

An integrated and interoperable platform enabling
3D stochastic geological modelling

Loop

Case study: Inversion and nullspace analysis in the Pyrenees

Jeremie Giraud, Mary Ford, Vitaliy Ogarko,
Guillaume Caumon, and Paul Cupillard



MAIN SPONSOR FOR THIS WORK

Jeremie Giraud has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme¹ under the Marie Skłodowska-Curie grant agreement No. 101032994.

¹ for more info about project:

<https://cordis.europa.eu/project/id/101032994>



RING TEAM SPONSORS



+ 124 Universities and surveys
for support
www.ring-team.org

- Emerson
- Geode-solutions
- INRIA
- Kitware

MinEx CRC sponsors

Loop



STRAIGHT
FORWARD
DRILLING



MinEx CRC sponsors

Loop



Planning &
Environment



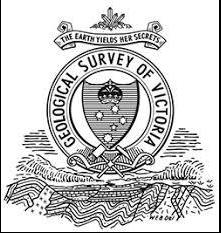
mriwa
Minerals Research Institute
of Western Australia



Curtin University



THE UNIVERSITY OF
WESTERN AUSTRALIA



MINALYZE



MINOTAUR
EXPLORATION



University of
South Australia



Government of South Australia
Department of State Development



Tasmanian
Government



Australian Government
Department of Industry,
Innovation and Science



UNIVERSITÉ
DE LORRAINE



Australian Government
Geoscience Australia



Australian Government
Australian Research Council



Géosciences pour une Terre durable

brgm

**RWTH AACHEN
UNIVERSITY**



Geological Survey of
Western Australia



Department
of Industry
Resources & Energy



MONASH University



British
Geological Survey

NATURAL ENVIRONMENT RESEARCH COUNCIL



AuScope



NORTHERN
TERRITORY
GOVERNMENT

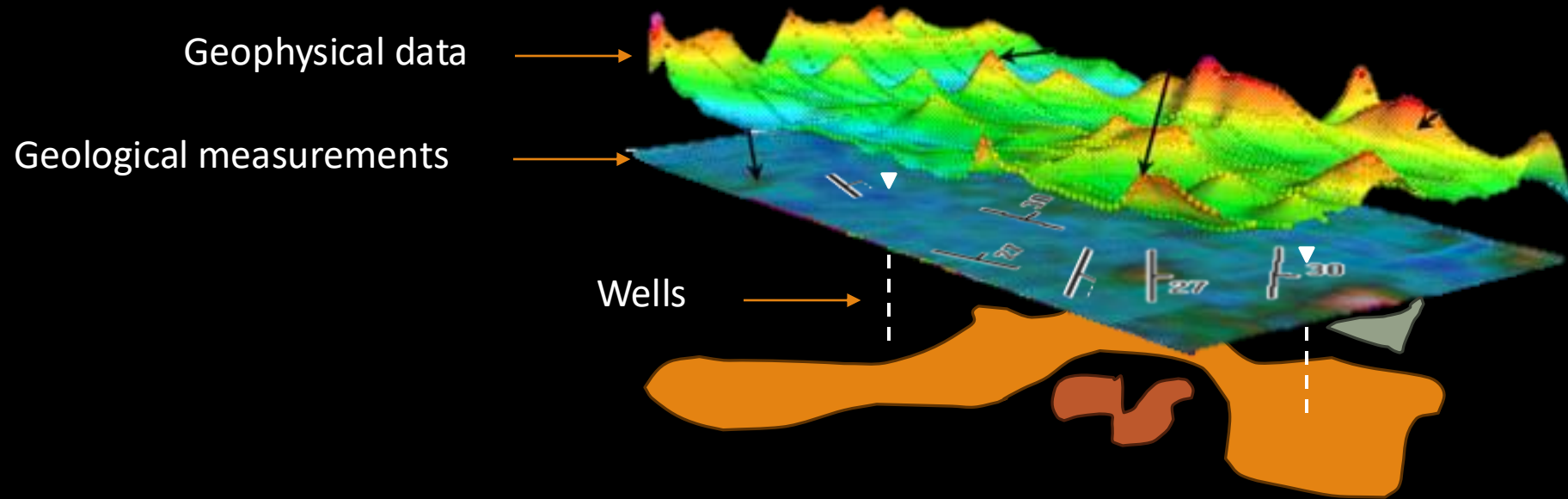


UNIVERSITÉ
TOULOUSE III
PAUL SABATIER



Government of South Australia
Department of State Development

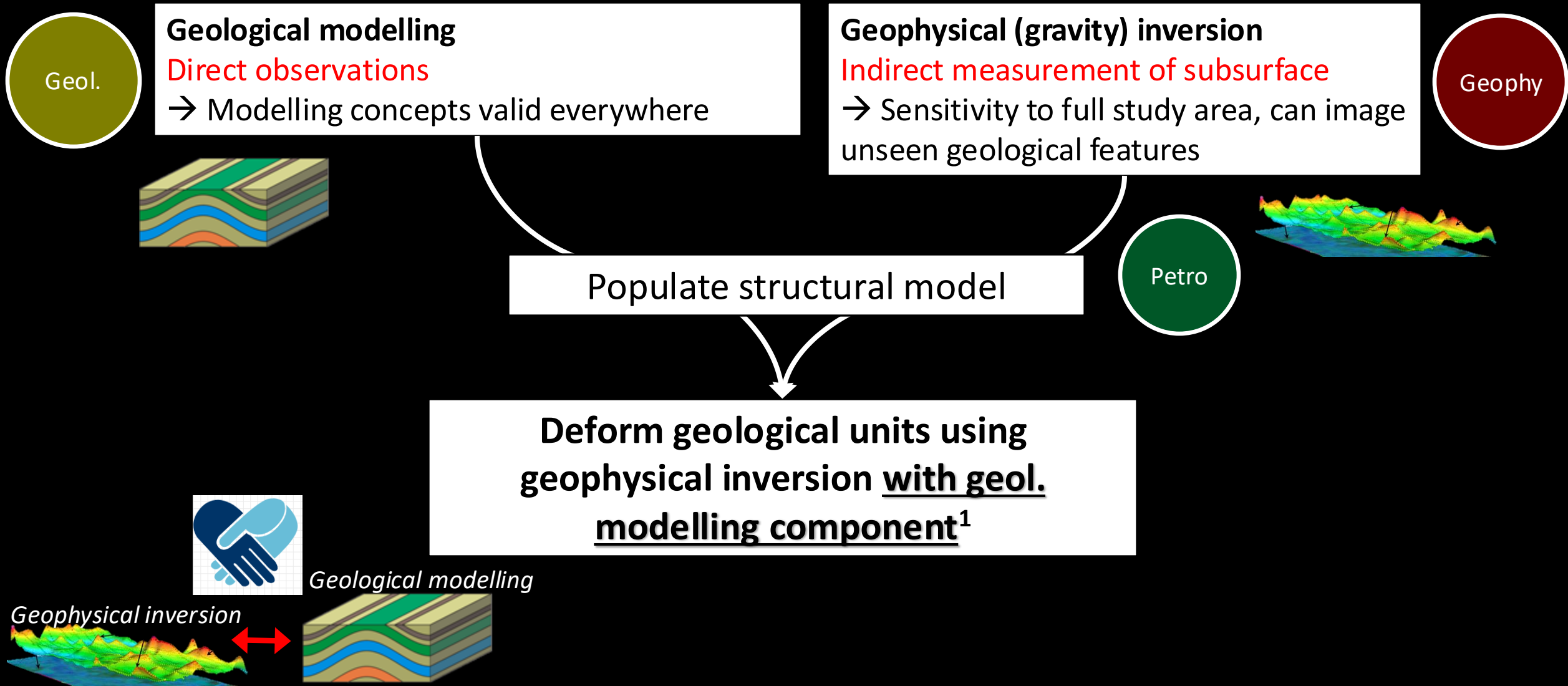
Motivation and Objectives



Exploration of alternative scenarios

Non-uniqueness: many models, same data!

- Geological and geophysical context
 - Different scenarios investigated
- Geologically Constrained level-set inversion
- Nullspace analysis



¹Giraud et al. 2022, 2023.

Inversion in a nutshell: cost function **Loop**

Iterative solver: at iteration $n...$

- Optimize implicit field ϕ , to reduce geophysical data misfit
- Account for geological data $d_{obs.}^{geol1}$

$$\min \underbrace{W_d^{-1} \| d_{obs.}^{geophy} - d_{calc.}^{geophy} \|_2^2}_{\text{Geophysical data term}} + \underbrace{\| W_p^{-1} \left(\phi^n - \underbrace{\phi_{geol}^n(d_{obs.}^{geol}, \phi^{n-1})}_{\text{Geological projection } (\approx \text{prior model})} \right) \|_2^2}_{\text{Geological model term}}$$

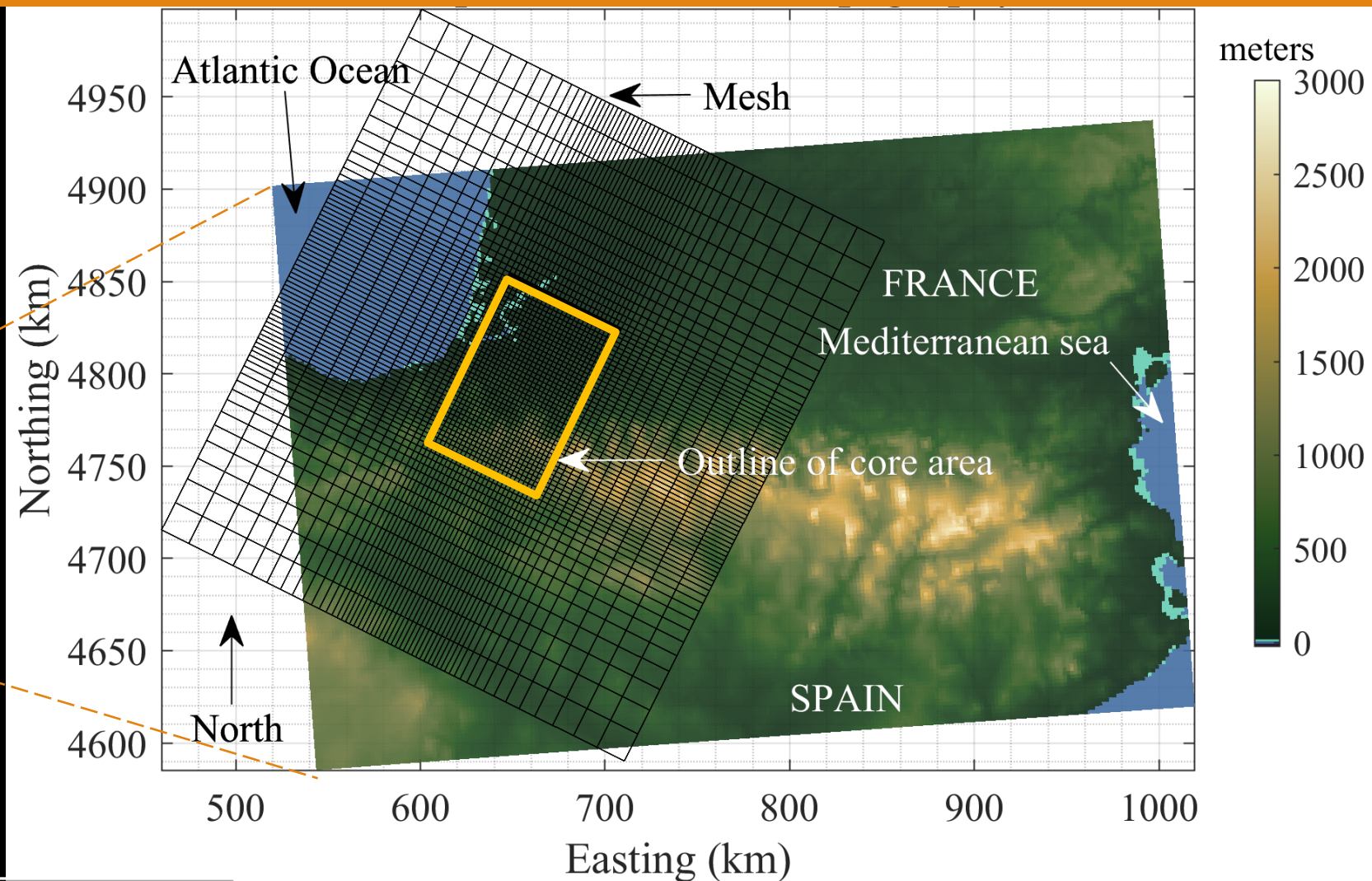
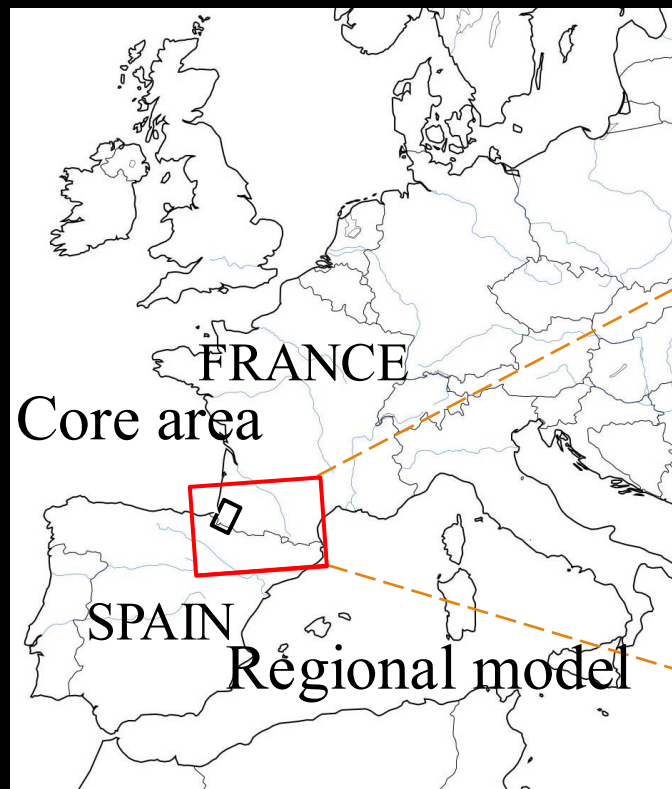
↑ Observations ↑ Model response ↑ Inverted. model

- Use of pre-existing regional geological model (PhD thesis of H. Wehr: Wehr 2017¹, Wehr et al. 2018²)
- Comprehensive compilation of data
 - Seismic
 - Geological maps
 - Boreholes
 - Gravity
 - Previous interpretations

Q1: Can we improve gravity data misfit?

Q2: Are there other plausible scenarios?

Example in the Pyrenees. generalities

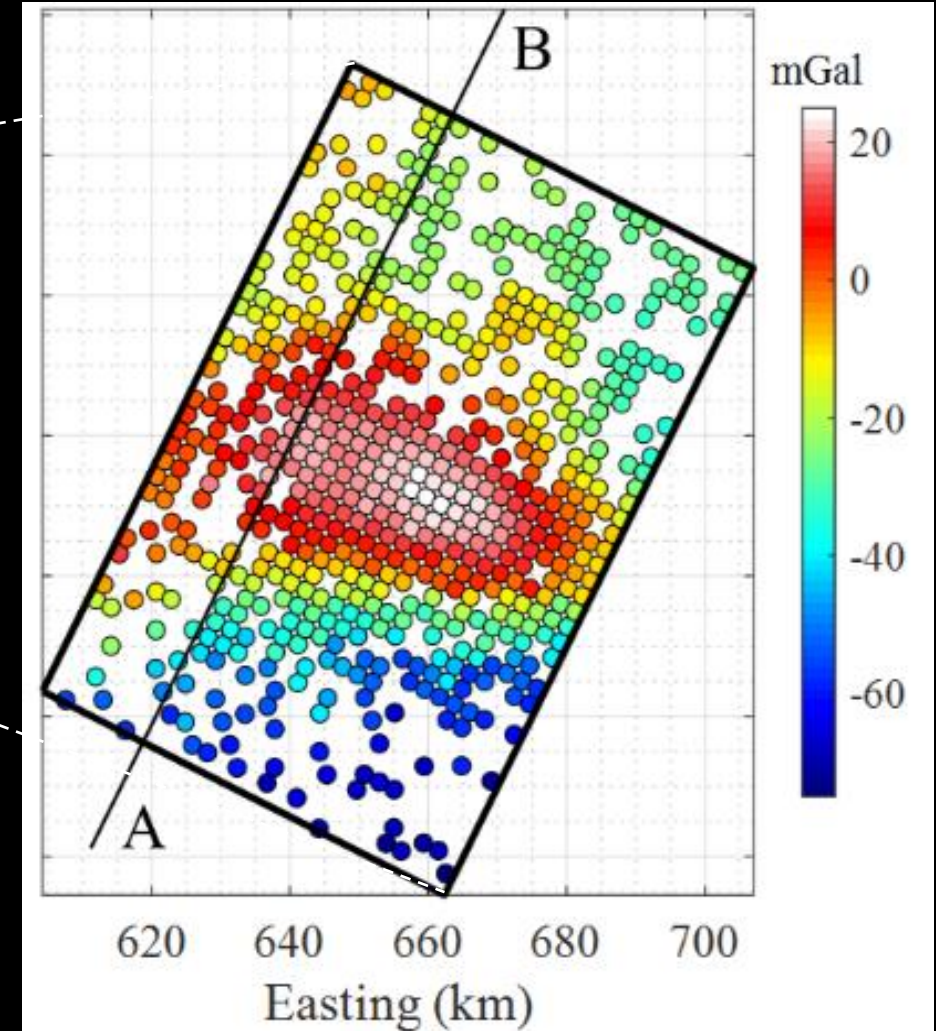
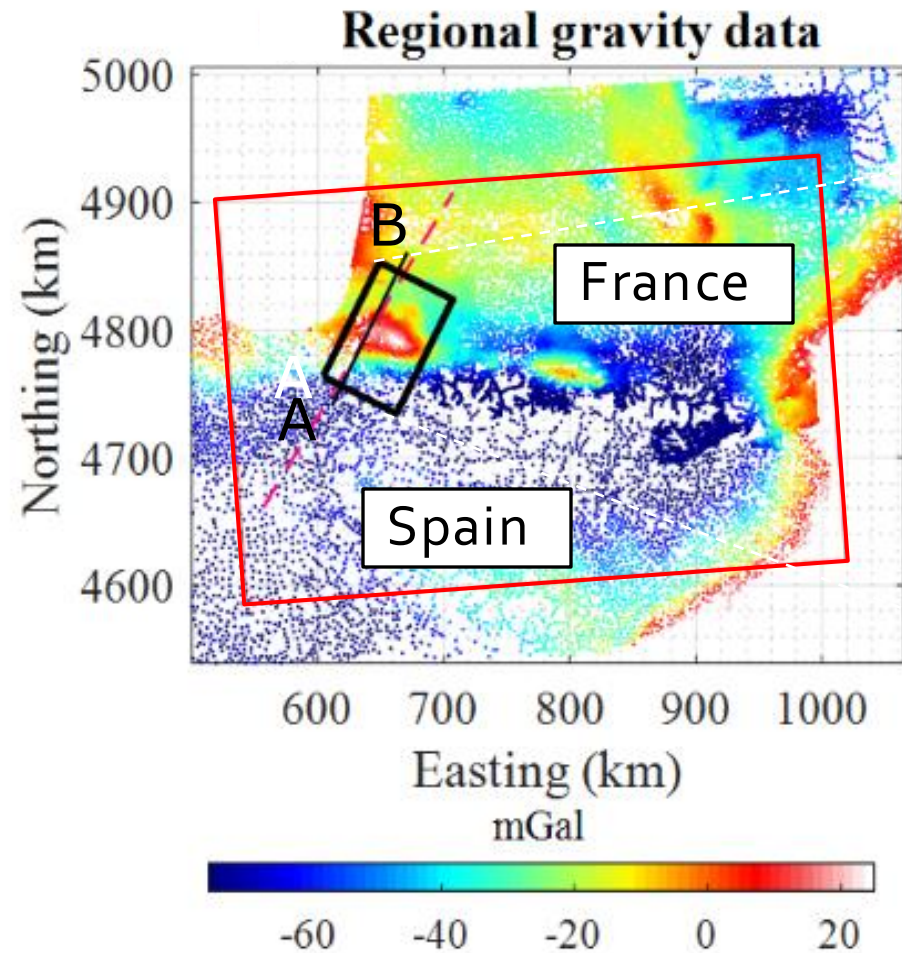


Area of interest: complex, H₂ potential

Example in the Pyrenees: gravity data

Loop

Inverted data



Original model



HM: Hydrated mantle.

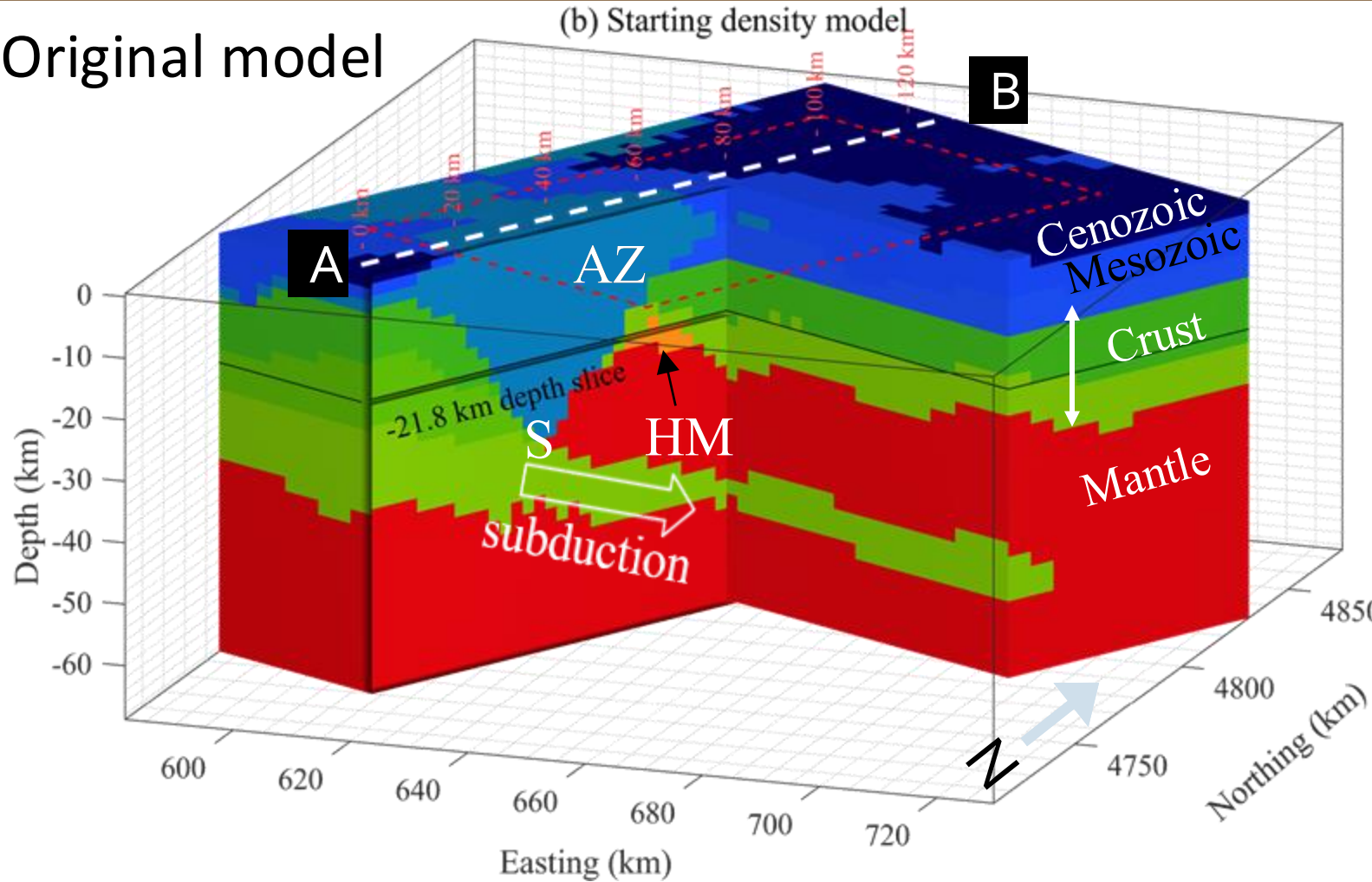
AZ: Axial Zone

 Subduction

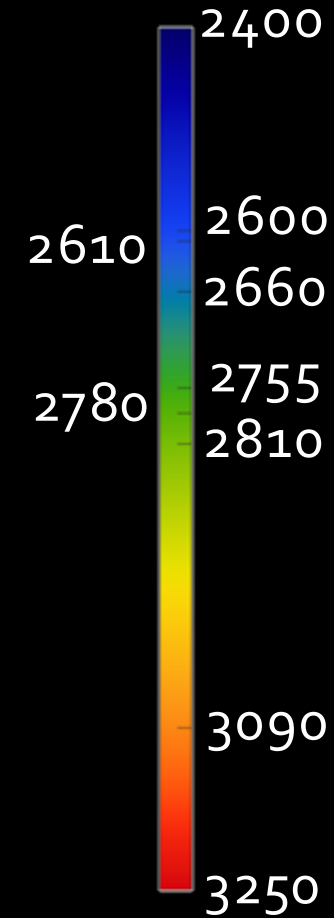
Geological modelling and data: Wehr et al. 2018, Wehr 2017. Model: courtesy of BRGM

Geological model

Original model



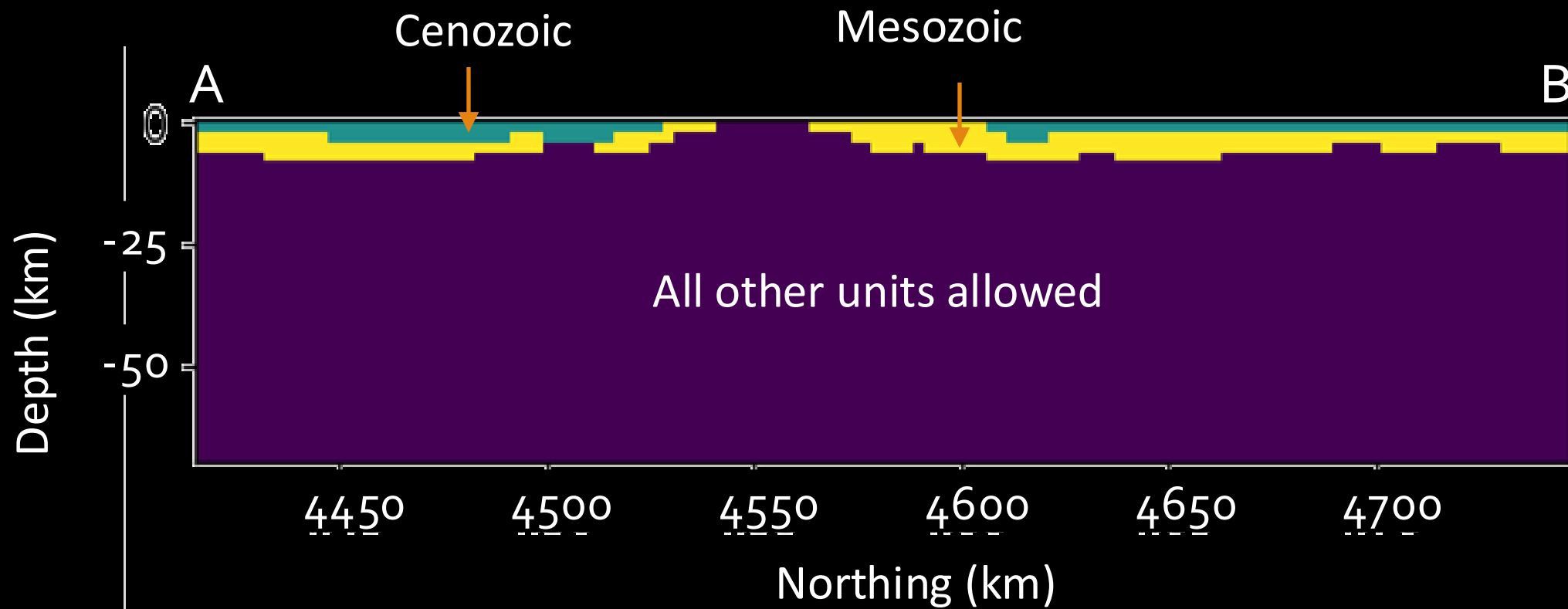
Densities (kg/m^3)



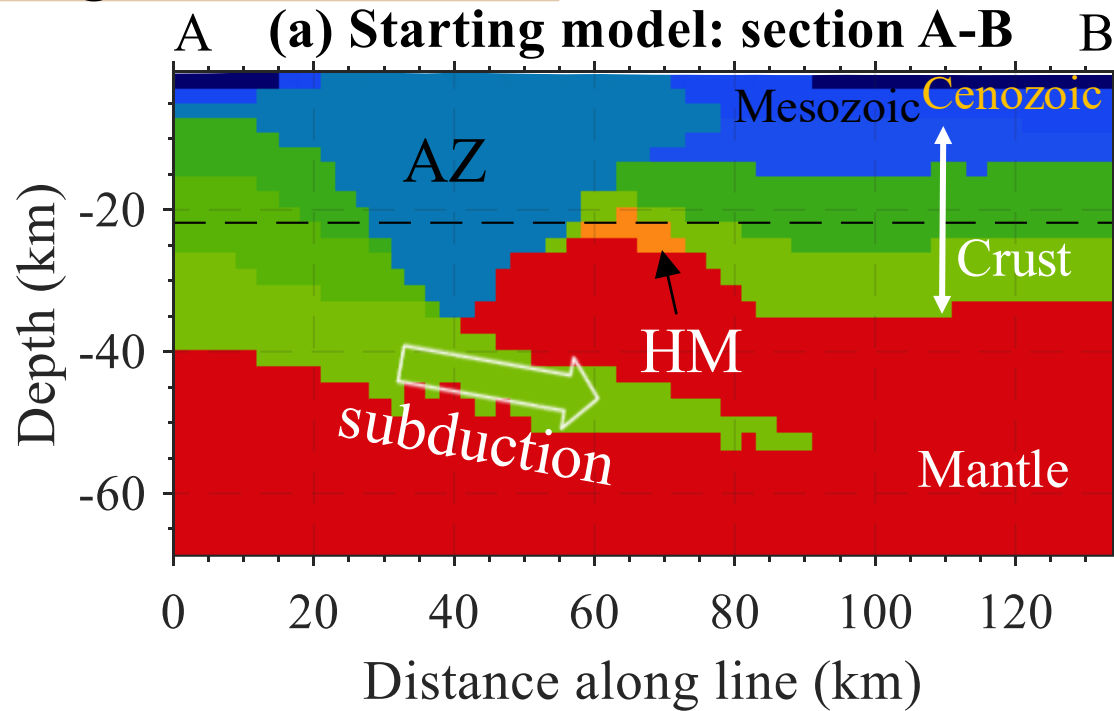
S: Singularity, beginning of subduction. HM: Hydrated mantle. AZ: Axial Zone

Pyrenees field application. geological data

- Contact and orientation data: mesozoic + cenozoic only in d_{obs}^{geol} .
- Other units: deep and uncertain → free to evolve



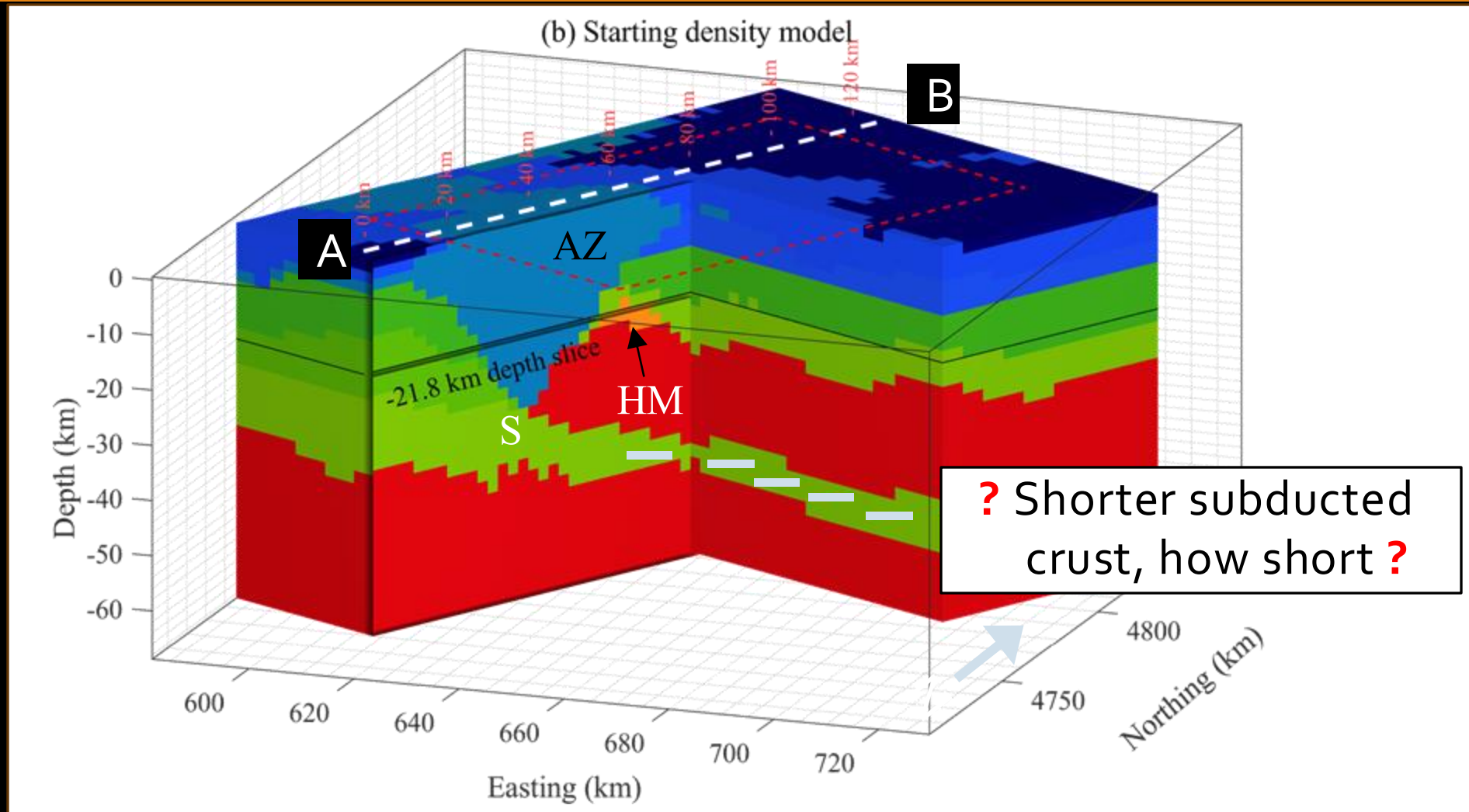
Original scenario



Density (kg/m³)

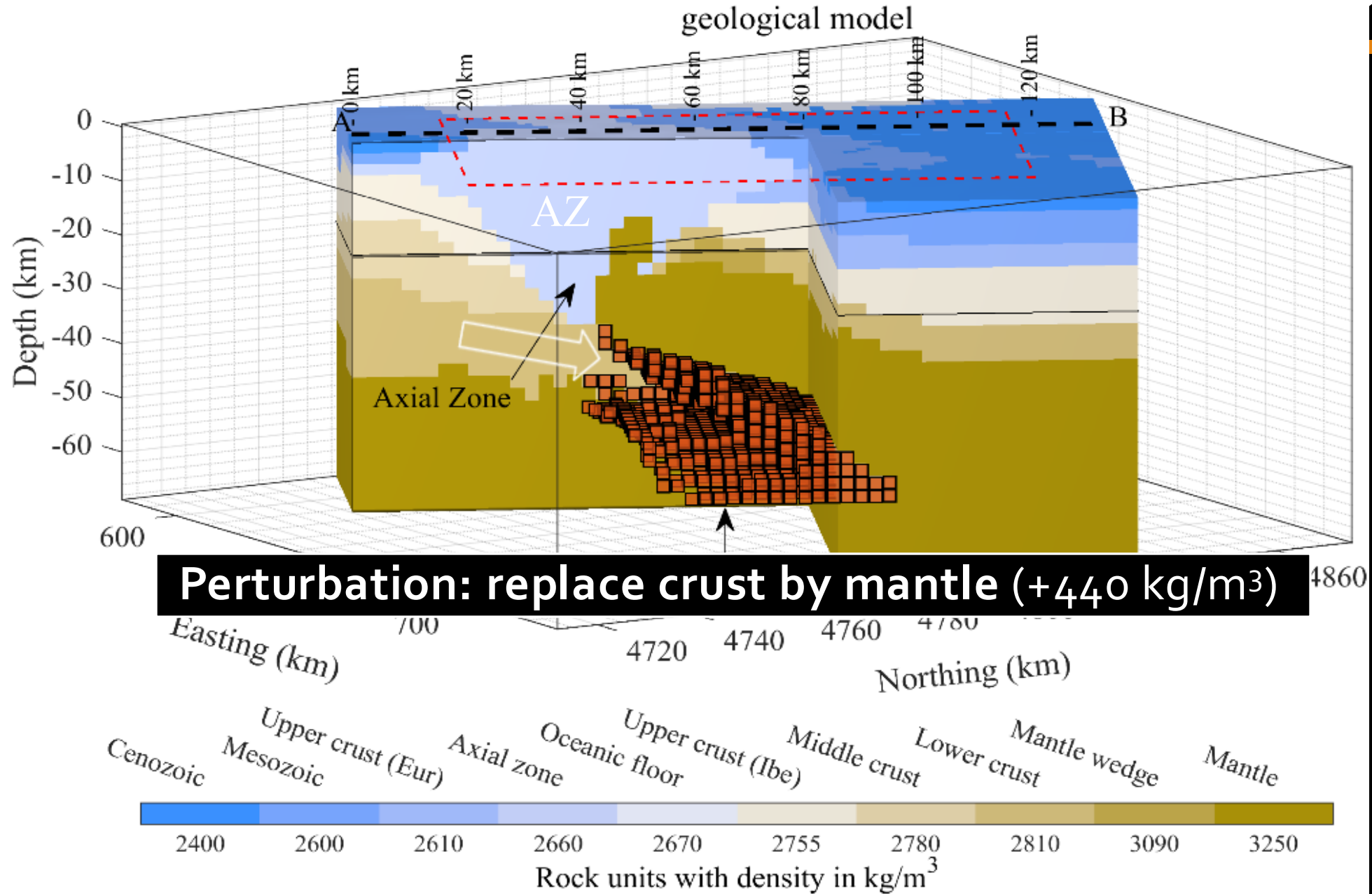
2400 2500 2600 2700 2800 2900 3000 3100 3200

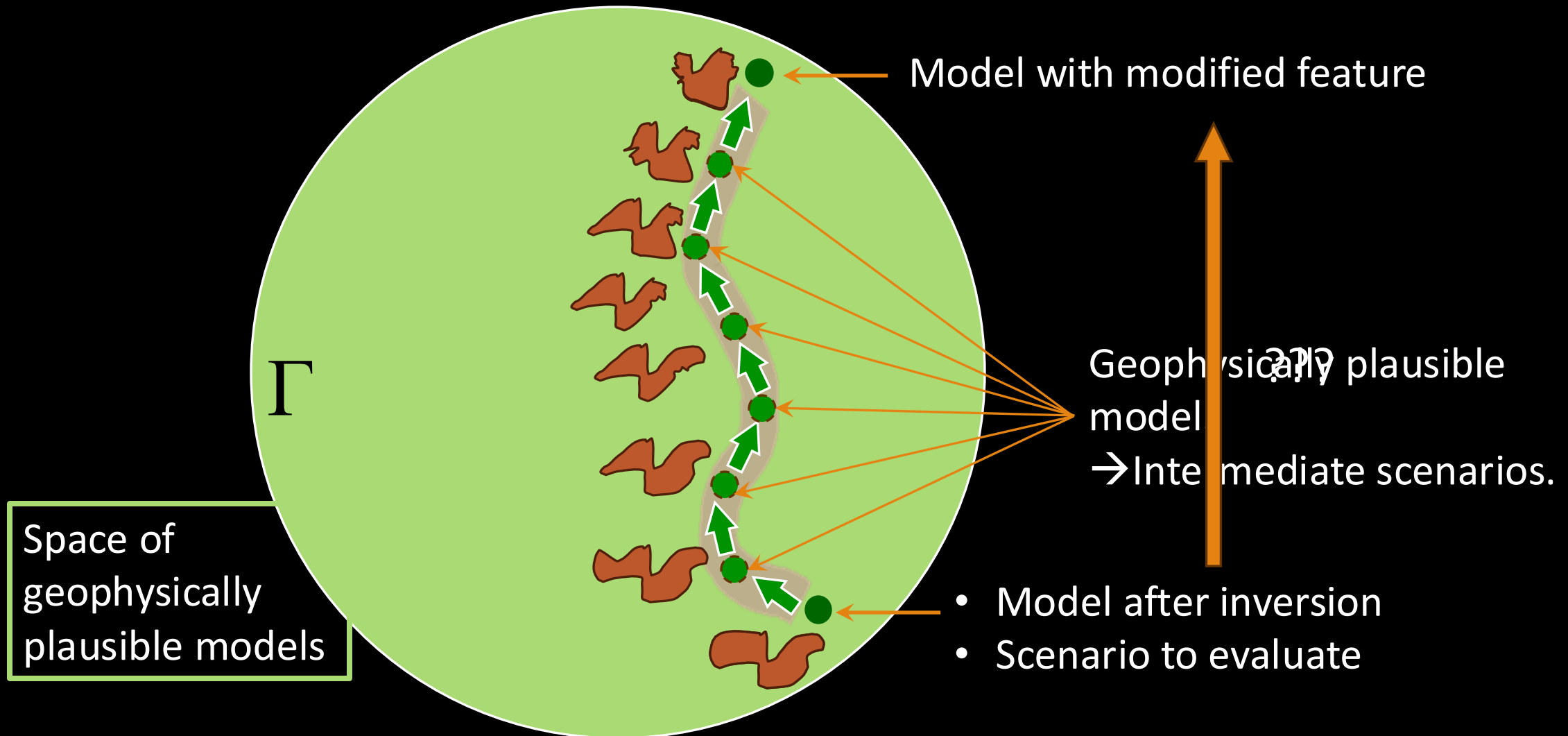
Geological questions



S: Singularity, beginning of subduction. HM: Hydrated mantle. AZ: Axial Zone

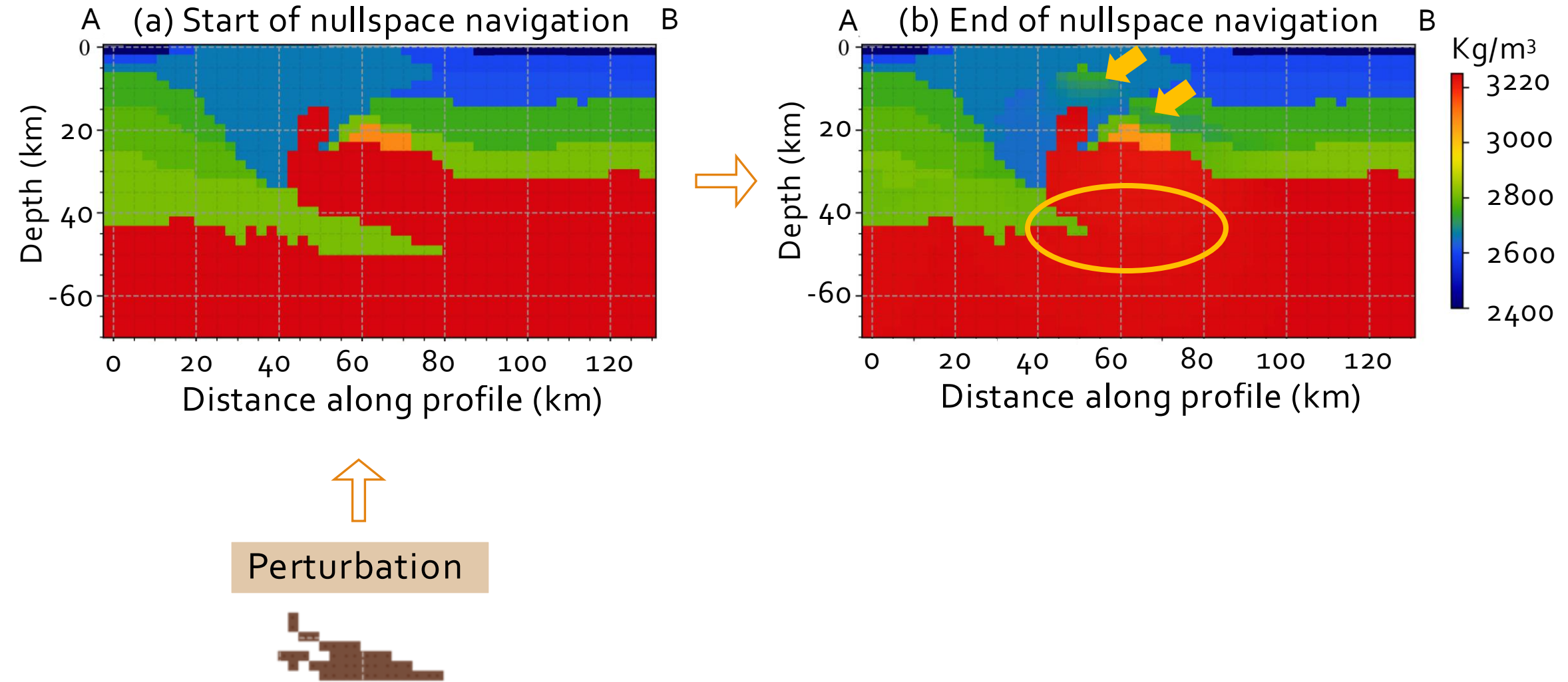
Shortening the subducted crust



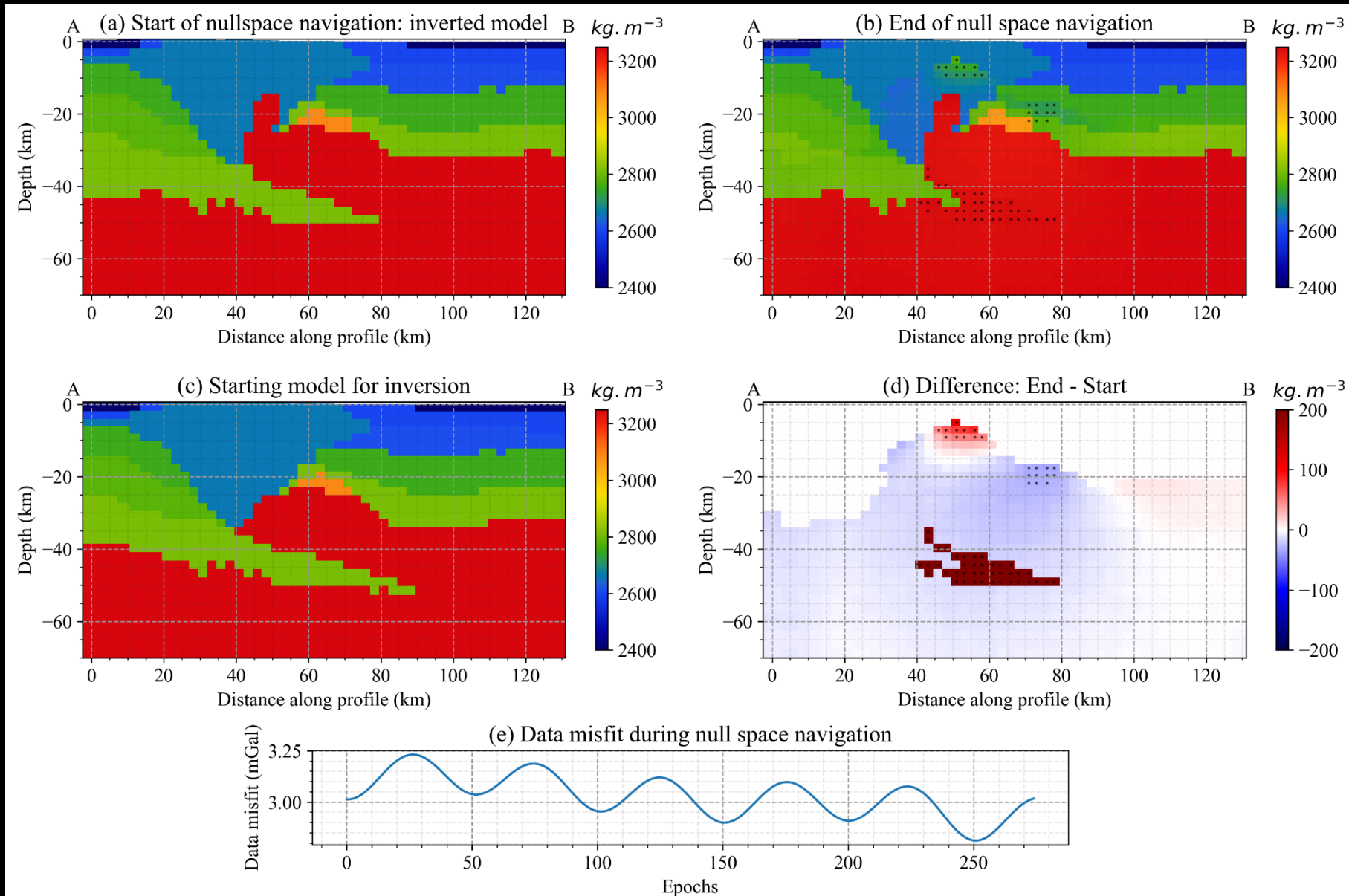


Question: what if a given feature is added or removed?

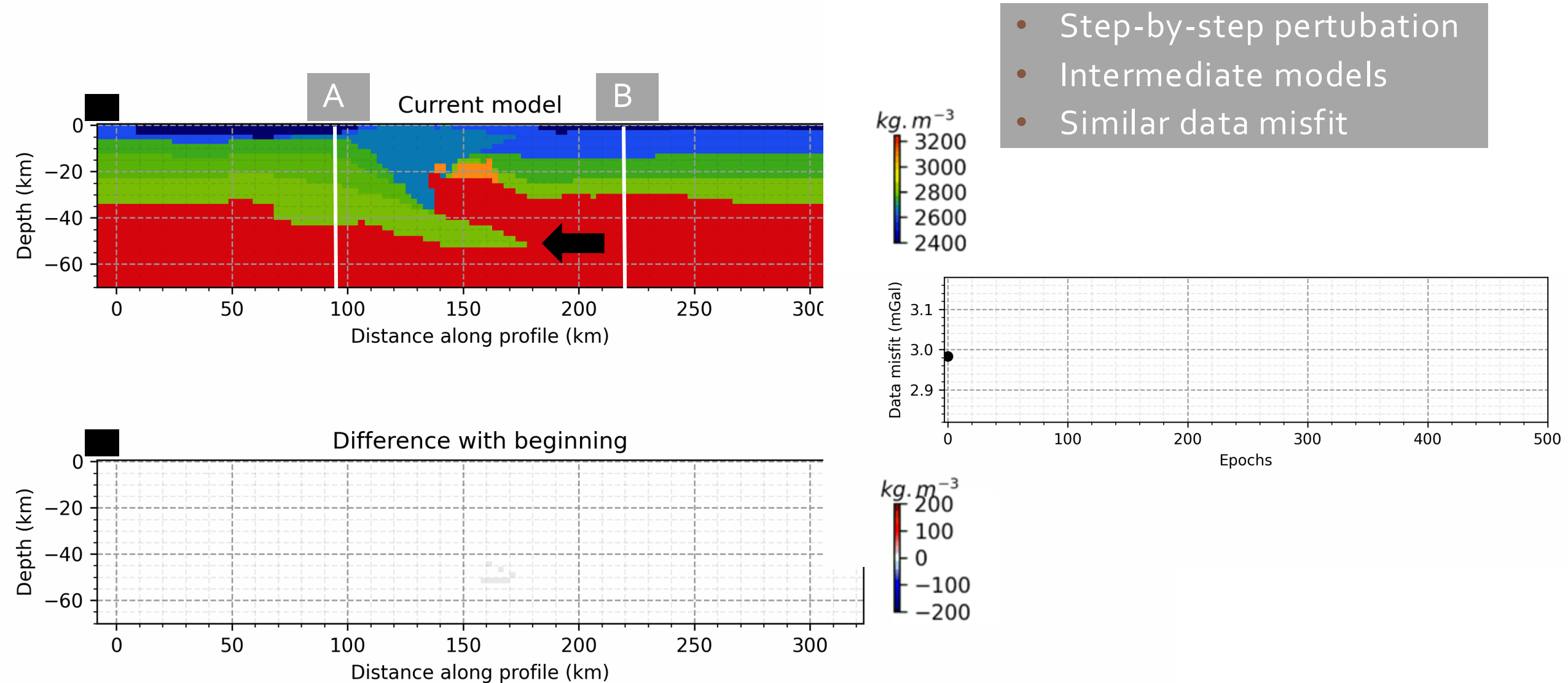
Shortening the subducted crust



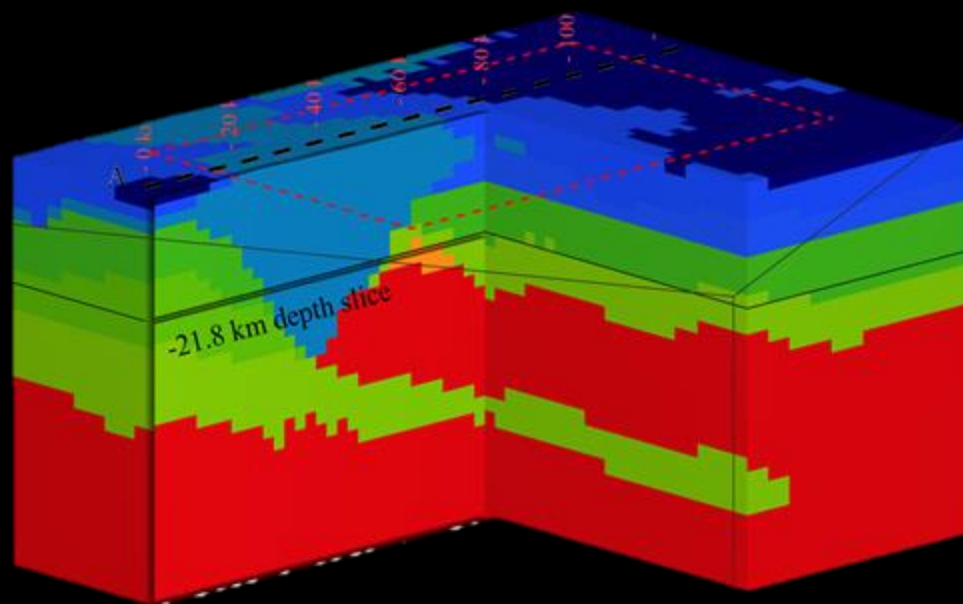
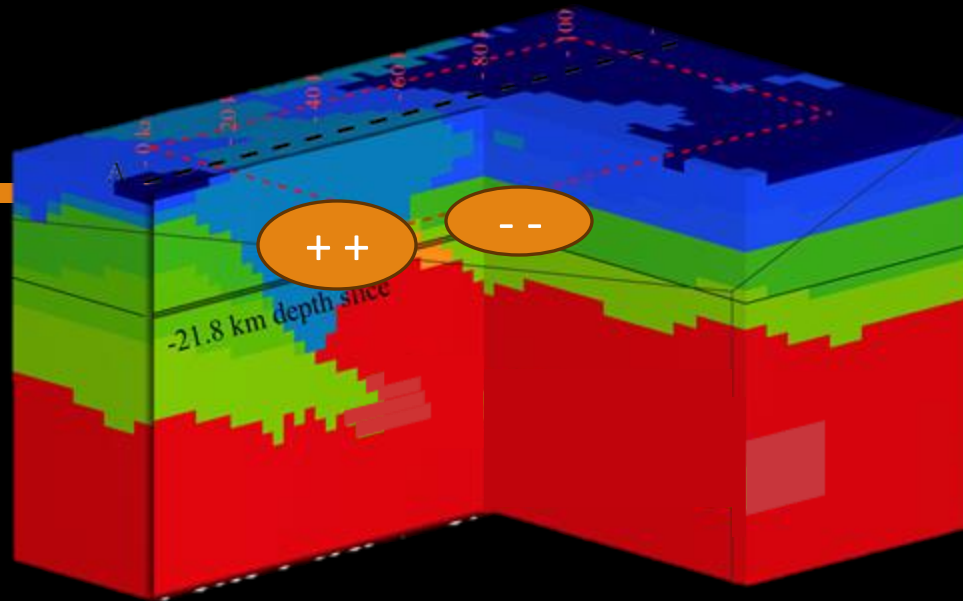
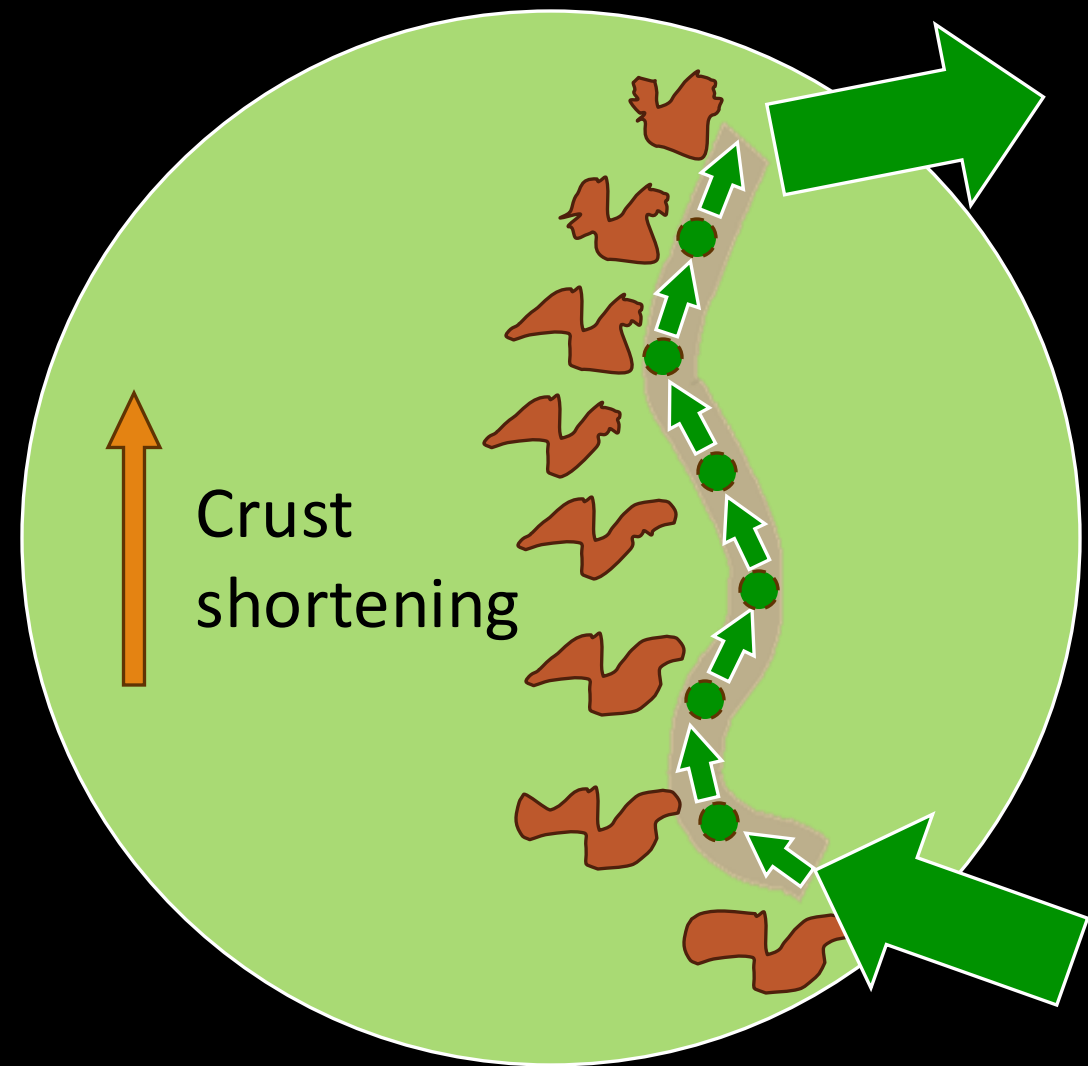
Shortening the subducted crust



Shortening the subducted crust



Navigation



Demo?

JOURNAL ARTICLE

Geologically constrained geometry inversion and null-space navigation to explore alternative geological scenarios: a case study in the Western Pyrenees

Jérémie Giraud , Mary Ford, Guillaume Caumon, Vitaliy Ogarko, Lachlan Grose, Roland Martin, Paul Cupillard

Geophysical Journal International, Volume 239, Issue 3, December 2024, Pages 1359–1379, <https://doi.org/10.1093/gji/ggae192>


Published: 07 June 2024 **Article history** ▼



GeoMos-nullspace

Public

Scripts for null space exploration using gravity data with application to the Western Pyrenees and synthetic examples.

● Python  1



- De Wit , R.W.L. , Trampert, J. & Van Der Hilst, R.D., 2012. Toward quantifying uncertainty in travel time tomography using the null-space shuttle, J. geophys. Res., 117, 1–20.
- Deal , M.M. & Nolet, G., 1996. Nullspace shuttles, Geophys. J. Int., 124, 372–380.
- Fichtner , A. & Zunino, A. 2019. Hamiltonian nullspace shuttles. Geophys. Res. Lett., 46, 644–651.

Questions?