

### DDL Commands for creating the tables:

```
CREATE TABLE Customers (customerID int,  
                      name varchar(100),  
                      PRIMARY_KEY (customerID) ;
```

```
CREATE TABLE Include (purchaseID varchar(15),  
                     productID varchar(15),  
                     storeName int,  
                     PRIMARY_KEY(purchaseID, productID, storeName),  
                     FOREIGN_KEY (purchaseID) REFERENCES  
                     Purchases(purchaseID),  
                     FOREIGN_KEY (productID) REFERENCES Products(productID),  
                     FOREIGN_KEY(storeName) REFERENCES Stores(storeName) ;
```

```
CREATE TABLE Products (productID varchar(100),  
                      storeName varchar(100),  
                      item varchar(100),  
                      price double(10,2)  
                      PRIMARY_KEY(productID)) ;
```

```
CREATE TABLE Purchases (purchaseID int,  
                      customerID int,  
                      date datetime,  
                      PRIMARY_KEY(purchaseID, customerID),  
                      FOREIGN_KEY(purchaseID) REFERENCES  
                      Purchases(purchaseID),  
                      FOREIGN_KEY(customerID) REFERENCES Customers  
                      (customerID)) ;
```

```
CREATE TABLE Stores (storeName integer, PRIMARY_KEY(storeName)) ;
```

```
mysql> SELECT COUNT(*) FROM Customers;  
+-----+  
| COUNT(*) |  
+-----+  
| 1000 |  
+-----+  
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT COUNT(*) FROM Include;  
+-----+  
| COUNT(*) |  
+-----+  
| 1000 |  
+-----+  
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT COUNT(*) FROM Products;
+-----+
| COUNT(*) |
+-----+
| 14768 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT COUNT(*) FROM Purchases;
+-----+
| COUNT(*) |
+-----+
| 1000 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT COUNT(*) FROM Stores;
+-----+
| COUNT(*) |
+-----+
| 924 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

```
+-----+
| storeName |
+-----+
| 0 |
| 1 |
| 10 |
| 100 |
| 101 |
| 102 |
| 103 |
| 104 |
| 105 |
| 106 |
| 107 |
| 108 |
| 109 |
| 11 |
| 110 |
+-----+
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+
| purchaseID | productID | storeName |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 2 | DRB01 | 1 |
| 6 | DRB01 | Create full |
| 8 | DRB01 | 1N Purchas |
| 10 | DRB01 | 1 |
| 13 | DRB01 | 1 |
| 21 | DRB01 | 1 |
| 55 | DRB01 | 1 |
| 84 | DRB01 | 12@illinoi |
| 101 | DRB01 | 1 |
| 121 | DRB01 | Jeff (Yu-Te) |
| 125 | DRB01 | 1 |
| 143 | DRB01 | 1 |
| 148 | DRB01 | 1 |
| 158 | DRB01 | 1 |
| 163 | DRB01 | Albert Ho to |
+-----+-----+-----+
```

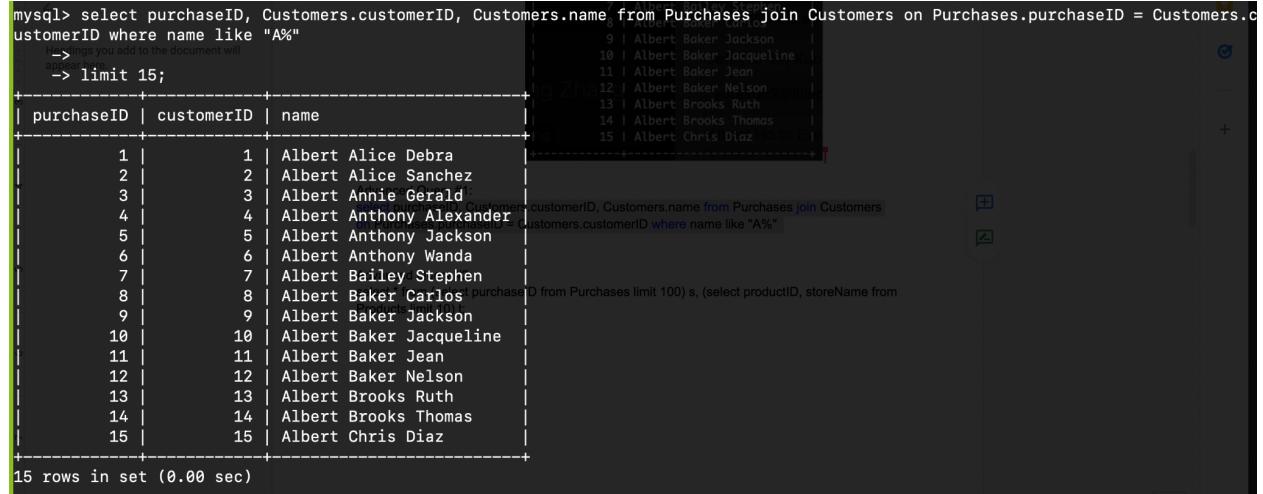
```
+-----+-----+-----+
| purchaseID | customerID | date |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 0 | 951 | 2021-08-24 11:17:43 |
| 1 | 257 | 2021-08-21 13:13:25 |
| 2 | 15 | 2021-08-06 09:43:19 |
| 3 | 775 | 2021-08-16 19:00:51 |
| 4 | 925 | 2021-08-23 19:12:23 |
| 5 | 791 | 2021-08-17 14:20:49 |
| 6 | 13 | 2021-08-31 17:44:49 |
| 7 | 872 | 2021-08-25 11:42:01 |
| 8 | 40 | 2021-08-31 07:33:19 |
| 9 | 689 | 2021-08-07 16:55:57 |
| 10 | 72 | 2021-08-23 13:16:54 |
| 11 | 201 | 2021-08-20 19:16:36 |
| 12 | 103 | 2021-08-27 16:39:11 |
| 13 | 67 | 2021-08-14 10:59:42 |
| 14 | 288 | 2021-08-21 18:27:15 |
+-----+-----+-----+
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+
| customerID | name | Products (productID) |
+-----+-----+-----+
| 1 | Albert Alice Debra | 1 |
| 2 | Albert Alice Sanchez | 1 |
| 3 | Albert Annie Gerald Chase | 1 |
| 4 | Albert Anthony Alexander | 1 |
| 5 | Albert Anthony Jackson | 1 |
| 6 | Albert Anthony Wanda Young | 1 |
| 7 | Albert Bailey Stephen | 1 |
| 8 | Albert Baker Carlos Nois | 1 |
| 9 | Albert Baker Jackson | 1 |
| 10 | Albert Baker Jacqueline Kub | 1 |
| 11 | Albert Baker Jean | 1 |
| 12 | Albert Baker Nelson | 1 |
| 13 | Albert Brooks Ruth | 1 |
| 14 | Albert Brooks Thomas | 1 |
| 15 | Albert Chris Diaz | 1 |
+-----+-----+-----+
```

```
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| productID | storeName | item | Products (productID) |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| DRB01 | 1 | Soft Drinks | 7.39 |
| DRB01 | 10 | Soft Drinks | 7.39 |
| DRB01 | 100 | Soft Drinks | 7.39 |
| DRB01 | 101 | Soft Drinks | 7.39 |
| DRB01 | 102 | Soft Drinks | 7.39 |
| DRB01 | 103 | Soft Drinks | 7.39 |
| DRB01 | 104 | Soft Drinks | 7.39 |
| DRB01 | 105 | Soft Drinks | 7.39 |
| DRB01 | 106 | Soft Drinks | 7.39 |
| DRB01 | 107 | Soft Drinks | 7.39 |
| DRB01 | 108 | Soft Drinks | 7.39 |
| DRB01 | 109 | Soft Drinks | 7.39 |
| DRB01 | 11 | Soft Drinks | 7.39 |
| DRB01 | 110 | Soft Drinks | 7.39 |
| DRB01 | 111 | Soft Drinks | 7.39 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

### Advanced Query #1:

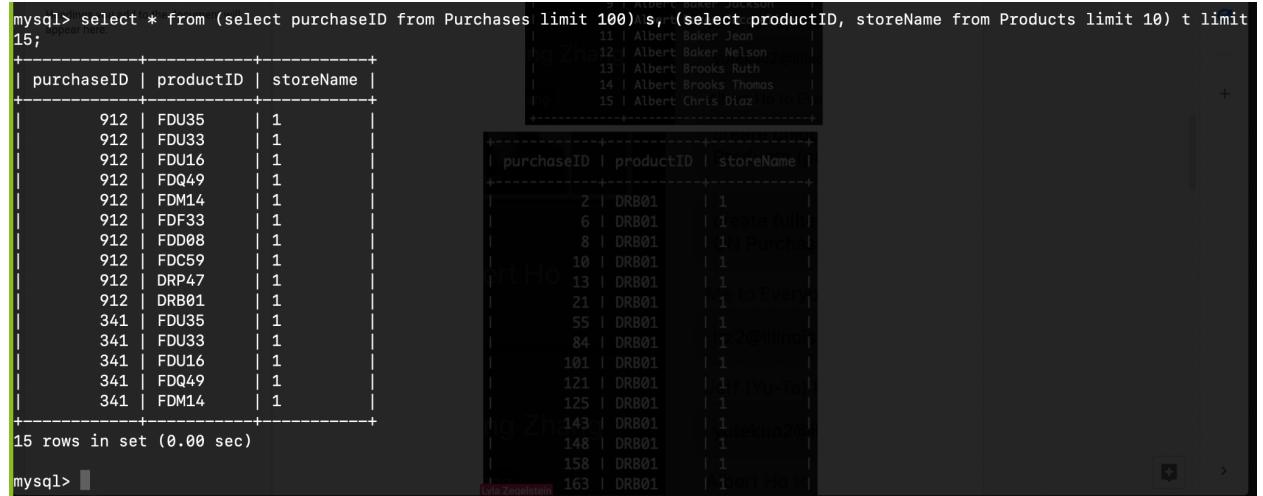
```
SELECT purchaseID, Customers.customerID, Customers.name
FROM Purchases
JOIN Customers ON Purchases.purchaseID = Customers.customerID
WHERE name like "A%" ;
```



```
mysql> select purchaseID, Customers.customerID, Customers.name from Purchases join Customers on Purchases.purchaseID = Customers.customerID where name like "A%"  
-> limit 15;  
+-----+-----+-----+  
| purchaseID | customerID | name |  
+-----+-----+-----+  
| 1 | 1 | Albert Alice Debra |  
| 2 | 2 | Albert Alice Sanchez |  
| 3 | 3 | Albert Annie Gerald |  
| 4 | 4 | Albert Anthony Alexander |  
| 5 | 5 | Albert Anthony Jackson |  
| 6 | 6 | Albert Anthony Wanda |  
| 7 | 7 | Albert Bailey Stephen |  
| 8 | 8 | Albert Baker Carlos |  
| 9 | 9 | Albert Baker Jackson |  
| 10 | 10 | Albert Baker Jacqueline |  
| 11 | 11 | Albert Baker Jean |  
| 12 | 12 | Albert Baker Nelson |  
| 13 | 13 | Albert Brooks Ruth |  
| 14 | 14 | Albert Brooks Thomas |  
| 15 | 15 | Albert Chris Diaz |  
+-----+-----+-----+  
15 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

### Advanced Query #2:

```
SELECT *
FROM (SELECT purchaseID
      FROM Purchases limit 100) s,
      (SELECT productID, storeName
        FROM Products LIMIT 10) t;
```



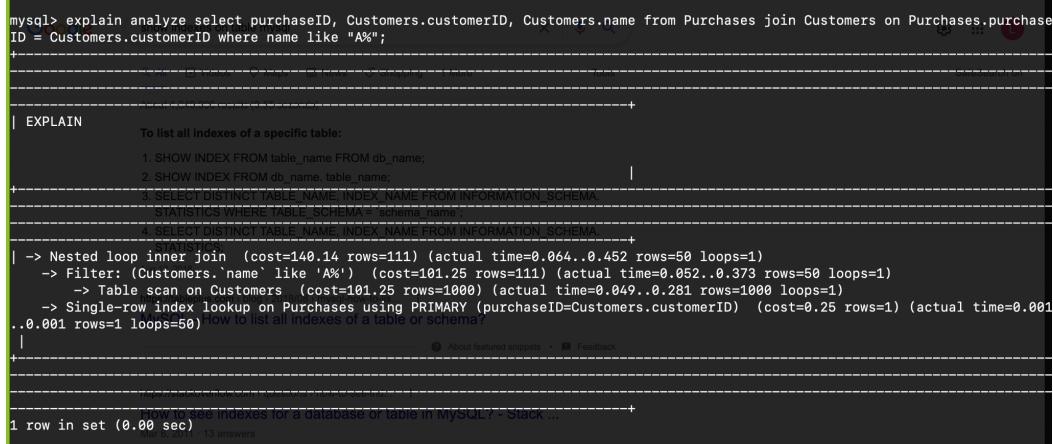
```
mysql> select * from (select purchaseID from Purchases limit 100) s, (select productID, storeName from Products limit 10) t limit 15;  
+-----+-----+-----+-----+  
| purchaseID | productID | storeName |  
+-----+-----+-----+  
| 912 | FDU35 | 1 |  
| 912 | FDU33 | 1 |  
| 912 | FDU16 | 1 |  
| 912 | FDQ49 | 1 |  
| 912 | FDM14 | 1 |  
| 912 | FDF33 | 1 |  
| 912 | FDD08 | 1 |  
| 912 | FDC59 | 1 |  
| 912 | DRP47 | 1 |  
| 912 | DRB01 | 1 |  
| 341 | FDU35 | 1 |  
| 341 | FDU33 | 1 |  
| 341 | FDU16 | 1 |  
| 341 | FDQ49 | 1 |  
| 341 | FDM14 | 1 |  
+-----+-----+-----+  
15 rows in set (0.00 sec)  
mysql>
```

## Indexing Analysis:

### First Advanced Query:

1. Create index **purchases** on the Primary Key, Customers.customerID

```
mysql> explain analyze select purchaseID, Customers.customerID, Customers.name from Purchases join Customers on Purchases.purchaseID = Customers.customerID where name like "A%";
```



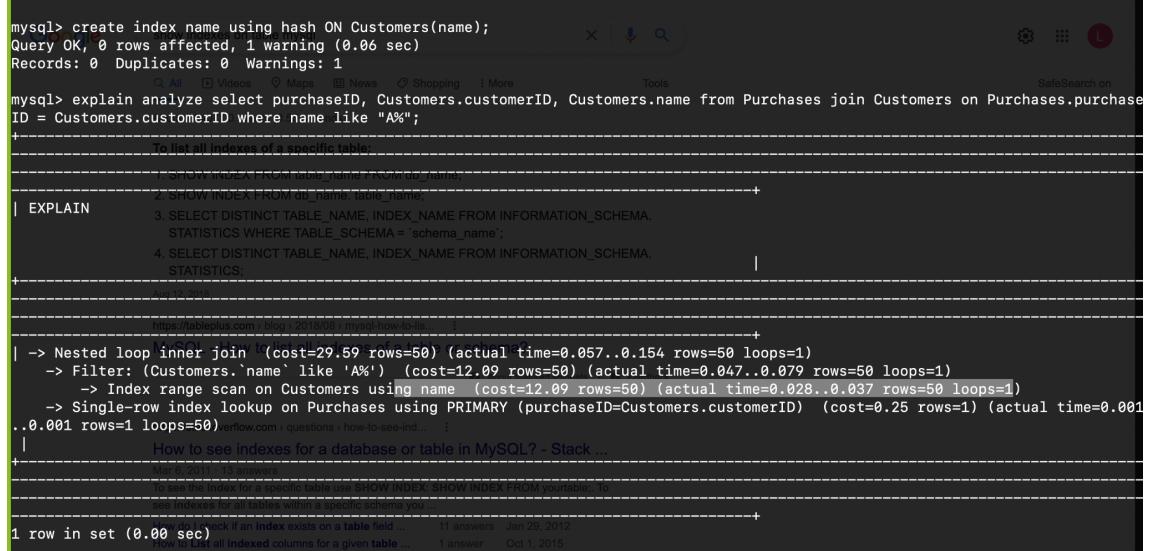
The screenshot shows the MySQL command line interface with the following output:

```
+-----+  
| EXPLAIN To list all indexes of a specific table:  
| 1. SHOW INDEX FROM table_name FROM db_name;  
| 2. SHOW INDEX FROM db_name.table_name;  
| 3. SELECT DISTINCT TABLE_NAME, INDEX_NAME FROM INFORMATION_SCHEMA.  
|   STATISTICS WHERE TABLE_SCHEMA = 'schema_name';  
| 4. SELECT DISTINCT TABLE_NAME, INDEX_NAME FROM INFORMATION_SCHEMA.  
|   STATISTICS WHERE TABLE_SCHEMA = 'schema_name';  
|  
| -> Nested loop inner join (cost=140.14 rows=111) (actual time=0.064..0.452 rows=50 loops=1)  
|   -> Filter: (Customers.`name` like 'A%') (cost=101.25 rows=111) (actual time=0.052..0.373 rows=50 loops=1)  
|     -> Table scan on Customers (cost=101.25 rows=1000) (actual time=0.049..0.281 rows=1000 loops=1)  
|     -> Single-row index lookup on Purchases using PRIMARY (purchaseID=Customers.customerID) (cost=0.25 rows=1) (actual time=0.001  
|       ..0.001 rows=1 loops=50)  
|  
+-----+  
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

Time it takes to finish scanning:  $0.373 - 0.052 = 0.321$  seconds

2. Create index **name** on Customers.name (USING hash)

```
mysql> create index name using hash ON Customers(name);  
Query OK, 0 rows affected, 1 warning (0.06 sec)  
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 1  
  
mysql> explain analyze select purchaseID, Customers.customerID, Customers.name from Purchases join Customers on Purchases.purchaseID = Customers.customerID where name like "A%";
```



The screenshot shows the MySQL command line interface with the following output:

```
+-----+  
| EXPLAIN To list all indexes of a specific table:  
| 1. SHOW INDEX FROM table_name FROM db_name;  
| 2. SHOW INDEX FROM db_name.table_name;  
| 3. SELECT DISTINCT TABLE_NAME, INDEX_NAME FROM INFORMATION_SCHEMA.  
|   STATISTICS WHERE TABLE_SCHEMA = 'schema_name';  
| 4. SELECT DISTINCT TABLE_NAME, INDEX_NAME FROM INFORMATION_SCHEMA.  
|   STATISTICS:  
|  
| -> Nested loop inner join (cost=29.59 rows=50) (actual time=0.057..0.154 rows=50 loops=1)  
|   -> Filter: (Customers.`name` like 'A%') (cost=12.09 rows=50) (actual time=0.047..0.079 rows=50 loops=1)  
|     -> Index range scan on Customers using name (cost=12.09 rows=50) (actual time=0.028..0.037 rows=50 loops=1)  
|     -> Single-row index lookup on Purchases using PRIMARY (purchaseID=Customers.customerID) (cost=0.25 rows=1) (actual time=0.001  
|       ..0.001 rows=1 loops=50)  
|  
+-----+  
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

Time it takes to finish scanning:  $0.037 - 0.028 = 0.009$  seconds

3. Create index **names** on Customers.name (USING btree)

```
mysql> create index names using btree on Customers (customerID); -Te Kuo
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.07 sec)
Records: 0  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0

mysql> explain analyze select purchaseID, Customers.customerID, Customers.name from Purchases join Customers on Purchases.purchaseID = Customers.customerID where name like "A%";
+-----+
| DDL Commands for creating L... |
+-----+
| EXPLAIN Advanced Query: |
+-----+
| 2. Create index names on Customers.name (USING btree) |
+-----+
| -> Nested loop inner join (cost=29.59 rows=50) (actual time=0.035..0.093 rows=50 loops=1)
   -> Filter: (Customers.`name` like 'A%') (cost=12.09 rows=50) (actual time=0.026..0.040 rows=50 loops=1)
      -> Index range scan on Customers using name (cost=12.09 rows=50) (actual time=0.022..0.031 rows=50 loops=1)
      -> Single-row index lookup on Purchases using PRIMARY (purchaseID=Customers.customerID) (cost=0.25 rows=1) (actual time=0.001 rows=1 loops=50)
| |
+-----+
| Create Customers (customerID),
  Explain analyze select purchaseID, Customers.customerID, Customers.name
  from Purchases join Customers on Purchases.purchaseID
  where Customers.customerID like "A%" |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

Time it takes to finish scanning:  $0.031 - 0.022 = 0.009$  seconds

## Second Advanced Query:

1. Create index **Test1** on Primary Key, Customers.customerID

```
mysql> explain analyze select * from (select purchaseID from Purchases limit 100) s, (select productID, storeName from Products limit 10) t
+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| 4. Execute your advanced SQL queries and provide a screenshot of the top 15 rows or each query result (you can use the LIMIT clause to select the top 15 rows for each query result). | 5. Indexing: As a team, for each advanced query, MySQL using SQL statements. Please see this page. | 6. Explain: Explain the following query and provide a screenshot of the EXPLAIN output. | 7. Report the index design you all select and explain why you chose it, referencing the analysis you performed in ii). | 8. Database implementation is worth 7.5% and is graded (as a group) as follows: | 9. Application implementation is worth 10% and is graded (as a group) as follows: | 10. Help |
```

Time it takes to finish scanning:  $0.023 - 0.017 = 0.006$  seconds

2. Create index **Test1** on Purchases.purchaseID (USING hash)

Time it takes to finish scanning: 0.006 seconds

3. Create index **Test1** on Purchases.purchaseID (USING btree)

Time it takes to finish scanning: 0.007 seconds

### **Report for advanced queries:**

For the first advanced query, to find the best index, we first used the default index, which created an index based on the primary key, and found that it took 0.321 seconds to complete. Next, we created the index based on Customers.name using hash, and found that it only took 0.009 seconds to execute the query, which is an improvement. Lastly, we created an index based on Customers.name again, but used b-tree instead. It took the same amount of time to finish as using a hash for Customers.name. Either one of the later two cases will be our choice.

For the second advanced query, to find the best index, we first tried to use the default index, and found that it took 0.006 seconds to terminate. Then, we created the index based on Purchases.purchaseID using hash, and found that it took 0.006 seconds to execute the query, which is the same as the previous case. Lastly, we created an index based on Purchases.purchaseID again, but we used b-tree this time, and it came out that it took 0.007 seconds which is a little bit longer. Either one of the first two cases will be our choice.