

单管级响:

- ① 中频段: 由第二章
- ② 低频段

$$A_{us1} = A_{usm} \frac{jf/f_L}{1 + jf/f_L} = \frac{A_{usm}}{1 + f_L/f}$$

$$f_L = \frac{1}{2\pi(R_c + R_L)C}$$

$$20\lg|A_{us1}| = 20\lg|A_{usm}| + 20\lg \frac{f/f_L}{\sqrt{1 + (f/f_L)^2}}$$

$$\varphi = -90^\circ - \tan^{-1}(f/f_L)$$

③ 高频段

$$A_{ush} = A_{usm} \frac{1}{1 + jf/f_H} \quad f_H = \frac{1}{2\pi R_C h}$$

$$R = R_{be} // (10R_{b1} + R_s // R_b)$$

$$\therefore A_{us} = A_{usm} \frac{1}{(1 + \frac{f_L}{jf})(1 + \frac{jf}{f_H})}$$

$$|A_{usm} \cdot f_{bw}| = \frac{1}{2\pi C_{\mu}(R_{be} + R_s)} \quad \text{增益带宽积}$$

$$f_{bw} = f_H - f_L \approx f_H$$

多级级: $A_u = \pi A_{uK}$

$$f_L = \sqrt{\Sigma f_{Lk}^2} \approx 1.1 \sqrt{\Sigma f_{Lk}^2}$$

$$1/f_H = \sqrt{\Sigma \frac{1}{f_{Hk}^2}} \approx 1.1 \sqrt{\Sigma \frac{1}{f_{Hk}^2}}$$

第五章: 反馈

相异端子, 极性: 同→负
反→正

相同端子, 极性: 同→正
反→负

$$X_i' = X_i - X_f$$

$$X_i \rightarrow \text{①} \rightarrow X_i' \rightarrow \text{②} \rightarrow X_o \quad A = \frac{X_o}{X_i'} \quad A_f = \frac{X_o}{X_i}$$

$$F = \frac{X_f}{X_o} \quad AF = \frac{X_f}{X_i'}$$

$$A_f = \frac{A}{1 + AF} \quad \text{负反馈 } AF > 0$$

$$\text{正反馈 } AF < 0$$

$$\propto \frac{1}{F} \quad \text{深度负反馈 } |1 + AF| \gg 1$$

(实质忽略 X_i')

① 串联负反馈增大输入电阻 $R_{if} = (1 + AF)R_i$

② 并联负 ~ 减小 ~ $R_{if} = \frac{R_i}{1 + AF}$

③ 电压负 ~ 减小输出电阻 $R_{of} = \frac{R_o}{1 + AF}$

④ 电流负 ~ 增大输出电阻 $R_{of} = (1 + AF)R_o$

⑤ 展宽频带: $f_{Hf} = (1 + AF)f_H$

$$f_{Lf} = 0.7 f_L / (1 + AF)$$

自激振荡: $X_o = AX_i' = -AFX_f \Rightarrow AF = -1$

$$\text{即维持 } |AF| = 1 \quad \varphi_A + \varphi_F = (2n+1)\pi$$

起振 $|AF| > 1$

反馈稳定性判断:

(1) 满足自激相位的 f_0 , 幅值 f_c

(2) 不存在 f_0 , 电路稳定

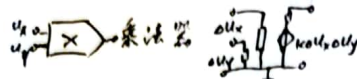
(3) $f_0 < f_c$, 不稳定; $f_0 > f_c$ 稳定

稳定裕度: $f \neq f_0$ 时 $20\lg|AF| = G_m < 0$ 幅值裕度

- 般 $G_m \leq -10$ dB 够稳

$f = f_c$ 时 $\varphi_m = 180^\circ - |\varphi_A + \varphi_F| > 0$ 相位裕度

$\varphi_m > 45^\circ$ 稳定



$$U_o = K u_1 u_2$$

第七章: 波形发生:

产生正弦波: 满足自激振荡

正弦振荡电路组成:

① 放大电路 ② 选频 ③ 正反馈

④ 稳幅

$$F = \frac{U_f}{U_o} = \frac{R_1 // \frac{1}{j\omega C}}{R_1 // \frac{1}{j\omega C} + R_2 // \frac{1}{j\omega C}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3 + j(\omega RC - \frac{1}{\omega RC})}$$

$$f_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi RC} \quad F = \frac{1}{3 + j(\frac{f}{f_0} - \frac{f_0}{f})}$$

$$A_u = \frac{U_o}{U_i} = 1 + \frac{R_f}{R_1} \gg 3$$

$$\therefore R_f \geq 2R_1$$

在 R_f 处加 DZ , 稳定电压

LC 选频: $f_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi\sqrt{LC}}$

$$Q = \frac{\omega_0 L}{R} \approx \frac{1}{R} \sqrt{\frac{L}{C}}$$

$C \downarrow, L \uparrow, Q \uparrow$ 选频好

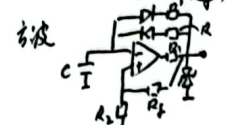
变压器反馈: $\beta > \frac{R_{be} R'_C}{M}$

电感反馈: $\beta > \frac{L_1 + M}{L_2 + M} \frac{R_{be}}{R'_C}$

$$R'_L =$$

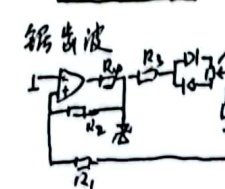
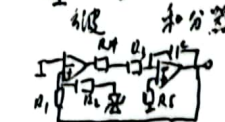


$$T = 2RC \ln(1 + \frac{2R_2}{R_1})$$



$$T = RC \ln(1 + \frac{2R_2}{R_1}) + R'_C \ln(1 + \frac{2M}{R_1})$$

三角波



电位器最上端: $R_w \gg R_1$

$$T_1 = \frac{2R_1}{R_2} C \quad T_2 = \frac{2R_1}{R_2} (R_3 + R_w) C$$

$$T = T_1 + T_2 \approx T_2$$

$$\frac{T_1}{T} = \frac{R_1}{2R_3 + R_w}$$

方→三角: 积分

三角→锯齿: 微分

方/三角→正弦: 滤波

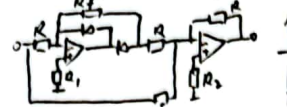
正弦→方/三角: 电压比较器

三角→方: 微分

三角→正弦



半波精密整流



全波精密整流

$$U_o = -\frac{R_f}{R_1} U_i$$

$$U_o = U_1 \quad U_2 > 0$$

$$U_o = -U_2 \quad U_2 < 0$$



扫描全能王 创建