

FIRST INFORMATION REPORT

First Information of a cognizable crime reported under section 154 Cr. P.C. at P.S.

Place of occurrence of offence / P.S. / Year / FIR No. / Date

Act / Sections / Act / Sections

vi Other Acts & Sections

4. General / Any Reference Entry No. / Time

on occurrence of offence / Day / Date / Time

Information at office / Day / Date / Time

Time / at the Police Station

Name of Informant / Written / Oral

Address of Informant / Direction and Distance from P.S. /

Beat No.

Name of District of this Police Station / the name of

District

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Signature of the Officer-in-Charge, Police Station

Name

Rank

Number if any

1. The first part of the paper is devoted to the study of the properties of the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function.

2. In the second part, we consider the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function.

3. In the third part, we consider the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function.

4. In the fourth part, we consider the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function.

5. In the fifth part, we consider the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function.

6. In the sixth part, we consider the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function.

7. In the seventh part, we consider the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function.

8. In the eighth part, we consider the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function.

9. In the ninth part, we consider the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function.

10. In the tenth part, we consider the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function.

11. In the eleventh part, we consider the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function.

12. In the twelfth part, we consider the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function.

13. In the thirteenth part, we consider the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function.

14. In the fourteenth part, we consider the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function.

15. In the fifteenth part, we consider the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function.

16. In the sixteenth part, we consider the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function.

17. In the seventeenth part, we consider the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function.

18. In the eighteenth part, we consider the function $f(x)$ defined by the equation $f(x) = \int_0^x f(t) dt$. It is shown that $f(x)$ is a constant function.