

Taylor's

$$A4) \quad \psi_1(z_3, z_1) = \frac{z_3^2}{(\delta - z_1)^2} \approx \psi_1(z_3^e, z_1^e) + \frac{\partial \psi_1}{\partial z_3} \bigg|_{z_3^e, z_1^e} (z_3 - z_3^e) + \frac{\partial \psi_1}{\partial z_1} \bigg|_{z_3^e, z_1^e} (z_1 - z_1^e)$$

$$\frac{\partial \psi_1}{\partial z_3} = \frac{2z_3}{(\delta - z_1)^2} = a_1 \text{ (eval at eq)} \quad \frac{\partial \psi_1}{\partial z_1} = \frac{z_3^2 (\delta - z_1)^{-2}}{(-2)(\delta - z_1)^3 (-1)} = \frac{2z_3^2}{(\delta - z_1)^3}$$

$$\therefore \frac{z_3^2}{(\delta - z_1)^2} - \frac{(z_3^e)^2}{(\delta - z_1^e)^2} \approx a_1 (z_3 - z_3^e) + a_2 (z_1 - z_1^e) \quad = a_2 \text{ (eval at eq)}$$

$$\psi_2(V, z_3, z_1) = \frac{V - z_3 R}{L_0 + L_1 e^{\kappa z_1 - \kappa \delta}} \approx \psi_2(V^e, z_3^e, z_1^e) + \frac{\partial \psi_2}{\partial V} \bigg|_{V^e, z_3^e, z_1^e} (V - V^e) + \dots$$

$$\frac{\partial \psi_2}{\partial V} = \frac{1}{L_0 + L_1 e^{\kappa z_1 - \kappa \delta}} \frac{\partial (V - z_3 R)}{\partial V} = \frac{1}{L_0 + L_1 e^{\kappa(z_1 - \delta)}} = a_3 \text{ (eval at eq)}$$

$$\frac{\partial \psi_2}{\partial z_3} = \frac{1}{L_0 + L_1 e^{\kappa(z_1 - \delta)}} \frac{\partial (V - z_3 R)}{\partial z_3} = \frac{-R}{L_0 + L_1 e^{\kappa(z_1 - \delta)}}$$

$$\frac{\partial \psi_2}{\partial z_1} = (V - z_3 R) \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial z_1} \left( (L_0 + L_1 e^{\kappa z_1 - \kappa \delta})^{-1} \right)$$

$$= (V - z_3 R) \left[ (-1) (L_0 + L_1 e^{\kappa z_1 - \kappa \delta})^{-2} (\kappa L_1 e^{\kappa(z_1 - \delta)}) \right]$$

$$= \frac{-\kappa L_1 e^{\kappa(z_1 - \delta)} (V - z_3 R)}{(L_0 + L_1 e^{\kappa(z_1 - \delta)})^2} \Rightarrow a_4 \text{ (eval at eq) +ve constant}$$

$$a_4 = \frac{\kappa L_1 e^{\kappa(z_1 - \delta)} (V - z_3 R)}{(L_0 + L_1 e^{\kappa(z_1 - \delta)})^2}$$

$$\therefore \frac{V - z_3 R}{L_0 + L_1 e^{\kappa(z_1 - \delta)}} - \frac{V^e - z_3^e R}{L_0 + L_1 e^{\kappa(z_1^e - \delta)}} \approx a_3 \left[ (V - V^e) - R(z_3 - z_3^e) \right] + a_4 (z_1 - z_1^e)$$

$$\bar{z}_1 = z_1 - z_1^e$$

$$\bar{z}_2 = z_2$$

$$\bar{z}_3 = z_3 - z_3^e$$

$$\bar{v} = v - v^e$$

$$\therefore \dot{\bar{z}}_1 = \bar{z}_2$$

$$\dot{\bar{z}}_2 = \frac{5m}{7} \left[ c (a_1 \bar{z}_3 + a_2 \bar{z}_1) - k \bar{z}_1 - b \bar{z}_2 \right]$$

$$\dot{\bar{z}}_3 = a_3 [\bar{v} - R \bar{z}_3] - a_4 \bar{z}_1$$

$$a_1 = \frac{2 z_3^e}{(\delta - z_1^e)^2}$$

$$a_2 = \frac{2 (z_3^e)^2}{(\delta - z_1^e)^3}$$

$$a_3 = \frac{1}{L_0 + L_1 e^{\alpha(z_1^e - \delta)}}$$

$$a_4 = \frac{\cancel{\alpha} L_1 e^{\alpha(z_1^e - \delta)} (v^e - z_3^e R)}{L_0 + L_1 e^{\alpha(z_1^e - \delta)}}$$