# Writing papers and thesis using LATEX2e

Part II: Writing papers and thesis using LATEX

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### **Figures**

- LATEX can be easily extended using a *package* to typeset images.
- To use graphics in your LaTeXdocument use \usepackage{graphicx}
- Always use relative scaling to specify the width of the figure, i.e.,
   [width = 0.75\textwidth]
- Never ever use absolute values to scale your images!
- Set either the width or the height of the image. Or use scale



## **Figures**

- For captioning a figure, you can use \usepackage{caption}
- tweak the location, label, separator: [labelsep=space, tableposition=top]{caption}
- I prefer to centre the figure. To do that use \centering
- You can use ~\cref{fig:minion} to cross reference the figure. Requires package cleveref



Figure: Dave the Minion from Despicable Me!

# $\begin[option]{figure}$

Parameter	Position
h	Place the float here, i.e., approximately at the same point it occurs in the source text (however, not exactly at the spot)
t	Position at the top of the page.
b	Position at the bottom of the page.
p	Put on a special page for floats only.
!	Override internal parameters LaTeX uses for determining "good" float positions.
Н	Places the float at precisely the location in the LaTeX code. Requires the float package. This is somewhat equivalent to h!

## Subcaption

I can cite Wall-E (see fig. 2b) and Minions in despicable me (fig. 2c). Figure 2 lets me cite the whole figure.

```
\begin{figure}
 \centering
 \begin{subfigure}[b]{0.3\textwidth}
   \includegraphics[width=\textwidth]
    {figs/TomandJerry}
   \caption{Tom and Jerry}
   \label{fig:TomJerry}
 \end{subfigure}
 \begin{subfigure}[b]{0.3\textwidth}
   \includegraphics[width=\textwidth]{figs/WallE}
   \caption{Wall-E}
   \label{fig:WallE}
 \end{subfigure}
  \begin{subfigure}[b]{0.3\textwidth}
   \includegraphics[width=\textwidth]{figs/minion}
   \caption{Minions}
   \label{fig:Minnion}
 \end{subfigure}
 \caption{Best Animations}
 \label{fig:animations}
\end{figure}
```



(a) Tom (b) (c) and Jerry Wall-E Minions

Figure: Best Animations

#### Exercise 6: Pictures

#### Click to open this exercise in writeIATEX

- In writeLATEXcreate a new folder figs and move your figures in to figs folder.
- Format the King's college picture. Change it's location: (top, bottom, here, new page) and rescale the figure.
- Arrange Tom, WallE and Dave inside a single figure environment vertically.
- Cross-reference the figures (using cleveref).
- Create a list of figures. Use \listoffigures.

Click to open my solution

#### **Tables**

- Tables in LATEX take some getting used to.
- The argument specifies column alignment left, center, right.

```
\begin{tabular} \{1cr} \\
Item & Qty & Unit \$ \\
Widget & 1 & 199.99 \\
Gadget & 2 & 399.99 \\
Cable & 3 & 19.99 \\
\end{tabular}
```

 Don't use vertical lines, it's ugly. Use \begin{booktabs} to create horizontal lines. Never use \hline

```
\begin{table}[h]
                                                             Table: Cost
\caption{Cost}
\begin{tabular}{lrr} \toprule
Item & Qty & Unit \$ \\ \midrule
Widget & 1
            & 199.99 \\
                                                                       Unit $
                                                       Item
                                                                Qtv
Gadget & 2 & 399.99 \\
                                                                      199.99
                                                       Widget
Cable & 3 & 19.99 \\ \bottomrule
                                                       Gadget
                                                                      399.99
\end{tabular}
                                                       Cable
                                                                       19.99
\label{t:cost}
\end{table}
```

# Table Environment

Option	Description
1	left-justified column
С	centered column
r	right-justified column
$p{\{\text{'width'}\}}$	paragraph column with text vertically aligned at the top
$m\{'width'\}$	paragraph column with text vertically aligned in the middle
$b\{\text{`width'}\}$	paragraph column with text vertically aligned at the bottom
\&	column separator
\\\cmidrule{i-j}	start new row (additional space may be specified partial horizontal line beginning in column i and ending in column j

#### Exercise 7: Tables

Click to open this exercise in  $write \LaTeX$ 

- Use tabularx package for tables with paragraph text.
- Never use \hline or \cline, use \toprule, \midrule, \bottomrule and \cmidrule{i-j}
- Visual table editor: http://truben.no/table/

Click to open my solution .

# bibT<sub>F</sub>X 1

• Put your references in a .bib file in 'bibtex' database format:

```
@Article{Jacobson1999Towards.
  author = {Van Jacobson}.
 title = {Towards the Analysis of Massive Multiplayer Online
           Role-Playing Games},
  journal = {Journal of Ubiquitous Information},
 Month = jun,
 Year = 1999.
 Volume = 6.
 Pages = \{75--83\}
@InProceedings{Brooks1997Methodology,
  author = {Fredrick P. Brooks and John Kubiatowicz and
            Christos Papadimitriou},
 title = {A Methodology for the Study of the
           Location-Identity Split}.
 booktitle = {Proceedings of OOPSLA},
 Month = jun,
 Year = 1997
```

• Most reference managers can export to bibtex format.

# bibTEX 2

• Each entry in the .bib file has a *key* that you can use to reference it in the document. For example, Jacobson1999Towards is the key for this article:

```
@Article{Jacobson1999Towards,
   author = {Van Jacobson},
   ...
}
```

- It's a good idea to use a key based on the name, year and title.
- Late of the properties of the prope

## bibT<sub>F</sub>X 3

- Use the natbib package<sup>2</sup> with \citet and \citep.
- Reference \bibliography at the end, and specify a \bibliographystyle.

```
\documentclass{article}
\usepackage[authorvear]{natbib}
\begin{document}
\citet{Brooks1997Methodologv}
show that \ldots. Clearly,
all odd numbers are prime
\citep{Jacobson1999Towards}.
\bibliographv{bib-example}
% if 'bib-example' is the name of
% your bib file
\bibliographystyle{plainnat}
% try changing to abbrunat
\end{document}
```

Brooks et al. [1997] show that  $\dots$  Clearly, all odd numbers are pring [Jacobson, 1999].

#### References

Fredrick P. Brooks, John Kubiatowicz, and Christos Papadimitriou. A methodogy for the study of the location-identity split. In *Proceedings of OOPSI*. June 1997.

Van Jacobson. Towards the analysis of massive multiplayer online role-playi games. Journal of Ubiquitous Information, 6:75–83, June 1999.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>There is a new package with more features named biblatex but most of the articles templates still use natbib.

# Exercise 8: Formatting a Paper

Click to open this exercise in  $write I \Delta T_E X$ 

Upload this file to  $write \LaTeX$ 

- Reference styles: http://sites.stat.psu.edu/ surajit/present/bib.htm
- Bibliography style previews: http://nodonn.tipido.net/bibstyle.php

Click to open my solution .

# PhD Thesis Template

Click to open the template in share  $\mbox{\sc PT}_{E\!X}$ 

View the template in github