# COMPOSABLE ERROR HANDLING STOJAN ANASTASOV

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# FUNCTIONAL ERROR HANDLING STOJAN ANASTASOV

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# SOLVING PROBLEMS

As developers we solve complex problems.

# ANDROID ACTIVITY LIFECYCLE

Split problem into smaller problems

- Split problem into smaller problems
- Write code solving the small problems

- Split problem into smaller problems
- Write code solving the small problems
- Combine the solutions of the small problems

### DATA VALIDATION

The problem of user sign up with data:

- Email
- First Name
- Last Name
- Date of Birth

# **VALIDATION RULES**

- Email must contain @
- First Name and Last Name can't be blank. Max length 50 (DB limit).
- Date of Birth must be formatted as YYYY-MM-DD

# THE DTO

```
data class UserDto(
    val email: String?,
    val firstName: String?,
    val lastName: String?,
    val dateOfBirth: String?
)
```

### THE DTO

```
data class UserDto(
    val email: String?,
    val firstName: String?,
    val lastName: String?,
    val dateOfBirth: String?
)
```

Postel's law: Be conservative in what you do, be liberal in what you accept from others.

```
data class Email(val email: String) { companion object }
```

```
data class Email(val email: String) { companion object }

data class String50(val value: String) { companion object }
```

```
data class Email(val email: String) { companion object }
data class String50(val value: String) { companion object }
import java.time.LocalDate
data class User(
   val email: Email,
   val firstName: String50,
    val lastName: String50,
   val dateOfBirth: LocalDate
) { companion object }
```

# VALIDATING EMAIL

#### Email must contain @

```
fun validateEmail(email: String?): Boolean =
   email != null && email.contains('@')
```

# VALIDATING FIRST/LAST NAME

First Name and Last Name can't be blank. Max length 50 (DB limit).

```
fun validateName(name: String?): Boolean =
  !name.isNullOrBlank() && name.length < 50</pre>
```

### **VALIDATING DOB**

#### Date of Birth must be formatted as YYYY-MM-DD

```
import java.time.LocalDate
import java.time.format.DateTimeParseException

fun validateDateOfBirth(dob: String?): Boolean =
    try {
        LocalDate.parse(dob)
        true
    } catch (e: DateTimeParseException) {
        false
    }
}
```

# **VALIDATING USER**

```
import java.time.LocalDate
import java.time.format.DateTimeParseException

fun validateUser(
    email: String?,
    firstName: String?,
    lastName: String?,
    dob: String?
): Boolean = validateEmail(email)
        && validateName(firstName)
        && validateName(lastName)
        && validateDateOfBirth(dob)
```

# USAGE (A) -> BOOLEAN

```
validateUser("stojan", null, "", "August")
// false
```

# USAGE (A) -> BOOLEAN

```
validateUser("stojan", null, "", "August")
// false
```

# **BOOLEANS**

- Composes well
- Bad error messages

Boolean -> True | False

# **EXCEPTIONS**

### **EXCEPTIONS**

```
fun validateEmailBool(email: String?): Boolean {
    require(email != null && email.contains('@'))
    { "Email must contain @, found: '$email'" }
    return true
}
```

IllegalArgumentException if the predicate is false

### RETURN VALUE IS ALWAYS TRUE

```
fun validateEmailUnit(email: String?): Unit =
    require(email != null && email.contains('@'))
    { "Email must contain @, found: '$email'" }

fun validateNameUnit(name: String?): Unit =
    require(!name.isNullOrBlank() && name.length < 50)
    { "Name must be between 1 and 50 chars, found: '$name'" }

fun validateDateOfBirthUnit(dob: String?): Unit {
    LocalDate.parse(dob)
}</pre>
```

# COMPOSING

```
fun validateUserUnit(
    email: String?,
    firstName: String?,
    lastName: String?,
    dob: String?
): Unit {
    validateEmailUnit(email)
    validateNameUnit(firstName)
    validateNameUnit(lastName)
    validateDateOfBirthUnit(dob)
}
```

# USAGE (A) -> UNIT + EXCEPTION

validateUserUnit("stolea@gmail.com", "Stojan", "An", "1995-10-10"

# USAGE (A) -> UNIT + EXCEPTION

```
validateUserUnit("stolea@gmail.com", "Stojan", "An", "1995-10-10"

val result = try {
    validateUserUnit("stojan", null, "", "August")
    "Valid"
} catch (e: Exception) {
    e.message!!
}
result
// Email must contain @, found: 'stojan'
```

We only get the first error!

### **ACCUMULATE ERRORS**

```
fun validateUserAccumulateErrors(
    email: String?,
    firstName: String?,
    lastName: String?,
   dob: String?
): Unit {
   val errors = mutableListOf<String>()
    try {
        validateEmailUnit(email)
    } catch (e: IllegalArgumentException) {
        errors.add(e.message!!)
    // TODO: firstName lastName dob
```

Glue code to the MAX!

### PROBLEMS WITH EXCEPTIONS

- Boilerplate code
- Throwing Exceptions is expensive on JVM
- Dos not fit on a slide

# ERRORS AS VALUES

typealias ErrorMsg = String

# ERRORS AS VALUES

```
typealias ErrorMsg = String
```

```
fun validateEmail(email: String?): ErrorMsg? =
   if (email != null && email.contains('@')) null
   else "Email must contain @, found: '$email'"
```

### ERRORS AS VALUES

```
fun validateEmail(email: String?): ErrorMsg? =
   if (email != null && email.contains('@')) null
   else "Email must contain @, found: '$email'"

fun validateName(name: String?): ErrorMsg? =
   if (!name.isNullOrBlank() && name.length < 50) null
   else "Name must be between 1 and 50 chars, found: '$name'"

fun validateDateOfBirth(dob: String?): ErrorMsg? = TODO()</pre>
```

## COMPOSING VALUES

```
fun validateUser(
    email: String?,
    firstName: String?,
    lastName: String?,
    dob: String?
): ErrorMsq? {
    val errorMsg = listOfNotNull(
        validateEmail(email),
        validateName(firstName),
        validateName(lastName),
        validateDateOfBirth(dob)
    ).joinToString()
    return if (errorMsq.isEmpty()) null else errorMsq
```

# **ERRORMSG**

- Composable
- Good error messages
- Developer friendly?

#### ERROR PRONE

```
val email: String? = "stolea@gmail.com"
val emailErr: ErrorMsg? = validateEmail(email)
if (emailErr == null) {
    Email(email!!) // <-- Error prone
}</pre>
```

validateEmail already does a null check

#### SMART CAST

```
fun foo(): String {
    val result: String? = something()

    if (result ≠ null) {
       return result
    }
}
```

## CAN WE DO BETTER

#### **VALRES**

```
sealed class ValRes<out E, out A> {
    data class Valid<A>(val a: A) : ValRes<Nothing, A>()
    data class Invalid<E>(val e: E) : ValRes<E, Nothing>()
}
```

#### **VALRES**

```
sealed class ValRes<out E, out A> {
    data class Valid<A>(val a: A) : ValRes<Nothing, A>()
    data class Invalid<E>(val e: E) : ValRes<E, Nothing>()
}

fun <A> valid(a: A): ValRes<Nothing, A> = ValRes.Valid(a)

fun <E> invalid(e: E): ValRes<E, Nothing> = ValRes.Invalid(e)
```

#### VALRES IN THE SMALL

```
fun validateEmail(email: String?): ValRes<String, Email> =
   if (email != null && email.contains('@')) valid(Email(email))
   else invalid("Email must contain @, found: '$email'")
```

#### VALRES IN THE SMALL

```
fun validateEmail(email: String?): ValRes<String, Email> =
   if (email != null && email.contains('@')) valid(Email(email))
   else invalid("Email must contain @, found: '$email'")

fun validateName(name: String?): ValRes<String, String50> =
   if (!name.isNullOrBlank() && name.length < 50) valid(String50)
   else invalid("Name must be between 1 and 50 chars, found: '$n</pre>
```

#### VALRES IN THE SMALL

```
fun validateEmail(email: String?): ValRes<String, Email> =
   if (email != null && email.contains('@')) valid(Email(email))
   else invalid("Email must contain @, found: '$email'")

fun validateName(name: String?): ValRes<String, String50> =
   if (!name.isNullOrBlank() && name.length < 50) valid(String50
   else invalid("Name must be between 1 and 50 chars, found: '$n</pre>
fun validateDateOfBirth(dob: String?): ValRes<String, LocalDate>
```

#### **COMBINING VALRES**

## USAGE

```
validateEmail("stolea@gmail.com")
// Valid(a=Email(email=stolea@gmail.com))
```

#### USAGE

```
validateEmail("stolea@gmail.com")
// Valid(a=Email(email=stolea@gmail.com))

validateEmail("email")
// Invalid(e=Email must contain @, found: 'email')
```

#### **USAGE**

```
validateEmail("stolea@gmail.com")
// Valid(a=Email(email=stolea@gmail.com))

validateEmail("email")
// Invalid(e=Email must contain @, found: 'email')

tupled(
   validateEmail("stojan"), //invalid
   validateName(null) //invalid
) { e1, e2 -> "$e1, $e2" }
// Invalid(e=Email must contain @, found: 'stojan', Name must be in the invalid of the contain must contain must be invalid."
```

#### ARROW-KT



Functional companion to Kotlin's Standard Library arrow-kt.io

#### **VALIDATED**

```
sealed class Validated<out E, out A> {
    data class Valid<out A>(val a: A) : Validated<Nothing, A>()
    data class Invalid<out E>(val e: E) : Validated<E, Nothing>()
}
```

#### **VALIDATED**

```
sealed class Validated<out E, out A> {
    data class Valid<out A>(val a: A) : Validated<Nothing, A>()
    data class Invalid<out E>(val e: E) : Validated<E, Nothing>()
}

import arrow.core.*

typealias ValidatedNel<E, A> = Validated<Nel<E>, A>
```

## VALIDATIONRESULT

typealias ValidationResult<A> = ValidatedNel<String, A>

#### **VALIDATIONRESULT**

```
typealias ValidationResult<A> = ValidatedNel<String, A>
```

```
fun Email.Companion.create(email: String?): ValidationResult<Emai
   if (email != null && email.contains('@')) Email(email).valid(
        else "Email must contain @, found: '$email'".invalidNel()</pre>
```

#### VALIDATING IN THE SMALL

```
fun String50.Companion.create(name: String?): ValidationResult<St
   if (!name.isNullOrBlank() && name.length < 50) String50(name)
   else "Name must be between 1 and 50 chars, found: '$name'".in</pre>
```

#### VALIDATING IN THE SMALL

```
fun String50.Companion.create(name: String?): ValidationResult<St
   if (!name.isNullOrBlank() && name.length < 50) String50(name)
   else "Name must be between 1 and 50 chars, found: '$name'".in

fun validateDateOfBirth(dob: String?): ValidationResult<LocalDate
   try {
      LocalDate.parse(dob).valid()
   } catch (e: DateTimeParseException) {
      "Date of Birth must be a valid date, found: '$dob'".inval
   }
}</pre>
```

#### **APPLICATIVE**

Combine values from multiple independent computations that can potentially fail.

tupled 2-X arguments returns Tuple2 - TupleX

#### **SEMIGROUP**

A semigroup for some given type A has a single operation (which we will call combine), which takes two values of type A, and returns a value of type A. This operation must be guaranteed to be associative.

```
interface Semigroup<A> {
    fun combine(a: A, b: A): A
}
```

#### VALIDATING NAME AND EMAIL

```
validateNameAndEmail("stolea@gmail.com", "Stojan")
// Valid(a=Tuple2(a=Email(email=stolea@gmail.com), b=String50(val)
```

#### VALIDATING NAME AND EMAIL

```
validateNameAndEmail("stolea@gmail.com", "Stojan")
// Valid(a=Tuple2(a=Email(email=stolea@gmail.com), b=String50(val)

validateNameAndEmail("Not an email", " ")
// Invalid(e=NonEmptyList(all=[Email must contain @, found: 'Not)
```

```
import arrow.core.extensions.nonemptylist.semigroup.semigroup
import arrow.core.extensions.validated.applicative.applicative
fun User.Companion.create(
    email: String?,
    firstName: String?,
    lastName: String?,
    dob: String?
): ValidationResult<User> =
    ValidationResult.applicative(Nel.semigroup<String>())
        .tupled(
            Email.create(email),
            String50.create(firstName),
            String50.create(lastName),
            validateDateOfBirth(doh)
```

## CREATE USER (VALID)

```
User.create(
    email = "stolea@gmail.com",
    firstName = "Stojan",
    lastName = "Anastasov",
    dob = "1991-10-10"
)
// Valid(a=User(email=Email(email=stolea@gmail.com), firstName=St
```

# CREATE USER (INVALID)

#### EXTRACTING THE VALUE

```
val user = User.create(
    email = "stolea@gmail.com",
    firstName = "Stojan",
    lastName = "Anastasov",
    dob = "1991-10-10"
)

user.fold(
    { e: Nel<String> -> TODO() },
    { validUser: User -> validUser }
)

// User(email=Email(email=stolea@gmail.com), firstName=String50(v)
```

#### BENEFITS OF VALIDATIONRESULT

- It composes well
- Good error messages
- Developer friendly
- Composition functions are written and tested

### LEARN MORE

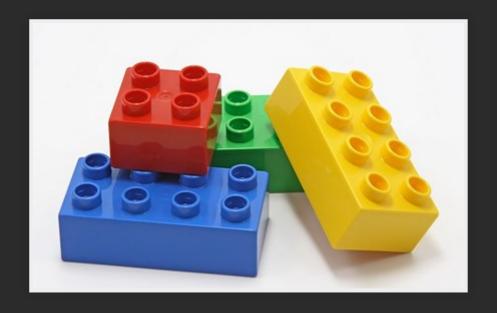
arrow-kt.io

Patterns -> Error Handling

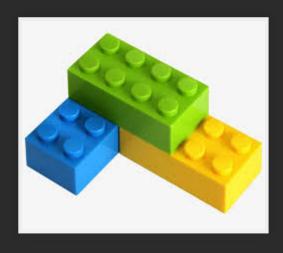
## COMPOSITION

How do things compose

# LEGO BLOCK



# LEGO COMBINED



# LEGO FALCON



#### **COMBINING FUNCTIONS**

```
// (String?) -> ValidationResult<Email>
fun validateEmail(email: String?): ValidationResult<Email> = TODO
```

#### **COMBINING FUNCTIONS**

```
// (String?) -> ValidationResult<Email>
fun validateEmail(email: String?): ValidationResult<Email> = TODO

// (String?, String?, String?, String?) -> ValidationResult<User>
fun validateUser(
   email: String?,
   firstName: String?,
   lastName: String?,
   dob: String?): ValidationResult<User> = TODO()
```

We can validate data using different technics

• (A) -> Boolean

- (A) -> Boolean
- (A) -> Unit + Exceptions

- (A) -> Boolean
- (A) -> Unit + Exceptions
- (A) -> ErrorMsg?

- (A) -> Boolean
- (A) -> Unit + Exceptions
- (A) -> ErrorMsg?
- (A) -> ValRes

- (A) -> Boolean
- (A) -> Unit + Exceptions
- (A) -> ErrorMsg?
- (A) -> ValRes
- (A) -> Validated (arrow-kt)

# THANK YOU QUESTIONS