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WBO - WILSON BAYLY HOLMES-OVCON LIMITED - Audited Summary Consolidated Financial HD Statements for the year ended 30 June 2014 wc 6,843 words PD 1 September 2014 ET 20:32 SN Johannesburg Stock Exchange SC **JSEXCH English** LA CY (c) 2014 Johannesburg Stock Exchange. All rights reserved. TD Audited Summary Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2014 Wilson Bayly Holmes-Ovcon Limited (Incorporated in the Republic of South Africa) (Registration number: 1982/011014/06) Share code: WBO ISIN: ZAE000009932 ("WBHO") RESULTS 2014 AUDITED SUMMARY CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2014 HIGHLIGHTS - REVENUE UP 8,4% Revenue contribution by segment continuing operations 2013: Total revenue R25 777m R23 773m Building and Civil Engineering 7 002 6 529 Roads and Earthworks 5 002 5 074 12 Australia 12 438 141 **Property** development 8.5 29 Construction materials 1 251 Revenue contribution by geographic area continuing operations 2013: R25 777m Total revenue R23 773m South Africa 10 243 8 736 Rest of Africa 3 096 2 896 Australia 12 438 12 141 - OPERATING PROFIT UP 10,2% Operating profit contribution by segment continuing operations

2014:

2013:

R939m	Total operating profit	R1 035m	
505	Building and Civil Engineering Roads and Earthworks	329 414	240
184	Australia	250	
104	Property development	28	
10	Construction materials	14	

Operating profit contribution by geographic area continuing operations 2014: 2013: Total revenue R1 035m R23 773m 495 South Africa 323

290 Rest of Africa 432

> 250 Australia 1.8

BASIS OF PREPARATION

for the year ended 30 June 2014

The summary consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2014 have been prepared in

compliance with the Listings Requirements of the JSE Limited, the framework concepts and the measurement

and recognition requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), the requirements

of the International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34, Interim Financial Reporting, SAICA Financial

Reporting Guidelines as issued by the Accounting Practices Committee and Financial Pronouncements as

issued by the Financial Reporting Standards Council and the Companies Act of South Africa.

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these results are in accordance with IFRS and are

consistent in all material respects with those used in the audited annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2013.

The external auditor, BDO South Africa Inc., have issued an unmodified audit opinion on the **group**'s

consolidated financial statements and summary consolidated financial statements. These summary

consolidated financial statements have been derived and are consistent in all material respects with the

group's consolidated financial statements. A copy of the auditor's report on the **group'** s consolidated

financial statements are available for inspection at the Company's registered office, together with the

financial statements identified in the auditor's report.

Mike Wylie Louwtjie Nel Charles Henwood Chairman Chief

Chief Executive Officer

Financial Officer

29 August 2014

for the year ended 30 June 2014

The directors are responsible for the preparation, integrity and fair presentation of the summary

consolidated financial statements of Wilson Bayly Holmes-Ovcon Limited and its subsidiaries. The summary

consolidated annual financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the Listings Requirements

of the JSE Limited, the framework concepts and the measurement and $recognition\ requirements\ of$

International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), the requirements of the International Accounting

Standards ("IAS") 34, Interim Financial Reporting, SAICA Financial Reporting Guidelines as issued by the

Accounting Practices Committee and Financial Pronouncements as issued by the Financial Reporting

Standards Council and the Companies Act of South Africa and include amounts based on judgements and

estimates made by management. The directors have also prepared any other information included in the

annual report and are responsible for both its accuracy and its consistency with the summary $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1\right$

consolidated financial statements.

The directors acknowledge that, ultimately, they are responsible for the system of internal financial

control established by the ${\tt group}$ and place considerable importance on maintaining a strong control

environment. To enable the directors to meet these responsibilities, the **board** sets standards for

internal control aimed at reducing the risk of error or loss in a cost-effective manner.

The going-concern basis has been adopted in preparing the audited summary consolidated financial

statements. Based on forecasts and available cash resources, the directors have no reason to believe

that the <code>company</code> or the <code>group</code> will not be a going concern in the foreseeable future. The viability of

the **company** and the **group** is supported by the audited summary consolidated financial statements.

The preparation of the audited summary consolidated financial statements was supervised by the Chief

Financial Officer, Charles Henwood CA(SA), and approved by the **board** of directors on 29 August 2014 and are signed on its behalf.

Mike Wylie Louwtjie Nel

Chairman Chief Executive Officer

29 August 2014

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON SUMMARY CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the year ended 30 June 2014

To the Shareholders of Wilson Bayly Holmes-Ovcon Limited

The summary consolidated financial statements of Wilson Bayly Holmes-Ovcon Limited, contained in the $\,$

accompanying preliminary report, which comprise the summary consolidated statement of financial position ${}^{\prime}$

as at 30 June 2014, the summary consolidated statements of financial performance and other comprehensive

income, changes in **equity** and cash flows for the year then ended, and related notes, are derived from

the audited consolidated financial statements of Wilson Bayly ${\tt Holmes-Ovcon}$ Limited for the year ended

30 June 2014. We expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those consolidated financial statements in our

report dated 29 August 2014. Our auditor's report on the audited consolidated financial statements $\,$

contained an Other Matter paragraph: Other reports required by the Companies Act (refer below).

The summary consolidated financial statements do not contain all the disclosures required by

International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act of South Africa

as applicable to annual financial statements. Reading the summary consolidated financial statements,

therefore, is not a substitute for reading the audited consolidated financial statements.

Directors' Responsibility for the Summary Financial Statements The directors are responsible for the preparation of the summary consolidated financial statements in

accordance with the requirements of the JSE Limited Listings Requirements for preliminary reports, set

out in basis of preparation note to the summary financial statements, and the requirements of the $\ensuremath{\text{c}}$

Companies Act of South Africa as applicable to summary financial statements, and for such internal

control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of summary consolidated

financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the summary consolidated financial statements based on

our procedures, which were conducted in accordance with International Standard on Auditing (ISA) 810,

Engagements to Report on Summary Financial Statements.

Opinion

In our opinion, the summary consolidated financial statements derived from the audited consolidated

financial statements of Wilson Bayly Holmes-Ovcon Limited for the year ended 30 June 2014 are $\,$

consistent, in all material respects, with those consolidated financial statements, in accordance with

the requirements of the JSE Limited Listings Requirements for preliminary reports, set out in the basis

of preparation note to the summary financial statements and the requirements of the Companies Act of

South Africa as applicable to summary financial statements.

Other reports required by the Companies Act

The other reports required by the Companies Act paragraph in our audit report dated 29 August 2014

states that as part of our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1\right$

30 June 2014, we have read the Directors' Report, the Audit Committee's Report and the ${\color{red}\textbf{Company}}$

Secretary's Certificate for the purpose of identifying whether there are material inconsistencies

between these reports and the audited consolidated financial statements. These reports are the $\$

responsibility of the respective preparers. The paragraph states that, based on reading these reports,

we have not identified material inconsistencies between these reports and the audited consolidated $\,$

financial statements. The paragraph furthermore states that we have not audited these reports and $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1\right) +$

accordingly do not express an opinion on these reports. The paragraph does not have an effect on the $\,$

summary consolidated financial statements or our opinion thereon.

Other Matter

We have not audited future financial performance and expectations by management included in the $\ensuremath{\text{\footnotemap}}$

accompanying summary consolidated financial statements and accordingly do not express any opinion thereon.

BDO South Africa Inc Director: Stephen Shaw Registered Auditor 22 Wellington Road, Parktown, 2193 29 August 2014

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE AND OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

for the year ended 30 June 2014

Audited	Audited				
June	June				
2014	2013			90	
R' 000	R' 000			change	
Revenue from	continuing operations			8,4	25
776 907 Operating pro	23 773 481 ofit before non-trading ite	ems		10,2	1
034 852 Impairment of	939 191 E goodwill				
(392)	(9 112)				
(1 914)	ed disposal of associate -				
	onsideration refunded djustments to investments	-	9 720		
_	(6 429)				
(15 340)	f <mark>property</mark> , plant and equip (536)	pment			
Share-based p (33 337)	payment expense (24 990)				
Operating pro	ofit 983 869	907 844			
Share of prob 11 168	Fit/(loss) from associate (14 890)				
Net finance : 113 202	Income 115 623				
Profit before	e taxation				1
108 239 Taxation	1 008 577 (332 972)	(333 672)			
Profit from (continuing <mark>operations</mark> 674 905			14,9	
Loss from dis	scontinued operations				
(527 030) Profit for the	- ne year				
248 237	674 905				
other compres	nensive income				

```
Items that may be subsequently reclassified to profit or loss:
Translation of foreign entities
(64 216) 125 374
Share of associates' comprehensive income
6 967 28 873
Total comprehensive income for the year
190 988 829 152
Total comprehensive income attributable to:
Equity shareholders of Wilson Bayly Holmes-Ovcon Limited
        765 992
Non-controlling interests
(210 264)
                63 160
               829 152
190 988
Profit for the year attributable to:
Equity shareholders of Wilson Bayly Holmes-Ovcon Limited 422 742
     611 745
Non-controlling interests
(174 505)
                63 160
              674 905
248 237
Basic earnings per share (cents)
                                                        (30,8)
763.8
       1 104,3
                                            762,6
                                                          1 093,3
Diluted earnings per share (cents) (30,2)
                                                         1,9 1
Headline earnings per share (cents)
172,6 1 150,9
Dividend per share (cents)
368.0
                368,0
Profit from continuing operations attributable to:
Equity shareholders of Wilson Bayly Homes-Ovcon Limited
705 438
               611 745
Non-controlling interests
              63 160
69 829
775 267 674 905
Basic earnings per share (cents)
                                                         15,4 1
274,5 1 104,3
Diluted earnings per share (cents)
                                                         16,4
272,5 1 093,3
Headline earnings per share (cents)
                                                         11,4 1
282,1
             1 150.9
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
for the year ended 30 June 2014
Audited
               Audited
June
                 June
                                                           2014
       2013
                R' 000
Stated capital and reserves at the beginning of the year
423 257 4 110 338
Profit for the year
422 742 611 745
Translation of foreign entities
             154 247
(21 490)
Dividend paid
(235 490) (241 619)
Share-based payment expense
33 337
               24 990
```

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Share-based payment settlement
12 496 2 567
Changes in shareholding
(43 612) (239 011)
Stated capital and reserves at the end of the year 4
591 240 4 423 257

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION at 30 June 2014 $\,$

Audited	Audited	June	June
2014	2013		
R'000 ASSETS	R' 000		
Non-current a	ssets		
	lant and equipment		2
163 442 Goodwill	1 949 689		
644 936	582 509		
Intangible	assets		
1 282	-		
Investment	in associates		
97 847	442 123		
Investments			
96 997	43 624		
Long-term r			
292 345			
Deferred ta			
365 903	200 825		_
Total non-cur			3
	3 384 834		
Current asset		100 707	
Inventories		190 727	
929 688	by customers 718 566		
	ther receivables		4
955 738			7
Taxation re			
356 268			
	sh equivalents	2 756 700	3 335 559
Total current		2 700 700	9
	8 952 397		
Assets held-f			
477 642			
Total assets			13
397 813	12 337 231		
equity And Li	ABILITIES		
Capital and r	eserves		
Stated capi	tal		
28 625	28 625		
Non-distrib	outable reserves		
578 873	556 084		
	ole reserves		3
983 742	3 838 548		
Shareholder's			4
591 240	4 423 257		
Non-controlli	-		
273 776	152 108		4
Total <mark>equity</mark>	4 575 365		4
865 016 Non-current l	4 575 365		
MOII-CALLEIL I	Tanilicies		

Borrowings 160 747 184 903 Deferred taxation 32 591 11 738 Total non-current assets 217 494 172 485 Current liabilities Excess billings over work done 1 417 028 1 630 676 Trade and other payables 4 697 296 4 195 987 Short-term portion of borrowings 149 645 136 343 Provisions 1 313 421 1 499 100 Taxation payable 66 552 127 275 Bank overdraft 115 605 7 759 Total current liabilities 547 7 589 381 Liabilities associated with disposal group held-for-sale 555 756 Total equity and liabilities 13 397 813 12 337 231 CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS for the year ended 30 June 2014 Audited Audited June June 2014 2013 R' 000 Operating profit before working capital requirements 344 045 1 366 559 Working capital changes (546 938) 217 669 Cash generated from operations 797 107 1 584 228 Net finance income 61 005 106 188 Taxation paid (548 071) (408 079) Dividends paid (265 089) (282 357) Cash retained from operations 44 952 999 980 Cash flow from investing activities Advance of long-term receivables (211 166) (18 027) Additional investment in associates (27 524) Additions to investments (53 547) (39 829) Contingent consideration refunded - 9 720 Changes in shareholding of subsidiaries (54 787) (242 540) Proceeds on disposal of plant and equipment 106 175 49 966 Repayment of receivable 15 753

```
Proceeds on disposal of operations
29 052
Purchase of property, plant and equipment
- to maintain operations
                                                               (210 032)
      (155911)
- to expand operations
(92 111) (279 000)
Net cash flow from investing activities
(498 187) (675 621)
Cash flow from financing activities
Repayment of borrowings
(22565)
Instalments in respect of capitalised finance leases
(163 494) (102 860)
Net cash flow from financing activities
(186 059) (102 860)
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents
(639 294)
                  221 499
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year
                                                                      3
335 559 3 068 884
Net overdraft acquired
(263 927)
Foreign currency translation effect
(59 693)
             45 176
Net overdraft in respect of disposal group
268 450
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year
                                                                      2
               3 335 559
641 095
NOTES TO THE SUMMARY AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
for the year ended 30 June 2014
1. DISCONTINUED OPERATION AND DISPOSAL GROUP HELD-FOR-SALE
During the year, four operations within the construction materials business
segment were classified as
discontinued operations. Symo Steel (a division of Capital Africa Steel) and
Krost Shelving (Pty) Ltd
were disposed of for a loss of R40 million. A sale agreement (pending
certain conditions) has been
concluded in respect of Dywidag Systems International (Pty) Ltd. Capital
Africa Steel is engaging with a
number of parties who have signed non-disclosure agreements and expressed an
interest to purchase the
Capital Star Steel business.
Audited
June
2014
R' 000
Revenue
483 731
Cost of sales (522 643)
Gross loss
(38912)
Operating expenses
(27 021)
Operating loss before non-trading items
(65933)
Impairment of property, plant and equipment
(360 014)
Loss on disposal of operations
                                                     (39778)
```

```
Onerous contracts
(35 233)
Operating loss
(500958)
Share of profits from associate
5 223
Net finance costs
(31 307)
                                                      (527 042)
Loss before tax
Taxation benefit
Loss from discontinued operations
(527 030)
Loss from discontinued operations attributable to:
Equity shareholders of Wilson Bayly Holmes-Ovcon Limited
(282 696)
Non-controlling interests
                                               (244 334)
(527 030)
Assets classified as held-for-sale
Disposal group held-for-saleProperty, plant and equipment
                          178 000
Inventories
137 270
                                                 44 722
Trade and other receivables
Cash and cash equivalents
32 085
Assets of disposal group held-for-sale
392 077
Non-current asset held-for-sale
Investment in associate
85 565
Assets classified as held-for-sale
477 642
Disposal group held-for-sale
Trade and other payables
(213 108)
Provisions
(42 113)
Bank overdraft
(300 535)
Liabilities associated with assets of a disposal group held-for-sale
(555756)
2. RECONCILIATION OF HEADLINE EARNINGS
Audited
                 Audited
June
                    June
 2014
                    2013
                  R' 000
R' 000
Headline earnings from continuing operations
Attributable profit from continuing operations
705 438
                  611 745
Adjusted for:
Group:
Impairment of goodwill
 392
                9 112
Loss on deemed disposal of associate
1 914
Fair value adjustments to investments*
               1 669
Impairment of property, plant and equipment*
14 825
```

```
Net (gain) /loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment
(12 213)
                    766
Tax effect
(731)
                 (523)
Associates:
Loss on dilution of interest in associate
 - 1 802
Impairment of goodwill
                2 855
Loss on disposal of investments
 - 9 055
Impairment of property, plant and equipment*
                  620
Tax effect
                  (87)
709 625
                637 550
Headline earnings from total operations
Attributable profit from total operations
422 742
                611 745
Adjusted for:
Group:
Impairment of goodwill
392
     9 112
Loss on deemed disposal of associate
1 914
Fair value adjustments to investments*
 - 1 669
Net loss on disposal of investment*
Impairment of property, plant and equipment*
214 849
                    536
Net (gain) /loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment
(12 213)
Tax effects
(731)
                 (523)
Associates:
Loss on dilution of interest in associate
                1 802
Impairment of goodwill
                2 855
 _
Loss on disposal of investments
               9 055
Impairment of property, plant and equipment*
                  620
Tax effect
   - (87)
649 054
                 637 550
* Net of non-controlling interest
3. ORDINARY SHARES
Audited
                Audited
June
                  June
                                               2014
                                                               2013
Ordinary shares in issue ('000)
66 000 66 000
Weighted average number of shares ('000)
55 350
        55 397
Diluted weighted average number of shares ('000)
55 436
                55 956
4. BUSINESS COMBINATIONS
Deemed acquisition of a subsidiary
```

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On 1 July 2013, Capital Africa Steel (CAS) acquired 10,0% of its share capital for an amount of R15,9 million through a share buy-back transaction with the result that the group's shareholding increased from 50,0% to 55,6%. The CAS group contributed revenue of R1,3 billion, profit before tax of R4,2 million from continuing operations and an attributable loss of R283 million from discontinued operations during the year. The following summarises the deemed consideration transferred and received and the recognised amounts of identifiable assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date. 1 July 2013 Assets Property, plant and equipment 660 063 Intangible assets 2 093 Investments in associates 88 675 Long-term receivables 4 828 Deferred taxation 52 033 Inventory 397 411 Trade and other receivables 403 805 Cash and cash equivalents 70 489 1 679 397 Liabilities Borrowings 132 546 Deferred taxation 159 Provisions 2 294 Contingent liability 15 900 Short-term portion of borrowings 14 435 Trade and other payables 465 180 Bank overdraft 341 693 972 207 Identifiable net assets and liabilities 707 190 Fair value of previously held interest 379 226 Non-controlling interests recognised 337 089 Fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities (707 190)Goodwill 9 125 The following fair values have been determined: - The fair value of the investment in associate has been determined using

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the discounted cash flow

method. A discount rate of 16,4% over a period of five years was used to discount the expected cash flows.

- The contingent liability of R15,9 million represented an obligation in respect of the buy back of shares.
- Deferred tax assets of R4,2 ${rac{ exttt{million}}{ ext{loop}}}$ not recognised by the CAS ${rac{ exttt{Group}}{ ext{total}}}$ have been recognised as there

is an expectation that the deferred tax asset will be utilised in the future. The carrying value of

the remaining identifiable assets and liabilities approximates the fair values at the $\frac{\text{acquisition}}{\text{date.}}$

5. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

Audited	Audited		
June	June		
2014	2013	% growth	
R'000 Segment revenue	R' 000	5 GLOWEII	
Continuing operati		7.0	
Building and civil 001 985	engineering 5528934	7,2	7
Roads and earthwor		(1,4)	5
	5 073 998		
Australia 437 970 12	1.11 2.16	2,4	12
Property developme	2 141 346 ents	189,7	
84 601	29 203	,	
Construction mater	cials*		1
250 844		25 776 007	
23 773 481	n continuing <mark>operations</mark>	25 776 907	
	rials* (discontinued operations)		
483 731	-		
Total revenue	772 401		26
260 638 23 Segment operating	8 773 481 profit	% margin	
Continuing operati		v	
Building and civil	3	4,7	
329 089	240 234	0 2	
Roads and earthwor 413 888	505 162	8,3	
Australia	303 102	2,0	
250 043	184 202		
Property developme		33,2	
28 055 Construction mater	9 594 rials* 1,1 13 777	_	
	cofit from continuing operations	4,0	1
034 852	939 192	•	
	rials* (discontinued <mark>operations</mark>)		
(65 934) Total operating pr	-	3,7	
968 918	939 192	J, /	
	enstruction materials has been created	d following the	
consolidation of A	Africa Steel,		

(including an associate)
within the construction materials segment were discontinued in the curr

a **group** of companies supplying the construction sector. Four **operations**

within the construction materials segment were discontinued in the current year.

Geographical revenue contribution

South Africa			10
242 530	8 736 057		
Rest of Africa		3 096 407	2
896 078			
Australia			12
437 970	12 141 346		
			25
776 907	23 773 481		
Geographical pr	ofit contribution		
South Africa		4,8	
495 022	323 240		
Rest of Africa		9,4	
289 790	431 749		
Australia		2,0	
250 043	184 202		
		4,0	1
034 855	939 192		

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Despite challenging conditions within certain sectors, the **group'**s construction divisions have delivered

a credible performance. However, the poor performance from the pipe factory in Mozambique, Capital Star

Steel (CSS), has been of great concern and significantly affected the overall financial performance of

the **group**. Reference to discontinued **operations** includes the trading results for CSS, Symo Steel and

Krost (Pty) Ltd and the **equity** accounted income from Dywidag-Systems International (Pty) Ltd (DSI).

Continuing operations

Revenue from continuing operations increased by 8,4% during the year, however, approximately 3,2%

relates to the full consolidation of Capital Africa Steel from 1 July 2013. Following strong growth of

24% in FY13, the Building and civil engineering division achieved moderate growth of 7,2% in the current

year in what remains a buoyant private sector building market. The Roads and earthworks division has

performed well to achieve revenue which is only marginally down (1,4% decrease) from the prior year,

given the effect of very little activity in the $\frac{mining}{}$ sector both locally and in Africa. Revenue from

the Australian businesses was essentially static in dollar terms (2,4% decrease) and this was primarily

due to start-up delays on certain projects in the second half of the year. In rand terms, revenue $\ \ \,$

increased by 2,4% after the effects of currency conversions. Revenue from continuing operations within

the construction materials division amounted to R1,3 billion and relates to the rebar, ready-mix and aggregate businesses.

Operating profit from continuing operations before non-trading items increased by 10,2% to R1 billion at

a margin of 4,0% compared to R939 ${}^{\mbox{million}}$ at 3,9% in FY13. Improvement in building margins in the second

half of the year were unfortunately offset by declining margins in the Civil engineering and Roads and

earthworks divisions due to the lack of work from the **mining** sector and strong competition in the road

sector. The Australian construction margin returned to the 2,0% level in the current year. Margins in

the materials businesses have been under severe pressure in the second half particularly in the rebar

market and this is reflected in the disappointing margin achieved of 1,1%.

Discontinued operations

Subsequent to the business update released on SENS in June 2014 in which shareholders were advised of

the effects of production constraints and poor trading conditions on the value of non-current assets

within the pipe mill, CSS, as well as concerns over the future viability of the business, a decision was

reached to dispose of Capital Star Steel. The trading losses within CSS amount to R65 ${\rm million}$ for the

year and at 30 June FY14 the carrying amount of the factory was impaired by R360 ${\color{red}{\text{million}}}$. The shelving

and racking businesses, Symo (a division within CAS) and Krost (Pty) Ltd were both disposed of during

the year and have also been disclosed as discontinued operations. The management of CAS have furthermore

concluded a sale agreement in respect of DSI, a company supplying roof bolts
to the mining sector, and

the **equity** accounted earnings from this business are also included in discontinued **operations**. Assets to

the value of R478 million net of the impairment of R360 million have been classified as held-for-sale.

Associated liabilities amounted to R556 million and have also been reclassified. The investment amount in respect of DSI has also been classified as held-for-sale.

Earnings per share and headline earnings per share

The combined effect of the trading losses, impairment losses and disposal losses have resulted in a

decrease in earnings per share of 30,8% from 1 104 cents per share in FY13 to 764 cents per share in

FY14. Headline earnings per share which excludes the effect of the impairment and disposal losses

increased by 1,9% to 1 173 cents per share from 1 151 cents per share. Earnings per share and headline

earnings per share, in respect of continuing operations, have increased by 15,4% and 11,4% respectively over the comparative period.

Taxation

The effective tax rate of 30,1% is a result of foreign taxes raised in higher tax rate jurisdictions and

withholding taxes levied on dividends repatriated during the period.

Cash

Cash generated from $\frac{\text{operations}}{\text{operation}}$ amounts to R797 $\frac{\text{million}}{\text{million}}$ compared to R1 584 $\frac{\text{million}}{\text{operated}}$ in the

comparative period. The decrease in cash balances of R695 ${}_{\mbox{million}}$ at 30 June FY14 is attributable to the

consolidation of a net overdraft of R264 ${\color{red}\text{million}}$ within the CAS ${\color{red}\text{group}}$ of companies, the working capital

utilisation of R547 ${\color{red}\text{million}}$ and taxation paid of R548 ${\color{red}\text{million}}$. Capital expenditure during the period

amounted to R413 ${\color{red}\text{million}}$ against an authorised budget of R430 ${\color{red}\text{million}}$ and depreciation amounted to

R355 million (2013: R277 million)

Changes in shareholding

On 1 July 2013, CAS acquired 10,0% of its share capital for an amount of R15,9 $\frac{1}{100}$ through a share

buy-back transaction, with the result that the group's shareholding increased to 55,6%. In accordance

with IFRS 3: Business combinations, a loss of R1,9 ${\tt million}$ has been recognised on the deemed disposal of

the **group**'s 50,0% share in CAS and goodwill of R9 **million** was accounted for on the re-acquisition of the 55,6% interest as a subsidiary.

Probuild repurchased **equity** from minority shareholders in the year under review resulting in an increase

in the **group'**s interest from 78,5% to 80,0% at a cost of R26 **million**. Debit amounts of R13 **million** were

recognised in **equity**. Probuild also increased its interest from 60,0% to 84,0% within Monaco Hickey at a

cost of R12,7 million. Debit amounts of R2,8 million were recognised in equity.

Contingent liabilities

Financial guarantees issued to third parties amount to R6,6 billion compared to R4,7 billion issued as at 30 June 2013.

OPERATIONAL REVIEW

Building and civil engineering

FY14
FY13

Rm Rm

Revenue 7,2% growth 7 002
6 529

Operating profit 4,7% margin 329

Building

The strengthening of the building market observed towards the end of FY13 has continued through FY14 and

the division's work on-hand has grown steadily over the year. Margins have shown some improvement during

the year, however, they remain competitive. The division continues to negotiate the large majority of

its projects on the strength of its reputation for consistent reliable delivery demonstrated with a proven track record.

Despite the effects of difficult economic conditions on consumers' disposable income, the retail sector

remains resilient particularly in Gauteng with new developments under construction in the major city

areas of Tshwane, Midrand and Newtown in Johannesburg, as well as in the more outlying areas of Orange $\$

Farm, Heidelberg and Krugersdorp. Furthermore existing centres in Rosebank and Sandton have

refurbishments and upgrades in progress. Various new offices for large corporates further supported the

Gauteng market. In KwaZulu-Natal (KZN), development in and around Umhlanga and Ballito has grown

steadily since the opening of the King Shaka Airport. New corporate offices have underpinned the $\ensuremath{\mathtt{KZ}\,\mathtt{N}}$

division's growth this year although the healthcare sector, both public and private, also contributed

strongly towards performance. In the Western Cape, growth in tourism has supported demand for

 ${\color{red}{\bf residential}}$ apartments as well as ongoing development within the V&A Waterfront, both of which have

provided a strong source of projects for the Cape division along with the Kathu renewable <code>energy</code> project

which is now nearing completion. The Eastern Cape division has had a challenging year with a significant

decrease in activity in the region. This together with some under-performing contracts resulted in a

poor performance however the order book of the division has shown improvement in the second half of

 ${
m FY14.}$ The successful completion and handover of the FAW truck assembly plant was a highlight of the year.

The expansion of the division's geographical footprint into Africa continues to gain traction with the

award of two additional shopping centres in Ghana during the year to replace the West Hills Mall

development which is nearing completion.

Civil engineering

The Kusile Power Station continues to contribute strongly towards revenue for the Civil engineering

division particularly in the context of persistent pressure on

mining-related infrastructure projects

during the current downward trend in activity from the **mining** sector. In Zambia the division completed

the Ndola Brewery for SAB Miller during the year and has established various relationships with other

clients which provide sufficient projects to retain a presence in the region in the short to medium term.

CCI III.

Roads and earthworks

FY13

Rm

FY14

Revenue (1,4)% growth 5 002 5 074
Operating profit 8,3% margin 414

Subdued activity within the global **mining** sector has resulted in fewer available **mining** projects and a

heavier weighting of the work on-hand toward roadwork, mostly in South Africa, in recent years. The

absence of an anchor **mining** project in West Africa together with the competitive nature of the roads

market continues to affect the overall margin of the Roads and earthworks division which has dropped to 8,3% in FY14 (FY13: 9,9%).

Revenue from the South African businesses (including the SADC regions) was broadly in line with that of

the previous year. Increased revenue from the ancillary works at the Kusile Power Station and the Husab

Uranium mine in Namibia offset lower SA revenue from the Pipeline division. Increased revenue from the

North South Carrier Pipeline contributed towards revenue from Botswana exceeding R1 billion in FY14. In

our interim report we reported on delays affecting the NSC project caused by heavy flooding. The time ${}^{\circ}$

lost due to the floods and the resulting repair work done in the second half of the year has placed the $\$

project behind programme which is affecting profitability, however, the mining and airport projects in

Botswana performed well. In Mozambique revenue grew by 16,0% following the start of the EN4 road

rehabilitation contract for Trans African Concessions (TRAC). This revenue growth in Botswana and

Mozambique has substantially offset a sharp decline in revenue in West Africa which consisted mainly of

ad hoc maintenance type work in FY14, with reduced teams in both $\mbox{\it Ghana}$ and $\mbox{\it Sierra}$ Leone. Both $\mbox{\it Edwin}$ and

Roadspan performed well during the year.

Australia

FY13 Rm Rm

FY14

Revenue 2,4% growth 12 438 12 141 Operating profit 2,0% margin 250

Probuild

Revenue from Probuild decreased by 7,3% in dollar terms, however, this is primarily due to secured

projects starting later than anticipated in the latter half of the year rather than a decrease in

activity. Demand within the Australian building market has been strengthening in recent years due to an

increase in Asian developers investing in residential apartments while
developers within the retail

market have now also begun delivering large scale retail developments to the construction market. These

buoyant conditions are reflected in the growth in activity levels of 29% in FY13 which have been

maintained through FY14.

The revenue from each of the divisions within the business was comparable with that of the previous $\ \ \,$

period with the marginal decline originating from Melbourne and Monaco Hickey. From a profitability $\,$

perspective the FY14 performance improved significantly following the completion of the three loss-

making projects reported on in FY13. Monaco Hickey which operates in the pharmaceutical market has

however experienced a slow-down. A number of $\frac{\textbf{residential}}{\textbf{towers}}$ towers were completed during FY14 with three

new towers now under construction. Construction on the Eastland, Chadstone and Werribee shopping centres is progressing well.

WBHO Civil

Revenue grew by 33,6% in FY14 supported by the \$113 ${\color{red} {million}}$ anchor project at the Burrop Technical

Ammonia Nitrate Facility in the Pilbara as revenue from $\frac{\text{mining}}{\text{projects}}$ related projects continued to taper.

As part of a strategy to diversify away from a heavy reliance on $\frac{\text{mining}}{\text{work,}}$ WBHO Civil has started a

roads and special projects division, however, penetration into these new markets has been slower than anticipated.

Property

FY14
FY13

Rm Rm

Revenue 85
29
Operating profit 28

All stands at the Simbithi Eco ${\color{red} {\bf Estate}}$ near the King Shaka International Airport in KZN have now been

sold with only a few stands remaining to be transferred in the FY15 year.
Sales at the golf course

development at St Francis in the Eastern Cape remain lacklustre and while no improvement is anticipated

by management in the short-term.

Capital Africa Steel

FY14 FY13* Rm Rm Continuing operations 1 251 Revenue 814 14 Operating profit 63 Discontinued operations 484 Revenue 835 (66) Operating profit (26)

* Not consolidated in FY13, for comparative purposes only.

Improvements within the building market have yet to filter through to the construction materials markets

which supply into it. This combined with the effects from the stagnant mining sector, saw conditions

actually deteriorate in the second six months of the year. Over-supply, declining margins and rising

input costs over this period diluted what had been a promising first six months from these businesses.

In respect of the pipe supply market, the slower growth of the ${\hbox{\tt Chinese}}$ economy in recent years has

resulted in an over-supply of pipe within the global market which has driven prices down while steel

EV2014

prices increased and demand has decreased in the SA pipe market over the same period. A decision by the $\,$

Capital Africa Steel **board** to sell CSS was reached.

Order book and prospects

		FY2014
FY2013		
	%	Rm
% Rm		
Order book by segment		
Building and civil engineering	23	8 207
33 7 253		
Roads and earthworks	14	5 064
17 3 817		
Australia	63	22 880
50 10 806		
Total	100	36 151
100 21 876		
Order book by geography		
South Africa	31	11 363
45 9 783		
Rest of Africa	6	1 908
5 1 287		
Australia	63	22 880
50 10 806		
Total	100	36 151
100 21 876		

The 65,3% increase in the order book at 30 June 2014 to R36,1 $\frac{\text{billion}}{\text{m}}$ from R21,9 $\frac{\text{billion}}{\text{m}}$ reflects a

general improvement in the order books across each of the divisions within the **group** but is

predominantly the result of a 111,7% increase in the Australian book. The strength of the Australian

book has diluted the contribution from Africa (including South Africa) to 36,7% (2013: 50,6%).

South Africa and the rest of Africa

The current strength within the local building market is expected to persist in the short to medium

term. With demand at these levels the Building division is able to be more selective in terms of the $\ensuremath{\mathsf{E}}$

projects it undertakes. Margins have however reached industry norms and the scope for further

enhancement is limited. Looming saturation within local markets together with a demand for retail

infrastructure in other African countries has resulted in local developers expanding their geographical

footprint in recent years. This trend is expected to continue and the $\mbox{\it African}$ Building team is pursuing

various opportunities in this regard.

It is pleasing that the Roads and earthworks division has secured over R1 billion of bus rapid transport

contracts in the current year. Subdued **mining** activity throughout Africa is impacting both the civil

engineering and roads and earthworks divisions. Both divisions have been awarded further work for

Glencore ${\color{red}\textbf{Coal}}$ at the colliery in Tweefontein during the second six months. It was with disappointment

that we were formally advised by Exxarro of the termination of the Mayoko project in the Congo in July $\$

2014, for which the division was the preferred contractor. Projects in Ghana remain of a smaller nature ${}^{\prime}$

yet are sufficient to retain a full-time presence in-country. The West African team continues to pursue $% \left\{ 1\right\} =\left\{ 1\right\} =\left\{$

opportunities in various countries. New projects have not received the necessary support from financial institutions.

The **group'**s Projects team recently reached financial close on two concessions incorporating design and

construct projects; the first being serviced accommodation for the Department of Statistics (Stats SA)

in Tshwane and the second a gas-fired power station in Mozambique. The Stats SA contract will be

executed by the ${\tt group'}{\tt s}$ building division in joint venture with local empowerment contractors while the

civil works for the power station will be executed by the Roads and earthworks division.

Australia

Probuild has secured all three of the large scale retail projects brought to the Victorian (Melbourne)

market in the last 12 months, two of which are in excess of \$350 **million**. These projects will generate

strong revenue streams for Probuild over the next two years. Furthermore, Probuild is the preferred

contractor on a number of **residential** towers, one of which is 77 stories. During the year Probuild

identified an opportunity to enter the Queensland (Brisbane) market and in a relatively short period of

time has secured projects to the value \$334 **million**, \$298 **million** of which was awarded post 30 June 2014

and is not included in the order book above. Market conditions in the New South Wales (Sydney) market

have also improved in the second half of FY14 and Probuild have concentrated their efforts on raising

the profile of their brand with the financial institutions and developers there in order to negotiate larger scale projects.

The outlook for WBHO Civil has deteriorated in the second half of FY14. As in Africa, the lack of $\frac{mining}{mining}$

activity has impacted the work on-hand, while the scarcity of large scale projects has seen margin

contraction on what work is available. However, the company continues to secure ongoing maintenance type

projects in its traditional markets on various industrial plants.

Diversification into the roads market

as well as other markets will remain a strategic focus looking forward.

SAFETY

The $\operatorname{\mathtt{group'}}$ s LTIFR has shown significant improvement in FY14 decreasing from 1,35 at 30 June 2013 to

0,94 at 30 June 2014. This is within the ${\tt group'}{\tt s}$ target of less than one and is largely attributable to

a significant improvement in Australia where the LTIFR decreased from 5,31 to 1,60 during the year after

a focused drive from the management team. We regret to report that two work-related fatalities occurred

during the year and we extend our sincere condolences to the families, friends and colleagues of these employees.

CHANGES TO THE BOARD

Subsequent to the resignation of Mr JP Botha and the appointment of Mr R Gardiner reported upon in our

interim results in February, there have been no further changes to the **board** during the year.

APPRECIATION

The directors and management would like to thank all stakeholders especially our employees for their

continuous commitment, hardwork and loyalty in what has been a particularly challenging year.

DIVIDEND DECLARATION

Notice is hereby given that the directors have declared a final gross dividend of 233 cents per share

(2013: 233 cents) payable to all shareholders recorded in the register on 17 October 2014.

In terms of the dividends tax legislation the following information is disclosed:

The dividend is made from income reserves and is subject to dividend withholding tax of 15% which

results in a net dividend of 198.05 cents per share. The **company** has no STC credits to be utilised.

The number of shares in issue at date of declaration amount to $66\ 000\ 000$ (55 350 001 exclusive of

treasury shares) and the company's tax reference number is 9999597710.

In order to comply with the requirements of Strate, the relevant details are:

Last date to trade cum dividend Friday, 10 October 2014
Trading ex dividend commences Monday, 13 October 2014
Record date Friday, 17 October 2014

Payment date

Shares may not be dematerialised or rematerialised between Monday, 13 October 2014 and Friday, 17 October 2014, both dates inclusive.

Sponsor
Investec Bank Limited

1 September 2014

Date: 01/09/2014 10:30:00 Produced by the JSE SENS Department

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