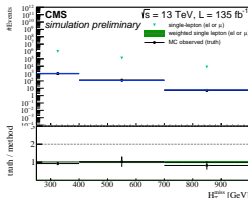
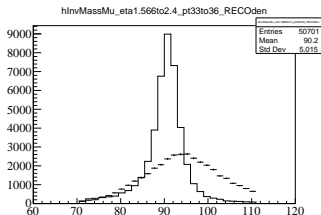
# Muon background closure

“n-1” post-baseline plots using W+jets and  $t\bar{t}$ -jets

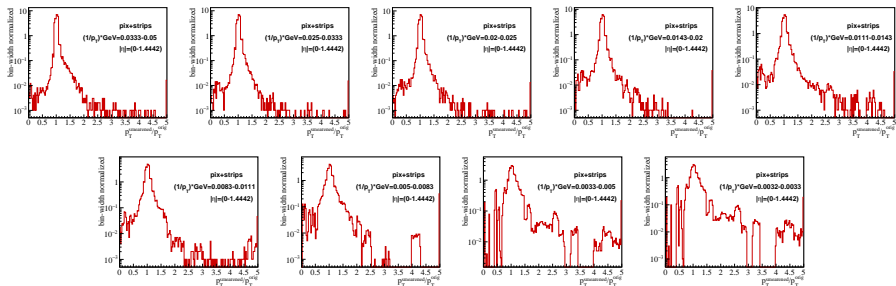


# Prompt background: smearing dependence of $\kappa$

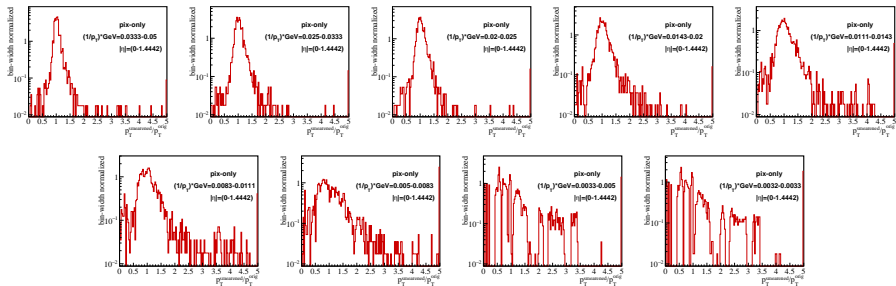
- Derive  $\kappa$  factors smearing quality probes
- Derive  $\kappa$  factors not smearing quality probes
- Make prediction with each version
- Impact is not large since only the tails of the invariant mass are changed



# responses (pixel+strips) - barrel

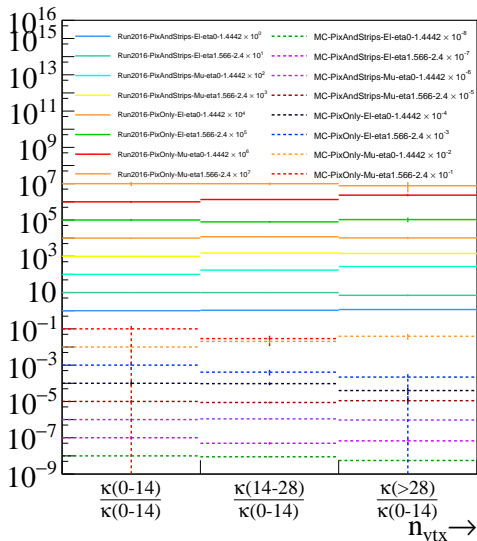


# responses (pixel-only) - barrel



# Prompt background: PU dependence of $\kappa$

- merge all  $p_T$  bins within a category of  $\eta$ , short/long, and electron/muon
- compute  $\kappa$  in data and MC in three bins of  $n(\text{vtx})$
- scale ratio to the first bin value, modulo a presentation factor:  $10^n$
- no dominant trend for data or MC



# Systematics

- uncertainty in background predictions:
  - ▶ non-closure uncertainty
  - ▶ control region statistics (very small)
  - ▶ any additional systematic based on control region validation
- signal systematics:
  - ▶ standard systematics
    - ★ JEC, JER
    - ★ Pile-up
    - ★ b-tagging and lepton scale factors
    - ★ ISR systematic
    - ★ FastSim MET correction
    - ★ MC stats
  - ▶ disappearing electron scale factors