

Installation Playwright Test was created specifically to accommodate the needs of end-to-end testing. Playwright supports all modern rendering engines including Chromium, WebKit, and Firefox. Test on Windows, Linux, and macOS, locally or on CI, headless or headed with native mobile emulation of Google Chrome for Android and Mobile Safari. You will learn How to install Playwright What's Installed How to run the example test How to open the HTML test report Installing Playwright Get started by installing Playwright using npm or yarn. Alternatively you can also get started and run your tests using the VS Code Extension. `npm install playwright` `yarn add playwright` `npm init playwright@latest` `yarn create playwright` `npm dlx create-playwright` Run the install command and select the following to get started: Choose between TypeScript or JavaScript (default is TypeScript) Name of your Tests folder (default is tests or e2e if you already have a tests folder in your project) Add a GitHub Actions workflow to easily run tests on CI Install Playwright browsers (default is true) What's Installed Playwright will download the browsers needed as well as create the following files. `playwright.config.ts` `package.json` `package-lock.json` `tests/ example.spec.ts` `tests-examples/ demo-todo-app.spec.ts` The `playwright.config` is where you can add configuration for Playwright including modifying which browsers you would like to run Playwright on. If you are running tests inside an already existing project then dependencies will be added directly to your `package.json`. The tests folder contains a basic example test to help you get started with testing. For a more detailed example check out the tests-examples folder which contains tests written to test a todo app. Running the Example Test By default tests will be run on all 3 browsers, chromium, firefox and webkit using 3 workers. This can be configured in the `playwright.config` file. Tests are run in headless mode meaning no browser will open up when running the tests. Results of the tests and test logs will be shown in the terminal. `npx playwright test` See our doc on Running Tests to learn more about running tests in headed mode, running multiple tests, running specific tests etc. Run your tests with UI Mode for a better developer experience with time travel debugging, watch mode and more. `npx playwright test --ui` HTML Test Reports Once your test has finished running a HTML Reporter will have been created which shows you a full report of your tests allowing you to filter the report by browsers, passed tests, failed tests, skipped tests and flaky tests. You can click on each test and explore the test's errors as well as each step of the test. By default, the HTML report is opened automatically if some of the tests failed. `npx playwright show-report` System requirements Node.js 16+ Windows 10+, Windows Server 2016+ or Windows Subsystem for Linux (WSL). MacOS 12 Monterey or MacOS 13 Ventura. Debian 11, Ubuntu 20.04 or Ubuntu 22.04. What's next Write tests using web first assertions, page fixtures and locators Run single test, multiple tests, headed mode Generate tests with Codegen See a trace of your tests

Writing tests Playwright tests are simple, they perform actions, and assert the state against expectations. There is no need to wait for anything prior to performing an action: Playwright automatically waits for the wide range of actionability checks to pass prior to performing each action. There is also no need to deal with the race conditions when performing the checks - Playwright assertions are designed in a way that they describe the expectations that need to be eventually met. That's it! These design choices allow Playwright users to forget about flaky timeouts and racy checks in their tests altogether. You will learn How to write the first test How to perform actions How to use

assertionsHow tests run in isolationHow to use test hooksFirst test Take a look at the following example to see how to write a test.

```

import { test, expect } from '@playwright/test';
test('has title', async ({ page }) => {
  await page.goto('https://playwright.dev/');
  // Expect a title "to contain" a substring.
  await expect(page).toHaveTitle(/Playwright/);
});
test('get started link', async ({ page }) => {
  await page.goto('https://playwright.dev/');
  // Click the get started link.
  await page.getByRole('link', { name: 'Get started' }).click();
  // Expects the URL to contain intro.
  await expect(page).toHaveURL(/.*intro/);
});

```

noteAdd // @ts-check at the start of each test file when using JavaScript in VS Code to get automatic type checking.

Actions

Navigation

Most of the tests will start with navigating page to the URL. After that, test will be able to interact with the page elements.

```

await page.goto('https://playwright.dev/');

```

Playwright will wait for page to reach the load state prior to moving forward. Learn more about the `page.goto()` options.

Interactions

Performing actions starts with locating the elements. Playwright uses Locators API for that. Locators represent a way to find element(s) on the page at any moment, learn more about the different types of locators available. Playwright will wait for the element to be actionable prior to performing the action, so there is no need to wait for it to become available.

```

// Create a locator
const getStarted = page.getByRole('link', { name: 'Get started' });
// Click it.
await getStarted.click();

```

In most cases, it'll be written in one line:

```

await page.getByRole('link', { name: 'Get started' }).click();

```

Basic actions

This is the list of the most popular Playwright actions. Note that there are many more, so make sure to check the Locator API section to learn more about them.

ActionDescription

- `locator.check()` Check the input checkbox
- `locator.click()` Click the element
- `locator.uncheck()` Uncheck the input checkbox
- `locator.hover()` Hover mouse over the element
- `locator.fill()` Fill the form field (fast)
- `locator.focus()` Focus the element
- `locator.press()` Press single key
- `locator.setInputFiles()` Pick files to upload
- `locator.selectOption()` Select option in the drop down
- `locator.type()` Type text character by character (slow)

Assertions

Playwright includes test assertions in the form of expect function. To make an assertion, call `expect(value)` and choose a matcher that reflects the expectation. There are many generic matchers like `toEqual`, `toContain`, `toBeTruthy` that can be used to assert any conditions.

```

expect(success).toBeTruthy();

```

Playwright also includes async matchers that will wait until the expected condition is met. Using these matchers allows making the tests non-flaky and resilient. For example, this code will wait until the page gets the title containing "Playwright":

```

await expect(page).toHaveTitle(/Playwright/);

```

Here is the list of the most popular async assertions. Note that there are many more to get familiar with:

ActionDescription

- `expect(locator).toBeChecked()` Checkbox is checked
- `expect(locator).toBeEnabled()` Control is enabled
- `expect(locator).toBeVisible()` Element is visible
- `expect(locator).toContainText()` Element contains text
- `expect(locator).toHaveAttribute()` Element has attribute
- `expect(locator).toHaveCount()` List of elements has given length
- `expect(locator).toHaveText()` Element matches text
- `expect(locator).toHaveValue()` Input element has value
- `expect(page).toHaveTitle()` Page has title
- `expect(page).toHaveURL()` Page has URL
- `expect(page).toHaveScreenshot()` Page has screenshot

Test Isolation

Playwright Test is based on the concept of test fixtures such as the built in page fixture, which is

passed into your test. Pages are isolated between tests due to the Browser Context, which is equivalent to a brand new browser profile, where every test gets a fresh environment, even when multiple tests run in a single Browser.

tests/example.spec.ts

```
test('basic test', async ({ page }) => { // ...});
```

Using Test Hooks You can use various test hooks such as `test.describe` to declare a group of tests and `test.beforeEach` and `test.afterEach` which are executed before/after each test. Other hooks include the `test.beforeAll` and `test.afterAll` which are executed once per worker before/after all tests.

tests/example.spec.ts

```
import { test, expect } from '@playwright/test';
test.describe('navigation', () => {
  test.beforeEach(async ({ page }) => { // Go to the starting url before each test.
    await page.goto('https://playwright.dev/');
  });
  test('main navigation', async ({ page }) => { // Assertions use the expect API.
    await expect(page).toHaveURL('https://playwright.dev/');
  });
});
```

What's Next Run single test, multiple tests, headed mode

Generate tests with Codegen See a trace of your tests

Running tests You can run a single test, a set of tests or all tests. Tests can be run on one browser or multiple browsers. By default tests are run in a headless manner meaning no browser window will be opened while running the tests and results will be seen in the terminal. You will learn

How to run tests from the command line

How to debug tests

How to open the HTML test reporter

Run tests in UI Mode Run your tests with UI Mode for a better developer experience with time travel debugging, watch mode and more.

Command Line Running all tests

```
npx playwright test
```

Running a single test

```
file npx playwright test landing-page.spec.ts
```

Run a set of test files

```
npx playwright test tests/todo-page/ tests/landing-page/
```

Run files that have landing or login in the file name

```
npx playwright test landing login
```

Run the test with the title

```
npx playwright test -g "add a todo item"
```

Running tests in headed mode

```
npx playwright test landing-page.spec.ts --headed
```

Running tests on a specific project

```
npx playwright test landing-page.ts --project=chromium
```

Debugging Tests Since Playwright runs in Node.js, you can debug it with your debugger of choice e.g. using `console.log` or inside your IDE or directly in VS Code with the VS Code Extension. Playwright comes with the Playwright Inspector which allows you to step through Playwright API calls, see their debug logs and explore locators.

Debugging all tests

```
npx playwright test --debug
```

Debugging one test file

```
npx playwright test example.spec.ts --debug
```

Debugging a test from the line number where the test(.. is defined

```
npx playwright test example.spec.ts:10 --debug
```

Check out our debugging guide to learn more about the Playwright Inspector as well as debugging with Browser Developer tools.

Test Reports The HTML Reporter shows you a full report of your tests allowing you to filter the report by browsers, passed tests, failed tests, skipped tests and flaky tests. By default, the HTML report is opened automatically if some of the tests failed.

```
npx playwright show-report
```

You can click on each test and explore the tests errors as well as each step of the test.

What's Next Generate tests with Codegen

See a trace of your tests

Test generator Playwright comes with the ability to generate tests out of the box and is a great way to quickly get started with testing. It will open two windows, a browser window where you interact with the website you wish to test and the Playwright Inspector window where you can record your tests, copy the tests, clear your tests as well as change the language of your tests. You will learn

How to record a test

How to generate locators Your browser does not support the video tag.

Running Codegen Use the `codegen` command to run the test generator followed by the URL of the website you

want to generate tests for. The URL is optional and you can always run the command without it and then add the URL directly into the browser window instead.`npx playwright codegen demo.playwright.dev/todomvc`Recording a test Run codegen and perform actions in the browser. Playwright will generate the code for the user interactions. Codegen will look at the rendered page and figure out the recommended locator, prioritizing role, text and test id locators. If the generator identifies multiple elements matching the locator, it will improve the locator to make it resilient and uniquely identify the target element, therefore eliminating and reducing test(s) failing and flaking due to locators.

Generating locators

You can generate locators with the test generator. Press the 'Record' button to stop the recording and the 'Pick Locator' button will appear. Click on the 'Pick Locator' button and then hover over elements in the browser window to see the locator highlighted underneath each element. To choose a locator click on the element you would like to locate and the code for that locator will appear in the field next to the Pick Locator button. You can then edit the locator in this field to fine tune it or use the copy button to copy it and paste it into your code.

Emulation

You can also generate tests using emulation so as to generate a test for a specific viewport, device, color scheme, as well as emulate the geolocation, language or timezone. The test generator can also generate a test while preserving authenticated state. Check out the Test Generator guide to learn more.

What's Next

See a trace of your tests

Trace viewer

Playwright Trace Viewer is a GUI tool that lets you explore recorded Playwright traces of your tests meaning you can go back and forward through each action of your test and visually see what was happening during each action. You will learn

How to record a trace

How to open the HTML report

How to open and view the trace

Recording a Trace

By default the `playwright.config` file will contain the configuration needed to create a trace.zip file for each test. Traces are setup to run on-first-retry meaning they will be run on the first retry of a failed test. Also retries are set to 2 when running on CI and 0 locally. This means the traces will be recorded on the first retry of a failed test but not on the first run and not on the second retry.

```
playwright.config.tsimport { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test';export default defineConfig({  retries: process.env.CI ? 2 : 0, // set to 2 when running on CI // ...  use: {    trace: 'on-first-retry', // record traces on first retry of each test  },});
```

To learn more about available options to record a trace check out our detailed guide on Trace Viewer.

Traces are normally run in a Continuous Integration(CI) environment as locally you can use debugging methods to debug tests. However should you want to run traces locally you can force tracing to be on with `--trace on`. ``` npx playwright test --trace on ``` **note** The trace-on flag was introduced in Playwright v1.25. Check your package.json to make sure you have at least this version of Playwright installed. Opening the HTML Report The HTML report shows you a report of all your tests that have been ran and on which browsers as well as how long they took. Tests can be filtered by passed tests, failed, flakey or skipped tests. You can also search for a particular test. Clicking on a test will open the detailed view where you can see more information on your tests such as the errors, the test steps and the trace. ``` npx playwright show-report ``` In the HTML report click on the trace icon next to the test name file name to directly open the trace for the required test. You can also click open the detailed view of the test and scroll down to the 'Traces' tab and open the trace by clicking on the trace screenshot. To learn more about reporters check out our detailed guide on reporters including the HTML

Reporter.Viewing the Trace View traces of your test by clicking through each action or hovering using the timeline and see the state of the page before and after the action. Inspect the log, source and network during each step of the test. The trace viewer creates a DOM snapshot so you can fully interact with it, open devtools etc.To learn more about traces check out our detailed guide on Trace Viewer.

UI ModeUI Mode let's you explore, run and debug tests with a time travel experience complete with watch mode. All test files are loaded into the testing sidebar where you can expand each file and describe block to individually run, view, watch and debug each test. Filter tests by text or @tag or by passed, failed and skipped tests as well as by projects as set in your playwright.config file. See a full trace of your tests and hover back and forward over each action to see what was happening during each step and pop out the DOM snapshot to a separate window for a better debugging experience.

Running tests in UI Mode To open UI mode, run the following command:`npx playwright test --ui`Filtering tests Filter tests by text or @tag or by passed, failed or skipped tests. You can also filter by projects as set in your playwright.config file. If you are using project dependencies make sure to run your setup tests first before running the tests that depend on them. The UI mode will not take into consideration the setup tests and therefore you will have to manually run them first.

Running your tests Once you launch UI Mode you will see a list of all your test files. You can run all your tests by clicking the triangle icon in the sidebar. You can also run a single test file, a block of tests or a single test by hovering over the name and clicking on the triangle next to it.

Viewing test traces Traces are shown for each test that has been run, so to see the trace, click on one of the test names. Note that you won't see any trace results if you click on the name of the test file or the name of a describe block.

Actions and metadata In the Actions tab you can see what locator was used for every action and how long each one took to run. Hover over each action of your test and visually see the change in the DOM snapshot. Go back and forward in time and click an action to inspect and debug. Use the Before and After tabs to visually see what happened before and after the action. Next to the Actions tab you will find the Metadata tab which will show you more information on your test such as the Browser, viewport size, test duration and more.

Source, console, log and network As you hover over each action of your test the source code for the test is highlighted below. Click on the source tab to see the source code for the entire test. Click on the console tab to see the console logs for each action. Click on the log tab to see the logs for each action. Click on the network tab to see the network logs for each action.

Attachments The "Attachments" tab allows you to explore attachments. If you're doing visual regression testing, you'll be able to compare screenshots by examining the image diff, the actual image and the expected image. When you click on the expected image you can use the slider to slide one image over the other so you can easily see the differences in your screenshots.

Pop out and inspect the DOM Pop out the DOM snapshot into it's own window for a better debugging experience by clicking on the pop out icon above the DOM snapshot. From there you can open the browser DevTools and inspect the HTML, CSS, Console etc. Go back to UI Mode and click on another action and pop that one out to easily compare the two side by side or debug each individually.

Timeline view At the top of the trace you can see a timeline view of each action of your test. Hover back and forth to see an image snapshot for each action.

Pick locator Click on the pick locator button and hover over the

DOM snapshot to see the locator for each element highlighted as you hover. Click on an element to save the locator into the pick locator field. You can then copy the locator and paste it into your test.

Watch mode Next to the name of each test in the sidebar you will find an eye icon. Clicking on the icon will activate watch mode which will re-run the test when you make changes to it. You can watch a number of tests at the same time by clicking the eye icon next to each one or all tests by clicking the eye icon at the top of the sidebar. If you are using VS Code then you can easily open your test by clicking on the file icon next to the eye icon. This will open your test in VS Code right at the line of code that you clicked on.

Docker & GitHub Codespaces For Docker and GitHub Codespaces environments, you can run UI mode in the browser. In order for an endpoint to be accessible outside of the container, it needs to be bound to the 0.0.0.0 interface: `npx playwright test --ui-host=0.0.0.0` In the case of GitHub Codespaces, the port gets forwarded automatically, so you can open UI mode in the browser by clicking on the link in the terminal. To have a static port, you can pass the `--ui-port` flag: `npx playwright test --ui-port=8080 --ui-host=0.0.0.0`

Be aware that when specifying the `--ui-host=0.0.0.0` flag, UI Mode with your traces, the passwords and secrets is accessible from other machines inside your network. In the case of GitHub Codespaces, the ports are only accessible from your account by default.

CI GitHub Actions When installing Playwright you are given the option to add a GitHub Actions. This creates a `playwright.yml` file inside a `.github/workflows` folder containing everything you need so that your tests run on each push and pull request into the main/master branch.

What you will learn: GitHub Actions Create a Repo and Push to GitHub Opening the Workflows Viewing Test Logs HTML Report Downloading the HTML Report Viewing the HTML Report Viewing the Trace What's Next

GitHub Actions Tests will run on push or pull request on branches main/master. The workflow will install all dependencies, install Playwright and then run the tests. It will also create the HTML report.

```
name: Playwright Test
on: push:
  branches: [main, master]
pull_request:
  branches: [main, master]
jobs:
  test:
    timeout-minutes: 60
    runs-on: ubuntu-latest
    steps:
      - uses: actions/checkout@v3
      - uses: actions/setup-node@v3
        with:
          node-version: 18
      - name: Install dependencies
        run: npm ci
      - name: Install Playwright Browsers
        run: npx playwright install --with-deps
      - name: Run Playwright tests
        run: npx playwright test
      - uses: actions/upload-artifact@v3
        if: always()
        with:
          name: playwright-report
          path: playwright-report/
          retention-days: 30
```

Create a Repo and Push to GitHub Create a repo on GitHub and create a new repository or push an existing repository. Follow the instructions on GitHub and don't forget to initialize a git repository using the `git init` command so you can add, commit and push your code.

Opening the Workflows Click on the Actions tab to see the workflows. Here you will see if your tests have passed or failed.

On Pull Requests you can also click on the Details link in the PR status check.

Viewing Test Logs Clicking on the workflow run will show you all the actions that GitHub performed and clicking on Run Playwright tests will show the error messages, what was expected and what was received as well as the call log.

HTML Report The HTML Report shows you a full report of your tests. You can filter the report by browsers, passed tests, failed tests, skipped tests and flaky tests.

Downloading the HTML Report In the Artifacts section click on the `playwright-report` to download your report in the format of a zip file.

Viewing the HTML Report Locally opening the report will not work as expected as

you need a web server in order for everything to work correctly. First, extract the zip, preferably in a folder that already has Playwright installed. Using the command line change into the directory where the report is and use `npx playwright show-report` followed by the name of the extracted folder. This will serve up the report and enable you to view it in your browser. `npx playwright show-report name-of-my-extracted-playwright-report` To learn more about reports check out our detailed guide on [HTML ReporterViewing the Trace](#) Once you have served the report using `npx playwright show-report`, click on the trace icon next to the test's file name as seen in the image above. You can then view the trace of your tests and inspect each action to try to find out why the tests are failing. To learn more about traces check out our detailed guide on [Trace Viewer](#). To learn more about running tests on CI check out our detailed guide on [Continuous Integration](#). What's Next [Learn how to use Locators](#) [Learn how to perform Actions](#) [Learn how to write Assertions](#)

Getting started - VS Code Playwright Test was created specifically to accommodate the needs of end-to-end testing. Playwright supports all modern rendering engines including Chromium, WebKit, and Firefox. Test on Windows, Linux, and macOS, locally or on CI, headless or headed with native mobile emulation of Google Chrome for Android and Mobile Safari. Get started by installing Playwright and generating a test to see it in action. Alternatively you can also get started and run your tests using the CLI.

Installation Install the VS Code extension from the marketplace or from the extensions tab in VS Code. Once installed, open the command panel and type: `Install Playwright` Select Test: Install Playwright and Choose the browsers you would like to run your tests on. These can be later configured in the `playwright.config` file. You can also choose if you would like to have a GitHub Actions setup to run your tests on CI.

Running Tests You can run a single test by clicking the green triangle next to your test block to run your test. Playwright will run through each line of the test and when it finishes you will see a green tick next to your test block as well as the time it took to run the test.

Run Tests and Show Browsers You can also run your tests and show the browsers by selecting the option Show Browsers in the testing sidebar. Then when you click the green triangle to run your test the browser will open and you will visually see it run through your test. Leave this selected if you want browsers open for all your tests or uncheck it if you prefer your tests to run in headless mode with no browser open. Use the Close all browsers button to close all browsers.

View and Run All Tests View all tests in the testing sidebar and extend the tests by clicking on each test. Tests that have not been run will not have the green check next to them. Run all tests by clicking on the white triangle as you hover over the tests in the testing sidebar.

Run Tests on Specific Browsers The VS Code test runner runs your tests on the default browser of Chrome. To run on other/multiple browsers click the play button's dropdown and choose another profile or modify the default profile by clicking Select Default Profile and select the browsers you wish to run your tests on. Choose various or all profiles to run tests on multiple profiles. These profiles are read from the `playwright.config` file. To add more profiles such as a mobile profile, first add it to your config file and it will then be available here.

Debugging Tests With the VS Code extension you can debug your tests right in VS Code see error messages, create breakpoints and live debug your tests.

Error Messages If your test fails VS Code will show you error messages right in the editor showing what was expected, what was received as well as a complete call

log.Live Debugging You can debug your test live in VS Code. After running a test with the Show Browser option checked, click on any of the locators in VS Code and it will be highlighted in the Browser window. Playwright will highlight it if it exists and show you if there is more than one result. You can also edit the locators in VS Code and Playwright will show you the changes live in the browser window.

Run in Debug Mode To set a breakpoint click next to the line number where you want the breakpoint to be until a red dot appears. Run the tests in debug mode by right clicking on the line next to the test you want to run. A browser window will open and the test will run and pause at where the breakpoint is set. You can step through the tests, pause the test and rerun the tests from the menu in VS Code.

Debug in different Browsers By default debugging is done using the Chromium profile. You can debug your tests on different browsers by right clicking on the debug icon in the testing sidebar and clicking on the 'Select Default Profile' option from the dropdown. Then choose the test profile you would like to use for debugging your tests. Each time you run your test in debug mode it will use the profile you selected. You can run tests in debug mode by right clicking the line number where your test is and selecting 'Debug Test' from the menu. To learn more about debugging, see [Debugging in Visual Studio Code](#).

Generating Tests CodeGen will auto generate your tests for you as you perform actions in the browser and is a great way to quickly get started. The viewport for the browser window is set to a specific width and height. See the [configuration guide](#) to change the viewport or emulate different environments.

Record a New Test To record a test click on the Record new button from the Testing sidebar. This will create a test-1.spec.ts file as well as open up a browser window. In the browser go to the URL you wish to test and start clicking around. Playwright will record your actions and generate a test for you. Once you are done recording click the cancel button or close the browser window. You can then inspect your test-1.spec.ts file and see your generated test. Your browser does not support the video tag.

Record at Cursor To record from a specific point in your test file click the Record at cursor button from the Testing sidebar. This generates actions into the existing test at the current cursor position. You can run the test, position the cursor at the end of the test and continue generating the test.

Picking a Locator Pick a locator and copy it into your test file by clicking the Pick locator button from the testing sidebar. Then in the browser click the element you require and it will now show up in the Pick locator box in VS Code. Press 'enter' on your keyboard to copy the locator into the clipboard and then paste anywhere in your code. Or press 'escape' if you want to cancel. Playwright will look at your page and figure out the best locator, prioritizing role, text and test id locators. If the generator finds multiple elements matching the locator, it will improve the locator to make it resilient and uniquely identify the target element, so you don't have to worry about failing tests due to locators.

What's next Write tests using web first assertions, page fixtures and locators. See [test reports](#). See [a trace of your tests](#).

Release notes Version 1.36 Ø<ßÝp Summer maintenance release.

Browser Versions Chromium 115.0.5790.75 Mozilla Firefox 115.0 WebKit 17.0 This version was also tested against the following stable channels: Google Chrome 114 Microsoft Edge 114 Version 1.35

Highlights UI mode is now available in VS Code Playwright extension via a new "Show trace viewer" button: UI mode and trace viewer mark network requests handled with `page.route()` and `browserContext.route()` handlers, as well as those issued via the API

testing: New option `maskColor` for methods `page.screenshot()`, `locator.screenshot()`,

`expect(page).toHaveScreenshot()` and `expect(locator).toHaveScreenshot()` to change default masking color:
`await page.goto('https://playwright.dev');`
`await expect(page).toHaveScreenshot({ mask: [page.locator('img')], maskColor: '#00FF00', // green});`
New uninstall CLI command to uninstall browser binaries:
`$ npx playwright uninstall # remove browsers installed by this installation`
`$ npx playwright uninstall --all # remove all ever-install Playwright browsers`
Both UI mode and trace viewer now could be opened in a browser tab:
`$ npx playwright test --ui-port 0 # open UI mode in a tab on a random port`
`$ npx playwright show-trace --port 0 # open trace viewer in tab on a random port`

Breaking changes `playwright-core` binary got renamed from `playwright` to `playwright-core`. So if you use `playwright-core` CLI, make sure to update the name:
`$ npx playwright-core install # the new way to install browsers when using playwright-core`
 This change does not affect `@playwright/test` and `playwright` package users.

Browser Versions Chromium 115.0.5790.13 Mozilla Firefox 113.0 WebKit 16.4
 This version was also tested against the following stable channels: Google Chrome 114 Microsoft Edge 114 Version 1.34

Highlights UI Mode now shows steps, fixtures and attachments: New property `testProject.teardown` to specify a project that needs to run after this and all dependent projects have finished. Teardown is useful to cleanup any resources acquired by this project. A common pattern would be a setup dependency with a corresponding teardown:
`playwright.config.ts`
`import { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test';`
`export default defineConfig({ projects: [{ name: 'setup', testMatch: /global.setup\.ts/, teardown: 'teardown', }, { name: 'teardown', testMatch: /global.teardown\.ts/, }, { name: 'chromium', use: devices['Desktop Chrome'], dependencies: ['setup'], }, { name: 'firefox', use: devices['Desktop Firefox'], dependencies: ['setup'], }, { name: 'webkit', use: devices['Desktop Safari'], dependencies: ['setup'], },], });`

New method `expect.configure` to create pre-configured `expect` instance with its own defaults such as timeout and soft.
`const slowExpect = expect.configure({ timeout: 10000 });`
`await slowExpect(locator).toHaveText('Submit');`
Always do soft assertions.
`const softExpect = expect.configure({ soft: true });`

New options `stderr` and `stdout` in `testConfig.webServer` to configure output handling:
`playwright.config.ts`
`import { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test';`
`export default defineConfig({ // Run your local dev server before starting the tests webServer: { command: 'npm run start', url: 'http://127.0.0.1:3000', reuseExistingServer: !process.env.CI, stdout: 'pipe', stderr: 'pipe', }, });`

New locator `locator.and()` to create a locator that matches both locators.
`const button = page.getByRole('button').and(page.getByTitle('Subscribe'));`

New events `browserContext.on('console')` and `browserContext.on('dialog')` to subscribe to any dialogs and console messages from any page from the given browser context. Use the new methods `consoleMessage.page()` and `dialog.page()` to pin-point event source.

Breaking changes `npx playwright test` no longer works if you install both `playwright` and `@playwright/test`. There's no need to install both, since you can always import browser automation APIs from `@playwright/test` directly:
`automation.ts`
`import { chromium, firefox, webkit } from '@playwright/test';`
 /* ... */
Node.js 14 is no longer supported since it reached its end-of-life on April 30, 2023.

Browser Versions Chromium 114.0.5735.26 Mozilla Firefox 113.0 WebKit 16.4
 This version was also tested against the following stable channels: Google Chrome 113 Microsoft Edge 113 Version 1.33

Locators Update Use `locator.or()` to create a locator that matches either of the two locators.

Consider a scenario where you'd like to click on a "New email" button, but sometimes a security settings dialog shows up instead. In this case, you can wait for either a "New email" button, or a dialog and act accordingly:

```
const newEmail =
page.getByRole('button', { name: 'New email' });const dialog = page.getByText('Confirm
security settings');await expect(newEmail.or(dialog)).toBeVisible();if (await
dialog.isVisible()) await page.getByRole('button', { name: 'Dismiss' }).click();await
newEmail.click();Use new options hasNot and hasNotText in locator.filter() to find
elements that do not match certain conditions.const rowLocator =
page.locator('tr');await rowLocator  .filter({ hasNotText: 'text in column
1' })  .filter({ hasNot: page.getByRole('button', { name: 'column 2
button' }) })  .screenshot();Use new web-first assertion expect(locator).toBeAttached()
to ensure that the element is present in the page's DOM. Do not confuse with the
expect(locator).toBeVisible() that ensures that element is both attached & visible.New
APIs locator.or()New option hasNot in locator.filter()New option hasNotText in
locator.filter()expect(locator).toBeAttached()New option timeout in
route.fetch()reporter.onExit()& p Breaking change The mcr.microsoft.com/
playwright:v1.33.0 now serves a Playwright image based on Ubuntu Jammy. To use the
focal-based image, please use mcr.microsoft.com/playwright:v1.33.0-focal
instead.Browser Versions Chromium 113.0.5672.53Mozilla Firefox 112.0WebKit
16.4This version was also tested against the following stable channels:Google Chrome
112Microsoft Edge 112Version 1.32 Introducing UI Mode (preview) New UI Mode lets
you explore, run and debug tests. Comes with a built-in watch mode.Engage with a new
flag --ui:npx playwright test --uiNew APIs New options updateMode and updateContent
in page.routeFromHAR() and browserContext.routeFromHAR().Chaining existing
locator objects, see locator docs for details.New property testInfo.testId.New option
name in method tracing.startChunk().& p Breaking change in component tests Note:
component tests only, does not affect end-to-end tests.@playwright/experimental-ct-
react now supports React 18 only.If you're running component tests with React 16 or
17, please replace @playwright/experimental-ct-react with @playwright/experimental-ct-
react17.Browser Versions Chromium 112.0.5615.29Mozilla Firefox 111.0WebKit
16.4This version was also tested against the following stable channels:Google Chrome
111Microsoft Edge 111Version 1.31 New APIs New property testProject.dependencies
to configure dependencies between projects.Using dependencies allows global setup to
produce traces and other artifacts, see the setup steps in the test report and
more.playwright.config.tsimport { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test';export default
defineConfig({ projects: [ { name: 'setup', testMatch: /global.setup\.ts/, },
{ name: 'chromium', use: devices['Desktop Chrome'], dependencies:
['setup'], }, { name: 'firefox', use: devices['Desktop Firefox'], dependencies:
['setup'], }, { name: 'webkit', use: devices['Desktop Safari'], dependencies:
['setup'], }, ],});New assertion expect(locator).toBeInViewport() ensures that locator
points to an element that intersects viewport, according to the intersection observer
API.const button = page.getByRole('button');// Make sure at least some part of element
intersects viewport.await expect(button).toBeInViewport();// Make sure element is fully
outside of viewport.await expect(button).not.toBeInViewport();// Make sure that at least
half of the element intersects viewport.await expect(button).toBeInViewport({ ratio:
0.5 });Miscellaneous DOM snapshots in trace viewer can be now opened in a separate
```

window.New method `defineConfig` to be used in `playwright.config`. New option `Route.fetch.maxRedirects` for method `route.fetch()`. Playwright now supports Debian 11 arm64. Official docker images now include Node 18 instead of Node 16.

Breaking change in component tests Note: component tests only, does not affect end-to-end tests. `playwright-ct.config` configuration file for component testing now requires calling `defineConfig`.

Before

```

import { type PlaywrightTestConfig, devices } from '@playwright/experimental-ct-react';
const config: PlaywrightTestConfig = { // ... config goes here ... };
export default config;

```

Replace config variable definition with `defineConfig` call:

After

```

import { defineConfig, devices } from '@playwright/experimental-ct-react';
export default defineConfig({ // ... config goes here ... });

```

Browser Versions Chromium 111.0.5563.19 Mozilla Firefox 109.0 WebKit 16.4 This version was also tested against the following stable channels: Google Chrome 110 Microsoft Edge 110 Version 1.30

Browser Versions Chromium 110.0.5481.38 Mozilla Firefox 108.0.2 WebKit 16.4 This version was also tested against the following stable channels: Google Chrome 109 Microsoft Edge 109 Version 1.29

New APIs New method `route.fetch()` and new option `json` for `route.fulfill()`:

```

await page.route('**/api/settings', async route => { // Fetch original settings.
  const response = await route.fetch(); // Force settings theme to a predefined value.
  const json = await response.json();
  json.theme = 'Solorized'; // Fulfill with modified data.
  await route.fulfill({ json });
});

```

New method `locator.all()` to iterate over all matching elements:

```

// Check all checkboxes!
const checkboxes = page.getByRole('checkbox');
for (const checkbox of await checkboxes.all()) await checkbox.check();

```

`locator.selectOption()` matches now by value or label:

```

<select multiple>
  <option value="red">Red</div>
  <option value="green">Green</div>
  <option value="blue">Blue</div>
</select>
await element.selectOption('Red');

```

Retry blocks of code until all assertions pass:

```

await expect(async () => {
  const response = await page.request.get('https://api.example.com');
  await expect(response).toBeOK();
}).toPass();

```

Read more in our documentation. Automatically capture full page screenshot on test failure:

```

import { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test';
export default defineConfig({
  use: {
    screenshot: { mode: 'only-on-failure', fullPage: true, },
  },
});

```

Miscellaneous Playwright Test now respects `jsconfig.json`. New options `args` and `proxy` for `androidDevice.launchBrowser()`. Option `postData` in method `route.continue()` now supports `Serializable` values.

Browser Versions Chromium 109.0.5414.46 Mozilla Firefox 107.0 WebKit 16.4 This version was also tested against the following stable channels: Google Chrome 108 Microsoft Edge 108 Version 1.28

Playwright Tools Record at Cursor in VSCode. You can run the test, position the cursor at the end of the test and continue generating the test.

Live Locators in VSCode. You can hover and edit locators in VSCode to get them highlighted in the opened browser.

Live Locators in CodeGen. Generate a locator for any element on the page using "Explore" tool.

Codegen and Trace Viewer Dark Theme. Automatically picked up from operating system settings.

Test Runner Configure retries and test timeout for a file or a test with `test.describe.configure()`.

```

// Each test in the file will be retried twice and have a timeout of 20 seconds.
test.describe.configure({ retries: 2, timeout: 20_000 });
test('runs first', async ({ page }) => {});
test('runs second', async ({ page }) => {});

```

Use `testProject.snapshotPathTemplate` and `testConfig.snapshotPathTemplate` to configure a template controlling location of snapshots generated by `expect(page).toHaveScreenshot()` and

`expect(snapshot).toMatchSnapshot().playwright.config.ts` import { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test'; export default defineConfig({ testDir: './tests', snapshotPathTemplate: '{testDir}/__screenshots__/{testFilePath}/{arg}{ext}', });

New APIs
`locator.blur()`, `locator.clear()`, `android.launchServer()` and `android.connect()`, `androidDevice.on('close')`

Browser Versions
 Chromium 108.0.5359.29, Mozilla Firefox 106.0, WebKit 16.4. This version was also tested against the following stable channels: Google Chrome 107, Microsoft Edge 107, Version 1.27

Locators
 With these new APIs writing locators is a joy: `page.getByText()` to locate by text content, `page.getByRole()` to locate by ARIA role, ARIA attributes and accessible name, `page.getByLabel()` to locate a form control by associated label's text, `page.getByTestId()` to locate an element based on its data-testid attribute (other attribute can be configured), `page.getByPlaceholder()` to locate an input by placeholder, `page.getByAltText()` to locate an element, usually image, by its text alternative, `page.getByTitle()` to locate an element by its title.

await
`page.getByLabel('User Name').fill('John');`, `await page.getByLabel('Password').fill('secret-password');`, `await page.getByRole('button', { name: 'Sign in' }).click();`, `await expect(page.getByText('Welcome, John!')).toBeVisible();`

All the same methods are also available on `Locator`, `FrameLocator` and `Frame` classes.

Other highlights
workers option
 in the `playwright.config.ts` now accepts a percentage string to use some of the available CPUs. You can also pass it in the command line: `npx playwright test --workers=20%`

New options
`host` and `port` for the html reporter.

`import { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test'; export default defineConfig({ reporter: [['html'], { host: 'localhost', port: '9223' }], });`

New field
`FullConfig.configFile` is available to test reporters, specifying the path to the config file if any.

As announced in v1.25, Ubuntu 18 will not be supported as of Dec 2022. In addition to that, there will be no WebKit updates on Ubuntu 18 starting from the next Playwright release.

Behavior Changes
`expect(locator).toHaveAttribute()` with an empty value does not match missing attribute anymore. For example, the following snippet will succeed when button does not have a disabled attribute.

`await expect(page.getByRole('button')).toHaveAttribute('disabled', '');`

Command line options
`--grep` and `--grep-invert` previously incorrectly ignored `grep` and `grepInvert` options specified in the config. Now all of them are applied together.

Browser Versions
 Chromium 107.0.5304.18, Mozilla Firefox 105.0.1, WebKit 16.0. This version was also tested against the following stable channels: Google Chrome 106, Microsoft Edge 106, Version 1.26

Assertions
 New option enabled for `expect(locator).toBeEnabled()`.

`expect(locator).toHaveText()` now pierces open shadow roots.

New option `editable` for `expect(locator).toBeEditable()`.

New option `visible` for `expect(locator).toBeVisible()`.

Other highlights
 New option `maxRedirects` for `apiRequestContext.get()` and others to limit redirect count.

New command-line flag `--pass-with-no-tests` that allows the test suite to pass when no files are found.

New command-line flag `--ignore-snapshots` to skip snapshot expectations, such as `expect(value).toMatchSnapshot()` and `expect(page).toHaveScreenshot()`.

Behavior Change
 A bunch of Playwright APIs already support the `waitUntil: 'domcontentloaded'` option. For example: `await page.goto('https://playwright.dev', { waitUntil: 'domcontentloaded' });`

Prior to 1.26, this would wait for all iframes to fire the `DOMContentLoaded` event. To align with web specification, the `'domcontentloaded'` value only waits for the target frame to fire the `'DOMContentLoaded'` event. Use

waitUntil: 'load' to wait for all iframes. Browser Versions Chromium 106.0.5249.30 Mozilla Firefox 104.0 WebKit 16.0 This version was also tested against the following stable channels: Google Chrome 105 Microsoft Edge 105 Version 1.25 VSCode Extension Watch your tests running live & keep devtools open. Pick selector. Record new test from current page state. Test Runner test.step() now returns the value of the step function: test('should work', async ({ page }) => { const pageTitle = await test.step('get title', async () => { await page.goto('https://playwright.dev'); return await page.title(); }); console.log(pageTitle); }); Added test.describe.fixme(). New 'interrupted' test status. Enable tracing via CLI flag: npx playwright test --trace=on. Announcements

- We now ship Ubuntu 22.04 Jammy Jellyfish docker image: mcr.microsoft.com/playwright:v1.34.0-jammy
- This is the last release with macOS 10.15 support (deprecated as of 1.21).
- This is the last release with Node.js 12 support, we recommend upgrading to Node.js LTS (16).
- Ubuntu 18 is now deprecated and will not be supported as of Dec 2022.

Browser Versions Chromium 105.0.5195.19 Mozilla Firefox 103.0 WebKit 16.0 This version was also tested against the following stable channels: Google Chrome 104 Microsoft Edge 104 Version 1.24

Multiple Web Servers in playwright.config.ts

Launch multiple web servers, databases, or other processes by passing an array of configurations:

```
playwright.config.ts
import { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test';
export default defineConfig({
  webServer: [
    {
      command: 'npm run start',
      url: 'http://127.0.0.1:3000',
      timeout: 120 * 1000,
      reuseExistingServer: !process.env.CI,
    },
    {
      command: 'npm run backend',
      url: 'http://127.0.0.1:3333',
      timeout: 120 * 1000,
      reuseExistingServer: !process.env.CI,
    },
  ],
  use: {
    baseURL: 'http://localhost:3000/',
  },
});
```

Debian 11 Bullseye Support

Playwright now supports Debian 11 Bullseye on x86_64 for Chromium, Firefox and WebKit. Let us know if you encounter any issues! Linux support looks like this: Ubuntu 20.04 Ubuntu 22.04 Debian 11 Chromium ' ' WebKit ' ' Firefox ' ' = Up

Anonymous Describe

It is now possible to call test.describe() to create suites without a title. This is useful for giving a group of tests a common option with test.use().

```
test.describe(() => {
  test.use({ colorScheme: 'dark' });
  test('one', async ({ page }) => { // ... });
  test('two', async ({ page }) => { // ... });
});
```

Component Tests Update

Playwright 1.24 Component Tests introduce beforeMount and afterMount hooks. Use these to configure your app for tests. For example, this could be used to setup App router in Vue.js:

```
src/component.spec.ts
import { test } from '@playwright/experimental-ct-vue';
import { Component } from './mycomponent';
test('should work', async ({ mount }) => {
  const component = await mount(Component, {
    hooksConfig: { /* anything to configure your app */ },
  });
  playwright/index.ts
import { router } from './router';
import { beforeMount } from '@playwright/experimental-ct-vue/hooks';
beforeMount(async ({ app, hooksConfig }) => {
  app.use(router);
});
```

A similar configuration in Next.js would look like this:

```
src/component.spec.jsx
import { test } from '@playwright/experimental-ct-react';
import { Component } from './mycomponent';
test('should work', async ({ mount }) => {
  const component = await mount(
    <Component>,
    {
      // Pass mock value from test into `beforeMount`.
      hooksConfig: {
        router: {
          query: { page: 1, per_page: 10 },
          asPath: '/posts'
        }
      },
    },
  );
  playwright/index.js
import router from 'next/router';
import { beforeMount } from '@playwright/experimental-ct-react/hooks';
beforeMount(async ({ hooksConfig }) => {
  // Before mount, redefine useRouter to return mock value from test.
  router.useRouter = () => hooksConfig.router;
});
```

Version

1.23 Network Replay Now you can record network traffic into a HAR file and re-use this traffic in your tests. To record network into HAR file: `npx playwright open --save-har=github.har.zip https://github.com/microsoft` Alternatively, you can record HAR programmatically: `const context = await browser.newContext({ recordHar: { path: 'github.har.zip' } }); // ... do stuff ... await context.close();` Use the new methods `page.routeFromHAR()` or `browserContext.routeFromHAR()` to serve matching responses from the HAR file: `await context.routeFromHAR('github.har.zip');` Read more in our documentation.

Advanced Routing You can now use `route.fallback()` to defer routing to other handlers. Consider the following example: `// Remove a header from all requests. test.beforeEach(async ({ page }) => { await page.route('**/*', async route => { const headers = await route.request().allHeaders(); delete headers['if-none-match']; route.fallback({ headers }); }); }); test('should work', async ({ page }) => { await page.route('**/*', route => { if (route.request().resourceType() === 'image') route.abort(); else route.fallback(); }); });` Note that the new methods `page.routeFromHAR()` and `browserContext.routeFromHAR()` also participate in routing and could be deferred to.

Web-First Assertions Update New method `expect(locator).toHaveValues()` that asserts all selected values of `<select multiple>` element. Methods `expect(locator).toContainText()` and `expect(locator).toHaveText()` now accept `ignoreCase` option.

Component Tests Update Support for Vue2 via the `@playwright/experimental-ct-vue2` package. Support for component tests for create-react-app with components in .js files. Read more about component testing with Playwright.

Miscellaneous If there's a service worker that's in your way, you can now easily disable it with a new context option `serviceWorkers: playwright.config.ts export default { use: { serviceWorkers: 'block', } }`; Using .zip path for `recordHar` context option automatically zips the resulting HAR: `const context = await browser.newContext({ recordHar: { path: 'github.har.zip', } });` If you intend to edit HAR by hand, consider using the "minimal" HAR recording mode that only records information that is essential for replaying: `const context = await browser.newContext({ recordHar: { path: 'github.har', mode: 'minimal', } });`

Playwright now runs on Ubuntu 22 amd64 and Ubuntu 22 arm64. We also publish new docker image `mcr.microsoft.com/playwright:v1.34.0-jammy`. & p Breaking Changes & p WebServer is now considered "ready" if request to the specified url has any of the following HTTP status codes: 200-299 300-399 (new) 400, 401, 402, 403 (new)

Version 1.22 Highlights Components Testing (preview) Playwright Test can now test your React, Vue.js or Svelte components. You can use all the features of Playwright Test (such as parallelization, emulation & debugging) while running components in real browsers. Here is what a typical component test looks like: `App.spec.tsx import { test, expect } from '@playwright/experimental-ct-react'; import App from './App'; // Let's test component in a dark scheme! test.use({ colorScheme: 'dark' }); test('should render', async ({ mount }) => { const component = await mount(<App></App>); // As with any Playwright test, assert locator text. await expect(component).toContainText('React'); // Or do a screenshot // await expect(component).toHaveScreenshot(); // Or use any Playwright method await component.click(); });` Read more in our documentation.

Role selectors that allow selecting elements by their ARIA role, ARIA attributes and accessible name. `// Click a button with accessible name "log in" await page.locator('role=button[name="log in"]').click();` Read more in our documentation.

New

locator.filter() API to filter an existing locator

```
const buttons = page.locator('role=button');// ...const submitButton = buttons.filter({ hasText: 'Submit' });await submitButton.click();
```

New web-first assertions `expect(page).toHaveScreenshot()` and `expect(locator).toHaveScreenshot()` that wait for screenshot stabilization and enhances test reliability. The new assertions has screenshot-specific defaults, such as: disables animations, uses CSS scale option, await `page.goto('https://playwright.dev');`, await `expect(page).toHaveScreenshot()`; The new `expect(page).toHaveScreenshot()` saves screenshots at the same location as `expect(snapshot).toMatchSnapshot()`.

Version 1.21 Highlights

- New role selectors that allow selecting elements by their ARIA role, ARIA attributes and accessible name.// Click a button with accessible name "log in" `await page.locator('role=button[name="log in"]').click();`
- Read more in our documentation.
- New scale option in `page.screenshot()` for smaller sized screenshots.
- New caret option in `page.screenshot()` to control text caret. Defaults to "hide".
- New method `expect.poll` to wait for an arbitrary condition:// Poll the method until it returns an expected result. `await expect.poll(async () => { const response = await page.request.get('https://api.example.com'); return response.status(); }).toBe(200);`
- `expect.poll` supports most synchronous matchers, like `.toBe()`, `.toContain()`, etc. Read more in our documentation.

Behavior Changes

- ESM support when running TypeScript tests is now enabled by default. The `PLAYWRIGHT_EXPERIMENTAL_TS_ESM` env variable is no longer required.
- The `mcr.microsoft.com/playwright` docker image no longer contains Python. Please use `mcr.microsoft.com/playwright/python` as a Playwright-ready docker image with pre-installed Python.
- Playwright now supports large file uploads (100s of MBs) via `locator.setInputFiles()` API.

Browser Versions

- Chromium 101.0.4951.26
- Mozilla Firefox 98.0.2
- WebKit 15.4

This version was also tested against the following stable channels: Google Chrome 100, Microsoft Edge 100, Version 1.20

Highlights

- New options for methods `page.screenshot()`, `locator.screenshot()` and `elementHandle.screenshot()`:
 - Option `animations`: "disabled" rewinds all CSS animations and transitions to a consistent state
 - Option `mask`: `Locator[]` masks given elements, overlaying them with pink #FF00FF boxes.
- `expect().toMatchSnapshot()` now supports anonymous snapshots: when snapshot name is missing, Playwright Test will generate one automatically: `expect('Web is Awesome <3').toMatchSnapshot();`
- New `maxDiffPixels` and `maxDiffPixelRatio` options for fine-grained screenshot comparison using `expect().toMatchSnapshot()`: `expect(await page.screenshot()).toMatchSnapshot({ maxDiffPixels: 27, // allow no more than 27 different pixels. });`
- It is most convenient to specify `maxDiffPixels` or `maxDiffPixelRatio` once in `testConfig.expect`.

Playwright Test now adds `testConfig.fullyParallel` mode. By default, Playwright Test parallelizes between files. In fully parallel mode, tests inside a single file are also run in parallel. You can also use `--fully-parallel` command line flag.

```
playwright.config.tsexport default { fullyParallel: true, };testProject.grep and testProject.grepInvert are now configurable per project. For example, you can now configure smoke tests project using grep:playwright.config.tsexport default { projects: [ { name: 'smoke tests', grep: /@smoke/, }, ], };Trace Viewer now shows API testing requests.
```

`locator.highlight()` visually reveals element(s) for easier debugging.

Announcements

- We now ship a designated Python docker image `mcr.microsoft.com/playwright/python`. Please switch over to it if you use Python. This is

the last release that includes Python inside our javascript mcr.microsoft.com/playwright docker image.v1.20 is the last release to receive WebKit update for macOS 10.15 Catalina. Please update MacOS to keep using latest & greatest WebKit! Browser Versions Chromium 101.0.4921.0 Mozilla Firefox 97.0.1 WebKit 15.4 This version was also tested against the following stable channels: Google Chrome 99 Microsoft Edge 99 Version 1.19 Playwright Test Update Playwright Test v1.19 now supports soft assertions. Failed soft assertions do not terminate test execution, but mark the test as failed.// Make a few checks that will not stop the test when failed...await expect.soft(page.locator('#status')).toHaveText('Success');await expect.soft(page.locator('#eta')).toHaveText('1 day');// ... and continue the test to check more things.await page.locator('#next-page').click();await expect.soft(page.locator('#title')).toHaveText('Make another order');Read more in our documentation You can now specify a custom error message as a second argument to the expect and expect.soft functions, for example:await expect(page.locator('text=Name'), 'should be logged in').toBeVisible();The error would look like this: Error: should be logged in Call log: - expect.toBeVisible with timeout 5000ms - waiting for "getByText('Name')" 2 | 3 | test('example test', async({ page }) => { > 4 | await expect(page.locator('text=Name'), 'should be logged in').toBeVisible(); | ^ 5 | }); 6 | Read more in our documentation By default, tests in a single file are run in order. If you have many independent tests in a single file, you can now run them in parallel with test.describe.configure(). Other Updates Locator now supports a has option that makes sure it contains another locator inside:await page.locator('article', { has: page.locator('.highlight'), }).click();Read more in locator documentation New locator.page() page.screenshot() and locator.screenshot() now automatically hide blinking caret Playwright Codegen now generates locators and frame locators New option url in testConfig.webServer to ensure your web server is ready before running the tests New testInfo.errors and testResult.errors that contain all failed assertions and soft assertions. Potentially breaking change in Playwright Test Global Setup It is unlikely that this change will affect you, no action is required if your tests keep running as they did. We've noticed that in rare cases, the set of tests to be executed was configured in the global setup by means of the environment variables. We also noticed some applications that were post processing the reporters' output in the global teardown. If you are doing one of the two, learn more Browser Versions Chromium 100.0.4863.0 Mozilla Firefox 96.0.1 WebKit 15.4 This version was also tested against the following stable channels: Google Chrome 98 Microsoft Edge 98 Version 1.18 Locator Improvements locator.dragTo() expect(locator).toBeChecked({ checked }) Each locator can now be optionally filtered by the text it contains:await page.locator('li', { hasText: 'my item' }).locator('button').click();Read more in locator documentation Testing API improvements expect(response).toBeOK() testInfo.attach() test.info() Improved TypeScript Support Playwright Test now respects tsconfig.json's baseUrl and paths, so you can use aliases There is a new environment variable PW_EXPERIMENTAL_TS_ESM that allows importing ESM modules in your TS code, without the need for the compile step. Don't forget the .js suffix when you are importing your esm modules. Run your tests as follows:npm i --save-dev @playwright/test@1.18.0-rc1 PW_EXPERIMENTAL_TS_ESM=1 npx playwright test Create Playwright The npm

init playwright command is now generally available for your use: # Run from your project's root directory `npm init playwright@latest` # Or create a new project `npm init playwright@latest new-project` This will create a Playwright Test configuration file, optionally add examples, a GitHub Action workflow and a first test example `spec.ts`. New APIs & changes

- `new TestCase.repeatEachIndex` API
- `acceptDownloads` option now defaults to `true`
- Breaking change: custom config options

Custom config options are a convenient way to parametrize projects with different values. Learn more in this guide. Previously, any fixture introduced through `test.extend()` could be overridden in the `testProject.use` config section. For example, // WRONG: THIS SNIPPET DOES NOT WORK SINCE v1.18. // fixtures.js

```
const test = base.extend({ myParameter: 'default' }); // playwright.config.js module.exports = { use: { myParameter: 'value', }, }; 
```

The proper way to make a fixture parametrized in the config file is to specify `option: true` when defining the fixture. For example, // CORRECT: THIS SNIPPET WORKS SINCE v1.18. // fixtures.js

```
const test = base.extend({ // Fixtures marked as "option: true" will get a value specified in the config, // or fallback to the default value. myParameter: ['default', { option: true }], }); // playwright.config.js module.exports = { use: { myParameter: 'value', }, }; 
```

Browser Versions Chromium 99.0.4812.0 Mozilla Firefox 95.0 WebKit 15.4 This version was also tested against the following stable channels: Google Chrome 97 Microsoft Edge 97 Version 1.17

Frame Locators Playwright 1.17 introduces frame locators - a locator to the iframe on the page. Frame locators capture the logic sufficient to retrieve the iframe and then locate elements in that iframe. Frame locators are strict by default, will wait for iframe to appear and can be used in Web-First assertions. Frame locators can be created with either `page.frameLocator()` or `locator.frameLocator()`

```
method. const locator = page.frameLocator('#my-iframe').locator('text=Submit'); await locator.click(); 
```

Read more at our documentation.

Trace Viewer Update Playwright Trace Viewer is now available online at <https://trace.playwright.dev>! Just drag-and-drop your trace.zip file to inspect its contents. NOTE: trace files are not uploaded anywhere; trace.playwright.dev is a progressive web application that processes traces locally.

Playwright Test traces now include sources by default (these could be turned off with tracing option)

Trace Viewer now shows test name

New trace metadata tab with browser details

Snapshots now have URL bar

HTML Report Update HTML report now supports dynamic filtering

Report is now a single static HTML file that could be sent by e-mail or as a slack attachment.

Ubuntu ARM64 support + more Playwright now supports Ubuntu 20.04 ARM64. You can now run Playwright tests inside Docker on Apple M1 and on Raspberry Pi. You can now use Playwright to install stable version of Edge on Linux: `npx playwright install msedge`

New APIs

- Tracing now supports a 'title' option
- Page navigations support a new 'commit' waiting option
- HTML reporter got new configuration option `testConfig.snapshotDir`
- `testInfo.parallelIndex`
- `testInfo.titlePath`
- `testOptions.trace` has new option `expect.toMatchSnapshot`
- supports `subdirectories`
- `reporter.printsToStdio()`

Version 1.16

Playwright Test API Testing Playwright 1.16 introduces new API Testing that lets you send requests to the server directly from Node.js! Now you can:

- test your server API
- prepare server side state before visiting the web application in a test
- validate server side post-conditions after running some actions in the browser

To do a request on behalf of Playwright's Page, use new `page.request` API:

```
import { test, expect } from '@playwright/test'; test('context fetch', async ({ page }) => { // Do a GET request on
```

behalf of page const response = await page.request.get('http://example.com/foo.json'); // ...});To do a stand-alone request from node.js to an API endpoint, use new request fixture:import { test, expect } from '@playwright/test';test('context fetch', async ({ request }) => { // Do a GET request on behalf of page const response = await request.get('http://example.com/foo.json'); // ...});Read more about it in our API testing guide.
 Response Interception It is now possible to do response interception by combining API Testing with request interception.For example, we can blur all the images on the page:import { test, expect } from '@playwright/test';import jimp from 'jimp'; // image processing librarytest('response interception', async ({ page }) => { await page.route('**/*.jpeg', async route => { const response = await page._request.fetch(route.request()); const image = await jimp.read(await response.body()); await image.blur(5); route.fulfill({ response, body: await image.getBufferAsync('image/jpeg'), }); }); const response = await page.goto('https://playwright.dev'); expect(response.status()).toBe(200);});Read more about response interception.
 New HTML reporter Try it out new HTML reporter with either --reporter=html or a reporter entry in playwright.config.ts file:\$ npx playwright test --reporter=htmlThe HTML reporter has all the information about tests and their failures, including surfacing trace and image artifacts.Read more about our reporters.
 Playwright Library locator.waitFor Wait for a locator to resolve to a single element with a given state. Defaults to the state: 'visible'.Comes especially handy when working with lists:import { test, expect } from '@playwright/test';test('context fetch', async ({ page }) => { const completeness = page.locator('text=Success'); await completeness.waitFor(); expect(await page.screenshot()).toMatchSnapshot('screen.png');});Read more about locator.waitFor().
 Docker support for Arm64 Playwright Docker image is now published for Arm64 so it can be used on Apple Silicon.Read more about Docker integration.
 Playwright Trace Viewer web-first assertions inside trace viewer
 run trace viewer with npx playwright show-trace and drop trace files to the trace viewer
 PWA API testing is integrated with trace viewer
 better visual attribution of action targets
 Read more about Trace Viewer.
 Browser Versions Chromium 97.0.4666.0Mozilla Firefox 93.0WebKit 15.4This version of Playwright was also tested against the following stable channels:Google Chrome 94Microsoft Edge 94Version 1.15
 Playwright Library  Mouse Wheel By using Page.mouse.wheel you are now able to scroll vertically or horizontally.
 New Headers API Previously it was not possible to get multiple header values of a response. This is now possible and additional helper functions are available:Request.allHeaders()Request.headersArray()Request.headerValue(name: string)Response.allHeaders()Response.headersArray()Response.headerValue(name: string)Response.headerValues(name: string)
 Forced-Colors emulation Its now possible to emulate the forced-colors CSS media feature by passing it in the context options or calling Page.emulateMedia().
 New APIs Page.route() accepts new times option to specify how many times this route should be matched.Page.setChecked(selector: string, checked: boolean) and Locator.setChecked(selector: string, checked: boolean) was introduced to set the checked state of a checkbox.
 Request.sizes() Returns resource size information for given http request.
 BrowserContext.tracing.startChunk() - Start a new trace chunk.
 BrowserContext.tracing.stopChunk() - Stops a new trace chunk.
 Playwright Test  test.parallel() run tests in the same file in parallel
 test.describe.parallel('group', () => { test('runs in parallel 1', async ({ page }) => { });

test('runs in parallel 2', async ({ page }) => { });});By default, tests in a single file are run in order. If you have many independent tests in a single file, you can now run them in parallel with test.describe.parallel(title, callback).
 Add --debug CLI flag By using npx playwright test --debug it will enable the Playwright Inspector for you to debug your tests.
 Browser Versions Chromium 96.0.4641.0Mozilla Firefox 92.0WebKit 15.0Version 1.14
 Playwright Library New "strict" mode Selector ambiguity is a common problem in automation testing. "strict" mode ensures that your selector points to a single element and throws otherwise.
 Pass strict: true into your action calls to opt in.// This will throw if you have more than one button!await page.click('button', { strict: true });
 New Locators API Locator represents a view to the element(s) on the page. It captures the logic sufficient to retrieve the element at any given moment. The difference between the Locator and ElementHandle is that the latter points to a particular element, while Locator captures the logic of how to retrieve that element. Also, locators are "strict" by default!
 const locator = page.locator('button');await locator.click();Learn more in the documentation.
 Experimental React and Vue selector engines React and Vue selectors allow selecting elements by its component name and/or property values. The syntax is very similar to attribute selectors and supports all attribute selector operators.
 await page.locator('_react=SubmitButton[enabled=true]').click();await page.locator('_vue=submit-button[enabled=true]').click();Learn more in the react selectors documentation and the vue selectors documentation.
 New nth and visible selector engines nth selector engine is equivalent to the :nth-match pseudo class, but could be combined with other selector engines.
 visible selector engine is equivalent to the :visible pseudo class, but could be combined with other selector engines.// select the first button among all buttonsawait button.click('button >> nth=0');// or if you are using locators, you can use first(), nth() and last()await page.locator('button').first().click();// click a visible buttonawait button.click('button >> visible=true');
 Playwright Test Web-First Assertions expect now supports lots of new web-first assertions. Consider the following example:await expect(page.locator('.status')).toHaveText('Submitted');
 Playwright Test will be re-testing the node with the selector .status until fetched Node has the "Submitted" text. It will be re-fetching the node and checking it over and over, until the condition is met or until the timeout is reached. You can either pass this timeout or configure it once via the testProject.expect value in test config.
 By default, the timeout for assertions is not set, so it'll wait forever, until the whole test times out.
 List of all new assertions:
 expect(locator).toBeChecked()expect(locator).toBeDisabled()expect(locator).toBeEditable()expect(locator).toBeEmpty()expect(locator).toBeEnabled()expect(locator).toBeFocused()expect(locator).toBeHidden()expect(locator).toBeVisible()expect(locator).toContainText(text, options?)expect(locator).toHaveAttribute(name, value)expect(locator).toHaveClass(expected)expect(locator).toHaveCount(count)expect(locator).toHaveCSS(name, value)expect(locator).toHaveId(id)expect(locator).toHaveJSProperty(name, value)expect(locator).toHaveText(expected, options)expect(page).toHaveTitle(title)expect(page).toHaveURL(url)expect(locator).toHaveValue(value)
 Serial mode with describe.serial Declares a group of tests that should always be run serially. If one of the tests fails, all subsequent tests are skipped. All tests in a group are retried together.
 test.describe.serial('group', () => { test('runs first', async ({ page }) => { /* ... */ }); test('runs second', async ({ page }) => { /* ... */ });});Learn more in the

documentation. [Steps API with test.step](#) Split long tests into multiple steps using `test.step()` API: `import { test, expect } from '@playwright/test'; test('test', async ({ page }) => { await test.step('Log in', async () => { // ... }); await test.step('news feed', async () => { // ... }); });` Step information is exposed in reporters API. [Launch web server before running tests](#) To launch a server during the tests, use the `webServer` option in the configuration file. The server will wait for a given url to be available before running the tests, and the url will be passed over to Playwright as a `baseURL` when creating a context. `playwright.config.ts` `import { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test'; export default defineConfig({ webServer: { command: 'npm run start', // command to launch url: 'http://127.0.0.1:3000', // url to await for timeout: 120 * 1000, reuseExistingServer: !process.env.CI, }, });` Learn more in the documentation. [Browser Versions](#) Chromium 94.0.4595.0 Mozilla Firefox 91.0 WebKit 15.0 Version 1.13 [Playwright Test & Reporter API](#) which is already used to create an Allure Playwright reporter. [New baseURL fixture to support relative paths in tests](#). [Playwright – Programmatic drag-and-drop support via the `page.dragAndDrop\(\)` API](#). [Enhanced HAR with body sizes for requests and responses](#). Use via `recordHar` option in `browser.newContext()`. [Tools](#) [Playwright Trace Viewer](#) now shows parameters, returned values and `console.log()` calls. [Playwright Inspector](#) can generate Playwright Test tests. [New and Overhauled Guides](#) [Intro](#) [Authentication](#) [Chrome Extensions](#) [Playwright Test Annotations](#) [Playwright Test Configuration](#) [Playwright Test Fixtures](#) [Browser Versions](#) Chromium 93.0.4576.0 Mozilla Firefox 90.0 WebKit 14.2 [New Playwright APIs](#) [new baseURL option in `browser.newContext\(\)` and `browser.newPage\(\)`](#) [response.securityDetails\(\)](#) and [response.serverAddr\(\)](#) [page.dragAndDrop\(\)](#) and [frame.dragAndDrop\(\)](#) [download.cancel\(\)](#) [page.inputValue\(\)](#), [frame.inputValue\(\)](#) and [elementHandle.inputValue\(\)](#) [new force option in `page.fill\(\)`, `frame.fill\(\)`, and `elementHandle.fill\(\)`](#) [new force option in `page.selectOption\(\)`, `frame.selectOption\(\)`, and `elementHandle.selectOption\(\)`](#) Version 1.12 [Introducing Playwright Test](#) Playwright Test is a new test runner built from scratch by Playwright team specifically to accommodate end-to-end testing needs: Run tests across all browsers. Execute tests in parallel. Enjoy context isolation and sensible defaults out of the box. Capture videos, screenshots and other artifacts on failure. Integrate your POMs as extensible fixtures. Installation: `npm i -D @playwright/test` Simple test `tests/foo.spec.ts`: `import { test, expect } from '@playwright/test'; test('basic test', async ({ page }) => { await page.goto('https://playwright.dev/'); const name = await page.innerText('.navbar__title'); expect(name).toBe('Playwright'); });` Running: `npx playwright test` [Read more in Playwright Test documentation](#). [Introducing Playwright Trace Viewer](#) Playwright Trace Viewer is a new GUI tool that helps exploring recorded Playwright traces after the script ran. Playwright traces let you examine: page DOM before and after each Playwright action page rendering before and after each Playwright action browser network during script execution Traces are recorded using the new `browserContext.tracing` API: `const browser = await chromium.launch(); const context = await browser.newContext(); // Start tracing before creating / navigating a page. await context.tracing.start({ screenshots: true, snapshots: true }); const page = await context.newPage(); await page.goto('https://playwright.dev'); // Stop tracing and export it into a zip archive. await context.tracing.stop({ path: 'trace.zip' });` Traces are examined later with the Playwright CLI: `npx playwright show-trace trace.zip` That will open the following GUI: [Read more in](#)

trace viewer documentation. Browser Versions Chromium 93.0.4530.0 Mozilla Firefox 89.0 WebKit 14.2 This version of Playwright was also tested against the following stable channels: Google Chrome 91 Microsoft Edge 91 New APIs reducedMotion option in page.emulateMedia(), browserType.launchPersistentContext(), browser.newContext() and browser.newPage() browserContext.on('request') browserContext.on('requestfailed') browserContext.on('requestfinished') browserContext.on('response') tracesDir option in browserType.launch() and browserType.launchPersistentContext() new browserContext.tracing API namespace new download.page() method Version 1.11
 New video: Playwright: A New Test Automation Framework for the Modern Web (slides) We talked about Playwright Showed engineering work behind the scenes Did live demos with new features ' (Special thanks to applitools for hosting the event and inviting us! Browser Versions Chromium 92.0.4498.0 Mozilla Firefox 89.0b6 WebKit 14.2 New APIs support for async predicates across the API in methods such as page.waitForRequest() and others new emulation devices: Galaxy S8, Galaxy S9+, Galaxy Tab S4, Pixel 3, Pixel 4 new methods: page.waitForURL() to await navigations to URL video.delete() and video.saveAs() to manage screen recording new options: screen option in the browser.newContext() method to emulate window.screen dimensions position option in page.check() and page.uncheck() methods trial option to dry-run actions in page.check(), page.uncheck(), page.click(), page.dblclick(), page.hover() and page.tap() Version 1.10 Playwright for Java v1.10 is now stable! Run Playwright against Google Chrome and Microsoft Edge stable channels with the new channels API. Chromium screenshots are fast on Mac & Windows. Bundled Browser Versions Chromium 90.0.4430.0 Mozilla Firefox 87.0b10 WebKit 14.2 This version of Playwright was also tested against the following stable channels: Google Chrome 89 Microsoft Edge 89 New APIs browserType.launch() now accepts the new 'channel' option. Read more in our documentation. Version 1.9 Playwright Inspector is a new GUI tool to author and debug your tests. Line-by-line debugging of your Playwright scripts, with play, pause and step-through. Author new scripts by recording user actions. Generate element selectors for your script by hovering over elements. Set the PWDEBUG=1 environment variable to launch the Inspector Pause script execution with page.pause() in headed mode. Pausing the page launches Playwright Inspector for debugging. New has-text pseudo-class for CSS selectors. :has-text("example") matches any element containing "example" somewhere inside, possibly in a child or a descendant element. See more examples. Page dialogs are now auto-dismissed during execution, unless a listener for dialog event is configured. Learn more about this. Playwright for Python is now stable with an idiomatic snake case API and pre-built Docker image to run tests in CI/CD. Browser Versions Chromium 90.0.4421.0 Mozilla Firefox 86.0b10 WebKit 14.1 New APIs page.pause(). Version 1.8 Selecting elements based on layout with :left-of(), :right-of(), :above() and :below(). Playwright now includes command line interface, former playwright-cli.npx playwright --help page.selectOption() now waits for the options to be present. New methods to assert element state like page.isEditable(). New APIs elementHandle.isChecked(). elementHandle.isDisabled(). elementHandle.isEditable(). elementHandle.isEnabled(). elementHandle.isHidden(). elementHandle.isVisible(). page.isChecked(). page.isDisabled(). page.isEditable(). page.isEnabled(). page.isHidden(). page.isVisible(). New option 'editable' in elementHandle.waitForElementState(). Browser Versions Chromium 90.0.4392.0 Mozilla Firefox 85.0b5 WebKit 14.1 Version 1.7 New Java SDK: Playwright for

Java is now on par with JavaScript, Python and .NET bindings. Browser storage API: New convenience APIs to save and load browser storage state (cookies, local storage) to simplify automation scenarios with authentication. New CSS selectors: We heard your feedback for more flexible selectors and have revamped the selectors implementation. Playwright 1.7 introduces new CSS extensions and there's more coming soon. New website: The docs website at playwright.dev has been updated and is now built with Docusaurus. Support for Apple Silicon: Playwright browser binaries for WebKit and Chromium are now built for Apple Silicon. New APIs `browserContext.storageState()` to get current state for later reuse. `storageState` option in `browser.newContext()` and `browser.newPage()` to setup browser context state. Browser Versions Chromium 89.0.4344.0 Mozilla Firefox 84.0b9 WebKit 14.1

Canary releases Playwright for Node.js has a canary releases system. It permits you to test new unreleased features instead of waiting for a full release. They get released daily on the next NPM tag of Playwright. It is a good way to give feedback to maintainers, ensuring the newly implemented feature works as intended. note Using a canary release in production might seem risky, but in practice, it's not. A canary release passes all automated tests and is used to test e.g. the HTML report, Trace Viewer, or Playwright Inspector with end-to-end tests. `npm install -D @playwright/test@next` Next npm Dist Tag For any code-related commit on main, the continuous integration will publish a daily canary release under the `@next` npm dist tag. You can see on npm the current dist tags: `latest`: stable releases `next`: next releases, published daily `beta`: after a release-branch was cut, usually a week before a stable release each commit gets published under this tag Using a Canary Release `npm install -D @playwright/test@next` Documentation The stable and the next documentation is published on playwright.dev. To see the next documentation, press Shift on the keyboard 5 times.

Test configuration Playwright has many options to configure how your tests are run. You can specify these options in the configuration file. Note that test runner options are top-level, do not put them into the `use` section. Basic Configuration Here are some of the most common configuration options.

```
import { defineConfig, devices } from '@playwright/test';
export default defineConfig({
  // Look for test files in the "tests" directory, relative to this configuration file.
  testDir: 'tests',
  // Run all tests in parallel.
  fullyParallel: true,
  // Fail the build on CI if you accidentally left test.only in the source code.
  forbidOnly: !!process.env.CI,
  // Retry on CI only.
  retries: process.env.CI ? 2 : 0,
  // Opt out of parallel tests on CI.
  workers: process.env.CI ? 1 : undefined,
  // Reporter to use
  reporter: 'html',
  use: {
    // Base URL to use in actions like `await page.goto('/')`.
    baseURL: 'http://127.0.0.1:3000',
    // Collect trace when retrying the failed test.
    trace: 'on-first-retry',
  },
  // Configure projects for major browsers.
  projects: [
    {
      name: 'chromium',
      use: { ...devices['Desktop Chrome'] },
    },
  ],
  // Run your local dev server before starting the tests.
  webServer: {
    command: 'npm run start',
    url: 'http://127.0.0.1:3000',
    reuseExistingServer: !process.env.CI,
  },
});
```

`OptionDescription` `testConfig.forbidOnly` Whether to exit with an error if any tests are marked as `test.only`. Useful on CI. `testConfig.fullyParallel` have all tests in all files to run in parallel. See /Parallelism and sharding for more details. `testConfig.projects` Run tests in multiple configurations or on multiple browsers `testConfig.reporter` Reporter to use. See Test Reporters to learn more about

which reporters are available.

testConfig.retries The maximum number of retry attempts per test. See [Test Retries](#) to learn more about retries.

testConfig.testDir Directory with the test files.

testConfig.useOptions with `use()`

testConfig.webServer To launch a server during the tests, use the `webServer` option

testConfig.workers The maximum number of concurrent worker processes to use for parallelizing tests. Can also be set as percentage of logical CPU cores, e.g. '50%'. See [Parallelism and sharding](#) for more details.

Filtering Tests

Filter tests by glob patterns or regular expressions.

```
playwright.config.ts
import { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test';
export default defineConfig({
  // Glob patterns or regular expressions to ignore test files.
  testIgnore: ['*test-assets'], // Glob patterns or regular expressions that match test files.
  testMatch: ['*todo-tests/*.spec.ts'],
});
```

testConfig.testIgnore Glob patterns or regular expressions that should be ignored when looking for the test files. For example, `'*test-assets'`

testConfig.testMatch Glob patterns or regular expressions that match test files. For example, `'*todo-tests/*.spec.ts'`. By default, Playwright runs `.(test|spec).(js|ts|mjs)` files.

Advanced Configuration

```
playwright.config.ts
import { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test';
export default defineConfig({
  // Folder for test artifacts such as screenshots, videos, traces, etc.
  outputDir: 'test-results', // path to the global setup files.
  globalSetup: require.resolve('./global-setup'), // path to the global teardown files.
  globalTeardown: require.resolve('./global-teardown'), // Each test is given 30 seconds.
  timeout: 30000,
});
```

testConfig.globalSetup Path to the global setup file. This file will be required and run before all the tests. It must export a single function.

testConfig.globalTeardown Path to the global teardown file. This file will be required and run after all the tests. It must export a single function.

testConfig.outputDir Folder for test artifacts such as screenshots, videos, traces, etc.

testConfig.timeout Playwright enforces a timeout for each test, 30 seconds by default. Time spent by the test function, fixtures, `beforeEach` and `afterEach` hooks is included in the test timeout.

Expect Options

Configuration for the `expect` assertion library.

```
playwright.config.ts
import { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test';
export default defineConfig({
  expect: {
    // Maximum time expect() should wait for the condition to be met.
    timeout: 5000,
    toHaveScreenshot: {
      // An acceptable amount of pixels that could be different, unset by default.
      maxDiffPixels: 10,
    },
    toMatchSnapshot: {
      // An acceptable ratio of pixels that are different to the total amount of pixels, between 0 and 1.
      maxDiffPixelRatio: 0.1,
    },
  },
});
```

testConfig.expect Web first assertions like `expect(locator).toHaveText()` have a separate timeout of 5 seconds by default. This is the maximum time the `expect()` should wait for the condition to be met. Learn more about test and expect timeouts and how to set them for a single test.

testConfig.expect `page().toHaveScreenshot()`

testConfig.expect `locator().toHaveScreenshot()`

testConfig.expect `snapshot().toMatchSnapshot()`

testConfig.expect `locator().toMatchSnapshot()` method.

Add custom matchers using `expect.extend`

You can extend Playwright assertions by providing custom matchers. These matchers will be available on the `expect` object. In this example we add a custom `toBeWithinRange` function in the configuration file. Custom matcher should return a message callback and a pass flag indicating whether the assertion passed.

```
TypeScript
JavaScript
playwright.config.ts
import { expect, defineConfig } from '@playwright/test';
expect.extend({
  toBeWithinRange(received: number, floor: number,
```

```

ceiling: number) {  const pass = received >= floor && received <= ceiling;  if (pass)
{    return {    message: () => 'passed',    pass: true,    };  } else {    return
{    message: () => 'failed',    pass: false,    };  } },,);export default
defineConfig({});playwright.config.tsconst { expect, defineConfig } =
require('@playwright/test');expect.extend({  toBeWithinRange(received, floor, ceiling)
{    const pass = received >= floor && received <= ceiling;  if (pass) {    return
{    message: () => 'passed',    pass: true,    };  } else {    return {    message:
() => 'failed',    pass: false,    };  } },,);module.exports = defineConfig({});Now we
can use toBeWithinRange in the test.example.spec.tsimport { test, expect } from
'@playwright/test';test('numeric ranges', () => {  expect(100).toBeWithinRange(90,
110);  expect(101).not.toBeWithinRange(0, 100);});noteDo not confuse Playwright's
expect with the expect library. The latter is not fully integrated with Playwright test
runner, so make sure to use Playwright's own expect.For TypeScript, also add the
following to your global.d.ts. If it does not exist, you need to create it inside your
repository. Make sure that your global.d.ts gets included inside your tsconfig.json via
the include or compilerOptions.typeRoots option so that your IDE will pick it up.You
don't need it for JavaScript.global.d.tsexport {};declare global { namespace
PlaywrightTest {  interface Matchers<R, T> {    toBeWithinRange(a: number, b:
number): R;  } }}

```

Test use optionsIn addition to configuring the test runner you can also configure Emulation, Network and Recording for the Browser or BrowserContext. These options are passed to the use: {} object in the Playwright config.

Basic Options Set the base URL and storage state for all tests:playwright.config.tsimport { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test';export default defineConfig({ use: { // Base URL to use in actions like `await page.goto('/')`. baseURL: 'http://127.0.0.1:3000', // Populates context with given storage state. storageState:

'state.json', },,);OptionDescriptiontestOptions.baseURLBase URL used for all pages in the context. Allows navigating by using just the path, for example page.goto('/settings').testOptions.storageStatePopulates context with given storage state. Useful for easy authentication, learn more.

Emulation Options With Playwright you can emulate a real device such as a mobile phone or tablet. See our guide on projects for more info on emulating devices. You can also emulate the "geolocation", "locale" and "timezone" for all tests or for a specific test as well as set the "permissions" to show notifications or change the "colorScheme". See our Emulation guide to learn

more.playwright.config.tsimport { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test';export default defineConfig({ use: { // Emulates `prefers-colors-scheme` media feature. colorScheme: 'dark', // Context geolocation. geolocation: { longitude: 12.492507, latitude: 41.889938 }, // Emulates the user locale. locale: 'en-GB', // Grants specified permissions to the browser context. permissions: ['geolocation'], // Emulates the user timezone. timezoneId: 'Europe/Paris', // Viewport used for all pages in the context. viewport: { width: 1280, height: 720 }, },,);OptionDescriptiontestOptions.colorSchemeEmulates 'prefers-colors-scheme' media feature, supported values are 'light', 'dark', 'no-preference'testOptions.geolocationContext geolocation.testOptions.localeEmulates the user locale, for example en-GB, de-DE, etc.testOptions.permissionsA list of permissions to grant to all pages in the context.testOptions.timezoneIdChanges the

timezone of the context.`testOptions.viewport`Viewport used for all pages in the context.`Network Options` Available options to configure
`networking:playwright.config.ts``import { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test';export default defineConfig({ use: { // Whether to automatically download all the attachments. acceptDownloads: false, // An object containing additional HTTP headers to be sent with every request. extraHTTPHeaders: { 'X-My-Header': 'value', }, // Credentials for HTTP authentication. httpCredentials: { username: 'user', password: 'pass', }, // Whether to ignore HTTPS errors during navigation. ignoreHTTPSErrors: true, // Whether to emulate network being offline. offline: true, // Proxy settings used for all pages in the test. proxy: { server: 'http://myproxy.com:3128', bypass: 'localhost', }, },});``OptionDescription``testOptions.acceptDownloads`Whether to automatically download all the attachments, defaults to true. Learn more about working with downloads.`testOptions.extraHTTPHeaders`An object containing additional HTTP headers to be sent with every request. All header values must be strings.`testOptions.httpCredentials`Credentials for HTTP authentication.`testOptions.ignoreHTTPSErrors`Whether to ignore HTTPS errors during navigation.`testOptions.offline`Whether to emulate network being offline.`testOptions.proxy`Proxy settings used for all pages in the test.`note`You don't have to configure anything to mock network requests. Just define a custom Route that mocks the network for a browser context. See our network mocking guide to learn more.
Recording Options With Playwright you can capture screenshots, record videos as well as traces of your test. By default these are turned off but you can enable them by setting the screenshot, video and trace options in your `playwright.config.js` file. Trace files, screenshots and videos will appear in the test output directory, typically `test-results`.`playwright.config.ts``import { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test';export default defineConfig({ use: { // Capture screenshot after each test failure. screenshot: 'only-on-failure', // Record trace only when retrying a test for the first time. trace: 'on-first-retry', // Record video only when retrying a test for the first time. video: 'on-first-retry' },});``OptionDescription``testOptions.screenshot`Capture screenshots of your test. Options include 'off', 'on' and 'only-on-failure'`testOptions.trace`Playwright can produce test traces while running the tests. Later on, you can view the trace and get detailed information about Playwright execution by opening Trace Viewer. Options include: 'off', 'on', 'retain-on-failure' and 'on-first-retry'`testOptions.video`Playwright can record videos for your tests. Options include: 'off', 'on', 'retain-on-failure' and 'on-first-retry'
Other Options `playwright.config.ts``import { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test';export default defineConfig({ use: { // Maximum time each action such as `click()` can take. Defaults to 0 (no limit). actionTimeout: 0, // Name of the browser that runs tests. For example `chromium`, `firefox`, `webkit`. browserName: 'chromium', // Toggles bypassing Content-Security-Policy. bypassCSP: true, // Channel to use, for example "chrome", "chrome-beta", "msedge", "msedge-beta". channel: 'chrome', // Run browser in headless mode. headless: false, // Change the default data-testid attribute. testIdAttribute: 'pw-test-id', },});``OptionDescription``testOptions.actionTimeout`Timeout for each Playwright action in milliseconds. Defaults to 0 (no timeout). Learn more about timeouts and how to set them for a single test.`testOptions.browserName`Name of the browser that runs tests. Defaults to 'chromium'. Options include chromium, firefox, or

`webkit.testOptions.bypassCSPToggles` bypassing Content-Security-Policy. Useful when CSP includes the production origin. Defaults to `false`.

`testOptions.channel` Browser channel to use. Learn more about different browsers and channels.

`testOptions.headless` Whether to run the browser in headless mode meaning no browser is shown when running tests. Defaults to `true`.

`testOptions.testIdAttribute` Changes the default data-testid attribute used by Playwright locators.

More browser and context options Any options accepted by `browserType.launch()` or `browser.newContext()` can be put into `launchOptions` or `contextOptions` respectively in the `use` section.

```

playwright.config.ts
import { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test';
export default defineConfig({
  use: {
    launchOptions: {
      slowMo: 50,
    },
  },
});
    
```

However, most common ones like `headless` or `viewport` are available directly in the `use` section - see [basic options](#), [emulation](#) or [network](#).

Explicit Context Creation and Option Inheritance If using the built-in browser fixture, calling `browser.newContext()` will create a context with options inherited from the config.

```

playwright.config.ts
import { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test';
export default defineConfig({
  use: {
    userAgent: 'some custom ua',
    viewport: { width: 100, height: 100 },
  },
});
    
```

An example test illustrating the initial context options are set:

```

test('should inherit use options on context when using built-in browser fixture', async ({ browser }) => {
  const context = await browser.newContext();
  const page = await context.newPage();
  expect(await page.evaluate(() => navigator.userAgent)).toBe('some custom ua');
  expect(await page.evaluate(() => window.innerWidth)).toBe(100);
  await context.close();
});
    
```

Configuration Scopes You can configure Playwright globally, per project, or per test. For example, you can set the locale to be used globally by adding `locale` to the `use` option of the Playwright config, and then override it for a specific project using the `project` option in the config. You can also override it for a specific test by adding `test.use({})` in the test file and passing in the options.

```

playwright.config.ts
import { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test';
export default defineConfig({
  use: {
    locale: 'en-GB',
  },
});
    
```

You can override options for a specific project using the `project` option in the Playwright config.

```

import { defineConfig, devices } from '@playwright/test';
export default defineConfig({
  projects: [
    {
      name: 'chromium',
      use: {
        ...devices['Desktop Chrome'],
        locale: 'de-DE',
      },
    },
  ],
});
    
```

You can override options for a specific test file by using the `test.use()` method and passing in the options. For example to run tests with the French locale for a specific test:

```

import { test, expect } from '@playwright/test';
test.use({ locale: 'fr-FR' });
test('example', async ({ page }) => {
  // ...
});
    
```

The same works inside a `describe` block. For example to run tests in a `describe` block with the French locale:

```

import { test, expect } from '@playwright/test';
test.describe('french language block', () => {
  test.use({ locale: 'fr-FR' });
  test('example', async ({ page }) => {
    // ...
  });
});
    
```

Test use options In addition to configuring the test runner you can also configure [Emulation](#), [Network](#) and [Recording](#) for the Browser or BrowserContext. These options are passed to the `use: {}` object in the Playwright config.

Basic Options Set the base URL and storage state for all tests:

```

playwright.config.ts
import { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test';
export default defineConfig({
  use: {
    // Base URL to use in actions like `await page.goto('/')`.
    baseURL: 'http://127.0.0.1:3000',
    // Populates context with given storage state.
    storageState:
    
```

'state.json', }, });

OptionDescription testOptions.baseUrl Base URL used for all pages in the context. Allows navigating by using just the path, for example page.goto('/settings').

testOptions.storageState Populates context with given storage state. Useful for easy authentication, learn more.

Emulation Options With Playwright you can emulate a real device such as a mobile phone or tablet. See our guide on projects for more info on emulating devices. You can also emulate the "geolocation", "locale" and "timezone" for all tests or for a specific test as well as set the "permissions" to show notifications or change the "colorScheme". See our Emulation guide to learn more.

```
playwright.config.ts
import { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test';
export default defineConfig({
  use: { // Emulates `prefers-colors-scheme` media feature.
    colorScheme: 'dark', // Context geolocation.
    geolocation: { longitude: 12.492507, latitude: 41.889938 }, // Emulates the user locale.
    locale: 'en-GB', // Grants specified permissions to the browser context.
    permissions: ['geolocation'], // Emulates the user timezone.
    timezoneId: 'Europe/Paris', // Viewport used for all pages in the context.
    viewport: { width: 1280, height: 720 },
  },
});
```

OptionDescription testOptions.colorScheme Emulates 'prefers-colors-scheme' media feature, supported values are 'light', 'dark', 'no-preference'.

testOptions.geolocation Context geolocation.

testOptions.locale Emulates the user locale, for example en-GB, de-DE, etc.

testOptions.permissions A list of permissions to grant to all pages in the context.

testOptions.timezoneId Changes the timezone of the context.

testOptions.viewport Viewport used for all pages in the context.

Network Options Available options to configure networking:

```
playwright.config.ts
import { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test';
export default defineConfig({
  use: { // Whether to automatically download all the attachments.
    acceptDownloads: false, // An object containing additional HTTP headers to be sent with every request.
    extraHTTPHeaders: { 'X-My-Header': 'value' }, // Credentials for HTTP authentication.
    httpCredentials: { username: 'user', password: 'pass' }, // Whether to ignore HTTPS errors during navigation.
    ignoreHTTPSErrors: true, // Whether to emulate network being offline.
    offline: true, // Proxy settings used for all pages in the test.
    proxy: { server: 'http://myproxy.com:3128', bypass: 'localhost' },
  },
});
```

OptionDescription testOptions.acceptDownloads Whether to automatically download all the attachments, defaults to true. Learn more about working with downloads.

testOptions.extraHTTPHeaders An object containing additional HTTP headers to be sent with every request. All header values must be strings.

testOptions.httpCredentials Credentials for HTTP authentication.

testOptions.ignoreHTTPSErrors Whether to ignore HTTPS errors during navigation.

testOptions.offline Whether to emulate network being offline.

testOptions.proxy Proxy settings used for all pages in the test.

note You don't have to configure anything to mock network requests. Just define a custom Route that mocks the network for a browser context. See our network mocking guide to learn more.

Recording Options With Playwright you can capture screenshots, record videos as well as traces of your test. By default these are turned off but you can enable them by setting the screenshot, video and trace options in your playwright.config.js file. Trace files, screenshots and videos will appear in the test output directory, typically test-results.

```
playwright.config.ts
import { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test';
export default
```

`defineConfig({ use: { // Capture screenshot after each test failure. screenshot: 'only-on-failure', // Record trace only when retrying a test for the first time. trace: 'on-first-retry', // Record video only when retrying a test for the first time. video: 'on-first-retry' },});`

`OptionDescription` `testOptions.screenshot` Capture screenshots of your test. Options include 'off', 'on' and 'only-on-failure' `testOptions.trace` Playwright can produce test traces while running the tests. Later on, you can view the trace and get detailed information about Playwright execution by opening Trace Viewer. Options include: 'off', 'on', 'retain-on-failure' and 'on-first-retry' `testOptions.video` Playwright can record videos for your tests. Options include: 'off', 'on', 'retain-on-failure' and 'on-first-retry'

Other Options `playwright.config.ts` `import { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test';` `export default` `defineConfig({ use: { // Maximum time each action such as `click()` can take. Defaults to 0 (no limit). actionTimeout: 0, // Name of the browser that runs tests. For example `chromium`, `firefox`, `webkit`. browserName: 'chromium', // Toggles bypassing Content-Security-Policy. bypassCSP: true, // Channel to use, for example "chrome", "chrome-beta", "msedge", "msedge-beta". channel: 'chrome', // Run browser in headless mode. headless: false, // Change the default data-testid attribute. testIdAttribute: 'pw-test-id', },});`

OptionDescription `testOptions.actionTimeout` Timeout for each Playwright action in milliseconds. Defaults to 0 (no timeout). Learn more about timeouts and how to set them for a single test. `testOptions.browserName` Name of the browser that runs tests. Defaults to 'chromium'. Options include chromium, firefox, or webkit. `testOptions.bypassCSP` Toggles bypassing Content-Security-Policy. Useful when CSP includes the production origin. Defaults to false. `testOptions.channel` Browser channel to use. Learn more about different browsers and channels. `testOptions.headless` Whether to run the browser in headless mode meaning no browser is shown when running tests. Defaults to true. `testOptions.testIdAttribute` Changes the default data-testid attribute used by Playwright locators.

More browser and context options Any options accepted by `browserType.launch()` or `browser.newContext()` can be put into `launchOptions` or `contextOptions` respectively in the use section.

`playwright.config.ts` `import { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test';` `export default` `defineConfig({ use: { launchOptions: { slowMo: 50, }, },});`

However, most common ones like headless or viewport are available directly in the use section - see basic options, emulation or network.

Explicit Context Creation and Option Inheritance If using the built-in browser fixture, calling `browser.newContext()` will create a context with options inherited from the config:

`playwright.config.ts` `import { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test';` `export default` `defineConfig({ use: { userAgent: 'some custom ua', viewport: { width: 100, height: 100 }, },});`

An example test illustrating the initial context options are set:

`import { test, expect } from '@playwright/test';` `test('should inherit use options on context when using built-in browser fixture', async ({ browser }) => { const context = await browser.newContext(); const page = await context.newPage(); expect(await page.evaluate(() => navigator.userAgent)).toBe('some custom ua'); expect(await page.evaluate(() => window.innerWidth)).toBe(100); await context.close();});`

Configuration Scopes You can configure Playwright globally, per project, or per test. For example, you can set the locale to be used globally by adding `locale` to the use option of the Playwright config, and then override it for a specific project using the `project` option in the config. You can also override it for a specific test

by adding `test.use({})` in the test file and passing in the options.

```
playwright.config.tsimport { defineConfig } from '@playwright/test';export default defineConfig({ use: { locale: 'en-GB' },});
```

You can override options for a specific project using the `project` option in the Playwright config.

```
import { defineConfig, devices } from '@playwright/test';export default defineConfig({ projects: [ { name: 'chromium', use: { ...devices['Desktop Chrome'], locale: 'de-DE', }, }, ],});
```

You can override options for a specific test file by using the `test.use()` method and passing in the options. For example to run tests with the French locale for a specific test:

```
import { test, expect } from '@playwright/test';test.use({ locale: 'fr-FR' });test('example', async ({ page }) => { // ... });
```

The same works inside a `describe` block. For example to run tests in a `describe` block with the French locale:

```
import { test, expect } from '@playwright/test';test.describe('french language block', () => { test.use({ locale: 'fr-FR' }); test('example', async ({ page }) => { // ... });});
```