

## TFE4141 Design of Digital Systems 1

## Assignment 1: Terms and definitions used among digital designers

Q1: What is 01000<sub>2</sub> + 01001<sub>2</sub>?

Q2: Which number do 11112 represent?

- a) In 4-bit unsigned format
- b) In 4-bit signed format
- c) In 4-bit signed format (2's complement)

Q3: What does "dynamic range" in the context of number representation mean?

Q4: What has highest dynamic range of a 32 bit floating point number and a 32 bit fixed point number?

Q5: How are floating point numbers and fixed point numbers spaced across the dynamic range?

Q6: Add the numbers from Q1 in the same way as you learned at school.

Q7: A Boolean function can be constructed for computing the LSB in the addition of two fixed-point numbers (as done in Q6).

- a) What is a Boolean function?
- b) Create a truth table for the LSB Boolean function.
- c) Create the Boolean function based on the truth table

Q8: What is a half-adder and what is a full-adder?

Q9: Draw symbols for the logic AND, NOR, and XOR gates.

Q10: What is combinational logic?

Q11: What is sequential logic?

## Q12: D flip flop

- a) What is a D flip-flop?
- b) Draw the symbol commonly used for representing a D flip-flop.
- c) Why do some flip-flops have reset?
- d) Find VHDL code for a D flip-flop with synchronous reset.

## Q13: Latch (The evil cousin of the D flip-flop)

- a) What is a latch.
- b) Try googling "unwanted latches". Do you find anything?

Q14: What is a register and how are registers related to D flip-flops?

Q15: Draw a 4-bit register

Q16: Draw a 4-bit shift-register

Q17: What is a Mux?

Q18: What is a state-machine and what role do they play in digital circuits?

Q19: Google "CPU datapath", print out one example Datapath and explain what we are looking at.

Q20: What is the purpose of pipelining in computing?

Q21: What is static timing analysis (STA)?

Q22: Is negative slack a good thing?

Q23: What does "critical path" mean?

Q24: What does the terms "setup-time" and "hold-time" for a flip-flop mean?

Q25: What is logic synthesis?

Q26: What is high-level synthesis?

Q27: What does EDA stand for in the context of digital design?

Q28: What does "place & route" refer to?

Q29: What does "design for testability" (DFT) mean?

Q30: What is a scan chain?

Q31: What is formal verification?

Q32: There are 10 kinds of people in the world. Those who understand binary and those who don't.