

HD Australia Central Bank Sticks to Policy Stance: Minutes -- Market Talk**WC** 1,479 words**PD** 21 October 2014**ET** 15:42**SN** Dow Jones Institutional News**SC** DJDN**LA** English**CY** Copyright © 2014, Dow Jones & Company, Inc.**LP**

0442 GMT [Dow Jones] The Australian dollar was one of the biggest beneficiaries of the **Chinese** gross domestic product data, rallying back above the US\$0.8800 handle, says RBC Capital in a strategy note. Meanwhile, the policy meeting minutes from the Reserve Bank of Australia's October board meeting earlier contained little new news, with a steady-as-she-goes message permeating throughout, it says. The cash rate looks set to stay at an historical low for an extended period, RBC says. (james.glynn@wsj.com; Twitter: @JamesGlynnWSJ)

Editor JSM

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0435 GMT [Dow Jones] The ongoing plenum of the **Chinese** Communist Party could signal the next phase of the anti-graft effort, says Capital Economics. "It is tempting to dismiss the Communist Party's talk of boosting the rule of law in **China** as simply hot air," it says. It says the campaign should ultimately have a positive economic impact, but in the short-run, the economy may be hurt by weaker demand for "luxury goods, banquets and ill-gotten property". "Although some will undoubtedly question the motives of the central leadership in consolidating power via its anti-graft campaign, such an approach may be necessary to push through difficult reforms in the face of vested interests," says Capital Economics. (jacky.wong@wsj.com; Twitter: @jackycwong)

Editor JSM

0430 GMT [Dow Jones] An uptick in **China's** economic growth and industrial production numbers is providing some support for crude-**oil** prices. **Chinese** economic data came in slightly better than estimated, and **oil** demand will likely rise for the world's No. 2 economy. "This likely gives some upward push to crude prices, but global crude demand should still remain weak and is likely to persist in the coming quarter," Phillip Futures analyst Daniel Ang says. Nymex crude had strong resistance at \$82.58/bbl, which has been breached; the next level is \$84.73. Brent crude is still testing the first resistance level of \$85.97/bbl. Nymex crude is up 29 cents at \$83.00/bbl, while Brent is up 11 cents at \$85.51/bbl. (eric.yep@wsj.com)

Editor: JVW

0423 GMT [Dow Jones] Australia's central bank clearly feels the Australian dollar needs to fall further to support the economy in the face of commodity price declines this year. But Michael Workman, senior economist at the Commonwealth Bank of Australia, says there are good reasons to think the currency will remain strong. The yields on Australian interest-bearing securities--high by international standards--is still generating considerable offshore investor interest, despite the prospect of higher U.S. and UK interest rates through 2015 and 2016, Workman says. While **China's** growth may slow, it will still take most of Australia's rising volumes of **iron ore** and **coal** through the next few years, he adds. (james.glynn@wsj.com; Twitter: @JamesGlynnWSJ)

Editor JSM

0423 GMT [Dow Jones] Japan's government is likely to go ahead with a sales tax hike planned for October, 2015, says Iwao Matsumoto, general manager in the investment planning department of Sumitomo Life Insurance Co. "The government has a goal of budget surplus in fiscal 2020, so it will raise the sales tax" while using economic stimulus to support growth, he says. Some lawmakers and economists have said the government should postpone the tax after an increase in the tax in this April chilled economic activity. Matsumoto says though April's sales tax increase has damped growth as households cut back on spending, a **firm** jobs market and rising wages should help sustain a recovery in consumer spending and growth overall ahead. Sumitomo is Japan's fourth-largest life insurer by assets.(eleanor.warnock@wsj.com)

Editor: KLH

0418 GMT [Dow Jones] **Hong Kong** equities retreat as **China's** GDP for the third quarter beats estimates, contrary to what previously released data had suggested, and investors withdraw stimulus bets. Asia's largest economy grew at 7.3% in Q3, decelerating from 7.5% in Q2, while housing data shows sales falling 10.8% during the first nine months of the year compared with a year earlier. "An expansion of the trade surplus and infrastructure investment are compensating for the housing market's correction and keeping real GDP growth above seven percent," says PNC Financial Services Group. The data reflect "slowdown, but not collapse, leaving questions about balance sheet weaknesses lingering but unlikely to be answered in 2014," PNC adds. The Hang Seng Index falls 0.3% to 23,012.31, while H-shares fall in step; the Hang Seng **China** Enterprises Index is down 0.3% to 10,265.80. (gregor.hunter@wsj.com; Twitter: @gregorhunter)

Editor: KLH

0416 GMT [Dow Jones] **China's** GDP growth slowed to the lowest quarterly print since the first quarter of 2009, but the pick-up in industrial production is encouraging, say Nomura analysts. Industrial production growth picked up to 8.0% year over year after a very sharp slowdown to 6.9% in August. "This is encouraging, as of all the monthly data, industrial production has the strongest correlation with GDP growth, so this bodes well for an economic recovery this year," they say. Beijing has stepped up its policy easing after weak August data and these efforts have helped stabilize growth, the analysts say. "More policy stimulus is needed to lift GDP growth in the fourth quarter," they add. (grace.zhu@wsj.com)

Editor: KLH

0409 GMT [Dow Jones] MOF sells Y1.2 trillion of 1.4% coupon 20-year **bonds** with a lowest price of 101.20, yielding 1.323% and matching market expectations. The bid-to-cover ratio deteriorates to 3.59 from 3.89 at the previous auction. The tail, another gauge of demand, was at 0.08 vs 0.05 at the last tender. The wider tail, the difference between the average and the lowest price, suggests slightly weaker demand for the issue than last time. **Lead** December JGB futures shed some of their gains after the auction. They were up 0.06 points at 146.31. (tatsuo.ito@wsj.com)

Editor: PJK

0407 GMT [Dow Jones] Australia's central bank Tuesday acknowledged the recent slowdown in **China's** economy, but remains reassured **China's** authorities have the firepower to support growth if needed. In the minutes of its last policy meeting, the RBA said that there was scope to ease policy if required in **China**. Paul Brennan, chief economist at Citi says the RBA also notes that **China's** target for employment growth in 2014 was close to being achieved, a positive sign that things generally remain on target. (james.glynn@wsj.com; Twitter @JamesGlynnWSJ)

Editor: KLH

0402 GMT [Dow Jones] **Chinese** refineries processed a record volume of crude **oil** processing in September, but analysts say this doesn't reflect a consumption bump. "If crude runs are high, that's because import prices of **oil** are very low and companies are replenishing their inventories," says Miao Tian, an analyst at investment bank North Square Blue Oak. A flood of new crude on global markets and weak global demand have taken the price of crude to levels not seen since 2010, with full-year **oil**-demand growth forecast to slip further for the remainder of the year. **China**'s crude runs last month reached 10.3 **million** barrels a day, according to data provided by the National Statistics Bureau. (chuin-wei.yap@wsj.com; Twitter @YapCW)

Editor: JVV

0351 GMT [Dow Jones] The Reserve Bank of Australia retained its forward guidance of a period of stable rates in policy meeting minutes earlier today, and remains concerned about rising house prices, says Kieran Davies, chief economist at Barclays. The board appears to have discussed new regulations on mortgage lending, but nothing was disclosed. Davies expects regulators to announce a capital charge for investor home loans. The targeted policy measures in part of the housing market are a clear risk to the timing of Barclays' forecast that modest rate hikes commence in 1Q next year, he adds. (james.glynn@wsj.com; Twitter @JamesGlynnWSJ)

0330 GMT [Dow Jones] The lowest accepted price for 20-year JGBs at a Y1.2 trillion auction this morning is likely to be around 101.20, traders say. The latest issue is a reopening of the current No. 150 issue and carries a coupon of 1.4%. Traders expect a smooth auction after a rise in yields on Monday makes the asset look slightly more attractive. The No. 150 issue is yielding at 1.325%. **Lead** December futures were up 0.07 points at 146.32 at midday. (tatsuo.ito@wsj.com)

Editor: PJK

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