

# 1 Digital Interface

Pin	Direction	Function
SCK	in	SCK for SPI communication/SCK for PLL communication
MOSI	in	MOSI for SPI communication/MOSI for PLL communication
MISO	out	MISO for SPI communication/MUX for PLL communication
NSS	in	Chip Select for SPI communication/LE for PLL communication
INTR	out	Active high interrupt indicator
RESET	in	FPGA reset
AUX1	in	Selector for direct communication with Source PLL
AUX2	in	Selector for direct communication with LO PLL
AUX3	in	Active low sweep enable. Has to be high when changing settings

Depending on the voltage on AUX1/AUX2 the SPI port controls either the FPGA or one of the MAX2871 PLLs:

AUX1	AUX2	Function
low	low	SPI communication with FPGA
high	low	Direct feedthrough of SCK, MOSI, MISO and NSS to Source PLL
low	high	Direct feedthrough of SCK, MOSI, MISO and NSS to LO PLL
high	high	Invalid

When communicating with a PLL, the MUX output of the MAX2871 is forwarded to MISO and the NSS signal is forwarded to the LE pin. As the LE pin should stay low until after a valid register has been shifted in (see MAX2871 datasheet), set NSS low before switching to PLL communication mode.

## 2 SPI Protocol

Each SPI transfer starts with pulling NSS low and ends with NSS returning to high level. SPI communication is done in words of 16 bits. The first word after NSS is pulled low is the command word and determines the amount and meaning of the following words. The word received while transmitting the command word is the interrupt status register:

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
reserved											SH	OR	ND	SU	LU

- **OR:** Sweep halted due to halt bit set. Sweep will be resumed once the resume command is issued.
- **OR:** Data overrun occurred (only cleared by resetting the FPGA)
- **ND:** New data available
- **SU:** Source unlocked
- **LU:** LO unlocked

### 2.1 Writing a register

Writing a register requires the transfer of two words: First the control word selecting the destination address and a second word containing the new register value:

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	0	0	reserved								Register Address				
15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Register Value															

## 2.2 Writing SweepConfig

Initiate the sweep config transfer by sending the command word:

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	0	Sweep point												

The maximum number of points per sweep is 4501, thus the highest valid value for "Sweep point" is 4500. After the control word, send the seven words of the sweep config (see section 4) while keeping NSS low. The sweep config is transmitted MSB first.

## 2.3 Reading a sampling result

Whenever the ND bit in the interrupt status register is set, new sampling data is available and can be read via SPI. It has to be read before the next sampling data arrives otherwise the old data will be overwritten.

Initiate the reading of sampling data by sending the command word:

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	1	0	reserved												

Afterwards, read 18 words before setting NSS high. These 18 words will contain the sampling result (see section 5), transmitted with the least significant word first.

## 2.4 Resuming a halted sweep

When the halt bit is set in the SweepConfig, the FPGA will configure the Source and LO as requested but will not start the settling timer (and subsequently the sampling process) until this resume command is issued. The halted sweep is indicated by the sweep halted bit in the status register.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	1	reserved												

## 2.5 Reading ADC limits

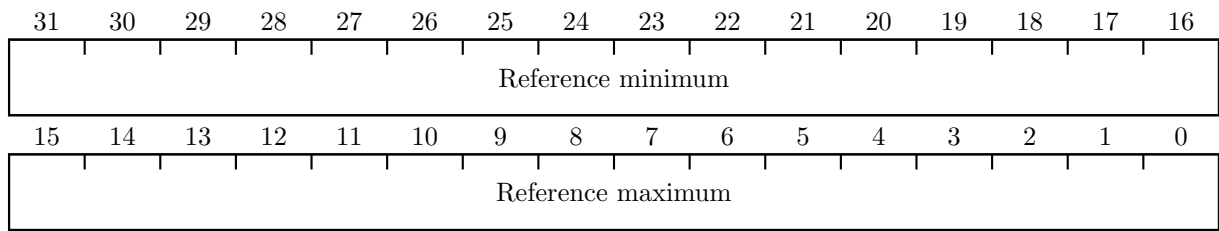
The FPGA keeps track of the highest and lowest sample of each ADC to detect saturation and verify signal levels.

Initiate the reading of ADC limit data by sending the command word:

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	1	1	reserved												

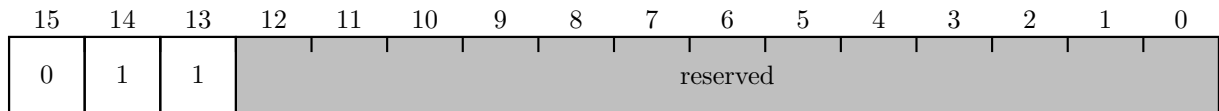
Afterwards, read 6 words before setting NSS high. These 6 words will contain the sampling result:

95	94	93	92	91	90	89	88	87	86	85	84	83	82	81	80
Port 1 minimum															
79	78	77	76	75	74	73	72	71	70	69	68	67	66	65	64
Port 1 maximum															
63	62	61	60	59	58	57	56	55	54	53	52	51	50	49	48
Port 2 minimum															
47	46	45	44	43	42	41	40	39	38	37	36	35	34	33	32
Port 2 maximum															



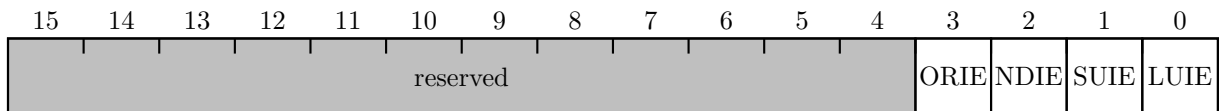
## 2.6 Resetting the ADC limit

Issuing this command result in all minimum values set to 32767 and all maximum values set to -32768.



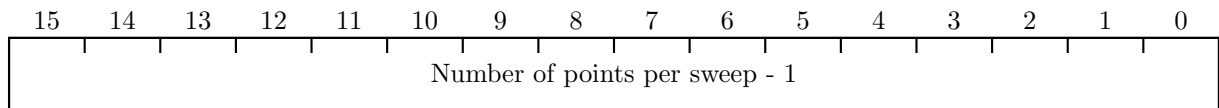
## 3 Registers

### 3.1 Interrupt Mask Register: 0x00



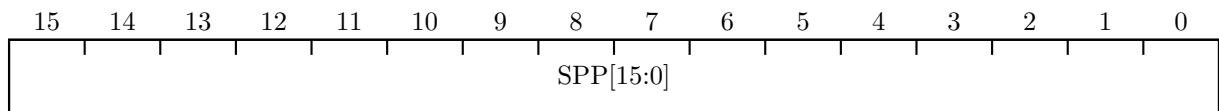
- **ORIE:** Data overrun interrupt enable
- **NDIE:** New data interrupt enable
- **SUIE:** Source unlocked interrupt enable
- **LUIE:** LO unlocked interrupt enable

### 3.2 Sweep Points Register: 0x01



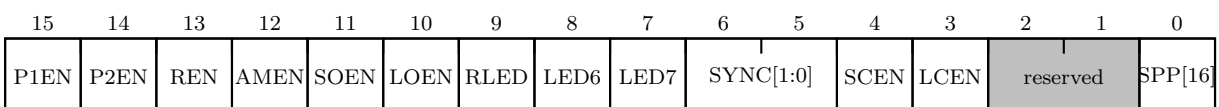
The register contains the number of points per sweep negative one, e.g. set to 11b if the sweep contains four points.

### 3.3 Samples Per Point Register: 0x02



- **SPP[16:0]:** The register contains the number of samples per point negative one, e.g. set to 11b if each point contains four samples. Also see register 0x03 for MSB.

### 3.4 System Control Register: 0x03



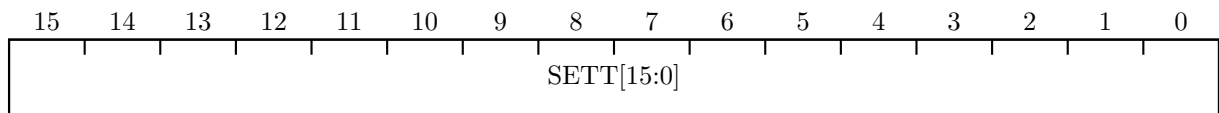
- **P1EN:** Port 1 Mixers/Amplifier enable
- **P2EN:** Port 2 Mixers/Amplifier enable

- **REN:** Reference Mixers/Amplifier enable
- **AMEN:** Source amplifier enable
- **SOEN:** Source enable
- **LOEN:** LO enable
- **RLED:** External frequency LED control
- **LED6:**User LED 6 control
- **LED7:**User LED 7 control
- **SYNC[1:0]:**Synchronization control for switching regulator

Setting	Functionality
00	disabled
01	1 MHz signal
10	locked to ADC sampling (slightly less than 1 MHz)
11	disabled

- **SCEN:** Source chip enable
- **LCEN:** LO chip enable

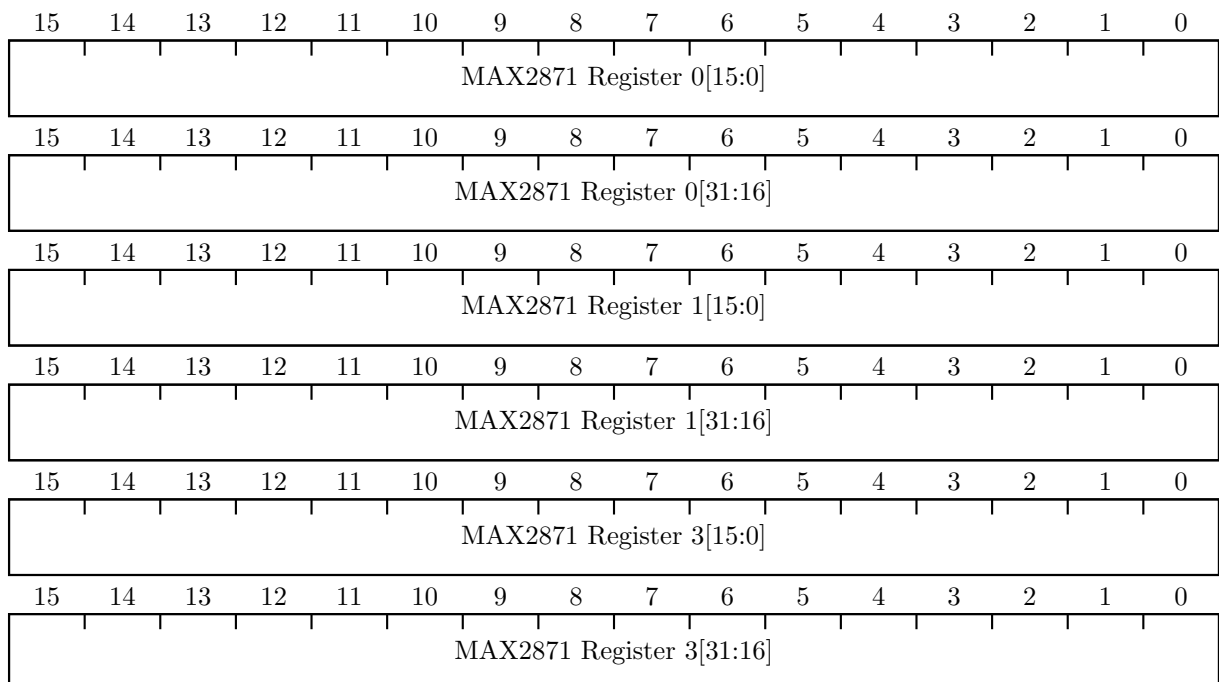
### 3.5 Settling Time Register: 0x04

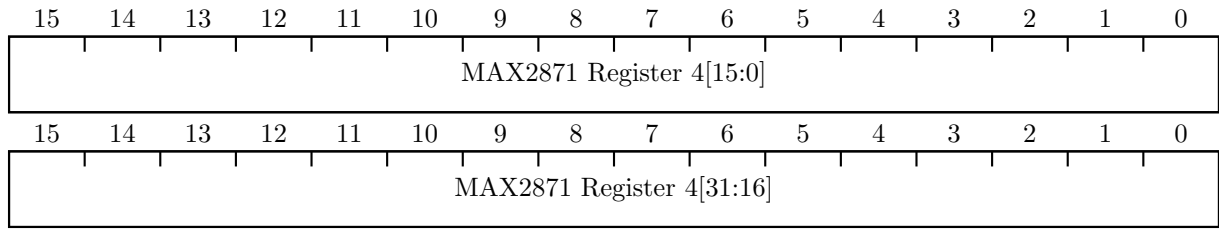


- **SETT[15:0]:** Number of CLK cycles between locking of PLLs and sampling of the ADCs. One CLK cycle is equivalent to 6.25 ns

### 3.6 MAX2871 Default Values Registers: 0x08-0x0F

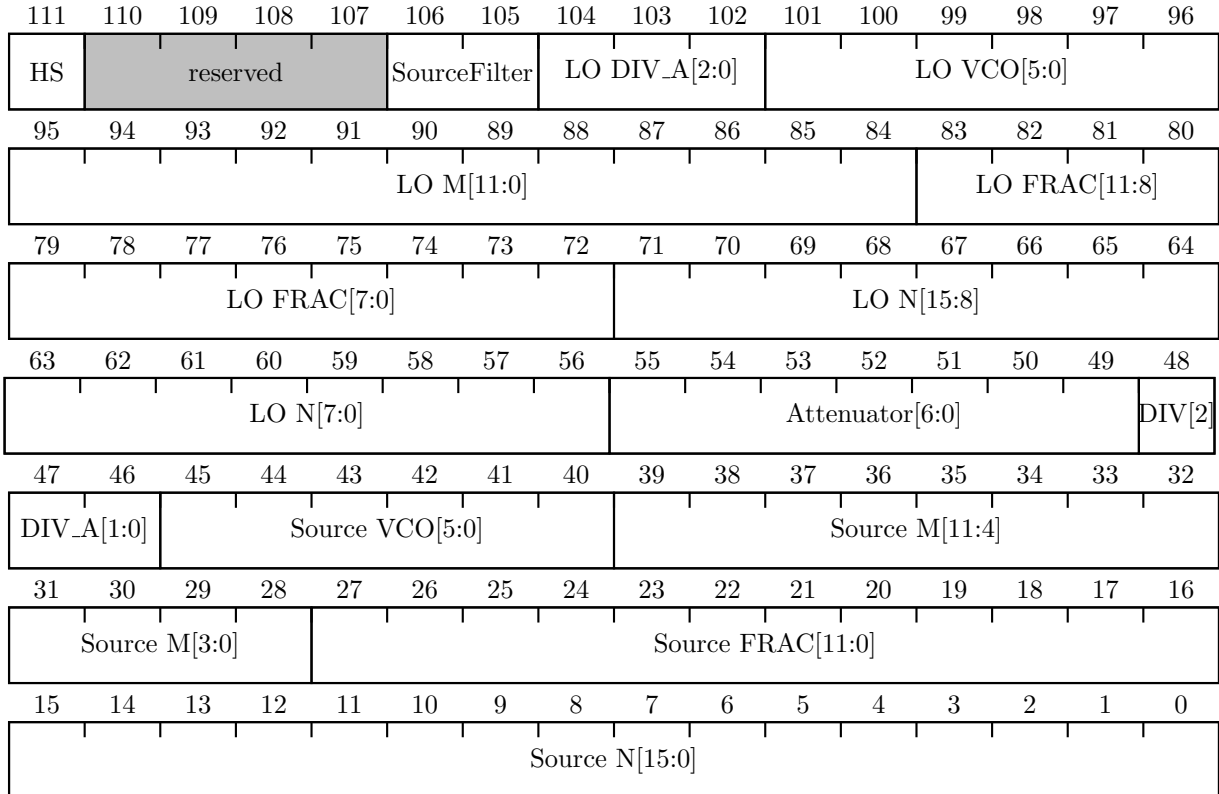
See datasheet of MAX2871 for bit descriptions. Bits for the fields N, FRAC, M, VCO and DIV\_A are "don't care" as they will be overwritten by the SweepConfig setting.





## 4 SweepConfig

The SweepConfig contains data for the source and LO1 PLL as well as the attenuator and source filter. Each point in the sweep, needs a valid SweepConfig before the sweep is started.



- **HS: Halt sweep.** If set, settling and sampling of this sweep point will be postponed until the sweep resume command is issued.
- **SourceFilter:** Low pass filter selection for source signal

Setting	Selected Band
00	0 MHz to 900 MHz
01	900 MHz to 1800 MHz
10	1800 MHz to 3500 MHz
11	3500 MHz to 6000 MHz

- **Attenuator:** Attenuation of source signal in 0.25 dB.

## 5 Sampling Result

Each point in the sweep generates two sampling results. The first one contains the measurement when the source was routed to Port 1, the second sampling result was taken when the source was routed to Port 2. The sampling result does not indicate which point in the sweep it belongs to, that information is implicitly given by the order of transmitted sampling results.

287	286	285	284	283	282	281	280	279	278	277	276	275	274	273	272
Port 1 I[47:32]															
271	270	269	268	267	266	265	264	263	262	261	260	259	258	257	256
Port 1 I[31:16]															
255	254	253	252	251	250	249	248	247	246	245	244	243	242	241	240
Port 1 I[15:0]															
239	238	237	236	235	234	233	232	231	230	229	228	227	226	225	224
Port 1 Q[47:32]															
223	222	221	220	219	218	217	216	215	214	213	212	211	210	209	208
Port 1 Q[31:16]															
207	206	205	204	203	202	201	200	199	198	197	196	195	194	193	192
Port 1 Q[15:0]															
191	190	189	188	187	186	185	184	183	182	181	180	179	178	177	176
Port 2 I[47:32]															
175	174	173	172	171	170	169	168	167	166	165	164	163	162	161	160
Port 2 I[31:16]															
159	158	157	156	155	154	153	152	151	150	149	148	147	146	145	144
Port 2 I[15:0]															
143	142	141	140	139	138	137	136	135	134	133	132	131	130	129	128
Port 2 Q[47:32]															
127	126	125	124	123	122	121	120	119	118	117	116	115	114	113	112
Port 2 Q[31:16]															
111	110	109	108	107	106	105	104	103	102	101	100	99	98	97	96
Port 2 Q[15:0]															
95	94	93	92	91	90	89	88	87	86	85	84	83	82	81	80
Reference Signal I[47:32]															
79	78	77	76	75	74	73	72	71	70	69	68	67	66	65	64
Reference Signal I[31:16]															
63	62	61	60	59	58	57	56	55	54	53	52	51	50	49	48
Reference Signal I[15:0]															

