INDUSTRY SNAPSHOTS; OCEANIA - AUSTRALIA -HD METAL AND MINING wc 15.520 words PD 21 May 2014 **Industry Snapshot** SN SC **ACQIND** LA English CY Copyright 2014. Acquisdata Pty Ltd. LP LATEST **COMPANY** NEWS **News and Commentary** TD Australian government eliminates mining tax -14/5/2014 80% of all investment in the recent mining and resources boom has come from new foreign investment in Australia. For the complete story see: (http://www.mining .com/australian-government-eliminates-mining -tax-94925/) Australian Mining - Norton produces one millionth ounce of **gold** - 15/5/2014 Norton **Gold** Fields has reached a major milestone. pouring its one millionth ounce of gold from the Paddington **gold** mine. For the complete story see: http://www.miningaustralia.com.au/news/nortonproduces-one-millionth-ounce-of-gold) Reuters - Colombia's Cerrejon says to increase coal exports after tough 2013 - 16/5/2014 Coal miner Cerrejon expects to increase Colombian exports from last year when it faced a month-long strike. For the complete story see:

> ( http://in.reuters.com/article/2014/05/16/cerrejon-colombia-idINL1N0O201F20140516)

Mudgeee Guardian - Minerals Council to defend offsets at Senate review - 17/5/2014

The Minerals Council of Australia will address a Senate Committee review in to environmental offsets, particularly among the mining industry.

For the complete story see:

www.mudgeeguardian.

http://www.mudgeeguardian.com.au/story/2285200/mine rals-council-to-defend-offsets-at-senate-review/?cs=1485)

The Motley Fool - Here's why Newcrest **Mining** Limited has a bright future - 19/5/2014

Successful companies such as BHP Billiton and Rio have new mines in the pipeline to replace old ones.

For the complete story see:

(

http://www.fool.com.au/2014/05/19/heres-why-newcrestmining-limited-has-a-bright-future/)

ZDNet - Fortescue Metals Group digs up AU\$30m in savings - 19/5/2014

Fortescue Metals Group has managed to save AU\$30 million in a year.

For the complete story see:

(

http://www.zdnet.com/fortescue-metals-group-digs-up-au30m-in-savings-7000029590/)

Sydney Morning Herald - Iron ore price slide puts the skids under miners - 19/5/2014

Fears of a further drop in the **iron ore** price led to heavy losses among Australian miners.

For the complete story see:

(http://www.smh.com.au/business/markets/iron-ore-price-slide-puts-the-skids-under-miners-20140519-38jvc.html)

Media Releases

BHP Billiton Opens Jimblebar Iron Ore Mine – 23/4/2014

BHP Billiton today celebrated the official opening of its new Jimblebar iron ore mine 40 kilometres east of Newman in the Pilbara region of Western Australia.

BHP Billiton President Iron Ore Jimmy Wilson, was joined by the Premier of Western Australia, the Hon. Colin Barnett, and joint venture participants ITOCHU Corporation (ITOCHU) and Mitsui & Co., Ltd (Mitsui) to open the US\$3.2 billion (BHP Billiton share) Jimblebar mine.

Jimblebar delivered first production in the quarter ending September 2013 and is expected to deliver phase one capacity of 35 million tonnes per annum (mtpa) by the end of the 2015 financial year. Together with the installation of four mobile crushers, this will increase total Western Australia Iron Ore (WAIO) supply chain capacity to in excess of 220 mtpa (100 per cent basis).

Longer term, a low cost option to expand Jimblebar to 55 mtpa and the broader debottlenecking of the supply chain is expected to underpin capital efficient growth in WAIO capacity to approximately 260 mtpa to 270 mtpa (100 per cent basis).

BHP BillitonIron Ore President, Jimmy Wilson, said extensive planning and research went into designing Jimblebar's mining operation, with productivity measures and technology central to the design plan.

"Mobile crib rooms and fuelling stations have been positioned closer to the mine pits so our trucks and equipment spend more time moving earth and less time travelling or parked out of action," he said.

"Our pursuit of productivity gains and operational excellence is delivering significant value at Western Australia Iron Ore. The business is now well positioned to deliver high margin volume growth at a substantially lower cost.

"We are also pleased to announce we are extending our Jimblebar autonomous truck trial to the neighbouring Wheelarra operations using six Caterpillar 793-F trucks in the second trial."

Mr Wilson acknowledged the positive relationships between employees, Indigenous land owners and joint venture participants ITOCHU and Mitsui that have been crucial to the success of the Western Australian business

"The agreement we have with the traditional owners will build on our existing relationship and will ensure that the Nyiyaparli people can share in the benefits of the new mine

"Over the past two years alone, we have invested over A\$1.3 billion in the Western Australian community, including community projects, town servicing infrastructure, training opportunities and regional development activities and accommodation."

http://www.bhpbilliton.com/home/investors/news/Pages/ Articles/BHP-Billiton-Opens-Jimblebar-Iron-Ore -Mine.aspx)

Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer transition timing – 23/4/2014

Newcrest Mining Limited ("Newcrest") today announced the appointment of Sandeep Biswas as Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer, which will take effect on 4 July 2014.

As previously announced, Mr Biswas commenced with Newcrest on 1 January 2014 as Chief Operating Officer and as an Executive Director, with the expectation that he would succeed current Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer Greg Robinson in the latter half of calendar 2014.

Mr Robinson, who joined Newcrest in November 2006, initially as Finance Director and Chief Financial Officer, was appointed Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer in July 2011. He will leave Newcrest and retire from the Board on 4 July 2014.

Newcrest Chairman Peter Hay said Mr Biswas' outstanding operations background across multiple commodities, together with his strategic and leadership capabilities, will contribute to Newcrest's success over the short and longer term.

"In particular, I am confident that Sandeep's focus on asset utilisation, cost reduction, increasing free cash flow and simplicity of purpose will continue to accelerate the positive performance turnaround we have seen over the past four quarters," he said.

"I would like to thank Greg for his deep commitment and dedication to Newcrest and the people who make up the Newcrest team, particularly his unflagging efforts to improve the Company's performance over the past 12 months. His legacy, including the implementation of disciplined management systems and processes, the successful implementation of major capital projects - including Cadia East and the Lihir plant expansion - and the measured progress of Wafi Golpu, will provide a solid foundation for the Company going forward."

Mr Hay said he expected the leadership transition to Mr Biswas to proceed smoothly over the next few months.

Mr Robinson today welcomed the announcement of Sandeep Biswas as his successor and said Mr Biswas had developed a strong understanding of Newcrest and the **gold** industry over the past few months.

"After eight years with Newcrest, I am pleased to hand over to Sandeep who has already made a positive impact on the **Company** and its **operations** since he started with us in January, and I am sure he will continue to significantly improve the business in the years ahead."

Mr Biswas was previously Chief Executive Officer of Pacific Aluminum, a wholly owned subsidiary of Rio Tinto, which incorporated the bauxite, alumina, refining and smelting operations in Australia and New Zealand.

A chemical engineer who began his career with Mount Isa Mines, working in both Australia and Europe, Mr Biswas' experience includes technical, operational, business development and strategic roles across commodities including aluminium, copper, lead, nickel and zinc. He was educated in Brisbane and completed a Bachelor of Chemical Engineering with Honours at the University of Queensland.

Mr Biswas said: "Newcrest has some fundamental strengths, including the commitment and dedication of its people, its long life reserves and resources, and its high standard of installed infrastructure and systems. I am looking forward to working with the Newcrest team to deliver on the **Company**'s potential."

A summary of the key terms of Sandeep Biswas' employment as Managing Director and Chief Executive Officer is set out in the attached Schedule.

Greg Robinson will work through his notice period until his departure on 4 July 2014 and will receive his current base salary and statutory entitlements during that period. Mr Robinson will receive a payment in lieu of notice for the balance of his contractual notice period, in accordance with his terms of employment. His Long Term Incentive and Short Term Incentive entitlements will be treated in accordance with the applicable plan rules, pro-rated to his departure date, and remain subject to all applicable performance conditions.

(

http://www.newcrest.com.au/investors/marketreleases/md-ceo-transition-timing)

Rio Tinto announces landmark Pilbara iron ore operational performance ahead of schedule – 13/5/2014

Rio Tinto today announced a major milestone for Australia's largest integrated mining project, with its Pilbara iron ore system of mines, rail and ports reaching a run rate of 290 million tonnes a year (Mt/a), two months ahead of schedule.

Early completion of the expansion has added significant value to the Pilbara operations, with continued ramp-up of the system contributing to the record first quarter production achieved this year.

The achievement further underlines the world-class status of Rio Tinto's Western Australian **iron ore operations** and follows completion of the infrastructure component in September 2013, which itself was delivered four months ahead of schedule and \$400 **million** under budget.

Rio Tintolron Ore chief executive Andrew Harding said "This is a significant milestone which adds real value for our business and our shareholders by moving more iron ore through the Pilbara at low cost. It builds on an impressive track record of delivery, achieved through our culture of driving performance and the quality of our people.

"We are now focused on the next phase of our expansion towards 360 Mt/a. The infrastructure is on schedule for completion in a little over 12 months and, from a base run rate of 290 Mt/a, we have a rapid, low-cost pathway to increase mine production capacity by more than 60 Mt/a between now and 2017."

Rio Tinto has achieved the 290 Mt/a run rate but there is likely to be some run rate variability in coming months as Rio Tinto completes its 360 Mt/a expansion and realises the integration of AutoHaul®, the world's first automated heavy-haul rail system.

Notes for Editors

Expansion timeline:

- The 283 Mt/a expansion project was announced in October 2010 and was increased to 290 Mt/a in 2012 reflecting greater productivity throughout the integrated system of mines, rail and ports.
- First ore loaded at the new Cape Lambert port B facility in August 2013.
- The 290 Mt/a infrastructure was completed in October 2013.

- The 360 Mt/a infrastructure will be completed by the end of the first half of 2015, and mine production capacity will increase by more than 60 million tonnes a year between 2014 and 2017.
- The majority of the low-cost growth will be delivered in the next two years with mine production of more than 330 million tonnes in 2015.

( http://www.riotinto.com/media/media-releases-237 10369.aspx)

Latest Research

The institutionalisation of mining company sustainability disclosures

Charl de Villiers, Mary Low, Grant Samkin

#### Abstract

This paper reports the analyses of the social and environmental disclosures of listed South African mining companies and compares the disclosures of larger companies with those of smaller companies using several different categories of comparison. The prior literature suggests that larger companies almost invariably disclose more social and environmental information due to their greater visibility. The expected differences are found in social disclosures, but not in environmental disclosures. An institutional theory framework explains these unexpected environmental disclosure findings. Specifically, normative isomorphism, usually driven by professionalization, becomes more prominent when a field reaches maturity and the field of corporate environmental disclosures among mining companies has reached a level of maturity and professionalization causing disclosures to be similar. These similarities have now reached the stage where small companies disclose the same amount of environmental information, in the same general format, as large companies.

( http://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S09596 5261400119X)

The Industry

Minerals Industry Will Need 18,000 New Employees To 2018

The release today of the Australian Workforce and Productivity Agency's (AWPA) latest report on the resources sector's skilled labour needs confirms that **mining** will continue to expand in the years ahead, providing a critical boost to the domestic economy.

The AWPA's Resources Sector Skills Needs 2013 report shows that minerals industry operations will need around 18,000 more skilled workers through to 2018 – as the sector moves from the construction to production phase of the millennium mining boom.

The minerals industry has strong skills foundations in place and welcomes AWPA's acknowledgement of the

sector's focus on the skilling and development of its workforce. This includes:

Spending 5.5 per cent of payroll on training activities, with one in twenty employees being an apprentice or a trainee;

the contribution to higher education outcomes, with the MCA-operated Minerals Tertiary Education Council (MTEC) contributing \$36 million since 1999 to tertiary minerals disciplines;

Innovative efforts to overcome skills shortages via:

the MTEC Associate Degree program, designed to free up the time of engineers and geologists by producing a new cadre of educated technicians, who will have pathways to full degree status;

programs to cross-train workers in different industry disciplines such as the MCA/NFF/Commonwealth Skills MOU and the Regional Agriculture and Mining Integrated Training Initiative

Efforts to encourage under-represented groups to take part in the industry – specifically the increase in indigenous participation (at 3.1 per cent, the highest workforce participation rate of all industries) and women (an increase in the percentage of female participants in the minerals workforce from 11 per cent in 2003 to 16 per cent in August 2013).

The importance of Long Distance Commuting and skilled migration to the skills needs of the industry.

( http://www.minerals.org.au/news/minerals\_industry\_will\_ need\_18000\_new\_employees\_to\_2018)

Leading Companies

Arrium Ltd (ASE: ARI)

Arrium Mining Quarterly Production Report For the quarter ended 30 September 2013

Summary

- Record quarterly shipments of 3.13Mt (dmt) up 0.4Mt on prior quarter and up 1.5Mt or 94% on the prior corresponding quarter
- The new higher capacity ship loader at the Inner Harbour was successfully commissioned mid- July and achieved its designed rate of 4,200tph within the first week of operations
- Successful commissioning of new locomotives and wagons resulted in record railings of ore in the quarter.
- Current run rate supports full year volume guidance of 12Mt.
- The Platts 62% Fe CFR market index price averaged US\$133/dmt, up US\$7/dmt on the prior quarter
- Arrium's average realised price was ~US\$113/t FOB (dmt), up US\$9/t on the prior quarter

- Average cash cost loaded on ship ~A\$49/wmt1 in line with guidance
- The port expansion at the Inner Harbour was officially opened by Tom Koutsantonis MP, SA Minister for Mineral Resources and Energy on 30 July.
- Civil works in preparation for the recommencement of mining at the Iron Knob Mining Area later in the year started in July

# Market

The Platts 62% Fe index averaged US\$133/t CFR (dmt), a US\$7/t increase compared to the prior quarter. Continued high levels of steel production, lower than average port stocks and stable economic conditions in China have underpinned strong demand for iron ore and the higher average price.

Arrium Mining's average price received for the quarter of US\$113/t FOB (dmt)4 was up US\$9/t compared to the prior quarter. The improvement was due to the increase in the market price as well as lower average freight costs. The timing of price settlements with customers continued to be a factor in maintaining a strong price recovery compared to the Platts 62% Fe index.

Our new Opal blend and Whyalla blend products have received strong customer support. Lower impurities and moisture provide sintering benefits to Mills utisiling our ores. Arrium continues to market the blends to a broader range of customers, with a number of trials of our products underway with further prospective customers.

Freight rates moved up appreciably in late August and September due to factors including longer haul distance from increased Brazilian exports, increased Australian exports and the general slow steaming of most cape vessels to reduce fuel costs, which all reduced ship availability.

## Production and Shipping

Hematite **ore** mined in the Middleback during the quarter of 2,155 (wmt) was 28% higher compared to the June quarter. Emphasis focused on crushing output to achieve the targeted sales rate with additional capacity added at the **Iron** Knight during the quarter.

Ore mined by Southern Iron at Peculiar Knob of 810k (wmt) was up by 13% compared to the prior quarter. Crushing volumes increased by 337k (wmt) to 1,075k (wmt) to meet the increase in sales capability with the completion of the new port at the inner harbour. Record railed tonnes were achieved in the quarter of 3,340k (wmt).

Arrium Mining's ore shipments of 3,125K (dmt) were in line with expectations and 15% higher than June quarter, reflecting the full commissioning of the expanded supply chain at the Inner Harbour. The combination of the self-powered barge and the existing transhipment fleet has created greater flexibility for the operations. The quarter also included 40kt of pellet sales.

Costs

Arrium Mining's average cost loaded on the ship (excluding royalties and depreciation) for the combined operations at Middleback and Southern Iron for the quarter of ~A\$49/wmt1 was in line with previous guidance of ~A\$50/wmt at the 12Mtpa rate.

#### Development

## Whyalla Port Expansion

The Whyalla Port Expansion Project was completed in July with the commissioning of the high capacity travelling ship loader and port capacity has now doubled to ~13Mtpa. This brings to a close the company's successful ~\$600 million expansion to double the size of the Mining businesses' iron ore sales and Port capacity, which was delivered on time and on budget.

# Iron Knob Mining Area

Arrium has started preparations for mining in the Iron Knob Mining Area as part of the company's strategy to deliver on its aim for sales of at least 12Mtpa over 10 years. Activity to date has focused on the building of road and office infrastructure prior to the commencement of pre strip mining later in the December Quarter. The investment in this project is expected to be approximately \$82 million in FY145 and includes three open cut mine pits (Monarch, Princess and Princess West). First ores are expected in the first half of FY15. The project is running to schedule and budget.

# Magnetite Optimisation Project

Arrium has been a leader in the commercialisation and use of magnetite in Australia. This project includes installation of a tertiary grinder and modifications to the existing grinding circuit to allow the concentrator to treat a wider range of ores, as well as maximise product recovery through fine grinding technology and improved final concentrate washing. The project benefits include additional output (pellets, lump or concentrate) of ~400kt per annum with reduced **mining** activity based on the consumption of stockpiled materials.

The total cost of this investment is expected to be approximately \$86 million, with \$36 million incurred in FY13, and the remainder expected in FY14. The project is on schedule and budget with commissioning to occur in the December quarter. Operating benefits are expected to commence in the second half of FY14.

# Exploration

Exploration activity continues to focus on:

- Adding to or extending the mine life of existing operations to utilise the full capacity of the Whyalla Port
- Investigating further ferrous opportunities across the Middleback Ranges and Southern Iron tenements.

Drilling activity in the September quarter generated 10,444m. The program included resource definition Reverse Circulation (RC) drilling, diamond drilling and specialist hydrogeological drilling.

At the northern end of the Middleback Ranges, diamond drilling south of **Iron** Princess supporting the **Iron** Knob **Mining** Area expansion continued, and then moved to resource drilling in the South Middleback Ranges. Results from the **Iron** Princess drilling were incorporated into updated resource models and mine design work. Drilling is expected to commence in the **Iron** Knob **Mining** Area in the second half of FY14.

In the northern portion of the South Middleback Ranges project area, resource definition and extension RC drilling continued at Iron Chieftain. Drilling focussed on inferred extensions north and south of the mineralised envelope, as well as infill drilling in the pit. Extension drilling was based on the enhanced understanding of the structural controls on mineralisation developed over the last six months and assisted by the use of high resolution geophysical data. The extension drilling results are being progressively incorporated into the mine plan.

In the southern portion of the South Middleback Ranges project area, RC drilling commenced at **Iron** Duchess South, to test inferred extensions to the north and south of the existing Duchess South mineralisation.

In the Southern Iron project portfolio, resource definition and extension RC drilling continued and hydrological drilling commenced on the Hawks Nest project at the Buzzard hematite prospect. The hydrological drilling is being conducted with the aim of investigating dewatering requirements within the proposed pit shell.

In addition to drilling activities on the Southern Iron projects, interpretation of the recently acquired high resolution magnetic and radiometric data for each of the Mt Brady, Windy Valley and Hawks Nest projects is being used to define targets as part of the assessment of the potential for both Iron ore and Iron oxide copper gold (IOCG) mineralisation within these tenements. Subject to the result of heritage clearance surveys to be carried out in 2QFY14, aircore and RC drilling programs are planned to be carried out in the second half of FY14.

# Important information

Arrium Mining is a division of Arrium Limited, a mining and materials group consisting of mining, mining consumables and steel and recycling businesses. This report has been prepared to provide additional information regarding Arrium Mining's activities related to the external sale of hematite iron ore. Due to its non-mining activities, Arrium Limited is not a 'mining entity' for the purpose of the ASX Listing Rules and therefore is not subject to the additional mandatory quarterly reporting requirements under Chapter 5 of the ASX Listing Rules. Arrium Limited is providing this report on a voluntary basis only and, accordingly, this report may not contain all of the information which would be required for an entity subject to such additional mandatory reporting requirements.

The information in this report that relates to Mineral Resources or **Ore** Reserves (Reserves and Resources Information) is based on information compiled by or under the supervision of Paul Leevers. Except as otherwise expressed, where a summary or extract of

Reserves and Resources Information is included in this report, the basis for that summary or extract is the **company**'s latest Resources Statement, which is attached to this report. Mr Leevers is a Member of The Australasian Institute of **Mining** and Metallurgy and is a full-time employee of OneSteel Manufacturing Pty Ltd. Mr Leevers has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2004 Edition of the 'Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results, Mineral Resources and **Ore** Reserves'. Mr Leevers has consented to the inclusion in this report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

The information in this report that relates to Exploration Results is based on information compiled by or under the supervision of Geoff Johnson BSc (Hons), PhD, Grad Dip Env Sc. Dr Johnson is a Fellow of the Australian Institute of Geoscientists and a Fellow of the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy and is a full-time employee of the **Company**. Dr Johnson has sufficient experience which is relevant to the style of mineralisation and type of deposit under consideration and to the activity which he is undertaking to qualify as a Competent Person as defined in the 2004 Edition of the "Australasian Code for Reporting of Exploration Results." Mineral Resources and **Ore** Reserves". Dr Johnson has consented to the inclusion in this report of the matters based on his information in the form and context in which it appears.

This report contains certain forward-looking statements with respect to the financial condition, results of operations and business of Arrium Limited and its Arrium Mining division and certain plans and objectives of the management of Arrium Limited and its Arrium Mining division. Forward-looking statements can generally be identified by the use of words such as 'project', 'foresee', 'plan', 'expect', 'aim', 'intend', 'anticipate', 'believe', 'estimate', 'may', 'should', 'will' or similar expressions. All such forward looking statements involve known and unknown risks, significant uncertainties, assumptions, contingencies and other factors, many of which are outside the control of Arrium Limited, which may cause the actual results or performance of Arrium Limited to be materially different from any future results or performance expressed or implied by such forward looking statements. Such forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this presentation. Factors that could cause actual results or performance to differ materially include without limitation the following: risks and uncertainties associated with the Australian and global economic environment and capital market conditions, previously undiscovered geological features, the cyclical nature of the steel industry globally, the level of activity in the construction and manufacturing industries in China, the occurrence of adverse weather events, the capacity, demand for and performance of the global shipping market, commodity price fluctuations, fluctuations in foreign currency exchange and interest rates. competition, Arrium Mining's relationships with, and the financial condition of, its suppliers and customers, legislative changes, regulatory changes or other

changes in the laws which affect Arrium Mining's business, including environmental laws, a carbon tax, mining tax and operational risk. The foregoing list of important factors is not exhaustive. There can be no assurance that actual outcomes will not differ materially from these statements.

This report contains certain non-statutory financial measures including average loaded cost on ship per tonne, average realised price, measurements of royalties and depreciation in respect of specific operations and assets, development and exploration costs, cash expenses and unconsolidated expenditure, revenue and other measures. These measures are used to assist the reader understand the financial performance of the Arrium Mining division's activities covered by this report. Non-statutory financial information has not been audited or reviewed as part of the Arrium Limited audited accounts. However, a process has been agreed with Arrium Limited's auditor to agree the financial inputs utilised by Arrium Mining to derive the measures stated in the report.

(

http://www.arrium.com/~/media/Files/ASX%20Announce ments/FY2014/Arrium%20Mining%20Quarterly%20Production%20Report%2018%20Nov%202013.pdf)

Alumina Ltd (ASE: AWC)

Alcoa First Quarter Earnings Results

Alumina Limited notes Alcoa Inc's ("Alcoa") quarterly earnings release and attaches it for reference.

Relevant market data to assist readers in understanding the market, operational and commercial matters of Alcoa World Alumina & Chemicals ("AWAC") are attached.

Alumina Limited's CEO Peter Wasow, commented, "Margins for the alumina segment improved over the last quarter due to ongoing productivity improvements, cost control and a decline in the Australian dollar. Industry conditions remained challenging due to long refining positions in the Atlantic region. In China, there have been further curtailments in refining capacity in the Shandong region due to uncertainty over bauxite supply and cost, while inland refiners continue to satisfy domestic Chinese demand. Worldwide, alumina demand growth remains robust as the demand for aluminium outpaces GDP growth."

AWAC's production of alumina was 4.0 million tonnes for the first quarter.

Alumina Limited received capital repayments from AWAC of \$43 million so far this year. Alumina Limited's only capital contribution to AWAC during the first quarter was an equity contribution to Ma'aden of \$18.4 million.

Alumina Limited's net debt was approximately \$129 million at the end of March 2014.

Alcoa Reports Strong First Quarter 2014 Results

Offset by Special Items as Portfolio Transformation Accelerates

#### 1Q 2014 Financial Highlights

- Net loss of \$178 million, or \$0.16 per share; excluding special items,net income of \$98 million, or \$0.09 per share
- Revenue of \$5.5 billion as realized aluminum prices fell 8 percent yearover-year
- Record first quarter Engineered Products and Solutionsafter-tax operating income, up 9 percent year-over-year
- Global Rolled Products profitability nearly tripled sequentially
- Upstream segments improved performance for 10th consecutive quarter
- Best quarterly Alumina after-tax operating income since 2011,up 59 percent year-over-year
- Cash on hand of \$665 million
- Debt-to-capital ratio 35.0 percent; net debt-to-capital ratio 33.0 percent
- · Global end market growth remains solid

1Q 2014 Portfolio Transformation Highlights

- Commissioned \$300 million automotive expansion in Davenport, lowa
- Investing to double Dura-Bright® wheel production in Hungary
- Investing \$40 million in high-value specialty packaging facility in Brazil
- Australian can sheet rolling mills to be permanently closed by year-end
- Reduced operating smelting capacity by 1.2 million metric tons, or 28 percent, since 2007, once announced upstream actions executed

New York, April 8, 2014 – Alcoa (NYSE:AA) today reported strong quarterly results offset by special items tied to restructuring as the **Company**'s transformation accelerates.

In first quarter 2014, Alcoa reported a net loss of \$178 million, or \$0.16 per share, which includes \$276 million in special items largely tied to smelter and rolling mill capacity reductions. Excluding the impact of special items, net income was \$98 million, or \$0.09 per share. Alcoa's value-add businesses drove 76percent of segment profits in first quarter 2014, with record first quarter results in Engineered Products and Solutions and a near three-fold sequential increase in profitability in Global Rolled Products. Alumina reported the best quarterly aftertax operating income (ATOI) since 2011 and the combined upstream segments have improved operating performance for the 10th consecutive quarter.

"We hit record downstream profitability, nearly tripled results in the midstream, and strengthened our upstream business for the 10th quarter in a row," said

Klaus Kleinfeld, Alcoa Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. "Our transformation is accelerating – we're powering growth in our value-add businesses and aggressively reshaping our commodity business."

First quarter 2014 revenues were \$5.5 billion, down 2 percent sequentially on lower Primary Metals third-party shipments. Capacity reductions in Primary Metals combined with an 8 percent decline in year-over-year realized aluminum prices caused revenues to fall 6 percent from the first quarter last year. The Company's value-add businesses drove 58 percent of Alcoa's first quarter revenues.

Sequentially, first quarter 2014 results compare to a net loss of \$2.3 billion, or \$2.19 per share, in fourth quarter 2013. Excluding special items, first quarter 2014 results compare to net income of \$40 million, or \$0.04 per share, in the sequential period.

Year-over-year, first quarter 2014 results compare to net income of \$149 million, or \$0.13 per share, in first quarter 2013. Excluding special items, first quarter 2014 net income compares to \$121 million, or \$0.11 per share, in the year-ago period when realized aluminum prices per metric ton were \$193 higher.

#### Continued Growth Across End Markets

Alcoa is increasing its 2014 global aerospace growth expectation by one percentage point (8 percent to 9 percent, previously 7 percent to 8 percent), on strong demand for both large commercial aircraft and regional jets and continued growth in the business jet market. The **Company** also continues to project 2014 growth in automotive (1 percent to 4 percent), packaging (2 percent to 3 percent), and building and construction (4 percent to 6 percent).

Alcoa expects a steady commercial transportation market (-1 percent to 3 percent) and a decline in the industrial gas turbine market (-8 percent to -12 percent) on lower orders for new gas turbines and spare parts. Alcoa continues to project 7 percent global aluminum demand growth in 2014.

# Value-Add Portfolio Transformation

Alcoa continued to build out its value-add businesses in the first quarter by introducing innovative new products, investing in high-value expansions, and optimizing its rolling mill portfolio.

Within Engineered Products and Solutions (EPS), the **Company**'s downstream business, Alcoa introduced the world's lightest heavy-duty truck wheel. The Ultra ONE™ is based on Alcoa's newest and strongest aluminum wheel alloy, MagnaForce™. The 40-pound wheel weighs 47 percent less than comparable steel wheels, and can help save 1,400 pounds per rig for increased payload and better gas mileage. Over 150 fleets are specifying 67,000 Ultra ONE™ wheels since they were introduced.

In Hungary, Alcoa is investing \$13 million in its wheel plant in Székesfehérvár to meet rising European demand for its Dura-Bright® surface-treated wheels.

The expansion will enable Alcoa to produce twice as many Dura-Bright® surfacetreated wheels in Europe by early 2015, compared with current production levels.

These portfolio enhancements support EPS' three-year goal of generating \$1.2 billion in incremental revenue growth by 2016, with \$900 million coming from share gains and innovations.

Within Global Rolled Products (GRP), the **Company**'s midstream business, Alcoa announced a \$40 **million** investment in its Itapissuma, Brazil rolling mill to increase production of specialty foils for aseptic and flexible packaging, the most highly differentiated type of container in packaging. To further improve the profitability of the rolling mill business, Alcoa will also close its two rolling mills in Australia by year-end. The mills serve the Australian and Asian can sheet markets, which have been impacted by excess capacity.

As demand for automotive sheet in North America ramps up, Alcoa commissioned the \$300 million expansion at its Davenport, Iowa facility, and it is now fully operational. Progress continues on the automotive expansion at Alcoa, Tennessee, and the rolling mill at the Ma'aden-Alcoa joint venture is expected to produce the first auto coil in the fourth quarter of this year. Alcoa projects that the added capacity in Iowa and Tennessee alone will grow auto sheet revenues six fold from 2013 to over \$1.3 billion in 2018.

These actions in the midstream will further optimize GRP's mill portfolio and support its goal of generating \$1.0 billion in incremental revenue growth by 2016, with \$900 million through share gains and innovations.

## Financial Performance

Alcoa achieved \$250 million in year-over-year productivity gains against an \$850 million annual target, driven by process improvements and procurement savings across all businesses. Alcoa managed growth capital expenditures of \$92 million against a \$500 million annual target and controlled sustaining capital expenditures of \$117 million against a \$750 million annual plan. Expenditures on the Saudi Arabia joint venture project were on track at \$35 million invested against a \$125 million annual plan.

Free cash flow for the quarter was negative \$760 million, with cash used for operations of \$551 million, driven by the normal build in working capital, semiannual interest payments, and pension contributions. Alcoa ended the quarter with cash on hand of \$665 million.

The **Company** achieved an average of 30 days working capital for the quarter, two days lower than first quarter 2013, equal to approximately \$120 **million** cash and the 18th consecutive quarter of improvement in year-over-year average days working capital. Sequentially, average days working capital is two days higher due to normal inventory build in the first quarter.

In first quarter 2014, holders of \$575 million principal amount of Alcoa's 5.25% Convertible Notes due March 15, 2014 exercised their option to convert the Notes into shares of Alcoa common stock. As a result, the

Company reduced its debt from \$8.3 billion in fourth quarter 2013 to \$7.7 billion in first quarter 2014, with net debt of \$7.1 billion. Alcoa's debt-to-capital ratio stood at 35.0 percent, while net debt-to-capital ratio stood at 33.0 percent.

#### About Alcoa

A global leader in lightweight metals engineering and manufacturing. Alcoa innovates multi-material solutions that advance our world. Our technologies enhance transportation, from automotive and commercial transport to air and space travel, and improve industrial and consumer electronics products. We enable smart buildings, sustainable food and beverage packaging. highperformance defense vehicles across air, land and sea, deeper oil and gas drilling and more efficient power generation. We pioneered the aluminum industry over 125 years ago, and today, our 60,000 people in 30 countries deliver value-add products made of titanium, nickel and aluminum, and produce best-in-class bauxite, alumina and primary aluminum products. For more information, visit www.alcoa.com, follow @Alcoa on Twitter at www.twitter.com/Alcoa and follow us on Facebook at www.facebook.com/Alcoa.

( http://www.aluminalimited.com/database-files/view-file/?id=6482)

BHP Billiton Ltd (ASE: BHP)

BHP Billiton maintained strong momentum in the nine months ended March 2014 with record production achieved for four commodities and at 10 **operations**.

Strong operating performance throughout the period, the relatively limited impact of the wet season and the continued ramp-up of Jimblebar underpinned record production at Western Australia Iron Ore of 163 million tonnes (100% basis). Full-year production guidance has been raised by a further five million tonnes to 217 million tonnes (100% basis).

Queensland Coal achieved record annualised production of 69 million tonnes (100% basis) in the March 2014 quarter. A sustainable improvement in productivity and the successful ramp-up of Daunia has underpinned an increase in total metallurgical coal production guidance to 43.5 million tonnes for the 2014 financial year.

Petroleum liquids production increased by 16% to 77 million barrels of oil equivalent for the nine months ended March 2014, underpinned by a 71% increase at Onshore US. As a result of the successful divestment of Liverpool Bay and well remediation activities in the Hawkville that are now complete, total petroleum production for the 2014 financial year is expected to be approximately 245 million barrels of oil equivalent. The overall reduction in full-year guidance has been mitigated by an increased contribution from higher-margin crude and condensate.

Full-year copper production guidance remains unchanged at 1.7 million tonnes, with a strong June 2014 guarter anticipated

BHP Billiton maintained strong momentum in the nine month period ended March 2014 with record production achieved for four commodities and at 10 **operations**. In total, production increased by 10 per cent1during the period and is expected to grow by 16 per cent1over the two years to the end of the 2015 financial year.

Record production at Western Australia Iron Ore (WAIO) for the nine month period was underpinned by strong operating performance, the relatively limited impact of the wet season and the continued ramp-up of Jimblebar.

Despite tie-in activities associated with the commissioning of the first replacement shiploader scheduled for the June 2014 quarter, we have raised production and sales guidance for the 2014 financial year to 217 Mt (100 per cent basis). In total, we have raised production guidance for this high-margin business by 10 Mt (100 per cent basis) during the course of the year.

Metallurgical coal production for the nine month period increased by 24 per cent to a record 33 Mt and included record production at all Queensland Coal operations. As a result, total metallurgical coal production guidance for the full year has increased by 2.5 Mt to 43.5 Mt.

Following the successful divestment of Liverpool Bay, production guidance for the 2014 financial year has been rebased to 245 MMboe. The two per cent reduction to previous guidance also reflects lower gas and natural gas liquids production in the Hawkville area of the Eagle Ford, although planned well remediation activities have now been completed. Total Onshore US production of approximately 107 MMboe is now anticipated for the 2014 financial year and primarily reflects a lower contribution from natural gas. The overall reduction in full-year guidance has been mitigated by an increased contribution from higher-margin crude and condensate, predominantly from our Gulf of Mexico operations.

During the March 2014 quarter, the fourth pellet plant at Samarco achieved first production and commissioning at Caval Ridge commenced ahead of schedule. The Samarco Fourth Pellet Plant project will not be reported in future Operational Reviews. BHP Billiton's share of capital and exploration expenditure in the 2014 financial year is expected to decline by 25 per cent to US\$16.1 billion4, as planned.

We continued to simplify our portfolio during the period with the successful divestment of Liverpool Bay. In the last two years alone, the Group has announced or completed divestments in Australia, the United States, Canada, South Africa and the United Kingdom, including petroleum, copper, coal, mineral sands, uranium and diamonds assets. As we announced to the market on 1 April 2014, we continue to actively study the next phase of simplification, including structural options, but we will only pursue options that maximise value for BHP Billiton shareholders.

( http://www.bhpbilliton.com/home/investors/reports/Docu

# ments/2014/140416 BHPBillitonOperationalReviewforth eQuarterEnded31March2014.pdf)

Bluescope Steel Ltd (ASX: BSL)

# Summary

- FY2013 reported net loss after tax of \$84M, a \$960M improvement on FY2012
- \$30M underlying net profit after tax, a \$267M improvement on FY2012
- \$49M 2H FY2013 market guidance comparable NPAT1
- Major achievements in delivery of NS BlueScope Coated Products JV transaction and Coated & Industrial Products Australia turnaround
- · Significant financial improvement after restructure
- Net debt of \$148M at 30 June 2013, being less than 0.4x FY2013 underlying EBITDA, and a reduction of \$436M from 30 June 2012 (after adjusting for the benefit of the timing of year-end cash flows)
- Building Products1 underlying EBIT improved to \$80M; growth of 57% over FY2012 driven by Thailand, Vietnam and North America improvement
- Global Building Solutions underlying EBIT result of \$34M (excludes one-off impact of prior period provision adjustment). Strong contribution from North America and Building Products China, offset by weaker earnings from Buildings Asia
- CIPA underlying EBITDA of \$150M in FY2013, of which \$71M in 2H. Improved spread; lower loss-making export despatches; cost reduction performance strong; domestic volume slightly weaker than FY2012
- Building Components & Distribution Australia underlying EBIT loss of \$25M. Although there is more work to be done, this is a significant improvement on the \$46M EBIT loss in FY2012
- NZ Steel underlying EBIT improved to \$40M in 2H FY2013 (\$42M for full year), up from \$2M in 1H. Higher steel and **iron ore** prices in 2H, and fewer maintenance outages
- Hot Rolled NA underlying EBIT of \$67M, improved \$5M on FY2012. Continuing review of expansion opportunities

http://www.bluescopesteel.com/media/314696/fy2013% 20results%20presentation.pdf)

Fortescue Metals Group (ASE: FMG)

The September 2013 quarter has seen Fortescue consolidate its operational and financial positions. Peak net debt has now passed, with cash on hand at 30 September 2013 of US\$2.8 billion and commencement of the debt repayment programme. Fortescue is poised to deliver 155mtpa and its commitment to debt reduction.

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# **HIGHLIGHTS**

- Quarterly shipments of 25.9 **million** tonnes (mt), a four per cent increase from previous quarter and a 61 per cent increase on the previous corresponding period. Full year shipments remain within previously announced guidance of between 127mt and 133mt.
- Iron ore prices strengthened during the quarter, resulting in an average realised cost and freight (CFR) price of US\$121 per dry metric tonne (dmt), compared to US\$113/dmt in the prior quarter.
- C1 costs continued to decrease and were US\$33.17 per wet metric tonne (wmt) in the September 2013 quarter, reflecting lower strip ratios, cost reductions and the devaluation of the Australian dollar.
- First ore on ship was loaded from Fortescue's fourth berth (AP4) in July 2013, using the third shiploader and third outloading circuit.
- Commissioning of Kings is underway, with first ore to be delivered in November 2013. Sustainable production at the 155 million tonnes per annum (mtpa) rate will be achieved by the end of March 2014.
- Cash balance of US\$2.8 billion at the end of the September 2013 quarter reflected strong operational cash flows, rapidly declining capital expenditure and US\$470 million of customer prepayments.
- The **Iron** Bridge transaction was completed after the September 2013 quarter and US\$623 **million** was received by Fortescue in early October 2013.
- Debt reduction programme commenced with the voluntary redemption of A\$140 million in preference shares scheduled for November 2013 ahead of final maturity in February 2017

# CORPORATE

## **Balance Sheet**

Fortescue's net debt position at 30 September 2013 was US\$9.3 billion after taking into account cash on hand of US\$2.8 billion and excluding finance leases of US\$0.6 billion. Post balance date a further US\$623 million of cash was received from Formosa Plastics Group (Formosa) representing US\$500 million for prepaid port access and US\$123 million for the 31 per cent interest in the FMG Iron Bridge Joint Venture.

On 17 September 2013, Fortescue issued a voluntary Notice of Redemption to holders of the A\$140 million (US\$128 million) Redeemable Preference Shares. The redemption of the 9 per cent Preference Shares removes Fortescue's most expensive piece of debt and represents the first step in the Company's strategy to reduce debt and gearing levels. Net cash flow generation is expected to continue through operational performance and the relative reduction in capital expenditure as the T155 project is completed. This will provide the funds to consider further voluntary debt repayments.

( http://www.fmgl.com.au/UserDir/FMGReports/Document s/1266023190.pdf)

Iluka Resources Ltd (ASX: ILU)

#### OVFRVIFW

Iluka's combined production of zircon, rutile and synthetic rutile (Z/R/SR) in the September quarter was 142.3 thousand tonnes, 11.9 per cent higher than June 2013 quarter production of 127.2 thousand tonnes. This mainly reflects the **company**'s decision to increase the processing of zircon-rich concentrate from Jacinth-Ambrosia in the context of lower levels of finished goods available and strengthening of zircon demand in the first half. Iluka produced no synthetic rutile in the September quarter, as previously foreshadowed and in the context of its production curtailment measures.

Combined Z/R/SR production on a year-to-date basis was 380.4 thousand tonnes, 41.1 per cent lower than the 645.9 thousand tonnes recorded for the same period in 2012. This lower production reflects Iluka's ability to flex production downwards in response to lower demand at the low point of the business cycle, both to facilitate a progressive draw down of finished goods inventory, as well as to reduce total operating costs.

Mineral sands revenue for the three months to 30 September 2013 was \$147.0 million. Revenue on a year-to-date basis was \$528.7 million, compared with \$887.3 million in the same period in 2012, a 40.4 per cent decline, mainly reflecting lower received prices period on period, as conveyed in the half year results.

The average Australian/US dollar exchange rate for the quarter was 91.6 cents, down from 99.2 cents in the June quarter. The majority of Iluka's revenue is denominated in US dollars. A lower Australian/US dollar exchange rate is favourable for revenues translated into the reporting currency.

# MINERAL MARKET CONDITIONS

After a first half recovery in demand for zircon in a number of markets, especially **China**, the third quarter saw more subdued market conditions in most markets relative to their robust first half run rate, reflecting both normally quarterly variations and continuing fragile business confidence levels, with the latter still impacted by prevailing and new economic and political uncertainties. This was reflected in a more cautious approach to ordering by customers during the quarter.

Demand in the United States, which is mainly manufacturing related, remained on the whole robust, while demand in other regions - while higher than 2012 - is still volatile reflecting the aforementioned business confidence levels and fragile consumer sentiment.

Iluka previously advised that it did not expect the typical second half zircon sales weighting to be evident in 2013 sales volumes and this has now been confirmed, with lower demand in the third quarter unlikely to be offset in full by stronger sales volumes in the fourth quarter.

As the **company** has previously indicated, the pre-conditions for a recovery in pigment, and in turn high grade feedstock demand, are becoming evident. This is reflected in pigment producer commentary in relation to the reduction of pigment inventories to more usual levels and the intention, over time, to move back to higher yields at pigment plants and pursue higher prices.

However, seasonal factors in the northern hemisphere mean that the industry is entering its typical lower demand period and it remains Iluka's expectation that clear signs of recovery in high grade feedstock demand may not become evident until late 2013 or into 2014.

Iluka's expectation is supported by increased customer inquiry levels regarding future supply, especially for 2014, which are at levels not seen for over 12 months.

Iluka's full year sales expectations for high grade feedstock volumes are subject to further discussions with customers but remain at this stage as previously indicated, which is roughly in line with annual production of rutile and synthetic rutile of approximately 200 thousand tonnes combined.

While year-to-date rutile prices to the end of September are in line with the commentary provided by Iluka at the half, the current pricing environment has weakened, based on some producers unable or unwilling to await demand recovery, to a level approximately 20 per cent below the first half rutile weighted average price level of approximately US\$1,200 per tonne.

#### **PRODUCTION**

Lower production levels are in line with Iluka's previously announced operational adjustments, which reflect a major operational response to a cyclical low in market demand and the **company**'s objective to draw down finished goods inventory, while preserving capacity to respond quickly to market demand recovery. On an annualised run rate, production levels to the end of September reflect an approximate 60 per cent utilisation rate relative to typical "mid cycle" production settings across the main products of zircon, rutile and synthetic rutile.

Zircon production on a year-to-date basis was 216.6 thousand tonnes, which reflects the processing of lower levels of heavy mineral concentrate, principally from the Jacinth-Ambrosia operation in South Australia. Rutile production was also constrained to 104.8 thousand tonnes year-to-date, mainly reflecting lower utilisation rates and the build of concentrate in the Murray Basin, Victoria. All of Iluka's four synthetic rutile kilns remained idle and there was no production of synthetic rutile in the September quarter following the idling of the last remaining operational kiln in the second quarter of 2013. This capacity will be reactivated as high grade titanium dioxide demand recovers. Ilmenite production year-to-date was 468.1 thousand tonnes, with some of this material available for sale and some held in inventory as a feed source for the synthetic rutile kilns when reactivated.

At the Jacinth-Ambrosia mining operation, normal mining operations continued during the September

quarter. During the quarter, heavy mineral concentrate shipping to the **company**'s two Australian mineral separation plants at Narngulu, Western Australia and Hamilton, Victoria increased in response to a lower level of finished goods available, and will continue to be adjusted to meet demand whilst minimising cash expenditure. During the quarter approximately 120 thousand tonnes of Jacinth-Ambrosia concentrate was shipped. Over the same period approximately 100 thousand tonnes was processed in Western Australia and 25 thousand tonnes in Victoria.

At the Murray Basin **operations**, **mining** and processing operated continuously across the quarter, with the Hamilton mineral separation plant product mix adjusted toward higher zircon, lower rutile production by utilising an approximate 20 per cent blend of Jacinth-Ambrosia heavy mineral concentrate. In terms of forthcoming operational settings, a number of arrangements are likely which may entail continued lower utilisation rates for the mineral separation plant to provide a steady production rate and production continuity, in light of market demand recovery, while also allowing inventories to be worked down.

In Western Australia, the Tutunup South mine remains idled, as does the Eneabba mine in the Mid West.

At Iluka's Virginia operations in the United States mining continues in a lower grade part of the deposit. During the quarter, the Concord mining unit was successfully relocated to a new area. Due to mining being in the lower grade part of the deposit currently as part of the normal mining schedule, heavy mineral concentrate production was lower than capacity at the mineral separation plant.

Appendix 1 shows physical movements on a year-to-date basis. In relation to heavy mineral concentrate produced to that processed the year-to-date figures indicate a concentrate build of approximately 380 thousand tones. In the September quarter, concentrate produced and processed was more aligned with approximately 375 thousand tonnes of concentrate produced and approximately 310 thousand tonnes processed.

(

http://www.iluka.com/docs/default-source/asx-releases/september-2013-quarterly-production-report)

Newcrest Mining Ltd (ASE: NCM)

Half Year Financial Results and Resources and Reserves Update

Today Newcrest Mining Limited released its Financial Results for the six months ended 31 December 2013 (ASX

Appendix 4D Half Year Financial Report) and its updated Mineral Resources and **Ore** Reserves estimates as at

31 December 2013 (Annual Mineral Resources and **Ore** Reserves Statement – 31 December 2013). This market release is a summary document and readers are

directed to the full text of those releases on the ASX platform and which are also available on the Newcrest website.

Key points

Statutory profit of A\$40 million and Underlying profit of A\$207 million

EBITDA of A\$731 million and EBIT of A\$404 million

Cash flow from operating activities was an inflow of A\$228 million

Free cash flow was an outflow of A\$229 million

Cash flow from operating activities and free cash flow were adversely impacted by the reversal of favourable working capital balances at 30 June 2013 (approximately A\$200 million) and the tax payment relating to the voluntary amendment to research and development claims claims (approximately A\$70 million)

Gearing of 30.5% at 31 December 2013

A\$1,250 million7 in cash and undrawn, committed bank facilities at 31 December 2013

Gold production of 1,207,697 ounces and gold sales of 1,204,507 ounces

All-In Sustaining Cost, of A\$1,003/oz (US\$925/oz at an A\$:US\$ exchange rate of \$0.922710)

A\$47 million after tax impairment of West African exploration assets after assessing the carrying value of all assets, and after taking into account the December 2013 Resources and Reserves update

No interim dividend

Group Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves are estimated to contain 150 million ounces of gold and 78 million ounces of gold respectively, a reduction of around 7% and 11% respectively compared with the previous estimate at 31 December 2012.

Newcrest Chief Executive Officer, Greg Robinson said, "Newcrest has made steady progress on producing lower cost, higher margin ounces, while reducing costs and capital expenditure across the business. Delivering the second block cave at Cadia and driving group costs lower remain key priorities. Overall, our focus remains on optimising our current **operations**, maintaining our growth options and maximising free cash flow to enable the **Company** to reduce gearing and return to paying dividends to shareholders."

Half Year Results

Statutory profit of A\$40 million for the six months ended 31 December 2013 (corresponding prior period A\$323 million) included the previously announced increase in income tax expense of A\$120 million relating to the

Company's voluntary amendment of its Australian research and development claims with respect to the 2009 to

2011 financial years14 and a A\$47 million impairment of exploration assets in West Africa.

Underlying profit for the six months ended 31 December 2013 was A\$207 million (corresponding prior period A\$323 million). The benefit of a 26% increase in gold sales volume was largely offset by a 13% lower average

realised **gold** price compared to the corresponding prior period.

EBITDA of A\$731 million and EBIT of A\$404 million for the current period represent EBITDA and EBIT margins of 36% and 20% respectively.

Free cash flow, being cash flow from operating activities less cash flow from investing activities, for the six months ended 31 December 2013 was an outflow of A\$229 million, A\$694 million lower than the corresponding prior period (outflow of A\$923 million).

Cash flow from operating activities for the six months ended 31 December 2013 was A\$228 million, A\$200 million lower than the corresponding prior period (A\$428 million). The reduction in cash flow from operating activities reflects:

The impact of 13% lower A\$ average realised **gold** prices compared to the corresponding prior period, notwithstanding the 26% increase in **gold** sales volume

The reversal of favourable working capital balances as at 30 June 2013 of approximately A\$200 million, primarily due to payments made to suppliers in the current period in relation to higher levels of mining, maintenance and capital activity in the preceding six month period, particularly at Lihir and Telfer. Other elements include the timing of concentrate shipments and debtor receipts, as well as payments in the current period of approximately A\$50 million pertaining to the Brisbane office closure and redundancies across the business which were provided for at 30 June 2013

An increase in interest paid of A\$54 million associated with higher average debt levels, and

The tax payment of approximately A\$70 million as a result of the Company's voluntary amendment in the current period of its Australian research and development claims with respect to the 2009 to 2011 financial years.

Cash flow from investing activities in the current period comprised:

Capital expenditure 15 of A\$421 million - A\$855 million lower than the corresponding prior period (A\$1,276 million). The reduction in capital expenditure in the current period primarily relates to the completion of major projects which were still in construction in the corresponding prior period, lower sustaining capital and completion of major production stripping programs at Telfer and Bonikro, and

Exploration expenditure of A\$36 million - A\$48 million lower than the corresponding prior period (A\$84 million).

In the current period **gold** production increased by 27% to 1,207,697 ounces, and All-In Sustaining Cost reduced by 18% to A\$1,003 per ounce sold, compared with the corresponding prior period (953,331 ounces and A\$1,230 per ounce). These outcomes are the result of the transition of major projects to **operations** at Cadia Valley and Lihir in early calendar year 2013, combined with improved operating performance at Telfer, Lihir and Hidden Valley, and a consistent focus on cost reduction initiatives.

Initiatives undertaken during the six months ended 31 December 2013 to maximise free cash flow included reduced **mining** activity and increased stockpile processing at Lihir, cessation of processing low-grade stockpiles at Cadia Valley and reduced open pit activity at Telfer. These initiatives, combined with the completion of major production stripping programs at Telfer and Bonikro, resulted in a reduction in open pit material movements across the **Company**.

Following an assessment of carrying values of assets, there has been a A\$47 million after tax impairment of West African exploration assets. The assessment of carrying value of assets took into account the December 2013 Resources and Reserves update.

#### Capital structure

As at 31 December 2013, Newcrest's gearing level was 30.5%. The Board is comfortable with gearing being at higher than target levels in the short to medium term, but will remain focussed on effecting a progressive reduction in gearing over time, subject to market and operating conditions.

As at 31 December 2013 Newcrest had an equivalent of A\$1,250 million in cash and undrawn, committed bank facilities. As announced on 14 January 2014 Newcrest signed documentation with a new bank to provide a bilateral loan facility for an additional US\$200 million for a period of three years8. This is not included in the amount referenced as at 31 December 2013 above.

The Newcrest Board has determined there will be no interim dividend due to the reduced level of profitability in the current period, the level of gearing at 31 December 2013, and the planned application of operating cash flow to completion of the Cadia East Panel Cave 2 in the 2015 financial year. This is consistent with the **Company**'s dividend policy, with dividend levels set having regard to profitability, balance sheet strength, and reinvestment options in the business.

Annual Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves Statement – 31 December 2013

Newcrest Mining Limited has updated its Mineral Resource and Ore Reserve estimates for the twelve month period ending 31 December 2013. For the purposes of this update, Newcrest has completed a detailed review of all production sources to take into account long term metal price, foreign exchange and cost assumptions, and mining and metallurgy performance to inform cut-off grades and physical mining parameters. This has resulted in the most

marginal ounces being removed from the portfolio and these are reflected in changes to Mineral Resources and **Ore** Reserves.

As at 31 December 2013, Group Mineral Resources are estimated to contain 150 million ounces of gold, 21 million tonnes of copper and 130 million ounces of silver. This represents a decrease of approximately 11 million ounces of gold (~7%), 0.24 million tonnes of copper (~1%) and 8 million ounces of silver (~6%), compared with the estimate at 31 December 2012. The change in Group Mineral Resources includes estimated mining depletion of approximately 3 million ounces of gold, 0.1 million tonnes of copper and 2 million ounces of silver. In all circumstances Mineral Resources are reported inclusive of Ore Reserves.

The Group Mineral Resources as at 31 December 2013 includes material changes for the Telfer and Lihir Mineral

Resource estimates, as against the 31 December 2012 estimate, of approximately 5.2 million ounces of gold at Telfer and 4.5 million ounces of gold at Lihir.

As at 31 December 2013, Group Ore Reserves are estimated to contain 78 million ounces of gold, 12 million tonnes of copper and 77 million ounces of silver. This represents a decrease of approximately 9 million ounces of gold (~11%), 0.34 million tonnes of copper (~3%) compared with the estimate at 31 December 2012. Silver Ore Reserves decreased by less than one per cent. The change in Group Ore Reserves includes estimated depletion of approximately 3 million ounces of gold and 0.1 million tonnes.

The Group Ore Reserves as at 31 December 2013 includes a material change for the Telfer (Telfer open pits) and

Lihir Ore Reserves estimates, as against the 31 December 2012 estimate, of approximately 5.3 million ounces of

gold for Telfer and 3.7 million ounces of gold for Lihir.

Long term metal price and foreign exchange assumptions for Mineral Resources and Ore Reserves are unchanged for both Newcrest and the Morobe Mining Joint Ventures (MMJV) managed sites from those adopted for the 31 December 2012 estimates, other than for Gosowong for which Newcrest has now adopted the same assumptions. The long term gold price assumption for the purposes of estimating gold resources is US\$1,350 per ounce and for the purpose of estimating gold reserve is US\$1,250 per ounce. The long term AUD:USD exchange rate assumption of Newcrest is 80 cents (MMJV price and exchange rate assumptions vary from those used by Newcrest).

# Outlook

Newcrest has previously stated it is managing the business to be free cash flow positive in the 2014 financial year (after all capital, exploration and corporate expenditure) at an average realised **gold** price of A\$1,450 per ounce.

Newcrest had a production and cost performance better than plan in the first half of the 2014 financial year, and continues to focus on being free cash flow positive in the 2014 financial year at an average realised **gold** price lower than A\$1,450 per ounce (after taking into account all capital, exploration and corporate costs, including tax and interest), subject to market and operating conditions.

Newcrest's cash flow varies throughout the year, impacted by factors such as shipping schedules, working capital movements, capital projects and tax payments. Subject to market and operating conditions, Newcrest expects free cash flow to be higher in the second half of the 2014 financial year than the six months ended 31 December 2013 which was adversely impacted by the reversal of favourable working capital balances at 30 June 2013 and the previously announced tax payment in relation to the **Company**'s amendment of its Australian research and development claims of approximately A\$70 million.

Full year production guidance is maintained for both gold and copper, with gold production expected to be around the top end of the guidance range (2.3 million ounces), subject to market and operating conditions.

Newcrest's All-In Sustaining Cost (in A\$ million terms), and exploration, production stripping and capital expenditure are all expected to be around the lower end of the guidance range, subject to market and operating conditions.

http://www.newcrest.com.au/media/financial\_reports/201 4/FINAL\_201314\_HY\_Financial\_Results\_Market\_Releas e\_- 140214.pdf)

Regis Resources Ltd (ASX: RRL)

**HIGHLIGHTS** 

# **GOLD** PRODUCTION

- Total gold production for the quarter of 71,991 ounces at a cash cost of production A\$744\* per ounce prior to royalties.
- \* Cash cost reported only for 63,712 ounces of production for the quarter from Garden Well and Moolart Well. No cost reported on the 8,259 ounces of Rosemont commissioning production.

# **MOOLART WELL OPERATIONS**

- Gold production of 26,506 ounces for the quarter (Sep 13 qtr: 25,403 oz).
- Cash cost of production A\$566 per ounce prior to royalties (Sep 13 gtr: A\$605/oz).
- Significant milestone achieved during the quarter with 10th tonne of gold poured.

## **GARDEN WELL OPERATIONS**

• Gold production of 37,206 ounces for the quarter (Sep 13 qtr: 44,475 oz).

• Cash cost of production A\$870 per ounce prior to royalties (Sep 13 qtr: A\$755/oz).

# ROSEMONT GOLD PROJECT

- Rosemont Stage 1 construction completed and commissioning commenced in October 2013.
- Gold production from commissioning phase of 8,259 ounces during the quarter.
- Commencement of construction activities for Rosemont Stage 2 plant expansion.

#### CORPORATE

- Gold sales of 73,487 ounces at a delivered price of A\$1,493 per ounce (Sep 13:72,079 oz at A\$1,477/oz).
- Cash flow from operations for the quarter was \$44.7 million (Sep 13: \$57.1m).
- Cash and **gold** bullion holding at 31 December 2013 was \$13.2 **million** (Sep 13:\$92.5m).
- Drawdown of \$10 million working capital facility to fund significant capitalexpenditures during the quarter.
- Regis paid a 15 cent per share fully franked dividend (\$74.7 million) in relation to the 2013 financial year on 25 October 2013.

Regis completed a strong quarter of operations at the Moolart Well Gold Mine producing 26,506 ounces of gold at a pre-royalty cash cost of production of A\$566 per ounce. Operating costs were 6% lower than the previous quarter due to an 8% higher milled head grade. Gold production for the half year ended 31 December 2013 was 51,909 ounces at a pre-royalty cash cost of \$585 per ounces.

During the quarter 316,000 bcm of **ore** and 1,255,000 bcm of waste were mined from the Moolart Well open pits for a total material movement of 1.57 **million** bcm. Of the total material mined, 243,000 bcm was mined from laterite pits and 1,327,000 bcm was mined from the Lancaster and Stirling oxide deposits.

## Milling

Operations at Garden Well for the December 2013 quarter produced 37,206 ounces of gold at a pre-royalty cash cost of A\$870 per ounce. As reported on 14th January 2014, gold production for the quarter was below guidance of 40,000 – 45,000 ounces largely as a result of the lower head grade and issues and complexities around the tie in and ramp up of the Rosemont ore flow to the Garden Well wet plant. The head grade milled for the quarter, at

1.12g/t **gold**, was also lower than the previous quarter of 1.2g/t. As a result the cash cost per ounce, at \$870/oz, was higher than the previous quarter, however the cost per tonne milled of \$26.36/t, was in line with the 25.70/t achieved in the September 2013 quarter.

Rosemont was commissioned and commenced pumping ore to the Garden Well plant in October 2013. The

combined throughput of Garden Well and Rosemont ores through the Garden Well wet plant was an effective 6.4 million tonnes per annum during November and December 2013. Encouragingly the throughput of Rosemont ore through the slurry pipeline during this commissioning and ramp up phase has already reached 1.6 mtpa.

It has become apparent that the current Garden Well mill configuration, prior to completion of the Rosemont stage 2 development in the June 2014 quarter, is constrained to some degree for **gold** recovery rates at the current increased throughput rate in excess of 6mtpa. This was borne out with the Garden Well (inclusive of Rosemont) throughput during the quarter at 6.1 mtpa and **gold** recovery at 84%. Rosemont **ore** was introduced to the circuit on 20 October

2013 and the higher gravity **gold** component of this **ore** had an immediate negative effect on recovery. Modifications to the gravity circuit (as flagged in the September 2013 quarterly report) were completed in late November 2013 but had only a limited impact on recovery during the quarter as the circuit continued to be optimised.

With Rosemont now commissioned and on line, the main focus at the two **operations** in the March 2014 quarter will be optimising the interim Garden Well plant configuration to maximise production until completion of the leaching circuit and associated plant upgrade ("Rosemont stage 2") in the June 2014 quarter.

# **Mining**

During the December 2013 quarter 676,025 bcm of ore and 3.31 million bcm of waste (inclusive of pre-strip) were mined from the Garden Well open pit for a total material movement of 3.99 million bcm. Mining of ore was largely in the Stage 3 fresh zone of the open pit down to the 390m RL and the fresh zone of the stage 1 pit. Small lower grade blocks were also mined from the stage 4 and 5 cutbacks to the open pit. In addition a total of 700,000 bcm of pre-strip waste was mined from the stage 4 and 5 cutbacks to the open pit down to the 477.5m RL.

# **Mining** Reconciliation

In the September 2013 quarterly report the **Company** reported results of 20m x 20m infill drilling to increase the density of data on the Garden Well reserve for **ore** scheduled to be mined for the next year. This infill drilling model ("IDM") returned 7.27mt at 1.20g/t for 279,622 ounces compared to the reserve of 6.39mt at 1.32g/t for 270,703 ounces. With higher ounces reported in the IDM, it is expected that there will be an opportunity to stockpile lower grade **ore** blocks and achieve close to the reserve grade through the mill.

As previously reported, November and December 2013 were the first two months of actual mining based on this IDM. Actual mining output for the two months was 1.29 million tones at 1.02g/t gold for 42,416 ounces, compared to the IDM of 1.04Mt at 1.19g/t gold for 39,760 ounces. Accordingly, mining generated 2,656

ounces (7%) more than the IDM, but at 24% more tonnes and 14% lower grade.

#### Overview

Limited field work was conducted on exploration projects during the December 2013 quarter. No further drilling was conducted at the McPhillamys deposit during the quarter as geological interpretation and wireframing of the McPhillamys mineralised **ore** zone continued as part of the programme to update the Resource and allow the estimation of a maiden Reserve.

The only exploration drilling conducted across the tenement package was RC drilling at the Rosemont and Moolart Well deposits of the Duketon **Gold** Project in Western Australia.

# McPhillamys Gold Deposit

No further drilling was conducted at the McPhillamys Gold Project during the quarter with work focussed on evaluating the analytical results previously received, the local geology and the alteration and structure of the deposit to help define an updated resource Pre-feasibility work continued on the project including base line environmental studies and metallurgical test work.

# CORPORATE

#### **Gold** Sales & Hedging

The **Company** had a hedging position at the end of the quarter of 185,790 ounces, being 116,751ounces of flat forward contracts with a delivery price of A\$1,426 per ounce and 69,039 ounces of spot deferred contracts with a price of A\$1,397 per ounce. The **Company** also has sold a **gold** call option for 50,000 ounces, expiring 30 June 2014 at a strike price of A\$1,400 per ounce. During the December 2013 quarter, Regis sold 73,487 ounces of **gold** at an average price of A\$1,493 per ounce (Sep 13 qtr: 72,079 ounces at A\$1,477 per ounce).

# Cash Position

As at 31 December 2013 Regis had \$13.2 million in cash and bullion holdings (Sep 2013: \$92.5m).

Operating cash flow from the Duketon Gold Project was \$44.7 million for the December 2013 quarter (Sep 2013: \$57.1 million). In October 2013 the Company paid \$74.7 million as a fully franked dividend of 15 cents per share to shareholders.

## Capital Expenditures

During the quarter, Regis drew down \$10 million of its financing facility with Macquarie Bank to help fund the capital expenditure commitments of the Company's projects. These expenditures included \$10.5 million to complete Rosemont stage 1 development, \$3.2 million on Rosemont stage 2 development, \$19.9 million on Rosemont pre-production expenditure, and \$11.7 million on Garden Well prestrip mining. These expenditures will reduce significantly over the coming quarters.

(http://www.regisresources.com.au/reports-2/quarterly-reports#)

Rio Tinto Ltd (ASE: RIO)

Rio Tinto chief executive Sam Walsh said "Rio Tinto has started the year with a series of performance records as we continue to drive productivity gains across our operations. Our Pilbara iron ore business has again set new benchmarks for production, shipments and rail volumes for the first quarter and we are well on track to reach nameplate capacity of 290Mt/a by the end of the first half of 2014. Our mined copper production benefited from higher ore grades at Kennecott Utah Copper and production ramp up at Oyu Tolgoi and we also had a record first quarter for bauxite, primarily driven by higher production at Weipa."

- Record first quarter **iron ore** production, shipments and rail volumes. Shipments from the Pilbara exceeded production in the quarter, despite the impact of tropical cyclone Christine which closed our ports for three days at the end of 2013 and affected the progressive recovery of rail and ports into January. The full ramp up is well on track to achieve nameplate capacity of 290 Mt/a by the end of the first half of 2014.
- Mined copper benefited from higher grades at Kennecott Utah Copper and production at Oyu Tolgoi.
   This more than offset the elimination of production from copper assets divested in 2013.
- Record first quarter bauxite production and shipments were driven by a ramp up of production at the Weipa mine in Australia to feed the newly expanded Yarwun alumina refinery.
- Production of coal improved in the first quarter of 2014 compared to the same period in 2013 due to the productivity improvement programme.
- Exploration and evaluation expenditure was \$155 million in the first quarter of 2014, sustaining the savings achieved in 2013 whilst progressing the highest priority future growth projects.
- On 13 March 2014, Rio Tinto launched the latest phase of its industry-leading Mine of the Future™ technology and innovation programme. The Processing Excellence Centre (PEC) is a state-of-the-art facility that harnesses 'big data' in real time at seven Rio Tintocopper and coal operations across the globe to maximise productivity and improve performance.

Global **iron ore** production of 66.4 **million** tonnes (Rio Tinto share 52.3 **million** tonnes) and shipments of 66.7 **million** tonnes set new first quarter records. Rio Tinto's share of production was eight per cent higher than in the same period of 2013.

#### Pilbara operations

First quarter production of 63.4 million tonnes (Rio Tinto share 50.6 million tonnes) was ten per cent higher than the same period in 2013 and set a new first quarter record, driven by productivity improvements and the continued ramp up towards 290Mt/a.

Production in the first quarter was below fourth quarter levels due to disruption caused by seasonal weather patterns. Severe tropical cyclone Christine closed Rio Tinto's Pilbara ports and coastal rail operations in late December. Heavy rainfall associated with this cyclone and other adverse weather conditions in January and February impacted across mine, rail and port operations.

Following early completion of infrastructure works associated with the 290 Mt/a project last year, the ramp up to nameplate capacity of 290 Mt/a continued in the first quarter of 2014. The newly commissioned system achieved daily equivalent run-rates at or above nameplate capacity on certain days in the first quarter, although performance of the integrated system remains variable. The commissioning remains on schedule to be complete by the end of the first half of 2014.

# Pilbara marketing

First quarter sales of 64.2 **million** tonnes (100 per cent basis) were 17 per cent higher than the same period of 2013, setting a new first quarter record. Sales in the first quarter continued to exceed production due to the drawdown of **iron ore** inventories built at Pilbara mine sites in previous years to facilitate the rapid ramp up of shipments to 290Mt/a.

## Pilbara expansion

Expansion of the port, rail and power infrastructure capacity to 360 Mt/a remains on track for completion by the end of the first half of 2015.

In November 2013, Rio Tinto set out its breakthrough pathway to optimise the growth of mine capacity towards 360 Mt/a at a target all-in capital intensity of between \$120-130 per tonne (100 per cent basis), significantly lower than originally planned. A series of low-cost brownfield expansions will bring on additional tonnes to feed the expanded infrastructure. From a base run rate of 290 Mt/a by the end of the first half of 2014, mine production capacity is planned to increase by more than 60 million tonnes a year between 2014 and 2017. The majority of the low-cost growth will be delivered in the next two years, with mine production of more than 330 million tonnes (100 per cent basis) expected from the Pilbara in 2015.

# Iron Ore Company of Canada (IOC)

First quarter saleable production was 12 per cent lower than the same period of 2013 due to the exceptionally cold weather associated with a polar vortex experienced in North America.

Pellet sales were 14 per cent higher than in the first quarter of 2013. Concentrate sales were 33 per cent lower than the first quarter of 2013 as a result of the unusually cold weather.

# 2014 production guidance

2014 production guidance remains unchanged. Rio Tinto expects to produce approximately 295 million tonnes (100 per cent basis) from its global operations in Australia and Canada, subject to weather constraints.

The full ramp up in the Pilbara to nameplate capacity of 290 Mt/a is expected to be delivered by the end of the first half of 2014. The drawdown of **iron ore** inventories at the Pilbara mines will continue to allow shipments to ramp up ahead of production, with around five **million** tonnes of inventory drawdown expected during the year.

## Corporate

On 13 January 2014, Rio Tinto announced that it had maintained its holding in Turquoise Hill Resources at approximately 50.8 per cent following the successful completion of the approximately \$2.4 billion rights offering which was fully subscribed. The proceeds of the rights issue were used to repay loans outstanding to Rio Tinto, and resulted in a \$1.2 billion reduction in Rio Tinto's consolidated net debt.

On 12 February 2014, Rio Tinto announced that it had granted an option to LNG Canada to acquire or lease a wharf and associated land at its port facility at Kitimat in British Columbia, Canada. The agreement provides LNG Canada with a staged series of options payable against project milestones. The financial arrangements are commercially confidential.

On 7 April 2014, Rio Tinto announced that it would gift its 19.1 per cent shareholding in Northern Dynasty Minerals Ltd (Northern Dynasty), owner of the Pebble Project, to two local Alaskan charitable foundations. The decision follows the strategic review of Rio Tinto's interest in Northern Dynasty announced last year, which concluded that the Pebble Project does not fit with Rio Tinto's strategy.

http://www.riotinto.com/documents/140415 Rio Tinto delivers strong first quarter production.pdf)

Sims Metal Management Ltd (ASE: SGM)

FISCAL 2014 HALF YEAR RESULTS

RESULTS AT A GLANCE STATUTORY (A\$m) HY14 HY13 Change % Sales revenue 3,593.3 3,428.5 4.8 EBITDA1 113.0 32.1 252.0 EBIT 52.1 (321.4) NMF2 NPAT 9.3 (296.1) NMF2 EPS (cents) - diluted 4.5 (144.8) NMF2 UNDERLYING (A\$m) HY14 HY13 Change % Sales revenue 3,593.3 3,428.5 4.8 EBITDA1 128.5 93.2 37.9 EBIT 67.6 31.0 118.1 NPAT 42.1 9.4 347.9 EPS (cents) - diluted 20.3 4.5 351.1

SYDNEY, Australia and NEW YORK, February 14, 2014 (GLOBE NEWSWIRE) - - Sims Metal Management Limited (the "Company") today announced a statutory net profit after tax ("NPAT") of \$9.3 million for HY14, representing an earnings per diluted share of 4.5 cents. Underlying NPAT was \$42.1 million, representing earnings per diluted share of 20.3 cents, for the half year ended 31 December 2013. See the Reconciliation of Statutory Results to Underlying Results for HY14 and HY13 in the Appendix 4D for more information.

Sales revenue of \$3,593.3 million in HY14 was up 4.8% compared to HY13. At constant currency, sales revenue was down 5.3% due to lower average ferrous, non-ferrous and precious metal scrap prices. Sales

volumes increased by 3.3% to 6.1 million tonnes in HY14 versus 5.9 million tonnes in HY13.

Statutory earnings before interest tax depreciation and amortisation ("EBITDA") of \$113.0 million was 252% higher than HY13. Underlying EBITDA of \$128.5 million was 37.9% higher than HY13. The increase in underlying EBITDA was primarily due to much improved performance from the Group's metal recycling operations in Australia, North America and the UK, as well as higher income from joint ventures. These earnings were partially offset by lower underlying EBITDA from the e-recycling businesses ("SRS") in North America and the UK.

Underlying EBITDA for North America of \$43.1 million was 14% higher than HY13, due to higher sales volumes and positive translation of earnings from a stronger US dollar. Underlying controllable costs at constant currency were \$24.3 million lower compared to HY13. Improved performance from North America Metals was offset in part by weaker underlying EBITDA from North America SRS. We note particularly strong performance in our Eastern region, contrasted by difficult market conditions in our Gulf region which led to the idling of our shredding operations in Mobile, AL in November.

Australasia underlying EBITDA of \$62.1 million was 111% higher over HY13. Stronger earnings were driven by increased sales volumes and improved sales margins in Australia Metals, as well as higher income from associates and joint ventures. At constant currency, underlying controllable costs were \$16.1 million higher, up 16% in HY14 compared to HY13, due to increased intake volumes which were up 18% over the prior corresponding period. Australasia continues to deliver strong consistent earnings and cash flows for the Group. During HY14 construction commenced on a new shredding facility in Western Australia. Management expects the facilities to be operational in the second half of fiscal 2015.

Underlying EBITDA for Europe of \$23.3 million was 10% lower than HY13. Improved performance in the UK Metals operations was offset by lower performance in UK SRS. UK Metals benefited from stronger sales margins and its cost reduction program undertaken in the second half of fiscal 2013 across the Group's UK operations. At constant currency, underlying controllable costs were \$16.6 million lower, down 12% in HY14 compared to HY13. Business improvements implemented at UK Metals are showing positive results. SRS in Europe remains challenging and we continue to implement restructuring efforts in the UK.

Total Group underlying controllable costs have been reduced by \$55 million in H1 of FY14 when compared to H2 of FY12 on a constant currency basis. This equates to \$110 million in annualised cost savings, which would exceed management's \$100 million target. Cost control will remain a priority for the Group.

Cash flow from operating activities was \$37.8 million in HY14. A further \$30.1 million was realised through the sale of non-core businesses in North America.

Capital expenditures were \$29.2 million during HY14 which was significantly lower than capital expenditures of \$82.2 million in HY13. Lower capital expenditures in HY14 reflect the recent completion of a number of major capital projects and our intention to maintain low gearing in recognition of difficult industry conditions over the last few fiscal years. The Company anticipates full year capital expenditures to be circa \$90 million in FY14.

Net debt at 31 December 2013 was \$121.2 million, a reduction of \$32.6 million from 30 June 2013. Net debt over total capitalisation declined to 5.7%, from 7.4% at 30 June 2013.

#### INTERIM DIVIDEND

The **Company** has determined not to pay an interim dividend for HY14 due to the absence of meaningful statutory NPAT, and other factors. The **Company**'s dividend policy to distribute 45% to 55% of NPAT, subject to the Board's discretion, remains unchanged.

#### MARKET CONDITIONS AND OUTLOOK

In our largest scrap sourcing market the United States, we are seeing economic activity slowly improving. Consumer confidence has grown steadily since 2008. Consumer confidence is currently tracking near six year highs, though it remains significantly below levels prior to the GFC. We expect restored consumer confidence will eventually kick start the replacement cycle for consumer durable goods and, in turn, increase scrap metal generation.

Despite positive leading indicators, US scrap metal generation remains weak. Based on US Geological Survey data, US ferrous scrap metal collection fell 5% through October 2013 calendar year-to-date, compared to the prior corresponding period. This low level of scrap generation, coupled with excess processing capacity in the industry, is keeping competition for unprocessed material intense. In our view, while the time lag between economic activity and scrap generation has taken longer than historical experience, this disconnect is not sustainable long term. Whilst these conditions persist, the **Company** will continue to address organisational issues within its control, such as costs and operating structure, so as to improve returns and better position the **Company**. Notwithstanding our intention to carefully manage costs, we remain committed to maintaining our position in the market to ensure that we will benefit from economic recovery, particularly in North America, as and when it occurs.

In Australia, key leading indicators point to a mixed outlook. Investment in the **mining** sector is showing early signs of decline, while General Motors and Toyota have announced they will cease auto manufacturing in Australia. Consequently, GDP growth has slowed and the unemployment rate has steadily increased. Within this challenging environment, several metal recycling competitors have either left markets or scaled back **operations**. These developments have created the opportunity for investment in a new shredding operation in Western Australia, which we expect to become operational in the second half of fiscal 2015.

In Europe, economic conditions are showing some signs of stabilisation, with particular strength noted in the UK. Consumer confidence in the UK has lifted materially, reaching a near six year high in September. Encouraging too for the UK Metals recycling business, the 2013 UK new car market had its best year since 2007 with 2.3 million cars registered, an 11% increase over the prior year.

Ferrous and non-ferrous markets ended stronger than they started in HY14. Elevated buying activity during November and December caused East Coast export ferrous scrap prices to close HY14 US\$40/t higher than they began.

Entering H2 FY14, ferrous market trading conditions are challenging. Severe winter weather conditions in North America have restricted industry ability to collect and process at normal levels. Our ability to react as temperatures warm and scrap metal availability loosens will be a key determining factor for success in H2 FY14. We also note the steep deterioration in the currency of many emerging market economies impacted negatively on export demand early in H2 FY14. Most notably in Turkey the lira has fallen circa 15% against the US dollar since the start of FY14, increasing steelmakers' costs and decreasing the attractiveness of imports.

Group Chief Executive Officer Galdino Claro stated, "I am pleased by the substantial efforts of our employees which have led us back to profitability, despite the continued challenges faced by the global metals recycling industry. At this early stage, having just joined the Company, I am encouraged by what I have seen. There exists a strong core of operating assets within Sims Metal Management, upon which the foundations for success can be built. However, I also see opportunities for change and material efficiency gains which can be won. My initial focus has been to re-establish a back-to-basics approach by management across the business so as to concentrate on our core drivers of profitability to become less dependent on cyclical industry recovery and capital investment to achieve attractive returns for shareholders. With that approach in place, I will progress my strategic review with my executive leadership team, and expect we will be in a position to update the market not later than our full year results."

Cautionary Statements Regarding Forward-Looking Information

This release may contain forward-looking statements, including statements about Sims Metal Management's financial condition, results of **operations**, earnings outlook and prospects. Forward-looking statements are typically identified by words such as "plan," "believe," "expect," "anticipate," "intend," "outlook," "estimate," "forecast," "project" and other similar words and expressions.

These forward-looking statements involve certain risks and uncertainties. Our ability to predict results or the actual effects of our plans and strategies is subject to inherent uncertainty. Factors that may cause actual results or earnings to differ materially from these forward-looking statements include those discussed and

identified in filings we make with the Australian Securities Exchange and the United States Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), including the risk factors described in the **Company**'s Annual Report on Form 20-F, which we filed with the SEC on 16 October 2013

Because these forward-looking statements are subject to assumptions and uncertainties, actual results may differ materially from those expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. You are cautioned not to place undue reliance on these statements, which speak only as of the date of this release.

All subsequent written and oral forward-looking statements concerning the matters addressed in this release and attributable to us or any person acting on our behalf are expressly qualified in their entirety by the cautionary statements contained or referred to in this release. Except to the extent required by applicable law or regulation, we undertake no obligation to update these forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of this release.

All references to currencies, unless otherwise stated, reflect measures in Australian dollars.

**About Sims Metal Management** 

Sims Metal Management is the world's largest listed metal recycler with approximately 265 facilities and 6,100 employees globally. Sims' core businesses are metal recycling and electronics recycling. Sims Metal Management generates approximately 63% of its revenue from **operations** in North America. The **Company**'s ordinary shares are listed on the Australian Securities Exchange (ASX: SGM) and its ADRs are listed in the United States on the Over-the-Counter market (OTC: SMSMY).

( http://www.simsmm.com/News-and-Reports/News-Releases)

cerrjo : Cerrejon | nogofe : Norton Gold Fields Ltd | bkhlp : BHP Billiton Ltd | bltplc : BHP Billiton PLC

i211 : Metal Ore Mining | i2111 : Iron Ore Mining | ibasicm : Basic Materials/Resources | imet : Mining/Quarrying | i1 : Energy | i111 : Coal Mining |

i2112: Gold Ore/Silver Ore Mining

ciprof: Industry Profile | c184: Joint Ventures | c18: Ownership Changes | cactio: Corporate Actions | ccat: Corporate/Industrial News | ncat: Content Types | nfact: Factiva Filters | nfcpin: FC&E Industry News Filter

austr : Australia | brisbn : Brisbane | uk : United Kingdom | usa : United States | victor : Victoria (Australia) | waustr : Western Australia | apacz : Asia Pacific | ausnz : Australia/Oceania | eecz : European Union Countries | eurz : Europe | namz : North America | queensl : Queensland | weurz : Western Europe

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