

This README file contains information about the folder mc\_sampler provided as part of the CTSS Sampling Toolbox written by Michael A Lexa, Mike E Davies, and John S Thompson, University of Edinburgh.

The folder contains 4 MATLAB m-files that simulate the multi-coset sampling and reconstruction of a continuous-time spectrally-sparse multiband signal:  
bandspare.m  
mc\_demo.m  
mc\_recovery.m  
mc\_sampling.m

Technical information about multi-coset sampling is found in the report "Multi-coset Sampling and Recovery of Sparse Multiband Signals" that is contained in the CTSS Sampling Toolbox Documentation folder.

These scripts are a research tool and by no means represent a finished software product.

To run the simulation execute mc\_demo.m from within MATLAB, i.e. type mc\_demo at the MATLAB command prompt. This script, in turn, calls bandspare.m to generate a (discrete) sparse multiband signal, calls mc\_sampling.m to sample it, and then calls mc\_recovery.m to recover the original signal from the multi-coset samples.

The multiband signal that bandspare.m generates can be thought of as being the Nyquist samples of a continuous-time multiband signal, i.e. as a signal that results from sampling a continuous-time multiband signal at the Nyquist rate. Hence, the simulation actually subsamples a discrete signal and recovers the Nyquist samples from the multi-coset samples.

There are several parameters that characterise the input multiband signal. These include the total bandwidth  $W$ , the number and maximum bandwidth of the occupied bands ( $K$  and  $B$ ), and the centre frequencies of these bands. These parameters are set in mc\_demo.m and bandspare.m.

$q$  and  $L$  are the two parameters that characterise the multi-coset sampler. Each channel collects  $q$  non-uniform samples in  $L/W$  seconds.  $q$  also specifies the number of channels in the multi-coset sampler.  $L$  can also be thought of as the multi-coset subsampling factor: each channel samples at a rate that is  $L$  times slower than the Nyquist rate. The values of  $q$  and  $L$  are assigned in mc\_demo.m.

The script mc\_sampling.m accepts as input the simulated multiband signal and outputs multi-coset samples. This script also randomly generates and returns the multi-coset sampling pattern.

The script mc\_recovery.m is the algorithm that recovers the Nyquist samples. The algorithm is that of Feng and Bresler (see the references listed at <http://www.see.ed.ac.uk/~mlexa/CTSS.html>)

The simulation outputs several plots to compare the time and frequency content of the original and recovered signals.

Copyright (c) 2010 by Michael A Lexa, Mike E Davies, John S Thompson  
Institute of Digital Communications, University of Edinburgh

This work is licenced under the Creative Commons Attribution 3.0 Unported License. To view a copy of this licence, visit <http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by/3.0/> or send a letter to Creative Commons, 171 Second Street, Suite 300, San Francisco, California 94105, USA.