

HD *Peabody **Energy** 4Q **Coal** Sales Vol 64.6M Tons >BTU

WC 5,844 words

PD 31 January 2014

ET 00:00

SN Dow Jones Institutional News

SC DJDN

LA English

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30 Jan 2014 08:00 EDT *Peabody **Energy** 4Q Loss/Shr \$2.12 >BTU

30 Jan 2014 08:00 EDT *Peabody **Energy** 4Q Adj EPS 0c >BTU

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30 Jan 2014 08:00 EDT *Peabody **Energy** 4Q Rev \$1.74B >BTU

30 Jan 2014 08:00 EDT *Peabody **Energy** 4Q Cont Ops Loss/Shr \$1.52 >BTU

30 Jan 2014 08:00 EDT Press Release: Peabody **Energy** Announces Results For The Year Ended December 31, 2013

Peabody **Energy** Announces Results For The Year Ended December 31, 2013

- Peabody achieves record 2013 safety results and \$340 **million** of cost savings
- Operating cash flow exceeds \$700 **million** with debt reduction of more than \$200 **million**
- 2013 revenues of \$7.01 **billion** lead to Adjusted EBITDA of \$1.05 **billion**
- Diluted Loss Per Share from Continuing **Operations** totals \$(1.12) with Adjusted Diluted Earnings Per Share of \$0.34
- U.S. **coal** market share increases to more than 40% of electricity generation; record 2013 global **coal** demand, market overcapacity reduced
- Peabody targets continued cost improvements and capital reductions in 2014

PR Newswire

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 30, 2014

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 30, 2014 /PRNewswire/ -- Peabody **Energy** (NYSE: BTU) today reported full-year 2013 revenues of \$7.01 **billion**, leading to Adjusted EBITDA of \$1.05 **billion**. In 2013, the **company** achieved \$340 **million** of cost savings, reduced capital investments by 67 percent and generated \$722 **million** of operating cash flow.

"Peabody delivered on our 2013 objectives, with notable operating performance, structural cost improvements, disciplined capital spending and solid cash flow," said Peabody **Energy** Chairman and Chief Executive Officer Gregory H. Boyce. "Our leading presence in the high-growth Pacific Rim region and the lowest-cost U.S. basins uniquely positions the **company** to manage near-term markets and have significant earnings leverage to volume and price as markets continue to improve."

RESULTS FROM PEABODY CONTINUING **OPERATIONS**

2013 revenues of \$7.01 **billion** were impacted by lower realized pricing in Australia and the United States. Sales volumes increased 1 percent to 251.7 **million** tons as higher Australian and Trading and Brokerage shipments offset a reduction in U.S. volumes.

Australian revenues of \$2.90 billion were impacted by a 22 percent decline in revenues per ton that was partially offset by a 6 percent rise in shipments. Australia sales totaled 34.9 million tons, including 15.9 million tons of metallurgical coal and 11.4 million tons of seaborne thermal coal. U.S. Mining revenues of \$4.01 billion were impacted by a 4 percent decline in both volumes and realized pricing.

2013 Adjusted EBITDA totaled \$1.05 billion compared with \$1.84 billion in 2012, primarily due to the impact of nearly \$800 million from lower pricing that was partly offset by \$340 million in cost improvements. Australian Mining Adjusted EBITDA of \$316.6 million was affected by nearly \$700 million related to lower pricing that was partly mitigated by a 4 percent reduction in unit costs. Fourth quarter Australian Adjusted EBITDA was also impacted by \$100 million related to the delayed longwall commissioning at the North Goonyella Mine and industrial action at the Metropolitan Mine. Absent the impact from these events, Australian costs per ton would have been approximately \$5.00 lower for the quarter. In 2013, the company made structural cost improvements in Australia by completing several owner-operator conversions and improving productivity at the PCI mines, resulting in a 25 percent and 20 percent cost improvement at the respective operations. 2013 U.S. Mining Adjusted EBITDA declined 11 percent to \$1.12 billion, driven by a decline in volumes and revenues per ton that was partly offset by a 3 percent improvement in operating costs per ton.

Trading and Brokerage Adjusted EBITDA totaled \$0.7 million compared with \$119.7 million in the prior year. Results were impacted by sustained levels of low volatility and pricing in the seaborne markets that led to a decline in mark-to-market earnings; lower U.S. brokerage volumes and margins primarily related to Patriot Coal; increased third-party supply issues; and compressed margins on U.S. and Asian exports.

Loss from Continuing Operations totaled \$(286.0) million in 2013 compared with \$(470.9) million in the prior year. 2013 results were impacted by pre-tax asset impairment charges of \$528.3 million related to several operating and non-operating properties in the U.S. and Australia as well as a \$30.6 million charge related to the company's settlement with Patriot Coal and the United Mine Workers of America. Results also reflect lower gross margins and higher depreciation, depletion and amortization expense that were partly offset by lower income tax expenses.

Diluted Loss from Continuing Operations totaled \$(1.12) per share with Adjusted Diluted Earnings of \$0.34 per share.

Summary of Adjusted Diluted EPS (Unaudited)

	Quarter Ended		Year Ended	
	Dec. 2013	Dec. 2012	Dec. 2013	Dec. 2012
Diluted EPS - Loss from Continuing Operations (1)	\$(1.52)	\$(3.73)	\$(1.12)	\$(1.80)
Asset Impairment and Mine Closure Costs, Net of Income Taxes	1.47	2.61	1.56	2.61
Settlement Charges Related to the Patriot Bankruptcy Reorganization, Net of Income Taxes	0.07	-	0.07	-
Remeasurement (Benefit) Expense Related to Foreign Income Tax Accounts	(0.02)	-	(0.17)	0.03
Adjusted Diluted EPS (2)	\$ 0.00	\$(1.12)	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.84

(1) Reflects loss from continuing operations, net of income taxes less net income attributable to noncontrolling interests.

(2) Represents a non-GAAP financial measure defined at the end of this release and illustrated in the Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures tables after this release.

2013 operating cash flow totaled \$722.4 million, which led to debt reduction of over \$200 million during the year.

"Peabody has generated positive cash flows and repaid more than \$600 million of debt over the last two years, and we continue to focus on those factors within our control to improve our financial position," said Peabody Energy Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer Michael C. Crews. "We have \$2.1 billion of liquidity and our recent refinancing extends the maturity of our credit facility to 2018 while providing significant headroom under our financial covenants."

In 2013, Peabody also reported record worldwide safety results of 1.80 incidents per 200,000 hours worked. Peabody received more than 25 awards for safety, land restoration, mine recognition, community involvement and corporate excellence.

GLOBAL COAL MARKETS AND PEABODY'S POSITION

"We look for continued record coal use in 2014 as developing nations increase coal imports and developed nations capitalize on coal's cost and reliability advantage over natural gas and renewables," said Boyce. "Seaborne thermal and metallurgical coal demand reached a record 1.25 billion tonnes in 2013, and coal demand growth is expected to exceed supply increases, leading to improved fundamentals as the year proceeds."

Within global markets, seaborne coal supply outpaced coal demand in 2013, resulting in reduced metallurgical and thermal coal benchmark pricing.

Regarding key market highlights:

--
China coal imports accelerated to a monthly record of 35 million tonnes in December and reached a new high of 320 million tonnes in 2013. Steel production increased 7.5 percent over 2012 levels, leading to metallurgical coal demand estimated at 750 million tonnes. This drove net metallurgical coal imports up 42 percent to 74 million tonnes in 2013, as China became the largest importer of metallurgical coal. China's thermal coal generation increased 7 percent in 2013, fueling thermal import demand of 246 million tonnes. China's domestic coal supply rose 1 percent in 2013 as increasing domestic mining costs, safety

concerns and mine closures supported additional coal imports;

-- India's coal generation rose 8 percent in 2013, which led to a 23 percent increase in thermal coal imports. Import growth is expected to continue as domestic production struggles to meet growing demand, new coal-fueled generation is built along the coast, and metallurgical coal imports continue to rise on higher steel requirements;

-- Japan's coal consumption increased 10 percent through December as new coal-fueled generation propelled additional coal demand. Metallurgical coal imports rose to an estimated 62 million tonnes in 2013 as economic expansion drove increased steel consumption;

-- Germany's coal use reached the highest level since 1990 as nuclear, natural gas and renewables generation declined;

-- The increase in seaborne metallurgical coal supplies was greater than expected and resulted in price declines in 2013. The increase was largely driven by Australia metallurgical export growth of 25 million tonnes as mines expanded production to lower unit costs and cover take-or-pay infrastructure commitments;

-- Seaborne thermal demand rose 40 million tonnes in 2013. Thermal prices declined due to increased supply primarily from Indonesia and Australia; and

-- The first quarter metallurgical coal benchmark for high-quality low-vol

hard coking **coal** settled at \$143 per tonne with benchmark low-vol PCI at \$116 per tonne.

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Global economic expansion is projected to accelerate in 2014, and seasonal demand in **China** is expected to improve in the second quarter, leading to a tightening in the seaborne **coal** markets. The World Steel Association forecasts a 3 percent increase in global steel use in 2014, which is expected to drive metallurgical **coal** import demand to more than 300 **million** tonnes. Metallurgical **coal** export growth from Australia is expected to slow in 2014, and the current environment will further pressure U.S. exports, resulting in improved market balance. Seaborne thermal **coal** demand is projected to rise 30 to 40 **million** tonnes in 2014 as growth in Asia is partially offset by declines in the Atlantic basin. Thermal **coal** supply growth is expected to be significantly slower than the last few years as new project development declines.

By 2016, Peabody expects global **coal** demand to rise 700 **million** tonnes. Seaborne metallurgical **coal** is expected to grow 10 to 15 percent over the next three years, led by urbanization and industrialization in **China** and India. Peabody estimates that approximately 250 gigawatts of new **coal**-fueled generation will be built over the next three years, requiring an additional 750 **million** tonnes of thermal **coal** once expected capacity utilization is reached. **China's coal** use is expected to continue to increase as the growth in **coal**-fired generating plants and **coal** conversion facilities more than offset lower direct use of **coal** in homes and businesses.

The **company** is targeting 2014 sales of 35 to 37 **million** tons, including 16 to 17 **million** tons of metallurgical **coal** and 11 to 12 **million** tons of export thermal **coal**.

U.S. **COAL** MARKETS AND PEABODY'S POSITION

"U.S. **coal** demand is rising and now accounts for over 40 percent of electricity generation as utilities switch back to **coal** due to higher natural gas prices," said Boyce. "Last year, **coal** inventories declined at the fastest pace in 13 years and are now approaching normal levels in our key markets. Southern Powder River Basin **coal** inventories have improved 34 percent since late 2012 to 52 days of consumption, leading to stronger market fundamentals than we have seen in several years. And Peabody is currently executing Southern Powder River Basin contracts at prices well above 2013 levels."

- U.S. production declined 30 **million** tons in 2013 and has fallen below 1 **billion** tons for the first time since 1993. Production is expected to modestly rise in 2014 to meet expanding consumption;
- Utility demand increased more than 40 **million** tons as 2013 natural gas prices rose 32 percent, resulting in an 11 percent decline in natural gas generation. 2014 **coal** consumption is projected to increase 20 to 30 **million** tons on increasing generation demand from a stronger U.S. economy and continued higher natural gas prices;
- Stockpiles declined 35 **million** tons in 2013, the largest inventory withdraw since 2000. Southern Powder River Basin prices are now nearly 40 percent above 2013 lows as reduced stockpiles **lead** to additional utility **purchases**; and
- Southern Powder River and Illinois Basin demand is anticipated to expand a combined 100 **million** tons by 2016, as increased generator utilization rates and basin switching more than offset the impact of plant retirements.

Approximately 10 to 15 percent of Peabody's projected 2014 U.S. production is unpriced, with 45 to 55 percent of 2015 production unpriced at comparable 2014 production levels.

CAPITAL AND OPERATIONAL UPDATE

Peabody remains focused on aggressively reducing costs and capital spending while increasing productivity across the global platform. 2014 capital targets of \$275 to \$325 **million** are below 2013 levels and are primarily allocated to sustaining capital items. Major new project timing will continue to be evaluated in 2014, with spending dependent on market conditions.

Operational projects are focused on:

- Achieving consistent production and maximizing productivity from the longwall top **coal** caving system at the North Goonyella high-quality metallurgical **coal** mine. Normalized production is expected to occur in the second quarter following post start-up modifications and ongoing ramp-up in the first quarter;
- Maximizing the benefits of the recently converted owner-operator mines and completing the conversion of the Moorvale Mine to owner-operator status. Owner-operated mines will account for over 90 percent of total Australian production after the conversion;
- Capitalizing on the Metropolitan Mine modernization to further improve productivity and lower costs. A new labor agreement provides stability for the mine's **operations** and reflects a lower inflationary environment in Australia;
- Advancing slope development at the low-cost Gateway North Mine in the Illinois Basin to provide replacement capacity as the current **operations** transition into a new reserve area;
- Realizing the full productivity and cost benefits of the recent dragline move at the El Segundo Mine in New Mexico;
- Increasing trading activity in Asia following the recently signed joint venture agreement with **China**Shenhua **Group**;
- Monetizing non-strategic assets. In January 2014, Peabody **sold** Mineral Development License 162, a standalone **coal** deposit in Queensland, Australia, for A\$70 **million**. Over the last year, the **company** has **sold** over \$130 **million** of non-strategic reserves and surface land.

OUTLOOK

Peabody is targeting first quarter 2014 Adjusted EBITDA of \$170 **million** to \$230 **million** and Adjusted Diluted Earnings Per Share of \$(0.10) to \$0.14. Targets reflect the impact of ongoing longwall commissioning at the North Goonyella Mine in Australia, lower realized **coal** pricing, contract re-openers in the United States and longwall moves in Colorado and Australia. The **company** is expecting increased volumes and improving costs in the second half of the year following operational improvements made in the first quarter.

For the full-year 2014, Peabody is targeting:

- Total sales of 245 to 265 **million** tons, including U.S. sales of 185 to 195 **million** tons, Australian sales of 35 to 37 **million** tons, and the remainder from Trading and Brokerage activities;
- U.S. costs per ton 1 to 3 percent below 2013 levels as cost containment efforts offset higher overburden ratios, and U.S. revenues per ton 5 to 8 percent below 2013 levels. The decline is predominately due to contract re-openers, primarily in the Midwest;
- Australian costs in the low-to-mid \$70 per ton range as expected savings from additional cost improvement efforts are offset by a higher mix of metallurgical **coal** and the impact from the delayed longwall commissioning at the North Goonyella Mine;
- Trading and Brokerage results that are likely to remain constrained until volatility increases and market conditions improve;

-- Selling, general and administrative expenses consistent with 2013 levels as cost reductions offset increased global advocacy initiatives; and

-- Full-year depreciation, depletion and amortization approximately 5 to 10 percent below 2013 levels.

Peabody **Energy** is the world's largest private-sector **coal company** and a global leader in sustainable **mining** and clean **coal** solutions. The **company** serves metallurgical and thermal **coal** customers in more than 25 countries on six continents. For further information, go to PeabodyEnergy.com and CoalCanDoThat.com.

The

company has modified the definitions of its non-GAAP financial measures to also exclude the impact of charges for the settlement of claims and litigation related to previously divested **operations**, and the definitions are available at the end of the release.

Certain statements in this press release are forward-looking as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The **company** uses words such as "anticipate," "believe," "expect," "may," "forecast," "project," "should," "estimate," "plan," "outlook," "target" or other similar words to identify forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are based on numerous assumptions that the **company** believes are reasonable, but they are open to a wide range of uncertainties and business risks that may cause actual results to differ materially from expectations as of Jan. 30, 2013. These factors are difficult to accurately predict and may be beyond the **company's** control. The **company** does not undertake to update its forward-looking statements. Factors that could affect the **company's** results include, but are not limited to: global supply and demand for **coal**, including the seaborne thermal and metallurgical **coal** markets; price volatility, particularly in higher-margin products and in the **company's** trading and brokerage businesses; impact of alternative **energy** sources, including natural gas and renewables; global steel demand and the downstream impact on metallurgical **coal** prices; impact of weather and natural disasters on demand, production and transportation; reductions and/or deferrals of **purchases** by major customers and ability to renew sales contracts; credit and performance risks associated with customers, suppliers, contract miners, co-shippers, and trading, banks and other financial counterparties; geologic, equipment, permitting, **site** access and operational risks related to **mining**; transportation availability, performance and costs; availability, timing of delivery and costs of key supplies, capital equipment or commodities such as diesel fuel, steel, explosives and tires; impact of take-or-pay agreements with rail and port commitments for the delivery of **coal**; successful implementation of business strategies; negotiation of labor contracts, employee relations and workforce availability; changes in postretirement benefit and pension obligations and funding requirements; replacement and

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development of **coal** reserves; availability, access to and related cost of capital and financial markets; effects of changes in interest rates and currency exchange rates (primarily the Australian dollar); effects of acquisitions or divestitures; economic strength and political stability of countries in which the **company** has **operations** or serves customers; legislation, regulations and court decisions or other government actions, including, but not limited to, new environmental and mine safety requirements; changes in income tax regulations, sales-related royalties, or other regulatory taxes and changes in derivative laws and regulations; litigation, including claims not yet asserted; and other risks detailed in the **company's** reports filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC).

Included in the **company's** release of financial information accounted for in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) are certain non-GAAP financial measures, as defined by SEC regulations. The **company** has defined below the non-GAAP financial measures that are used and has included in the tables following this release reconciliations of these measures to the most directly comparable GAAP measures.

Beginning with this release, the **company** has modified the definitions of its non-GAAP financial measures to also exclude the impact of charges for the settlement of claims and litigation related to previously divested **operations**. Management believes that excluding these impacts is useful in comparing the **company's** current results with those of prior and future periods.

Adjusted EBITDA is defined as (loss) income from continuing **operations** before deducting net interest expense, income taxes, asset retirement obligation expenses, depreciation, depletion and amortization, asset impairment and mine closure costs, charges for the settlement of claims and litigation related to previously divested **operations** and amortization of basis difference associated with **equity** method

investments. Adjusted EBITDA, which is not calculated identically by all companies, is not a substitute for operating income, net income or cash flow as determined in accordance with United States GAAP. Management uses Adjusted EBITDA as the primary metric to measure segment operating performance and also believes it is useful to investors in comparing the **company's** current results with those of prior and future periods and in evaluating the **company's** operating performance without regard to its capital structure or the cost basis of its assets.

Adjusted (Loss) Income from Continuing **Operations** and Adjusted Diluted EPS are defined as (loss) income from continuing **operations** and diluted earnings per share from continuing **operations**, respectively, excluding the impacts of asset impairment and mine closure costs and charges for the settlement of claims and litigation related to previously divested **operations**, net of tax, and the remeasurement of foreign income tax accounts on our income tax provision. The income tax benefits related to asset impairment and mine closure costs and charges for the settlement of claims and litigation related to previously divested **operations** are calculated based on the enacted tax rate in the jurisdiction in which they have been or will be realized, adjusted for the estimated recoverability of those benefits. Management has included these measures because, in the opinion of management, excluding those foregoing items is useful in comparing the **company's** current results with those of prior and future periods. Management also believes that excluding the impact of the remeasurement of foreign income tax accounts represents a meaningful indicator of the **company's** ongoing effective tax rate.

CONTACT:

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Condensed Consolidated Statements of
Operations (Unaudited)
For the Quarters and Years Ended Dec. 31, 2013 and 2012

(In **Millions**, Except Per
Share Data)

	Quarter Ended		Year Ended	
	Dec. 2013	Dec. 2012	Dec. 2013	Dec. 2012
Tons Sold	64.6	63.3	251.7	248.5
Revenues	\$1,742.8	\$ 2,016.9	\$7,013.7	\$8,077.5
Operating Costs and Expenses				
(1)	1,477.4	1,543.6	5,736.1	5,932.7
Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization	197.5	192.7	740.3	663.4
Asset Retirement Obligation Expenses	15.8	13.7	66.5	67.0
Selling and Administrative Expenses	65.0	66.4	249.1	268.8
Other Operating (Income)				
Loss:				
Net Gain on Disposal or Exchange of Assets	(2.7)	(9.5)	(52.6)	(17.1)
Asset Impairment and Mine Closure Costs	506.8	921.3	528.3	929.0
Settlement Charges Related to the Patriot Bankruptcy Reorganization	30.6	--	30.6	--
Loss from Equity Affiliates:				
Results of Operations	2.3	9.1	33.9	56.6
Amortization of Basis Difference	2.3	1.6	6.3	4.6

Loss from Equity Affiliates	4.6	10.7	40.2	61.2
Operating (Loss) Profit	(552.2)	(722.0)	(324.8)	172.5
Interest Income	(4.5)	(4.8)	(15.7)	(24.5)
Interest Expense:				
Loss on Early Debt Extinguishment	--	0.5	16.9	3.3
Interest Expense	102.1	96.8	408.3	402.3
Interest Expense	102.1	97.3	425.2	405.6
Loss from Continuing Operations Before Income Taxes	(649.8)	(814.5)	(734.3)	(208.6)
Income Tax (Benefit) Provision:				
(Benefit) Provision	(118.4)	402.0	(279.9)	481.7
Tax Benefit Related to Asset Impairment and Mine Closure Costs	(112.8)	(224.4)	(112.8)	(227.3)
Tax Benefit Related to Settlement Charges Related to the Patriot Bankruptcy Reorganization	(11.3)	--	(11.3)	--
Remeasurement (Benefit) Expense Related to Foreign Income Tax Accounts	(6.2)	(0.8)	(44.3)	7.9
Income Tax (Benefit) Provision	(248.7)	176.8	(448.3)	262.3
Loss from Continuing Operations , Net of Income Taxes	(401.1)	(991.3)	(286.0)	(470.9)
Loss from Discontinued Operations , Net of Income Taxes	(160.1)	(11.5)	(226.6)	(104.2)
Net Loss	(561.2)	(1,002.8)	(512.6)	(575.1)
Less: Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests	4.5	3.2	12.3	10.6
Net Loss Attributable to Common Stockholders	\$ (565.7)	\$ (1,006.0)	\$ (524.9)	\$ (585.7)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 200.8	\$ 407.3	\$ 1,047.2	\$ 1,836.5
Diluted EPS - Loss from Continuing Operations (2) (3)	\$ (1.52)	\$ (3.73)	\$ (1.12)	\$ (1.80)
Diluted EPS - Net Loss Attributable to Common Stockholders (2)	\$ (2.12)	\$ (3.78)	\$ (1.97)	\$ (2.19)
Adjusted Diluted EPS (2)	\$ 0.00	\$ (1.12)	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.84

- (1) Excludes items shown separately.
- (2) For Diluted EPS, weighted average diluted shares outstanding were 267.3 million and 266.3 million for the three months ended Dec. 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and 267.1 million and 268.0 million for the years ended Dec. 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively. For Adjusted Diluted EPS, weighted average diluted shares outstanding were 267.7 million and 266.3 million for the quarters ended Dec. 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and 267.6 million and 268.6 million for the years ended Dec. 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.
- (3) Reflects loss from continuing operations, net of income taxes less net income attributable to noncontrolling interests.

This information is intended to be reviewed in conjunction with the company's 30 Jan 2014 08:00 EDT Press Release: Peabody Energy Announces Results -4-

filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Supplemental Financial Data (Unaudited)
For the Quarters and Years Ended Dec. 31, 2013 and 2012

	Quarter Ended		Year Ended	
	Dec. 2013	Dec. 2012	Dec. 2013	Dec. 2012
Revenue Summary (Dollars in Millions)				
U.S. Mining Operations	\$1,005.4	\$1,089.2	\$4,005.1	\$4,353.0
Australian Mining Operations			716.5	898.6
3,503.6				2,904.6
Trading and Brokerage Operations	11.4	26.2	66.0	199.9
Other	9.5	2.9	38.0	21.0
Total	\$1,742.8	\$2,016.9	\$7,013.7	\$8,077.5
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Tons Sold (In Millions)				
Midwestern U.S. Mining Operations			6.4	6.9
27.4				26.3
Western U.S. Mining Operations			40.9	40.8
165.2				158.8
Australian Mining Operations (1)			9.0	9.7
33.0				34.9
Trading and Brokerage Operations	8.3	5.9	31.7	22.9
Total	64.6	63.3	251.7	248.5

	=====	=====	=====	=====
Revenues per Ton - Mining Operations				

Midwestern U.S.	\$ 50.29	\$ 51.08	\$ 50.75	\$ 51.21
Western U.S.	16.71	17.98	16.81	17.86
Total - U.S.	21.26	22.78	21.63	22.61
Australia	79.46	92.21	83.26	106.05
Operating Costs per Ton - Mining Operations (2)				

Midwestern U.S.	\$ 35.47	\$ 35.24	\$ 34.55	\$ 35.63
Western U.S.	12.20	12.66	12.45	12.82
Total - U.S.	15.36	15.94	15.58	16.07
Australia	76.24	73.47	74.18	77.63
Gross Margin per Ton - Mining Operations (2)				

Midwestern U.S.	\$ 14.82	\$ 15.84	\$ 16.20	\$ 15.58
Western U.S.	4.51	5.32	4.36	5.04
Total - U.S.	5.90	6.84	6.05	6.54
Australia	3.22	18.74	9.08	28.42
	Quarter Ended		Year Ended	
	-----		-----	
	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.	Dec.
(Dollars in Millions)	2013	2012	2013	2012
-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Adjusted EBITDA - U.S. Mining Operations	\$ 279.2	\$ 326.1	\$1,119.6	\$1,259.8
Adjusted EBITDA - Australian Mining Operations	28.9	181.5	316.6	938.9
Adjusted EBITDA - Trading and Brokerage				
Trading and Brokerage Operations	(12.1)	10.5	0.7	119.7
Litigation Settlement	--	--	(20.6)	--
Adjusted EBITDA - Resource Management (3)	2.5	10.5	49.5	12.8
Selling and Administrative Expenses	(65.0)	(66.4)	(249.1)	(268.8)
Other Operating Costs, Net (4)	(32.7)	(54.9)	(169.5)	(225.9)
Adjusted EBITDA	200.8	407.3	1,047.2	1,836.5
Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization	(197.5)	(192.7)	(740.3)	(663.4)
Asset Retirement Obligation Expenses	(15.8)	(13.7)	(66.5)	(67.0)
Asset Impairment and Mine Closure Costs	(506.8)	(921.3)	(528.3)	(929.0)
Settlement Charges Related to the Patriot Bankruptcy Reorganization	(30.6)	--	(30.6)	--
Amortization of Basis Difference Related to Equity Affiliates	(2.3)	(1.6)	(6.3)	(4.6)
Operating (Loss) Profit	(552.2)	(722.0)	(324.8)	172.5
Operating Cash Flows	178.4	223.6	722.4	1,515.1
Acquisitions of Property , Plant and Equipment	99.7	255.2	328.4	996.7
Coal Reserve Lease Expenditures	187.3	28.6	276.8	276.5

- (1) Metallurgical coal tons sold totaled 4.2 million and 4.1 million for the three months ended Dec. 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively, and 15.9 million and 14.1 million for the years ended Dec. 31, 2013 and 2012, respectively.
- (2) Includes revenue-based production taxes and royalties; excludes depreciation, depletion and amortization; asset retirement obligation expenses; asset impairment and mine closure costs; selling and administrative expenses; and certain other costs related to post-mining activities.
- (3) Includes certain asset sales, property management costs and revenues, and coal royalty expense.
- (4) Includes Generation Development and Btu Conversion costs, costs associated with post-mining activities, and loss from equity affiliates.

This information is intended to be reviewed in conjunction with the company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets
Dec. 31, 2013 and 2012

(Dollars in Millions)

	(Unaudited)	
	Dec. 31, 2013	Dec. 31, 2012
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 444.0	\$ 558.8
Receivables, Net	557.9	737.8
Inventories	506.7	548.4
Assets from Coal Trading Activities, Net	36.1	52.4
Deferred Income Taxes	66.4	56.4
Other Current Assets	381.6	621.7
Total Current Assets	1,992.7	2,575.5
Net Property, Plant, Equipment and Mine Development	11,082.5	11,801.7
Deferred Income Taxes	7.8	--
Investments and Other Assets	1,050.4	1,431.8
Total Assets	\$ 14,133.4	\$ 15,809.0
Current Maturities of Debt	\$ 31.7	\$ 47.8
Liabilities from Coal Trading Activities, Net	6.1	19.4
Accounts Payable and Accruals	1,737.7	1,606.9
Total Current Liabilities	1,775.5	1,674.1
Long-Term Debt	5,970.7	6,205.1
Deferred Income Taxes	40.9	577.3
Other Long-Term Liabilities	2,398.4	2,413.7
Total Liabilities	10,185.5	10,870.2

Stockholders' Equity	3,947.9	4,938.8
	-----	-----
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$ 14,133.4	\$ 15,809.0
	=====	=====

This information is intended to be reviewed in conjunction with the **company's** filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures (Unaudited)
For the Quarters and Years Ended Dec. 31, 2013 and 2012

(Dollars in **Millions**, Except
Per Share Data)

	Quarter Ended		Year Ended	
	Dec. 2013	Dec. 2012	Dec. 2013	Dec. 2012
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 200.8	\$ 407.3	\$1,047.2	\$1,836.5
Depreciation, Depletion and				
30 Jan 2014 08:00 EDT Press Release: Peabody Energy Announces Results -5-				
Amortization	197.5	192.7	740.3	663.4
Asset Retirement Obligation				
Expenses	15.8	13.7	66.5	67.0
Amortization of Basis				
Difference Related to				
Equity Affiliates	2.3	1.6	6.3	4.6
Interest Income	(4.5)	(4.8)	(15.7)	(24.5)
Interest Expense	102.1	96.8	408.3	402.3
Loss on Early Debt				
Extinguishment	--	0.5	16.9	3.3
Income Tax (Benefit)				
Provision, Excluding Tax				
Items Shown Separately				
Below	(118.4)	402.0	(279.9)	481.7
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Adjusted Income (Loss) from				
Continuing Operations (1)	6.0	(295.2)	104.5	238.7
Asset Impairment and Mine				
Closure Costs	506.8	921.3	528.3	929.0
Settlement Charges Related				
to the Patriot Bankruptcy				
Reorganization	30.6	--	30.6	--
Tax Benefit Related to				
Asset Impairment and Mine				
Closure Costs	(112.8)	(224.4)	(112.8)	(227.3)
Tax Benefit Related to				
Settlement Charges Related				
to the Patriot Bankruptcy				
Reorganization	(11.3)	--	(11.3)	--
Remeasurement (Benefit)				
Expense Related to Foreign				
Income Tax Accounts	(6.2)	(0.8)	(44.3)	7.9
	-----	-----	-----	-----

Loss from Continuing Operations, Net of Income Taxes	\$ (401.1)	\$ (991.3)	\$ (286.0)	\$ (470.9)
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests	\$ 4.5	\$ 3.2	\$ 12.3	\$ 10.6
	=====	=====	=====	=====
Diluted EPS - Loss from Continuing Operations (2)	\$ (1.52)	\$ (3.73)	\$ (1.12)	\$ (1.80)
Asset Impairment and Mine Closure Costs, Net of Income Taxes	1.47	2.61	1.56	2.61
Settlement Charges Related to the Patriot Bankruptcy Reorganization, Net of Income Taxes	0.07	--	0.07	--
Remeasurement (Benefit) Expense Related to Foreign Income Tax Accounts	(0.02)	--	(0.17)	0.03
	-----	-----	-----	-----
Adjusted Diluted EPS	\$ 0.00	\$ (1.12)	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.84
	=====	=====	=====	=====

Targets for the Quarter Ending Mar. 31, 2014
(Unaudited)

(Dollars in Millions, Except
Per Share Data)

	Quarter Ending Mar. 31, 2014	

	Targeted Results	

	Low	High
	-----	-----
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 170	\$ 230
Depreciation, Depletion and Amortization	160	175
Asset Retirement Obligation Expenses	21	19
Interest Income	(2)	(4)
Interest Expense	104	102
Income Tax Benefit Before Remeasurement of Foreign Income Tax Accounts	(85)	(105)
	-----	-----
Adjusted (Loss) Income from Continuing Operations (1)	(28)	43
Remeasurement Expense Related to Foreign Income Tax Accounts	--	--
	-----	-----
(Loss) Income from Continuing Operations, Net of Income Taxes	\$ (28)	\$ 43
	=====	=====
Net Income Attributable to Noncontrolling Interests	\$ --	\$ 4
	=====	=====

Diluted EPS - (Loss) Income
from Continuing Operations

(2)	\$ (0.10)	\$ 0.14
Remeasurement Expense		
Related to Foreign Income		
Tax Accounts	--	--
Adjusted Diluted EPS	\$ (0.10)	\$ 0.14
	=====	=====

(1) In order to arrive at the numerator used to calculate Adjusted Diluted EPS, it is necessary to deduct net income attributable to noncontrolling interests from this amount.

(2) Reflects (loss) income from continuing **operations**, net of income taxes, less net income attributable to noncontrolling interests.

This information is intended to be reviewed in conjunction with the **company's** filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

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