

Coursework 2 - interactive animated scene

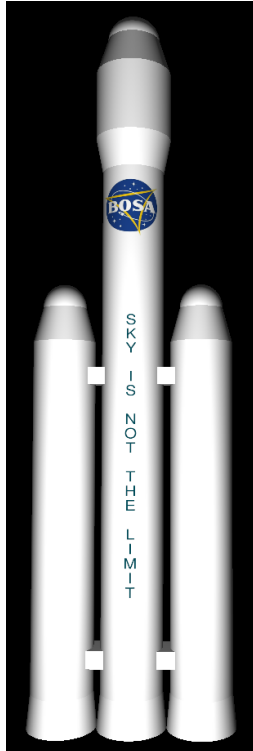
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1 Introduction

The scene for this coursework is the hedolar system in dimension $42/\aleph$. It has the ultimate icosahedron as a star, orbited by jellyfied Saturn and the spirits of the sages of this universe. From our home planet, orbiting Saturn, the BOSA (Bosnian Space Agency) is preparing for interstellar colonisation. We observe this hedolar system as one of its early explorers.

2 Basic building blocks

Figure 1: The rocket



For the convex object requirement there is an icosahedron. It is drawn by taking the coordinates of its 12 vertices and manually drawing the 20 faces. Their values are not entirely hard-coded as normals are calculated from the vertices of each face. Extra care for the order (counterclockwise) of the vertices ensures the normals are always correct.

Apart from the icosahedron, there is also a cube done manually by a different method, which was not used further as using `gluQuadric` for everything else was more convenient. This includes disks (with an option to have a hole), cylinders, spheres and frustums.

All of these objects are of unit length (either radius or edge length). For correct dimensions they are scaled, rotated and translated instead of drawing them "properly". This makes texturing more complicated, as the object is the same shape and size as far as textures are concerned. I came up with a workaround to scale and translate the texture matrix to achieve the desired effect, although it did not end up being necessary.

Material and texture properties are not set for any of them. It is the responsibility of the caller to set them up correctly. This worked quite well as it gave granular control for the different models.

3 The star

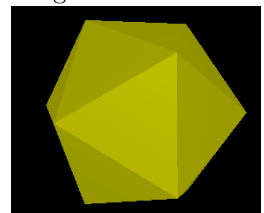
The star in the hedolar system is an icosahedron, therefore the light source of the scene is at its centre. That means that every face has the light from directly behind it at all times and is unlit. To work around this, emissive light properties are set. However, they still look wrong, as there is no diffusive or specular light to give faces shades so the star appears flat (yellow in this case). To combat this problem the scene has a second light with very low intensity at the camera. The reflectance of the icosahedron is set very high relative to the other objects so that the second light lights it brightly while not affecting the other objects much. It was an option to only enable the light while drawing the icosahedron, but having a small highlight on the

backs of objects is a nice effect to distinguish them from the darkness of space.

4 The rocket

The rocket (the Heavy Large Aerial Delivery Automobile, HLADA) is a more highly advanced version of the only BOSA rocket flown to date (the Large Aerial Delivery Automobile, LADA). It is designed after the Falcon Heavy. It has three identical boosters made out of an elongated cylinder with conical frustums for engines capped with solid disks. The two side boosters have an aerodynamic top made out of a frustum and a cylinder. The middle booster is longer and has the second stage on

Figure 2: The star



top (frustum + cylinder) topped with the same cap as the other boosters. All three are connected by two struts on each side, made out of scaled cubes.

All shapes use the same material properties. They have high diffusive reflectance, somewhat low specular and are not particularly shiny so that they appear smooth but have a slightly more accented highlight. The middle booster bears the BOSA logo, along with their slogan "Sky is not the limit", as a texture mapped with no distortion or repetition (although it is set to mirrored repeat). The different repeating parts (like the boosters) are instanced themselves to simplify the code.

Although the rocket is a hierarchical model, it has no movement.

5 The planets

There are four planets. All are generic textured spheres with smooth lighting. All orbit the star.

The biggest one is textured as Saturn. It has its rings which are drawn as two disks with a hole in the middle. One of them is flipped so that the rings appear the same on both sides (ther is culling of backs enabled). Saturn's axis is tilted by the astronomically correct 26.73 degrees. Saturn and its satellites are meant to demonstrate hierarchical modelling with animation.

Around it orbits another sphere textured as the Earth. It behaves essentially the same way, except that its orbit around Saturn is independent.

On the Earth are placed 5 rockets to demonstrate instancing. They are, where every reasonable space exploring civilisation would put them, on the equator. They are placed unmodified as described before, distanced equally apart. Admittedly, their size and placement is concerning for the tidal forces and the orbit of the planets. The Croatian scientists have repeatedly assured us that this will not be a problem when they launch.

Finally, the two sages have an inner and an outer orbit relative to Saturn. They are spheres with the Marc and Marcus textures. They stretch somewhat oddly onto them but it looks reasonable.

All planets orbit around the star independently in their own orbits.

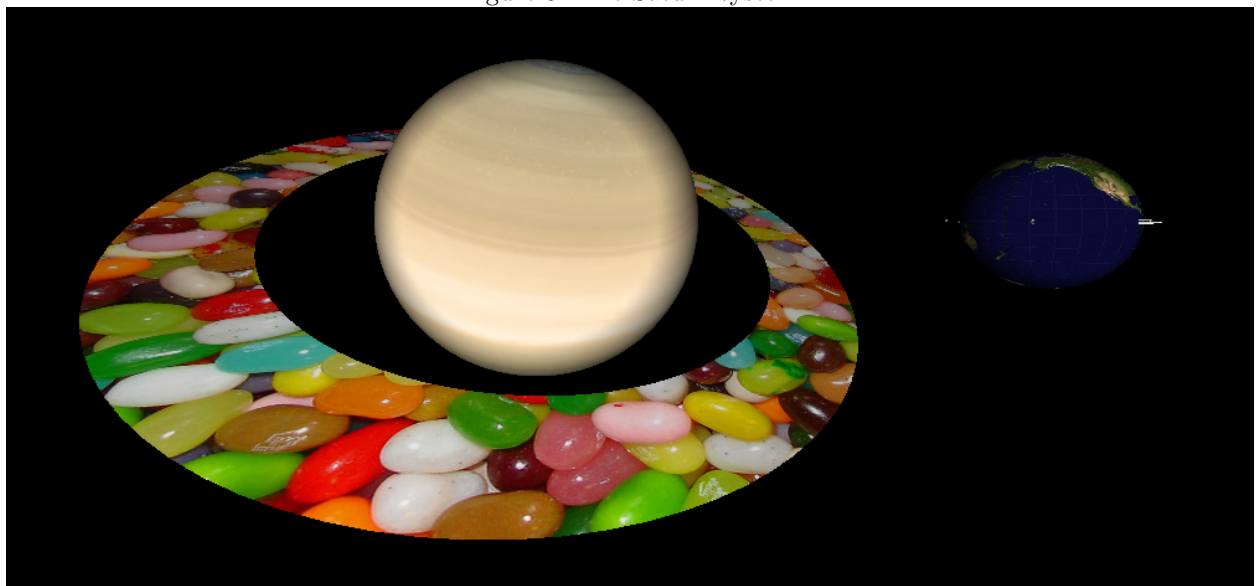
Figure 3: Marc



Figure 4: Marcus



Figure 5: The Saturn system



6 User interaction

There are three forms of user interaction.

First is by mouse. When the OpenGL widget is clicked, it captures the mouse and starts tracking it. Moving it rotates the camera in that direction.

Second is by keyboard. the WASD keys move the camera in the direction it is facing. Space/C move it up/down on the y axis only. Escape releases the mouse if captured and Shift toggles the lighting.

Third is with Qt widgets. There are sliders in both positive and negative directions for most orbital parameters of the system, like speeds of orbits, speeds of rotation around an axis and angles of different axes. There is also a toggle for all movement via a radio button to more easily look around the scene.

Appendices

A The "I don't get the joke" part

It should be noted that I am neither Bosnian, nor does the BOSA actually exist. I am, however, from the Balkans which is good enough. This is meant to go with joke from "Space Song" by Dubioza Kolektiv, where the BOSA launches a LADA car/rocket into space, hence the acronym. HLADA furthers the pun, as in most eastern slavic languages it can mean "cold". Furthermore, Boza (written with a z, however) is a popular beverage in the Balkans.

Everything else comes from the surreal meme "Riddle of the rocks" on the Bagel-Boy youtube channel.

Finally, the "The Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy" reference is mandatory. Bring a towel!

Figure 6: Control menu

